

KOSAMATTAM FINANCE LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated on March 25, 1987, as 'Standard Shares and Loans Private Limited', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep, at Kochi, ("**RoC**"). The name of our Company was changed to 'Kosamattam Finance Private Limited' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on June 2, 2004 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated June 8, 2004 issued by the RoC. Subsequently, upon conversion to a public limited company pursuant to a special resolution of the shareholders of our Company dated November 11, 2013, the name of our Company was changed to 'Kosamattam Finance Limited' and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the RoC on November 22, 2013. Our Company has obtained a certificate of registration no. B-16.00117 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**") to carry on the activities of a non-banking financial company without accepting public deposits under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act, 1934. For details of changes in our name and registered office, see "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters" on page 99.

Corporate Identity Number: U65929KL1987PLC004729

Registered and Corporate Office: Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Building, M. L. Road, Market Junction, Kottayam - 686 001, Kerala, India;

Tel: +91 481 258 6400; Fax: +91 481 258 6500; Website: www.kosamattam.com

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer: Sreenath P. Tel: +91 481 258 6506; Fax: +91 481 258 6500; E-mail: cs@kosamattam.com. PUBLIC ISSUE BY KOSAMATTAM FINANCE LIMITED, ("COMPANY" OR "ISSUER") OF SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 1,000 EACH ("NCDS"), AT PAR, AGGREGATING UP TO ₹ 15,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "BASE ISSUE" WITH AN OPTION TO RETAIN OVER-SUBSCRIPTION UP TO ₹ 15,000 LAKHS, AGGREGATING UP TO ₹ 30,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "OVERALL ISSUE SIZE" (THE "ISSUE"). THE ISSUE IS BEING MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008, AS AMENDED ("SEBI DEBT REGULATIONS"), THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULES MADE THEREUNDER.

PROMOTERS
Our Promoters are Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghese. For further details, see "Our Promoters" on page 114.

GENERAL RISKS

For taking an investment decision, the investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 17 and "*Material Developments*" on page 120, before making an investment in such Issue. This Prospectus has not been and will not be approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("**SEBI**"), Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**"), the RoC, or any stock exchange in India.

ISSUER'S ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY

Our Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Prospectus contains all information with regard to our Company and the Issue, which is material in the context of the Issue, that the information contained in this Prospectus is true and correct in all material respects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes this Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.

COUPON RATE, COUPON PAYMENT FREQUENCY, MATURITY DATE, MATURITY AMOUNT & ELIGIBLE INVESTORS

For details relating to Coupon Rate, Coupon Payment Frequency, Maturity Date and Maturity Amount of the NCDs, see "*Terms of the Issue*" on page 156. For details relating to eligible investors, see "*Issue Structure*" on page 149.

CREDIT RATING

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated 'BWR BBB+/Stable', by Brickwork Ratings India Private Limited ("**Brickwork Ratings**") for an amount up to ₹30,000 lakhs *vide* their letters each dated August 12, 2021 and bearing reference no. BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/RAM/0185/2021-22, respectively. The rating of NCDs by Brickwork Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry moderate credit risk. This rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should take their own decisions. The rating provided by rating agency may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency on the basis of new information etc., and should be evaluated accordingly. Please refer to page 304 for the rationale for the above rating.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

The Draft Prospectus was filed with BSE on August 13, 2021, pursuant to Regulation 6(2) of the SEBI Debt Regulations and shall be open for public comments for a period of 7 (seven) Working Days i.e. until 5 p.m. from the date of filing of the Draft Prospectus with the Designated Stock Exchange.

LISTING

The NCDs offered through this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE Limited ("**BSE**"). Our Company has obtained 'in-principle' approval for this Issue from BSE *vide* their letter dated August 25, 2021. BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange for this Issue.



ISSUE OPENS ON AUGUST 30, 2021

ISSUE CLOSES ON SEPTEMBER 24, 2021**

*Vistra ITCL (India) Limited, by its letter dated August 12, 2021, has given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in this Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications sent to the holders of the Debentures issued pursuant to this Issue. For further details, see "General Information – Debenture Trustee" on page 40. ** Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on page 40. the decided by the Board of Directors of our Company or Committee thereof subject to receipt of necessary approvals. In the event of such early closure of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given on or before such early date of closure or the initial Closing Date through advertisement/s in a leading national daily newspaper with wide circulation on or before such early date of closure. Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE. For further details, see "General Information – Issue Programme" on page 45.

A copy of this Prospectus shall be delivered to the RoC, in terms of Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the requisite endorsed/certified copies of all requisite documents. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" beginning on page 298.

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SECTION I - GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Prospectus to "the Issuer", "our Company", "the Company" or "KFL" or "we" or "us" or "our" are to Kosamattam Finance Limited, having its registered and corporate office at Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Building, M. L. Road, Market Junction, Kottayam – 686 001, Kerala, India.

Unless the context otherwise requires the following terms shall have the following meanings ascribed thereto in this Prospectus. Reference to any statutes, rule, regulations, guidelines and policies shall include amendments thereto, from time to time.

Company Related Terms

| Term | Description |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AoA/Articles/Articles of | Articles of Association of our Company, as amended. |
| Association | |
| Board/Board of | The Board of Directors of our Company and includes any Committee thereof. |
| Directors/BoD | |
| Compulsorily | Preference Shares of face value of ₹1,000 each of our Company, in the nature of |
| Convertible Preference | Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares. |
| Shares | |
| Corporate and | The corporate and registered office of our Company, situated at Kosamattam |
| Registered Office | Mathew K. Cherian Building, M. L. Road, Market Junction, Kottayam – 686 001, Kerala, India. |
| Debenture Committee | The committee re-constituted by the Board of Directors of our Company by a |
| | board resolution dated January 31, 2019. |
| Equity Shares | Equity shares of face value of ₹10 each of our Company. |
| Kosamattam | Entities that are ultimately promoted and controlled by Mathew K. Cherian, |
| Group/Group Companies | Laila Mathew or Jilu Saju Varghese including Kosamattam Ventures Private |
| | Limited, M/s Kosamattam Security Systems, Kosamattam Enterprises LLP, |
| | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited, M/s. Kosamattam Builders (Partnership |
| | firm), and Kosamattam Nidhi Limited. |
| Loan Assets | Assets under financing activities. |
| Memorandum/MoA/Mem orandum of Association | Memorandum of Association of our Company, as amended. |
| Net Loan Assets | Assets under financing activities net of Provision for non-performing assets. |
| Promoters | Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghese. |
| Reformatted Financial | The statement of reformatted audited assets and liabilities of our Company, and |
| Statements | the related statement of reformatted statement of profit and loss of our Company |
| | and the related statement of reformatted cash flow of our Company for the |
| | Financial Years ending March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, |
| | March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, have been prepared by M/s. Vishnu |
| | Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors, which are |
| | extracted from the financial report approved by the Board of directors in their |
| | meeting held on June 28, 2021 for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021, |
| | 33rd Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, as examined by M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., |
| | Chartered Accountants, the Statutory Auditors and 32nd Annual Report of the |
| | Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2018 and from the consolidated |
| | financials pursuant to the merger for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2017 |
| | and the notes thereto, as examined by the Company's erstwhile statutory |
| | auditors, M/s. Cheeran Varghese & Co., Chartered Accountants. |
| Reformatted Financial | The report dated July 15, 2021, on the Reformatted Financial Statements, |
| Report | prepared by the Statutory Auditor. |
| RoC/Registrar of | The Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep. |
| Companies | |
| Statutory | The statutory auditor of our Company, being M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., |
| • | |

Auditor(s)/Auditor(s)

Chartered Accountants.

Issue Related Terms

| Term | Description |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Abridged Prospectus | A memorandum containing the salient features of this Prospectus. |
| Acknowledgement Slip | The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary to an Applicant as |
| 0 1 | proof of registration of the Application Form. |
| Allot/Allotment/Allotte | The issue and allotment of the NCDs to successful Applicants pursuant to the Issue. |
| d | |
| Allotment Advice | The communication sent to the Allottees conveying the details of NCDs allotted to |
| | the Allottees in accordance with the Basis of Allotment. |
| Allottee(s) | The successful Applicant to whom the NCDs are being/ have been Allotted pursuant |
| | to the Issue. |
| Applicant/Investor | A person who applies for the issuance and Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the terms |
| | of this Prospectus, the abridged Prospectus and the Application Form for the Issue. |
| Application/ | An application (whether physical or electronic) to subscribe to the NCDs offered |
| ASBA Application | pursuant to the Issue by submission of a valid Application Form and authorising an |
| | SCSB to block the Application Amount in the ASBA Account and will include |
| | application made by UPI Investors using UPI where the Application amount will be |
| | blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by UPI Investors, which will be |
| | considered as the application for Allotment in terms of this Prospectus. |
| Application Amount | The aggregate value of NCDs applied for, as indicated in the Application Form for |
| A | the Issue. |
| Application Form/ ASBA Form | Form in terms of which an Applicant shall make an offer to subscribe to NCDs through the ASPA magazes and which will be considered as the Application for |
| ASDA FOIIII | through the ASBA process and which will be considered as the Application for Allotment of NCDs and in terms of this Prospectus. |
| Application Supported | * |
| Application Supported | The Application (whether physical or electronic) used by an ASBA Applicant to make an Application by authorising the SCSB to block the bid amount in the |
| by Blocked Amount/ASBA | specified bank account maintained with such SCSB. |
| ASBA Account | A bank account maintained with an SCSB by an Applicant, as specified in the |
| ASDA Account | Application Form submitted by the ASBA Applicant for blocking the Application |
| | Amount mentioned in the relevant ASBA Form and includes a bank account |
| | maintained by a UPI Investor linked to a UPI ID, which is blocked upon acceptance |
| | of a UPI Mandate Request made by the UPI Investor using the UPI Mechanism. |
| ASBA Applicant | Any Applicant who applies for NCDs through the ASBA process. |
| Banker(s) to the Issue | The banks, which are clearing members and registered with SEBI as bankers to the |
| | issue, with whom the Public Issue Accounts and/or Refund Account will be opened |
| | by our Company in respect of the Issue, and as specified in this Prospectus. |
| Base Issue | ₹ 15,000 lakhs. |
| Basis of Allotment | The basis on which NCDs will be allotted to successful applicants under the Issue |
| | and which is described in "Issue Procedure - Basis of Allotment for NCDs" on page |
| | 194. |
| Bidding Centers | Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the Application Forms, |
| | i.e., Designated Branches of SCSB, Specified Locations for Members of the |
| | Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for |
| | RTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs |
| Brickwork Ratings | Brickwork Ratings India Private Limited |
| Broker Centres | Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchange, where Applicants can submit the |
| | Application Forms (including ASBA Forms under UPI in case of UPI Investors) to a Trading Member. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the nemes and |
| | a Trading Member. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and |
| | contact details of the Trading Members are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange. |
| Business Days | All days excluding Saturdays, Sundays or a public holiday in India or at any other |
| E domess Eugs | payment centre notified in terms of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881. |
| Client ID | Client identification number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to |
| | the demat account. |
| Collection Centres | Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the Application Forms, |
| concertain control | being the Designated Branch for SCSBs, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, |
| | e |

| Term | Description |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for CRTAs and |
| | Designated CDP Locations for CDPs. |
| Collecting Depository | A depository participant, as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996 and registered |
| Participants/CDPs | with the SEBI Act and who is eligible to procure Applications at the Designated |
| 1 | CDP Locations in terms of the Debt Application Circular and Debt UPI Circular. |
| Collecting Registrar and | Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure |
| Share Transfer | Applications at the Designated RTA Locations in terms of the Debt Application |
| Agents/CRTAs | Circular. |
| Credit Rating | For the present Issue, the credit rating agency, in this case being Brickwork Ratings |
| Agency | India Private Limited. |
| CRISIL | CRISIL Limited. |
| Debenture Trust Deed | The trust deed to be executed by our Company and the Debenture Trustee for |
| | creating the security over the NCDs to be issued under the Issue. |
| Coupon Rate / Interest | The aggregate rate of interest payable in connection with the NCDs in accordance |
| Rate | with this Prospectus. For further details, see "Issue Structure" on page 149. |
| | ······································ |
| Debenture Trusteeship | Debenture Trusteeship Agreement dated August 12, 2021, entered into between our |
| Agreement | Company and the Debenture Trustee. |
| Debentures/NCDs | Secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures issued pursuant to the Issue. |
| Deemed Date of | The date of issue of the Allotment Advice, or such date as may be determined by |
| Allotment | the Board or a duly constituted committee thereof, and notified to the Exchange. |
| | The actual Allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date |
| | of Allotment. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on the NCDs shall |
| | be available to the investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. |
| Debt Application | Circular no. CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018 issued by SEBI on August 16, 2018 and SEBI |
| Circular | circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2020/233 dated November 23, 2020. |
| Debt UPI Circular | Circular issued by SEBI on November 23, 2020 titled "Introduction of Unified |
| | Payments Interface (UPI) mechanism and Application through Online interface and |
| | Streamlining the process of Public issues of securities under - SEBI (Issue and |
| | Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non- |
| | Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares) Regulations, 2013, SEBI (Issue and |
| | Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments and Security Receipts) Regulations, 2008 |
| | and SEBI (Issue and Listing of Municipal Debt Securities) Regulations, 2015" |
| | bearing reference number SEBI/HO/DDHC/CIR/P/2020/233 as amended from |
| | time-to-time. |
| Demographic Details | The demographic details of an Applicant such as his address, bank account details, |
| Demographie Details | category, PAN, UPI ID, etc. for printing on refund/interest orders or used for |
| | refunding through electronic mode as applicable. |
| Depositories Act | The Depositories Act, 1996, as amended from time to time. |
| Depository(ies) | National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and/or Central Depository Services |
| Depository(ies) | (India) Limited (CDSL). |
| Designated Branches | Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the Application Forms used by the |
| | ASBA Applicants and a list of which is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in or at |
| | such other web-link as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. |
| Designated CDP | Such centres of the Collecting Depository Participants where Applicants can submit |
| Locations | the Application Forms. The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with |
| | the names and contact details of the CDPs are available on the website of the Stock |
| | Exchange and updated from time to time. |
| Designated Date | The date on which the Registrar to the Issue issues the instruction to SCSBs for |
| | unblocking of funds from the ASBA Accounts to the Public Issue Account in terms |
| | of this Prospectus and the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement and |
| | following which the Board, shall Allot the NCDs to the successful Applicants. |
| Designated | Collectively, the Lead Managers, the Syndicate Member/ Lead Brokers, Trading |
| Intermediaries | Members, agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CDPs and RTAs, who are authorised |
| | to collect Application Forms from the Applicants, in the Issue. |
| | - |
| | In relation to the ASBA applicants authorising an SCSB to block the amount in the |
| | ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs. |
| | |

| Term | Description |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | In relation to ASBA applicants submitted by Retail Individual Investors where the |
| | amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request using the UPI Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean the CDPs, RTAs, Lead Managers, Members of the Syndicate, Trading Members and Stock Exchange where |
| | applications have been submitted through the app/web interface as provided in the |
| Designated Stock | Debt UPI Circular. BSE Limited. |
| Exchange/ DSE | DSE Emilieu. |
| Designated RTA Locations | Such centres of the CRTAs where Applicants can submit the Application Forms (including Application Forms by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism). The details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with the names and contact details of the CRTAs are available on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.bseindia.com) and updated from time to time. |
| DP/Depository Participant | A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act. |
| Direct Online | An online interface enabling direct applications through UPI by an app based/web |
| Application | interface, by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility. |
| Draft Prospectus/Draft Offer Document | The draft prospectus dated August 13, 2021, which was filed by our Company with the Designated Stock Exchange for receiving public comments, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable and the SEBI Debt Regulations. |
| Existing Secured Creditors | Bank of Baroda, Canara Bank, Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited, The Karur Vysya Bank Limited, Punjab National Bank, State Bank of India, CSB Bank Limited, The South Indian Bank Limited, Union Bank of India, DCB Bank Limited, The Federal Bank Limited, Bank of Maharashtra and debenture holders of the secured non-convertible debentures issued by way of public issues. |
| Existing Unsecured Creditors | Debenture holders of the privately placed subordinated debts, debenture holders of the privately placed perpetual debt instruments (PDI) and debenture holders of the subordinated debts issued by way of public issues. |
| Fugitive Economic Offender | An individual who is declared a fugitive economic offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018. |
| Interest Payment Date / Coupon Payment Date | The dates on which interest/coupon on the NCDs shall fall due for payment which will be specified in this Prospectus. |
| Institutional Portion | Portion of Applications received from Category I of persons eligible to apply for the issue which includes Resident Public Financial Institutions as defined in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act 2013, Statutory Corporations including State Industrial Development Corporations, Scheduled Commercial Banks, Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs, Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, Pension Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs, Venture Capital funds and/or Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI, Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA, National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India), Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian Army, Navy or the Air Force of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India Mutual Funds, registered with SEBI. |
| Issue/ Issue Size | Public issue by our Company of NCDs aggregating up to ₹ 15,000 lakhs with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹ 15,000 lakhs aggregating up to ₹ 30,000 lakhs, on the terms and in the manner set forth herein; Base Issue Size being ₹ 15,000 lakhs. |
| Issue Closing Date | September 24, 2021 |
| Issue Opening Date | August 30, 2021 |
| Issue Period | The period between the Issue Opening Date and the Issue Closing Date inclusive of both days during which prospective Applicants may submit their Application Forms |
| Lead Managers | Karvy Investor Services Limited and SMC Capitals Limited. |

| Term | Description |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Market Lot | 1 (one) NCD. |
| Maturity Amount | In respect of NCDs Allotted to NCD Holders, the repayment of the face value of the NCD along with interest that may have accrued as on the redemption date. |
| Mobile App(s) | The mobile applications listed on the website of Stock Exchanges as may be updated |
| | from time to time, which may be used by RIBs to submit Bids using the UPI |
| | Mechanism. |
| NCD Holder/Debenture | Any debenture holder who holds the NCDs issued in this Issue and whose name |
| Holder | appears on the beneficial owners list provided by the Depositories. |
| Non-Institutional Portion | Category II of persons eligible to apply for the Issue which includes Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; bodies |
| TOTUOI | corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised |
| | to invest in the NCDs, Educational institutions and associations of persons and/or |
| | bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory |
| | enactment; which are authorised to invest in the NCDs, Trust Including |
| | Public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs, |
| | Association of Persons, Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which |
| | are authorised to invest in the NCDs, Partnership firms in the name of the partners, |
| | Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009), Resident Indian individuals |
| | and Hindu undivided families through the Karta aggregating to a value exceeding |
| | ₹10 lakhs. |
| Offer Document | The Draft Prospectus, this Prospectus, Application Form and abridged Prospectus |
| | read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto. |
| Prospectus | This prospectus dated August 26, 2021, to be filed with the RoC in accordance with |
| | the SEBI Debt Regulations, containing <i>inter alia</i> the coupon rate for the NCDs and |
| D 1.1'. I A | certain other information. |
| Public Issue Account | Account(s) opened with the Public Issue Account Bank to receive monies from the ASBA Accounts maintained with the SCSBs (including under the UPI Mechanism) |
| | on the Designated Date. |
| Public Issue Account | HDFC Bank Limited |
| Bank | |
| Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank | The agreement to be entered into amongst our Company, the Registrar to the Issue, the Lead Manager, the Public Issue Account Bank, the Sponsor Bank in accordance |
| Agreement | with the Debt UPI Circular for collection of the Application Amounts from ASBA |
| rigicomoni | Accounts under the UPI Mechanism and where applicable refunds of the amounts |
| | collected from the Applicants on the terms and conditions thereof. |
| Record Date | The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment |
| | of principal in connection therewith shall be 10 (ten) days prior to the date on which |
| | interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption. Provided that trading in |
| | the NCDs shall remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in |
| | connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed |
| | by the Stock Exchange, as the case may be. |
| | In case Record Date falls on a day when stock exchange is having a trading holiday, |
| | the immediate subsequent trading day will be deemed as the Record Date. |
| Refund Account | Account opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole or |
| | any part of the Application Amount shall be made and as specified in this Prospectus. |
| Refund Bank | HDFC Bank Limited |
| Registrar to the | KFin Technologies Private Limited |
| Issue/Registrar Register of NCD | The statutory register in connection with any NCDs which are held in physical form |
| Holders | on account of rematerialisation, containing name and prescribed details of the |
| | relevant NCD Holders, which will be prepared and maintained by our |
| | Company/Registrar in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act. |
| RTAs/ Registrar and | The registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure |
| Share | Application in the Issue at the Designated RTA Locations. |
| Transfer Agents | |
| SCSBs or Self Certified | The banks registered with SEBI, offering services in relation to ASBA and UPI, a |
| | |

| Term | Description |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Syndicate Banks | list of which is available on the website of SEBI at |
| | https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised =yes for |
| | ASBA and |
| | https://sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId= |
| | 40 for UPI, updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. |
| SEBI Debt | Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) |
| Regulations/ Debt | Regulations, 2008, as amended from time to time. |
| Regulations/ SEBI | |
| Regulations | |
| SEBI Delisting | Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, |
| Regulations | 2009, as amended from time to time. |
| SEBI Listing | Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure |
| Regulations/ Listing Regulations | Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time. |
| Security | The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together |
| Security | with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration |
| | of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by |
| | way of creating security over on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written |
| | down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696/-), including |
| | book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both |
| | present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs |
| Specified Leastions | outstanding plus interest accrued. |
| Specified Locations | Collection centres where the Members of the Syndicate shall accept Application Forms, a list of which is included in the Application Form. |
| Sponsor Bank | The Banker to the Issue registered with SEBI, which has been appointed by our |
| Sponsor Dunk | Company to act as a conduit between the Stock Exchanges and the National |
| | Payments Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and / |
| | or payment instructions of the retail individual investors into the UPI for retail |
| | individual investors applying through the app/web interface of the Stock |
| | Exchange(s) with a facility to block funds through UPI Mechanism for application |
| | value up to ₹2,00,000 and carry out any other responsibilities in terms of the Debt |
| Stock Exchange | UPI Circular BSE Limited. |
| Subordinated Debt | Subordinated Debt means a fully paid up capital instrument, which is unsecured and |
| Subordinated Debt | is subordinated to the claims of other creditors, free from restrictive clauses and is |
| | not redeemable at the instance of the holder or without the consent of the supervisory |
| | authority of the NBFC. The book value of such instrument shall be subjected to |
| | discounting as provided hereunder: |
| | |
| | Remaining maturity of the instruments - rate of discount |
| | (a) up to one year - 100%(b) more than one year but up to two years - 80% |
| | (c) more than two years but up to three years - 60% |
| | (d) more than three years but up to four years - 40% |
| | (e) more than four years but up to five years - 20% |
| | |
| | to the extent such discounted value does not exceed fifty percent of Tier I capital. |
| Syndicate ASBA | Applications through the Designated Intermediaries. |
| Syndicate ASBA | Collection centers where the Designated Intermediaries shall accept Application |
| Application Locations | Forms from Applicants, a list of which is available on the website of the SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in.and.at.such.other.websites.as.may.be.prescribed.by.SEBI |
| | https://www.sebi.gov.in and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. |
| Syndicate SCSB | In relation to ASBA Applications submitted to a member of the Syndicate, such |
| Branches | branches of the SCSBs at the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations named by the |
| | SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the members of the |
| | Syndicate, and a list of which is available on https://www.sebi.gov.in or at such |
| | other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. |
| Tenor | Tenor shall mean the tenor of the NCDs which will be specified in this Prospectus. |

| Term | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Trading Member(s) | Individuals or companies registered with SEBI as "trading member(s)" under the SEBI (Stock Brokers and Sub-Brokers) Regulations, 1992, and who hold the right to trade in stocks listed on stock exchanges, through which investors can buy or sell securities listed on stock exchanges whose list is available on stock exchanges. |
| Transaction Registration Slip/TRS | The acknowledgement slip or document issued by any of the Members of the Syndicate, the SCSBs, or the Trading Members as the case may be, to an Applicant upon demand as proof of upload of the Application on the application platform of the Stock Exchange. |
| Tripartite Agreement(s) | Agreements as entered into between our Company, Registrar and each of the Depositories under the terms of which the Depositories shall act as depositories for the securities issued by our Company. |
| Trustees/Debenture Trustee | Trustees for the holders of the NCDs, in this case being Vistra ITCL (India) Limited. |
| UPI | Unified Payments Interface, is an instant payment system developed by the NPCI. It enables merging several banking features, seamless fund routing and merchant payments into one hood. UPI allows instant transfer of money between any two person' bank accounts using a payment address which uniquely identifies a person's bank account. |
| UPI ID | ID created on Unfied Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile payment system developed by the NCPI. |
| UPI Investor | An Applicant who applies with a UPI number whose Application Amount for NCDs in the Issue is up to ₹2,00,000. |
| UPI Mandate Request | A request (intimating the UPI Investors, by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of an SMS directing the UPI Investor to such UPI application) to the UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism initiated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the Application Amount in relevant ASBA Account through the UPI, and the subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment. |
| UPI Mechanism | The optional bidding mechanism that may be used by UPI Investors to make Applications in the Issue, in accordance with SEBI circular SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2020/233 dated November 23, 2020 and any other circulars issued by SEBI or any other governmental authority in relation thereto from time to time. |
| UPI PIN | Password to authenticate UPI transaction. |
| Web Interface | Web interface developed by Designated Stock Exchange wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI mechanism. |
| Wilful Defaulter | An issuer who is categorised as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the RBI and includes an issuer whose director or promoter is categorised as such. |
| Working Days | Working Day(s) shall mean all days excluding Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in India. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e. period beginning from Issue Closing Date to listing of the NCDs, Working Days shall mean all trading days of stock exchanges excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI Circular CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018 dated August 16, 2018, however, with reference to payment of interest/ redemption amount of NCDs, Working Days shall mean those days wherein the money market is functioning in Mumbai. |

Business/Industry Related Terms

| | Term | Description |
|------|------|-----------------------------------|
| AFC | Ass | et Finance Company |
| ALM | Ass | et Liability Management |
| ALCO | Ass | et Liability Committee |
| AMFI | Ass | ociation of Mutual Funds in India |
| ATS | Av | erage Ticket Size |
| AUM | Ass | ets Under Management |

| Term | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Average Cost of | Amount that is calculated by dividing the interest paid during the period by |
| Borrowing | average of the monthly outstanding |
| CCPS | Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares |
| CPI | Cost Price Index |
| CRAR | Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio |
| DPN | Demand Promissory Note |
| DSA | Direct Sales Agent |
| FIR | First Information Report |
| Gross Spread | Yield on the average minus the cost of funds |
| HFC | Housing Finance Company |
| IND AS | Indian Accounting Standards |
| KYC/KYC Norms | Customer identification procedure for opening of accounts and monitoring |
| KTC/KTC Nomis | transactions of suspicious nature followed by NBFCs for the purpose of reporting |
| | it to appropriate authority |
| LC | Loan Company |
| Loan Book | Outstanding loans net of provisions made for NPAs |
| LTV | |
| | Loan to value |
| Master Directions | RBI's Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically |
| | Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve |
| NY 4 YY | Bank) Directions, 2016 dated September 1, 2016, as amended |
| NAV | Net Asset Value |
| NBFC | Non-Banking Financial Company as defined under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act, |
| | 1934 |
| NBFC-D | NBFC registered as a deposit accepting NBFC |
| NBFC-ND | NBFC registered as a non-deposit accepting NBFC |
| NBFC-ND-SI | Systemically Important NBFC-ND, i.e. a non-banking financial company not |
| | accepting / holding public deposits and having total assets of ₹50,000 lakhs and |
| | above as per the last audited balance sheet |
| NOF | Net Owned Fund |
| NPA | Non-Performing Asset |
| Secured Loan Book | Secured loan given against hypothecation of asset |
| SME | Small and Medium Enterprises |
| Tier I Capital | Tier I Capital means owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other |
| 1 | non-banking financial companies and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding |
| | loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and |
| | deposits with subsidiary and companies in the same group exceeding, in |
| | aggregate, ten percent of the owned fund and perpetual debt instruments issued |
| | by an NBFC-ND-SI in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15% of the |
| | aggregate Tier I Capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous |
| | accounting year |
| Tion II Conital | Tier-II capital includes the following: (a) preference shares other than those |
| Tier II Capital | |
| | which are compulsorily convertible into equity; (b) revaluation reserves at |
| | discounted rate of 55%; (c) general provisions and loss reserves to the extent |
| | these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable potential |
| | loss in any specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to the |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | extent of one and one fourth percent of risk weighted assets; (d) hybrid debt capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier-I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit |
| | capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not |
| | capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier-I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit |
| UPI | capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier-I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier I Capital, to the extent it does not exceed Tier-I Capital |
| UPI | capital instruments; (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier-I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company which is in excess of what qualifies for |

Conventional and General Terms or Abbreviations

| Term | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| ₹ or Rupees or Rs. or | The lawful currency of Republic of India |

| Term | Description |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Indian Rupees or INR | A |
| AGM | Annual General Meeting |
| AML | Anti-Money Laundering |
| BSE | BSE Limited |
| CAGR | Compounded Annual Growth Rate |
| CDSL | Central Depository Services (India) Limited |
| CGST Act | Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 |
| Companies Act, 1956 | The Companies Act, 1956 to the extent in force |
| Companies | The Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified) read with rules framed by |
| Act/Companies Act 2013 | the Government of India from time to time |
| DIN | Director Identification Number |
| DRR | Debenture Redemption Reserve |
| DT Circular | Circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 issued by SEBI on |
| | November 3, 2020, as amended from time to time |
| EGM | Extraordinary General Meeting |
| EPS | Earnings Per Share |
| FDI | Foreign Direct Investment |
| FDI Policy | FDI in an Indian company is governed by the provisions of the FEMA read |
| | with the FEMA Regulations and the Foreign Direct Investment Policy |
| FEMA | Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 |
| FEMA Non-Debt | The Foreign Exchange Management (Non-debt Instruments) Rules, 2019 |
| Regulations | |
| FEMA Debt Regulations | Foreign Exchange Management (Debt Instrument) Regulations, 2019 |
| FFMC | Full Fledged Money Changer |
| Financial Year/FY | Financial Year ending March 31 |
| FPI | Foreign Institutional Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Institutional |
| | Investors) Regulations, 1995 registered with SEBI and as repealed by Foreign |
| | Portfolio Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) |
| | Regulations, 2019 |
| GDP | Gross Domestic Product |
| GoI | Government of India |
| G-Sec | Government Securities |
| GST | Goods and services tax. |
| HUF | Hindu Undivided Family |
| IFRS | International Financial Reporting Standards |
| IFSC | Indian Financial System Code |
| IGST Act | Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 |
| IND AS | The Indian Accounting Standards referred to in the Companies (Indian |
| | Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. |
| Indian GAAP | Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India |
| IRDA IT | Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority |
| IT Act | Information Technology The Income Tax Act, 1961 |
| IT Act KYC | The Income Tax Act, 1961 Know Your Customer |
| | |
| MCA MICR | Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India Magnetic Ink Character Recognition |
| MICK | <u> </u> |
| MoU | Management Information System Memorandum of Understanding |
| NA | Memorandum of Understanding Not Applicable |
| NACH | Not Applicable National Automated Clearing House |
| NACH NEFT | National Electronic Funds Transfer |
| NII(s) | Non-Institutional Investor(s) |
| NII(s) NIM | Non-Institutional Investor(s) Net Interest Margin |
| NIM NRI | Non-Resident Indian |
| NSDL | Non-Resident Indian National Securities Depository Limited |
| PAN | Permanent Account Number |
| PAN PDI | |
| rμ | Perpetual Debt Instrument |

| Term | Description | | |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| RBI | The Reserve Bank of India | | |
| RBI Act | The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 | | |
| RM | Relationship Manager | | |
| RTGS | Real Time Gross Settlement | | |
| SCRA | Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 | | |
| SCRR | The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 | | |
| SEBI | The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the Securities | | |
| | and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 | | |
| SEBI Act | The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 | | |
| SGST Act | State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, as enacted by various state | | |
| | governments. | | |
| TDS | Tax Deducted at Source | | |
| WDM | Wholesale Debt Market | | |

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, capitalised terms that have been defined in the sections titled "*Risk Factors*", "*Capital Structure*", "*Key Regulations and Policies*", "*History and Certain Other Corporate Matters*", "*Statement of Tax Benefits available to the Debenture Holders*", "*Our Management*", "*Financial Indebtedness*", "*Outstanding Litigation*" and "*Issue Procedure*" on beginning pages 17, 46, 242, 99, 57, 101, 121, 201 and 170, respectively will have the meanings ascribed to them in such sections.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL, INDUSTRY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Certain Conventions

In this Prospectus, unless otherwise specified or the context otherwise indicates or implies the terms, all references to "Kosamattam", "Issuer", "we", "us", "our" and "our Company" are to Kosamattam Finance Limited. Unless stated otherwise, all references to page numbers in this Prospectus are to the page numbers of this Prospectus.

All references to "India" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions and all references to the "Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

Financial Data

Our Company publishes its financial statements in Rupees. Our Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 are prepared in accordance with Ind AS and financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, are prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP, including the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act and other applicable statutory and / or regulatory requirementsq. With effect from April 1, 2019, as per the roadmap issued by the MCA under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, for Non-Banking Finance Companies, for financial reporting purposes, the Company has followed the Accounting Standards issued by the ICAI specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 3 and/or Rule 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 ("Ind AS"), as applicable.

The Reformatted Financial Statements and the examination reports on the Reformatted Financial Information as issued by our Company's Statutory Auditors, M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants, are included in this Prospectus in the chapter titled *"Financial Statements"* beginning on page 112.

Unless stated otherwise, the financial data used in this Prospectus is derived from our Company's Reformatted Financial Information as at and for the years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 are prepared in accordance with Ind AS and financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 are prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP, applicable standards and guidance notes specified by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, applicable accounting standards prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, Companies Act and other applicable statutory and / or regulatory requirements.

In this Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table, including "*Capital Structure*" and "*Objects of the Issue*" between the total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding off. All the decimals have been rounded off to two decimal places.

There are significant differences between Indian GAAP, IND AS, US GAAP and IFRS. We urge you to consult your own advisors regarding such differences and their impact on our financial data. Accordingly, the degree to which the Indian GAAP and IND AS financial statements included in this Prospectus will provide meaningful information is entirely dependent on the reader's level of familiarity with Indian GAAP and IND AS. Any reliance by persons not familiar with Indian accounting practices on the financial disclosures presented in this Prospectus should accordingly be limited.

Currency and units of Presentation

In this Prospectus, all references to 'Rupees'/ 'Rs.'/ 'INR'/ '₹' are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India.

Except where stated otherwise in this Prospectus, all figures have been expressed in 'lakhs'. All references to 'lakh/lakhs' means 'one hundred thousand' and 'crore' means 'ten million' and 'billion/bn/billions' means 'one hundred crores'.

Industry and Market Data

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used throughout this Prospectus has been obtained from industry publications. Industry publications generally state that the information contained in those publications has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but that their accuracy and completeness are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Accordingly, no investment decision should be made on the basis of such

information. Although our Company believes that industry data used in this Prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified. Also, data from these sources may not be comparable. Similarly, internal reports, while believed by us to be reliable, have not been verified by any independent sources. Certain information and statistics in relation to the industry in which we operate, which has been included in this Prospectus has been extracted from an industry report titled "CRISIL Research – Industry Report on gold loan industry", dated June 2021, prepared and issued by CRISIL. Please refer to "*Industry Overview*" on page 65 for further details.

The extent to which the market and industry data used in this Prospectus is meaningful depends on the reader's familiarity with and understanding of the methodologies used in compiling such data.

Exchange Rate

The following table provides information with respect to the exchange rate for the Indian rupee per US\$1.00. No representation is made that any Rupee amounts could have been, or could be, converted into U.S. dollars at any particular rate, the rates stated below, or at all.

| Currency | | Exchange rate as on | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | March 31, 2021* | March 31, 2020* | March 31, 2019* | March 31, 2018* | March 31, 2017* | | |
| 1 USD | 73.50 | 75.39 | 69.17 | 65.04 | 64.84 | | |
| C DDL | | | | | | | |

Source: RBI reference rate and www.fbil.org.in

*In case of March 31st falling on a holiday, preceding working day RBI rate available has been taken.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Prospectus contains certain statements that are not statements of historical fact and are in the nature of "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "objective", "plan", "potential", "project", "will", "will continue", "will pursue", "will likely result", "will seek to", "seek" or other words or phrases of similar import. All statements regarding our expected financial condition and results of operations and business plans and prospects are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements as to our business strategy, revenue and profitability and other matters discussed in this Prospectus that are not historical facts.

All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant statement.

Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward looking statements due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to our businesses and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategies, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes and changes in competition in our industry.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations including, without limitation, the following:

- 1. Any increase in the levels of non-performing assets ("NPA") in our loan portfolio, for any reason whatsoever, would adversely affect our business and results of operations;
- 2. Uncertainty in relation to continuing effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business and operations;
- 3. Any volatility in interest rates which could cause our Gross Spreads to decline and consequently affect our profitability;
- 4. Unanticipated turbulence in interest rates or other rates or prices; the performance of the financial and capital markets in India and globally;
- 5. Our operations are concentrated in South India, and any adverse developments in the southern states of India may have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows;
- 6. Changes in Indian and/or foreign laws and regulations, including tax, accounting, banking, securities, insurance and other regulations; changes in competition and the pricing environment in India; and regional or general changes in asset valuations;
- 7. Any changes in connection with policies, statutory provisions, regulations and/or RBI directions in connection with NBFCs, including laws that impact our lending rates and our ability to enforce our collateral;
- 8. We have been subject to penalties as a result of non-compliance with the RBI's observations made during its periodic inspections
- 9. Competition from our existing as well as new competitors;
- 10. Changes in the value of Rupee and other currency changes;
- 11. Occurrence of natural calamities or natural disasters affecting the areas in which our Company has operations;
- 12. The rate of growth of our loan assets;

- 13. Potential mergers, acquisitions or restructurings;
- 14. The outcome of any legal or regulatory proceedings we are or may become party to;
- 15. Availability of adequate debt and equity financing at commercially acceptable terms;
- 16. General, political, economic, social and business conditions in Indian and other global markets; and
- 17. Other factors discussed in this Prospectus, including under the chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 17.

For further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations, please refer to the chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" and chapters titled "*Industry Overview*" and "*Our Business*" beginning on pages 17, 67 and 80, respectively.

By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. Forward looking statements speak only as on the date of this Prospectus. The forward-looking statements contained in this Prospectus are based on the beliefs of management, as well as the assumptions made by and information currently available to management. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable at this time, we cannot assure investors that such expectations will prove to be correct or will hold good at all times. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. If any of these risks and uncertainties materialise, or if any of our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results of operations or financial condition could differ materially from that described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these cautionary statements.

Neither the Lead Managers, our Company, its Directors and its officers, nor any of their respective affiliates or associates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with the SEBI Debt Regulations, our Company will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments between the date of filing this Prospectus with the Stock Exchange and the date of the Allotment.

SECTION II - RISK FACTORS

An investment in NCDs involves a certain degree of risk. You should carefully consider all the information contained in this Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, and the information provided in the sections titled "Our Business" on page 80 and "Financial Statements" on page F-1, before making an investment decision. The risk factors set forth below do not purport to be complete or comprehensive in terms of all the risk factors that may arise in connection with our business or any decision to purchase, own or dispose of the NCDs. The following risk factors are determined on the basis of their materiality. In determining the materiality of risk factors, we have considered risks which may not be material individually but may be material when considered collectively, which may have a qualitative impact though not quantitative, which may not be material at present but may have a material impact in the future. Additional risks, which are currently unknown or now deemed immaterial, if materialise, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations in the future. The market prices of the NCDs could decline due to such risks and you may lose all or part of your investment including interest thereon.

Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors below, we are not in a position to quantify the financial or other implication of any of the risks described in this section. This Prospectus also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including events described below and elsewhere in this Prospectus. Unless otherwise stated, the financial information used in this section is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the Reformatted Financial Statements.

Internal Risk Factors

1. Recent outbreak of the novel coronavirus could have a significant effect on our results of operations and could negatively impact our business, revenues, financial condition and result of operations.

An outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus disease 19 ("**COVID-19**"), was recognised as a pandemic by the World Health Organization ("**WHO**"), on March 11, 2020. In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the governments of many countries, including India have taken preventive or protective actions, such as imposing country-wide lockdowns, restrictions on travel and business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit their time outside of their homes. Temporary closures of businesses had been ordered and numerous other businesses have temporarily closed voluntarily. Further, individuals' ability to travel has been curtailed through mandated travel restrictions and may be further limited. Since May 2020 some of these measures have been lifted and partial travel has been permitted. Our Company is also unaware of when the nation-wide lockdown in India may be lifted.

The spread of COVID-19 may impact our Company's operations. The COVID-19 outbreak and the related preventive and protective actions had impacted our business through the temporary closure of all our branches. Pursuant to the government mandated lockdown we had to temporarily close all of our branch offices for approximately two months between March 2020 to May 2020. As a result, there was no customer traffic to our banches, which significantly reduced our sales and cash flows during the period. We continue to monitor developments closely as the COVID-19 pandemic develops. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business will depend on a range of factors which we are not able to accurately predict, including the duration, severity and scope of the pandemic, the geographies impacted, the impact of the pandemic on economic activity in India, and the nature and severity of measures adopted by governments. Amongst various measures announced to mitigate the economic impact from the COVID -19, the Reserve Bank of India issued circulars dated March 27, 2020, April 17, 2020 and May 23, 2020 (the "RBI circulars") allowing lending institutions to offer a moratorium to customers on payment of instalments falling due between March 1, 2020 and August 31, 2020. Given that the COVID-19 and its impact remain a rapidly dynamic situation, the actual impact on our Company's loans and advances will depend on future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID -19 and any action to contain its spread or mitigate its impact. While, our Company continue to monitor the developments of the COVID-19 situation closely, assess and respond proactively to minimize any adverse impacts on the financial position and operating results of our Company, it is possible that the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected due to the COVID-19 pandemic. If the COVID-19 situation persists or worsens, it may adversely impact the Issuer's business and the financial condition.

2. We have been subject to an inspection by the RBI and any adverse action taken could affect our business

and operations.

As an NBFC, we are subject to periodic inspection by the RBI under Section 45N of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (the "**RBI Act**"), pursuant to which the RBI inspects our books of accounts and other records for the purpose of verifying the correctness or completeness of any statement, information or particulars furnished to the RBI. Any irregularities found during such investigations by such regulatory authorities could similarly, expose us to warnings, penalties and restrictions.

During the course of finalization of inspection, regulatory authorities share their findings and recommendations with us and give us an opportunity to provide justification and clarifications. Further, such regulatory authorities also seek certain clarifications and share their findings in the ordinary course of business. We have responded to observations made by such authorities and addressed them, however we cannot assure you that these authorities will not find any deficiencies in future inspections or otherwise/ the authorities will not make similar or other observations in the future. For instance, an inspection of our Company was conducted with reference to its financial position as on March 31, 2019, which was conducted during the period from September 16, 2019 to September 28, 2019 by RBI under Section 45N of the RBI Act. RBI has observed certain major supervisory concerns which inter alia include (i) divergence in the classification of NPAs and inadequate provision kept for rental loans and staff loan; (ii) Not fully complying with the income recognition and asset classification norms of RBI; (iii) non adherence of loan policy; (iv) mortgaged loans were extended without obtaining security; (v) sanctioned demand (business) loans for a period of 36 months, without recording any specific reasons, in contravention of Para (11)(2)(ii) of 'Master Direction – NBFC – NDSI' dated September 1, 2016; and (vi) the Company had obtained the membership from all the four credit information companies, but it was uploading the credit information only with CIBIL. Our Company vide its letter dated December 10, 2019 responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliances. Further, RBI vide its letter dated January 15, 2020 bearing reference number DoS(NBFC) (T) No/ 503/ 02.19.017/2019-20 directed our Company to submit further compliance along with documentary evidence in respect of its observations pursuant to the inspection. Our Company has vide its letter dated February 10, 2020 responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance along with documentary evidence. Thereafter, RBI has provided further observation in response to our Company's reply filed on February 10, 2020 vide its letter dated February 27, 2020 stating that compliance on pending queries. Subsequently, RBI vide its letter dated March 05, 2020, advised our Company to open a separate escrow account for crediting the outstanding auction surplus amounts. Our Company vide it's letter dated May 08, 2020 responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance along with the documentary evidence. RBI has provided further observation in response to our Company's reply filed on May 08, 2020 vide its letter dated May 21, 2020, advising to submit further compliance along with documentary evidence in respect of the pending observation. Subsequently, our Company vide it's letter dated June 18, 2020, responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance. Thereafter, RBI provided further observation in response to our Company's reply vide its email dated July 02, 2020 stating that the compliance on the queries are pending. Our Company vide it's letter dated August 04, 2020 again responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance along with the documentary evidence. Thereafter, our Company has received further queries from RBI vide it's email dated August 12, 2020. Subsequently, our Company vide its letter dated August 29, 2020, responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance. In response of our letter dated August 29, 2020, RBI vide its email dated December 21, 2020 provided raised further queries and provided observation. Our Company vide it's letter dated January 20, 2021, responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance. Thereafter, our Company has received further queries from RBI vide it's email dated February 09, 2021. Our Company vide it's letter dated March 10, 2021, responded to RBI's observation and provided further compliance. Further, RBI has vide its various letters provided observations and provided further compliance to which our Company has duly filed replies to the queires as and when raised by RBI.

Further, an inspection of our Company by RBI was conducted on December 05, 2019 with reference to its money changing business. Pursuant to which RBI *vide* its letter dated January 09, 2020 bearing reference number KOC.FED.FMID.912/57.04.001/2019-20 noted major observation which, *inter alia*, include (i) There was no record for having filed monthly STR/CTR, if any, to FIU-IND or Nil reports on STR/CTR as applicable for each month; (ii) Statutory Auditors certificate as on March 31, 2019 on compliance to KYC/AML/CFT guidelines, Concurrent audit system and internal control systems were not available for verification; (iii) There were changes in the board of directors of the company in 2018 and 2019 consequent upon resignation of a director and appointment of an additional director respectively which were not found reported to FED, RBI, Kochi. Futher, RBI also reported some observations on the operations of head office branch. Our Company *vide* its letter dated January 30, 2020 responded to RBI's observation and provided

further compliances. Our Company had *vide* its email dated July 24, 2020 submitted the confirmation along with the supporting document with respect to the updation of the software to RBI.

While our Company strives to address all the concerns raised by RBI in relation to its inspection and observations made thereunder, any adverse action taken by RBI with regard to such inspections could adversely affect our business and operations. There can be no assurance that in the future the RBI will not pass any orders levying penalty, on our Company, on the basis of its periodical inspection of our Company, which may in turn adversely affect our reputation, business, operations and profitability.

3. We have received a letter dated February 10, 2014 from the RBI ("RBI Letter") inter-alia alleging noncompliance with RBI circular DNBS (T) No. 983/02.03.057/2013-14 dated October 29, 2008 ("RBI Circular"). Further, we have also received a letter dated July 29, 2016 from the RBI, pursuant to an inspection under Section 12(1) of the FEMA, relating to our money changing business ("RBI Inspection Letter"). Any adverse order by RBI could adversely affect our ability to conduct business, which would in turn result in material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

Our Company has received the RBI Letter *inter-alia* alleging that the perpetual debt instruments ("**PDI**") issued by our Company are not in full compliance with the RBI Circular as our Company was allowing a fixed maturity period of 10 years and the reporting requirements were also not adhered to. Our Company has replied *vide* letter dated March 21, 2014 to the RBI Letter amongst others submitting the requisite documents to RBI.

Further, the interest payable on the PDI outstanding was also classified by us as cumulative, which is not in accordance with the RBI Circular. Subsequently, our Company has dispensed with its liability pertaining to the accrued interests on the PDIs and have remitted the amount *vide* cheques to the respective investors. The RBI was also intimated of the said payment, *vide* a letter dated March 18, 2016. In case RBI passes an adverse order, it may adversely affect our ability to conduct business, which would in turn result in a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations. The RBI vide a letter dated March 28, 2016, advised our Company on payment to PDI holders on a non-cumulative basis and sought confirmations from our statutory auditor with regard to clearing of the cheques.

Additionally, our Company has also received the RBI Inspection Letter wherein the RBI has observed certain irregularities and deficiencies in relation to our money changing business, such as unavailability of the declaration by the Directors on 'fit and proper criteria' as on March 31, 2016; failure to submit the annual statement showing foreign currency as written-off as on March 31, 2016; non-conformity of application cum declaration format used for sale for foreign exchange with instructions issued by the RBI; unavailability of statutory auditor's certificate on compliance with KYC/AML/CFT guidelines; and non-submission of audited balance sheet and NOF certificate as on March 31, 2016. Consequently, our Company has been directed by the RBI to take necessary action and rectification, and to submit a compliance report within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the RBI Inspection Letter.

Our Company has responded to the RBI *vide* a letter dated August 12, 2016, wherein our Company has categorically addressed the concerns raised by the RBI. Subsequently, the RBI, *vide* letters dated September 20, 2016 and November 30, 2016 directed our Company to rectify deficiencies detected during the RBI inspection. Our Company *vide* its letter dated December 15, 2016 confirmed compliance with the instructions regarding the application cum declaration form and submitted date wise data of forex purchased and sold by its authorised branches for period from November 8, 2016 to November 30, 2016. Any adverse action taken by RBI with regard to such inspections could adversely affect our business and operations.

4. We are subject to inspections by CDSL in our capacity as a depository participant and any adverse action taken by CDSL could affect our business and operations.

As a depository participant, we are subject to periodic inspection by CDSL. For instance, CDSL conducted an inspection for the period between July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 and *vide* its inspection report dated July 23, 2019 observed certain discrepancies with respect to CKYC records and activation status of our Company's login credentials with FIU India and directed our Company to rectify the aforesaid discrepancies. In this regard, our Company *vide* its letter dated August 22, 2019 submitted a compliance report to CDSL. Further our Company has received inspection report dated June 25, 2021 ("*Inspection Report*"), pursuant to the inspection conducted by CDSL for the period July 1, 2019 to April 30, 2021. CSDL *vide* its Inspection Report observed certain discrepancies with respect to KYC records, annexure not obtained for payment details of

market transfers, supporting documents and affidavit not obtained for account transmission in case of holder name mismatch, investor grievance email ID not designated on website and action not taken for hold and under process cases of CKYC registration. Our Company is yet to file a reply to the Inspection Report.

While our Company strives to address all the concerns raised by CDSL, there can be no guarantee that CDSL shall be satisfied with our Company's responses and that the CDSL shall not take any adverse action pursuant to such inspections. Any such actions by CDSL could adversely affect our business and operations.

5. We are subject to restrictive covenants in certain short-term and long-term debt facilities provided to us by our lenders.

We have entered into agreements for availing financial facilities from various lenders. Certain covenants in these agreements require us to obtain approval / permission from our lenders in certain conditions. These conditions include, amongst others, implementation of any scheme of expansion / diversification / renovation / capital expenditure, formulation of any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction, undertaking of guarantee obligation, any change in our capital structure. In the event of default or the breach of certain covenants, our lenders have the option to make the entire outstanding amount payable immediately. There can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with these financial or other covenants or that we will be able to obtain consents necessary to take the actions that we believe are required to operate and grow our business.

For further details in this regard, including approvals obtained from our lenders for this Issue, please refer chapter "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 121.

6. Our ability to access capital also depends on our credit ratings. Any downgrade in our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to capital and lending markets and, thus, would negatively affect our net interest margin and our business.

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue for an amount of up to ₹30,000 lakhs was also assigned with 'BWR BBB+/ Stable' rating. Ratings reflect a rating agency's opinion of our financial strength, operating performance, strategic position, and ability to meet our obligations. Any, downgrade of our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to debt and bank lending markets and, thus, would adversely affect our business. In addition, downgrading of our credit ratings could increase the possibility of additional terms and conditions being added to any new or replacement financing arrangements. For details regarding ratings received by our Company, please refer to "*Our Business - Our Borrowings and Credit Ratings*" on page 96.

7. Our Company, two of our Promoter Directors and one of our Group Companies are subject to certain legal proceedings and any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Company, two of our Promoter Directors and one of our Group Companies are subject to certain legal proceedings including civil suits, consumer litigations, tax litigations, trademark infringement suits etc. We incur substantial cost in defending these proceedings before a court of law. Moreover, we are unable to assure you that our Company, our Promoter Directors or our Group Company shall be successful in any or all of these actions. In the event we or our Promoter Directors suffer any adverse order, it may have an adverse impact on our reputation, business and results of operations. We cannot assure you that an adverse order by any statutory or governmental authority will not have a negative impact on our profit and financial condition. For further details of the legal proceedings that we are subject to, please refer to the chapter titled "Outstanding Litigations" beginning on page 201.

8. Most of the supporting documents in connection with the biographies of the directors included in the section "Our Management" of this Prospectus are unavailable.

Certain documents supporting the information included in this Prospectus with respect to previous work experience of the directors, disclosed in the sections titled "*Our Management*" on page 92 may not be available. Accordingly, reliance has been placed on declarations and undertakings furnished by such director to us and the Lead Managers to disclose details of their previous work experience in this Prospectus. We and the Lead Managers have been unable to independently verify these details prior to inclusion in this Prospectus. Further, there can be no assurances that our Director will be able to trace the relevant documents pertaining to their previous work experience in future, or at all.

9. Some of our Group Companies are enabled by their respective memorandums of association to undertake activities similar to the activities conducted by our Company which may be potential source of conflict of interest for us and which may have an adverse effect on our operations.

Our Promoter Directors are the sole shareholders and directors on the board of our Group Company, Kosamattam Nidhi Limited ("**KNL**"), which was incorporated on May 21, 2018 pursuant to a certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC, and can be expected to devote some of their time and resources to these Group Companies. There can be no assurance that our Promoter Directors' role in KNL will not present any conflicts of interest or potential conflicts of interest.

Further, KNL has been registered as a 'nidhi company' in accordance with Section 406 of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall undertake the business of lending to its members. There are no non-compete agreements/arrangements between our Company and KNL. The memorandum of association of KNL entitles it to undertake and carry out businesses activities that are similar or related to our business. There can be no assurance that KNL will not provide comparable services, expand their presence or acquire interests in competing ventures in the locations in which we operate. As a result, a conflict of interest may occur between our business and the business of KNL, which could have an adverse effect on our operations.

10. Our Company was unable to trace certain secretarial records, including records pertaining to the allotment of Equity Shares acquired by our past shareholders prior to August 2004.

We have been unable to locate the copies of certain of our secretarial records, i.e. prescribed forms filed by us with the Registrar of Companies, including, among others, in respect of the allotment of Equity Shares from incorporation until August 2004. While we believe that these forms were duly filed on a timely basis, we have not been able to obtain copies of these documents, including from the Registrar of Companies. We cannot assure you that we will not be subject to any adverse action by a competent regulatory authority in this regard.

11. A major part of our branch network is concentrated in southern India and we derive majority of our revenue from southern India. Any breakdown of services in these areas could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial conditions.

We derive majority of our revenue from our 952 branches situated in southern India out of 974 of our total branches as on June 30, 2021. As a result, we are exposed to risks including any change in policies relating to these states, any localised social unrest, any natural disaster and any event or development which could make business in such states less economically beneficial. Any such risk, if materialises, could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial position and results of operations of our Company. For further details of our branch network within India, please refer to the chapter titled "*Our Business - Branch Network*" on page 91.

12. Our business is capital intensive and any disruption or restrictions in raising financial resources could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

Our liquidity and ongoing profitability is largely dependent upon our timely access to and the costs associated in raising resources. Our funding requirements historically have been met from a combination of borrowings such as working capital limits from banks and issuance of secured and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures on private placement basis and public issues of secured and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures. Thus, our business depends and will continue to depend on our ability to access diversified lowcost funding sources.

Our ability to raise funds on acceptable terms and at competitive rates continues to depend on various factors including our credit ratings, the regulatory environment and policy initiatives in India, developments in the international markets affecting the Indian economy, investors' and/or lenders' perception of demand for debt and equity securities of NBFCs, and our current and future results of operations and financial condition.

The crisis in the global credit market that began in mid-2007 destabilised the then prevailing lending model by banks and financial institutions. The capital and lending markets were highly volatile and access to liquidity had been significantly reduced. In addition, it became more difficult to renew loans and facilities as many potential lenders and counterparties also faced liquidity and capital concerns as a result of the stress in

the financial markets. If any event of similar nature and magnitude occurs again in the future, it may result in increased borrowing costs and difficulty in accessing debt in a cost-effective manner. Moreover, we are a NBFC-ND-SI, and do not have access to public deposits.

The RBI has issued guidelines *vide* notification no. DBOD.BP.BC.No. 106/21.04.172/2011-12 on May 18, 2012 whereby it has instructed banks to (i) reduce their regulatory exposure on a single NBFC having gold loans to the extent of 50.00% or more of its financial assets from 10.00% to 7.50% of their capital funds; and (ii) have an internal sub-limit as decided by the boards of the respective banks on their aggregate exposure to all such NBFCs having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of their financial assets, taken together, which sub-limit should be within the internal limits fixed by banks for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs taken together.

The RBI *vide* its circular RBI/2014-15/475 DNBS (PD) CC No.021/03.10.001/2014-15 dated February 20, 2015 issued certain guidelines with respect to raising money through private placement by NBFCs in the form of non-convertible debentures. These guidelines include restrictions on the minimum subscription amount for a single investor at ₹20,000, the issuance of private placement of NCDs shall be in two separate categories, those with a maximum subscription of less than ₹1 crore and those with a minimum subscription of ₹1 crore and above, the restriction of number of investors in an issue to 200 investors for a maximum subscription of less than ₹1 crore and above while the option to create security in favour of issuances with a minimum subscription of ₹1 crore and above while the option to create security in favour of subscribers will be with the issuers and such unsecured debentures shall not be treated as public deposits, restriction on NBFCs for issuing debentures only for deployment of funds on its own balance sheet and not to facilitate resource requests of group entities/parent company/associates, prohibition on providing loan against its own debentures, etc. This has resulted in limiting our Company's ability to raise fresh debentures on private placement basis.

A significant portion of our debt matures each year. Out of the total amount of our outstanding NCDs, \gtrless 2,35,888.16 lakhs, issued by our Company as of March 31, 2021, NCDs amounting to \gtrless 67,262.09 lakhs will mature on or before March 31, 2022. In order to retire these instruments, we either will need to refinance this debt, which could be difficult in the event of volatility in the credit markets, or raise equity capital or generate sufficient cash to retire the debt.

Changes in economic and financial conditions or continuing lack of liquidity in the market could make it difficult for us to access funds at competitive rates. As a NBFC, we also face certain restrictions on our ability to raise money from international markets, which may further constrain our ability to raise funds at attractive rates. Any disruption in our primary funding sources at competitive costs would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

13. Our financial performance is primarily dependent on interest rate risk. If we are unable to manage interest rate risk in the future it could have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, thereby adversely affecting business and financial condition of our company.

Our results of operations are substantially dependent upon the level of our Net Interest Margins. Income from operations is the largest component of our total income, and constituted 99.99%, 99.32%, 96.92% and 97.82% for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018, respectively. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond our control, including the RBI's monetary policies, domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors.

Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk exposure of all banks and financial intermediaries in India, including us.

Our policy is to attempt to balance the proportion of our interest earning assets, which bear fixed interest rates, with interest bearing liabilities. A significant portion of our liabilities, such as our NCDs carry fixed rates of interest. Moreover, we do not hedge our exposure to interest rate changes. We cannot assure you that we can adequately manage our interest rate risk in the future or can effectively balance the proportion of our fixed rate loan assets and liabilities. Further, changes in interest rates could affect the interest rates charged on interest earning assets and the interest rates paid on interest bearing liabilities in different ways. Thus, our results of operations could be affected by changes in interest rates and the timing of any re-pricing of our liabilities compared with the re-pricing of our assets.

In a rising interest rate environment, if the yield on our interest earning assets does not increase at the same time or to the same extent as our cost of funds, or, in a declining interest rate environment, if our cost of funds does not decline at the same time or to the same extent as the yield on our interest earning assets, our net interest income and net interest margin would be adversely affected.

14. We have had negative net cash flows from our operating, investing and financing activities in the recent fiscal years. Any negative cash flows in the future may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have had negative net cash flows from our operating, investing and financing activities in the last three fiscal years, the details of which are summarised below:

| | | | (in ₹ lakhs) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Particulars | Fiscal 2021 | Fiscal 2020 | Fiscal 2019 |
| Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities | (41,903.57) | (34,676.45) | 25,056.36 |
| Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities | (6,045.42) | (1,513.27) | (2,016.76) |
| Net cash generated from/ (used in) financing activities | 60,814.66 | 27,802.92 | (20,156.14) |

Any negative cash flows in the future may adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition. For further details, please see the sections titled "*Financial Statements*" on page F-1.

15. We face increasing competition in our business which may result in declining interest margins. If we are unable to compete successfully, our market share may also decline.

Our principal business is providing Gold Loan to customers in India secured by gold jewellery. Historically, the Gold Loan industry in India has been largely unorganised and dominated by local jewellery pawn shops and money lenders, with little involvement from public sector or private sector banks. Gold Loan financing was availed predominantly by lower income group customers with limited or no access to other forms of credit, however, such income group has gained increased access to capital through organised and unorganised money lenders, which has increased our exposure to competition. The demand for Gold Loans has also increased due to relatively lower and affordable interest rates, increased need for urgent borrowing or bridge financing requirements, the need for liquidity for assets held in gold and increased awareness and acceptance of Gold Loan financing.

All of these factors have resulted in increased competition from other lenders in the Gold Loan industry, including commercial banks and other NBFCs, who also have access to funding from customers' savings and current deposits. We are reliant on higher cost loans and debentures for our funding requirements, which may reduce our margins compared to competitors. Our ability to compete effectively will depend, to some extent, on our ability to raise low cost funding in the future. If we are unable to compete effectively with other participants in the Gold Loan industry, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. Furthermore, as a result of increased competition in the Gold Loan industry, Gold Loans are becoming increasingly standardised. Variable interest rates, variable payment terms and waiver of processing fees are also becoming increasingly common.

In our microfinance business, we face competition from other NBFCs, microfinance companies as well as both commercial and small finance banks. In addition, the RBI has set out guidelines applicable to microfinance institutions which restrict the number of microfinance institutions that can extend loans to the same borrower and also limit the maximum amount of loan that can be extended. The presence of microfinance institutions in India is not uniform and certain regions have a concentration of a large number of microfinance institutions while there are regions which have very few and even no microfinance institutions that operate in such area. In addition, our target customers also borrow from money lenders and non-institutional lenders which may lend at higher rates of interest.

Our ability to compete effectively will depend, to an extent, on our ability to raise low-cost funding in the future as well as our ability to maintain or decrease our operating expenses by increasing operational efficiencies and managing credit costs. As a result of increased competition in the various sectors we operate in, products in our industry have become increasingly standardised and variable interest rate and payment terms and lower processing fees are becoming increasingly common across our products. There can be no assurance that we will be able to effectively address these or other finance industry trends or compete effectively with

new and existing commercial banks, NBFCs, payment banks, other small finance banks and other financial intermediaries that operate across our various financing products.

In addition, the government has issued schemes such as Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana to ensure access to financial services in an affordable manner. Further, public sector banks as well as existing private sector banks, have an extensive customer and depositor base, larger branch networks, and in case of public sector banks, Government support for capital augmentation, due to which they may enjoy corresponding economies of scale and greater access to low-cost capital, and accordingly, we may not be able to compete with them. An inability to effectively address such competition may adversely affect our market share, business prospects, results of operations and financial condition.

16. Volatility in the market price of gold may adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We extend loans secured mostly by household gold jewellery. A sustained decrease in the market price of gold could cause a corresponding decrease in new Gold Loans in our loan portfolio and, as a result, our interest income. In addition, customers may not repay their loans and the gold jewellery securing the loans may have decreased significantly in value, resulting in losses which we may not be able to support. The impact on our financial position and results of operations of a hypothetical decrease in gold values cannot be reasonably estimated because the market and competitive response to changes in gold values is not predeterminable.

17. We may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, which exposes us to potential loss.

We may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, due to, among other things, defects in the quality of gold or wastage that may occur when melting gold jewellery into gold bars. We have in place an extensive internal policy on determining the quality of gold prior to disbursement of the Gold Loan. However, we cannot assure you that the methods followed by us are fool proof and the impurity levels in the gold can be accurately assessed.

In the case of a default, we may auction the pledged gold in accordance with our auction policy. We cannot assure you that we will be able to auction such pledged gold jewellery at prices sufficient to cover the amounts under default. Moreover, there may be delays associated with the auction process or other processes undertaken by us to recover the amount due to us. Any such failure to recover the expected value of pledged gold could expose us to a potential loss and which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

18. We may not be able to successfully sustain our growth strategy. Inability to effectively manage our growth and related issues could materially and adversely affect our business and impact our future financial performance.

Our income from operations increased from ₹35,768.03 lakhs in the Financial Year ended March 31, 2017 to ₹54,223.83 lakhs in the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021 thereby achieving compounded annual growth rate ("CAGR") of 10.32%. In this same period, the loan book increased from ₹2,16,487.89 lakhs for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2017 to ₹3,47,826.38 lakhs for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021 at a CAGR of 12.13%.

Our growth strategy includes growing our loan book, expanding network of branches and expanding the range of products and services. We cannot assure you that we will be able to execute our growth strategy successfully or continue to achieve or grow at the levels of revenue earned in recent years, or that we will be able to expand further our loan book. Furthermore, there may not be sufficient demand for our services or they may not generate sufficient revenues relative to the costs associated with offering such services. Even if we were able to introduce new services successfully, there can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve our intended return on such investments.

Further, principal component of our strategy is to continue to grow by expanding the size and geographical scope of our businesses. This growth strategy will place significant demands on our management, financial and other resources. It will require us to continuously develop and improve our operational, financial and internal controls. It also includes undertaking permission from various authorities, including RBI and various regulatory compliances. Continuous expansion increases the challenges involved in financial management,

recruitment, training and retaining high quality human resources, preserving our culture, values and entrepreneurial environment, and developing and improving our internal administrative infrastructure.

19. If we are not able to control the level of non-performing assets in our portfolio, the overall quality of our loan portfolio may deteriorate and our results of operations may be adversely affected.

We may not be successful in our efforts to improve collections and/or enforce the security interest on the gold collateral on existing as well as future non-performing assets. Moreover, as our loan portfolio increases, we may experience greater defaults in principal and/or interest repayments. Thus, if we are not able to control our level of non-performing assets, the overall quality of our loan portfolio may deteriorate and our results of operations may be adversely affected. Our gross NPAs as of March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, were $\mathbf{\xi}4,642.11$ lakhs, $\mathbf{\xi}4,330.32$ lakhs, $\mathbf{\xi}4,840.32$ lakhs, respectively.

The RBI Master Directions prescribe the provisioning required in respect of our outstanding loan portfolio. Should the overall credit quality of our loan portfolio deteriorate, the current level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increases in the amount of our non-performing assets. Furthermore, although we believe that our total provision will be adequate to cover all known losses in our asset portfolio, our current provisions may not be adequate when compared to the loan portfolios of other financial institutions. Moreover, there also can be no assurance that there will be no further deterioration in our provisioning coverage as a percentage of gross non-performing assets or otherwise, or that the percentage of non-performing assets that we will be able to recover will be similar to our past experience of recoveries of non-performing assets. In the event of any further increase in our non-performing asset portfolio, there could be an even greater, adverse impact on our results of operations.

20. Our ability to lend against the collateral of gold jewellery has been restricted on account of guidelines issued by RBI, which may have a negative impact on our business and results of operation.

RBI *vide* the Master Directions has stipulated all NBFCs to maintain a loan to value (LTV) ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against the collateral of gold jewellery and further prohibits lending against bullion/primary gold and gold coins. This notification will limit our ability to provide loan on the collateral of gold jewellery and thereby putting us at a disadvantage vis-à-vis unregulated money lenders offering similar products. Further, RBI in the Master Directions, has mandated NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) to maintain a minimum Tier 1 capital of 12%. Such restrictions imposed by RBI may erode our margins, impact our growth and business prospects.

RBI in the Master Directions further tightened the norms for lending against the security of gold ornaments by pegging the maximum lendable value (LTV) to 30 day moving average closing price of 22 carat gold quoted by India Bullion and Jewellers Association Limited (formerly known as Bombay Bullion Association Limited). Any such future restrictions by RBI could have a negative impact on our business and results of operation.

21. We are subject to certain restrictive covenants in our loan documents, which may restrict our operations and ability to grow and may adversely affect our business.

There are restrictive covenants in the agreements we have entered into with our lender. These restrictive covenants require us to seek the prior permission of these banks/financial institutions for various activities, including, amongst others, to declare dividend, for any change in the management/constitution, takeovers/mergers etc. or any expansion, new project/investment/acquiring assets under lease/enter into borrowing arrangements, to undertake any new project, or diversification, modernisation, amend or modify its Memorandum and Articles of Association/Bye Laws/Trust Deeds etc. For details of these restrictive covenants, see the chapter titled "*Financial Indebtedness*" beginning on page 121.

22. We are subjected to supervision and regulation by the RBI as a systemically important NBFC, and changes in RBI's regulations governing us could adversely affect our business.

We are subject to the RBI's guidelines on financial regulation of NBFCs, including capital adequacy, exposure and other prudential norms. The RBI also regulates the credit flow by banks to NBFCs and provides guidelines to commercial banks with respect to their investment and credit exposure norms for lending to NBFCs. The RBI's regulations of NBFCs could change in the future which may require us to restructure our

activities, incur additional cost or could otherwise adversely affect our business and our financial performance. Through the Master Directions, RBI has amended the regulatory framework governing NBFCs to address concerns pertaining to risks, regulatory gaps and arbitrage arising from differential regulations and aims to harmonise and simplify regulations to facilitate a smoother compliance culture among NBFCs.

As a systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC, our Company is required to maintain a capital adequacy ratio of at least 15.0% of our aggregate risk-weighted assets of our balance sheet (on-balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off balance sheet items) on an ongoing basis. Our Company's capital adequacy ratio was 18.60% as of March 31, 2021. If we continue to grow our Total Credit Exposure and asset base, we will be required to raise additional capital in order to continue to meet applicable capital adequacy ratios with respect to our business. There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise additional capital in the future on terms favourable to us or at all, which could result in non-compliance with applicable capital adequacy ratios and may adversely affect the growth of our business. Further, our Tier I capital comprising of 13.58% as of March 31, 2021. If we continue to grow our loan portfolio and asset base, we will be required to raise additional Tier II capital in order to continue to meet applicable capital adequacy ratios and Tier I capital requirements with respect to our business of Gold Loans. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain adequacy ratios and Tier I capital adequacy ratio or Tier I capital dequacy ratio and asset base, we will be able to maintain adequacy ratios and the subset of the use of use of the use

Moreover, under the amendment, the threshold for defining systemic significance for NBFCs-ND has been revised in the light of the overall increase in the growth of the NBFC sector. NBFCs-ND-SI will henceforth be those NBFCs-ND which have asset size of ₹50,000 lakhs and above as per the last audited balance sheet. Moreover, as per the requirements of the Master Directions, all NBFCs-ND with assets of ₹50,000 lakhs and above, irrespective of whether they have accessed public funds or not, shall comply with prudential requirements as applicable to NBFCs-ND-SI. We cannot assure you that the Master Directions and its applicability to us will not have a material and adverse effect on our future financial conditions and results of operations.

Even though the RBI, has not provided for any restriction on interest rates that can be charged by non-deposit taking NBFCs, there can be no assurance that the RBI and/or the Government will not implement regulations or policies, including policies or regulations or legal interpretations of existing regulations, relating to or affecting interest rates, taxation, inflation or exchange controls, or otherwise take action, that could have an adverse effect on non-deposit taking NBFCs. In addition, there can be no assurance that any changes in the laws and regulations relative to the Indian financial services industry will not adversely impact our business.

23. We may be subject to regulations in respect of provisioning for non-performing assets. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

RBI guidelines prescribe the provisioning required in respect of our outstanding loan portfolio. These provisioning requirements may require us to reserve lower amounts than the provisioning requirements applicable to financial institutions and banks in other countries. The provisioning requirements may also require the exercise of subjective judgments of management. The RBI *vide* the Master Directions provides for the regulatory framework governing NBFCs pertaining to provision for standard assets. The requirement to make a provision for standard assets has been set out in a phased manner over a period of three years, i.e., 0.40% by the end of March 31, 2019, 0.40% by the end of March 31, 2020 and 0.40% by the end of March 31, 2021.

There are multiple factors that affect the level of NPAs in our Company. Prominent among them are fall in value of gold, increase in the LTV ratio for gold loan etc.

The level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increases in the amount of our nonperforming assets or a decrease in the value of the underlying gold collateral. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, or if we are required to increase our provisions, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations and may require us to raise additional capital.

24. Microfinance loans are unsecured and are susceptible to certain operational and credit risks which may result in increased levels of NPAs.

As of March 31, 2021, our microfinance AUM were ₹147.57 lakhs, representing 0.04% of our aggregate AUM as of such date. Our microfinance customers typically belong to the economically weaker sections and are diverse in nature, which include customers involved in income generating business activities, with limited sources of income, savings and credit records, and are therefore unable to provide us with any collateral or security for their loans. Such customers are at times unable to or may not provide us with accurate information about themselves which is required by us in connection with loans. Further, in case of emergencies like death of the borrower or the borrower's nominee, our microfinance borrowers are given a holiday period from payment of instalment on the outstanding borrowings which is later settled against payment received from the insurance companies.

In our microfinance business, we rely on non-traditional guarantee mechanisms rather than any tangible assets as security collateral. Our microfinance business involves a joint liability mechanism whereby borrowers form a joint liability group and provide guarantees for loans obtained by each member of such group. There can however be no assurance that such joint liability arrangements will ensure repayment by the other members of the joint liability group in the event of default by any one of them. Such joint liability arrangements are likely to fail if there is no meaningful personal relationship or bond among members of such group, if inadequate risk management procedures have been employed to verify the group members and their ability to repay such loans, or as a result of adverse external factors such as natural calamities and forced migration.

As a result, our micro finance customers potentially present a higher risk of loss in case of a credit default compared to that of customers in other asset-backed financing products. In addition, repayment of microfinance loans are susceptible to various political and social risks, including any adverse publicity relating to the microfinance sector accessing capital markets, public criticism of the microfinance sector, the introduction of a stringent regulatory regime, and/or religious beliefs relating to loans and interest payments, which adversely affect repayment by our customers and may have a material and adverse effect on our business prospects and future financial performance.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current levels of NPAs. In addition, it is difficult to accurately predict credit losses, and there can be no assurance that our monitoring and risk management procedures will succeed in effectively predicting such losses or that our loan loss reserves will be sufficient to cover any such actual losses. As a result of the uncertain financial and social circumstances of our microfinance customers and the higher risks associated with lending to such customers, we may experience increased levels of NPAs and we may be required to make related provisions and write-offs that could have a material and adverse effect on our business prospects and financial performance.

25. Our microfinance business involves transactions with relatively high-risk borrowers that typically do not have access to formal banking channels, and high levels of customer defaults could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our microfinance business involves lending money to smaller, relatively low-income entrepreneurs and individuals who have limited access or no access to formal banking channels, and therefore may not have any credit history and as a result we are more vulnerable to customer default risks including default or delay in repayment of principal or interest on our loans.

Some of our customers, especially the first-time borrowers, may not have any documented credit history, may have limited formal education, and are able to furnish very limited information for us to be able to assess their creditworthiness accurately. Consequently, we may not have past data on the customer's borrowing behaviour. In addition, we may not receive updated information regarding any change in the financial condition of our customers or may receive inaccurate or incomplete information as a result of any fraudulent misrepresentation on the part of our customers. It is therefore difficult to carry out credit risk analysis on our clients. Although we believe that our risk management controls are stringently applied and are sufficient, there can be no assurance that they will continue to be sufficient or that additional risk management strategies for our customers will not be required.

Further, our customers may default on their obligations as a result of various factors including bankruptcy, lack of liquidity and / or failure of the business or commercial venture in relation to which such borrowings were sanctioned. Although our microfinance business operates through a system of joint liability, we may still be exposed to defaults in payment, which we may not be able to recover in full. If our borrowers fail to

repay loans in a timely manner or at all, our financial condition and results of operations will be adversely impacted.

26. Our ability to borrow from various banks may be restricted on account of guidelines issued by the RBI, imposing restrictions on banks in relation to their exposure to NBFCs. Any limitation on our ability to borrow from such banks may increase our cost of borrowing, which could adversely impact our growth, business and financial condition.

Under RBI Master Circular DBR.BP.BC.No.5/21.04.172/2015-16 on bank finance to NBFCs issued on July 1, 2015, the exposure (both lending and investment, including off balance sheet exposures) of a bank to a single NBFC engaged in lending against collateral of gold jewellery (i.e. such loans comprising 50% or more of its financial assets) should not exceed 7.5%, of its capital funds. Banks may, however, assume exposures on a single NBFC up to 12.5%, of their capital funds, provided the exposure in excess of 7.5% is on account of funds on-lent by the NBFC to the infrastructure sector. Further, banks may also consider fixing internal limits for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together and should include internal sub-limit to all NBFCs providing Gold Loans (i.e. such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets), including us. This limits the exposure that banks may have on NBFCs such as us, which may restrict our ability to borrow from such banks and may increase our cost of borrowing, which could adversely impact our growth, business and financial condition.

27. Our Gold Loans are due within 12 months of disbursement, and a failure to disburse new loans may result in a reduction of our loan portfolio and a corresponding decrease in our interest income.

The Gold Loans we offer are due within a period of upto 12 months of disbursement. The relatively shortterm nature of our loans means that we are not assured of long-term interest income streams compared to businesses that offer loans with longer terms. In addition, our existing customers may not obtain new loans from us upon maturity of their existing loans, particularly if competition increases. The short-term nature of our loan products and the potential instability of our interest income could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.

28. Inaccurate appraisal of gold by our personnel may adversely affect our gold loan business and financial condition.

The accurate appraisal of pledged gold is a significant factor in the successful operation of our business and such appraisal requires a skilled and reliable workforce. Inaccurate appraisal of gold by our workforce may result in gold being overvalued and pledged for a loan that is higher in value than the gold's actual value, which could adversely affect our reputation and business. Further, we are subject to the risk that our gold appraisers may engage in fraud regarding their estimation of the value of pledged gold. Any such inaccuracies or fraud in relation to our appraisal of gold may adversely affect our reputation, business and financial condition.

29. Exchange rate fluctuations may adversely affect our results of operations.

We provide foreign exchange services to our customers. Accordingly, we are exposed to risks associated with foreign exchange fluctuation. Any adverse fluctuation in foreign exchange rates could affect our results of operations.

30. Our branches are vulnerable to theft and burglary. While we are insured against the risk of burglary arising from our business, such insurance may not be sufficient to fully cover the losses we suffer and this may result in adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Storage of pledged gold jewellery as part of our business entails the risk of theft/burglary and resulting loss to our reputation and business. The short tenure of the loans advanced by us and our practice of processing loan repayments within short timelines require us to store pledged gold on our premises at all points in time. With regard to cases of theft/burglaries, we may not be able to recover the entire amount of the loss suffered and may receive only a partial payment of the insurance claim. While we are insured against the risk of burglary arising from our business, such insurance may not be sufficient to fully cover the losses we suffer. Further, the actual recovery of the insured amount from the insurer requires the undertaking of certain procedures, and any delay in recovery could adversely affect our reputation and results of operation.

31. The insurance coverage taken by us may not be adequate to protect against certain business risks. This may adversely affect our financial condition and result of operations.

Operating and managing a Gold Loan business involves many risks that may adversely affect our operations and the availability of insurance is therefore important to our operations. We believe that our insurance coverage is adequate to cover us. However, to the extent that any uninsured risks materialise or if it fails to effectively cover any risks, we could be exposed to substantial costs and losses that would adversely affect our financial condition. In addition, we cannot be certain that the coverage will be available in sufficient amounts to cover one or more large claims or that our insurers will not disclaim coverage as to any particular claim or claims. Occurrence of any such situation could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

32. Our entire customer base comprises individual borrowers, who generally are more likely to be affected by declining economic conditions than larger corporate borrowers.

A majority of our customer base belongs to the low to medium income group. Furthermore, unlike many developed economies, a nationwide credit bureau has only recently become operational in India, so there is less financial information available about individuals, particularly our focus customer segment of the low to medium income group. It is therefore difficult to carry out precise credit risk analyses on our customers. While we follow certain procedures to evaluate the credit profile of our customers before we sanction a loan, we generally rely on the quality of the pledged gold rather than on a stringent analysis of the credit profile of our customers. Although we believe that our risk management controls are sufficient, we cannot be certain that they will continue to be sufficient or that additional risk management policies for individual borrowers will not be required. Failure to maintain sufficient credit assessment policies, particularly for individual borrowers, could adversely affect our loan portfolio, which could in turn have an adverse effect on our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

33. We strive to attract, retain and motivate key employees, and our failure to do so could adversely affect our business. Failure to hire key executives or employees could have a significant impact on our operations.

While we strive to attract, train, motivate and retain highly skilled employees, especially branch managers and gold assessment technical personnel, any inability on our part to hire additional personnel or retain existing qualified personnel may impair our ability to expand our business could lead to a decline of our revenue. Hiring and retaining qualified and skilled managers and sales representatives are critical to our future, and competition for experienced employees in the gold loan industry is intense. In addition, we may not be able to hire and retain enough skilled and experienced employees to replace those who leave, or may not be able to re-deploy and retain our employees to keep pace with continuing changes in technology, evolving standards and changing customer preferences. The failure to hire key executives or employees or the loss of executives and key employees could have a significant impact on our operations.

34. We are subject to the risk of fraud by our employees and customers. Our lending operations involve significant amounts of cash collection which may be susceptible to loss or misappropriation or fraud by our employees. Specifically, employees operating in remote areas may be susceptible to criminal elements which may adversely affect our business, operations and ability to recruit and retain employees

We are exposed to the risk of fraud and other misconduct by employees and customers. While we carefully recruit all of our employees and screen all our employees who are responsible for disbursement of Gold Loans and custody of gold, there could be instances of fraud with respect to Gold Loans and cash related misappropriation by our employees. We are required to report cases of internal fraud to the RBI, which may take appropriate action. We have also filed police complaints alleging fraud and misappropriation of gold by our employees in the past. We cannot guarantee you that such acts of fraud will not be committed in the future, and any such occurrence of fraud would adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations.

Our lending and collection operations involve handling of significant amounts of cash, including collections of instalment repayments in cash which is the norm in the finance industry. Large amounts of cash collection expose us to the risk of loss, fraud, misappropriation or unauthorised transactions by our employees responsible for dealing with such cash collections. While we obtain insurance, coverage including fidelity coverage and coverage for cash in safes and in transit, and undertake various measures to detect and prevent any unauthorised transactions, fraud or misappropriation by our employees, these measures may not be

sufficient to prevent or deter such activities in all cases, which may adversely affect our business operations and financial condition. In addition, we may be subject to regulatory or other proceedings in connection with any such unauthorised transaction, fraud or misappropriation by our agents or employees, which could adversely affect our goodwill, business prospects and future financial performance.

Further, our employees operating in remote areas may be particularly susceptible to criminal elements as they are involved in cash collection and transportation due to lack of local banking facilities. In the event of any such adverse incident our ability to continue our operations in such areas will be adversely affected and our employee recruitment and retention efforts may be affected, thereby affecting our expansion plans. In addition, if we determine that certain areas of India pose a significantly higher risk of crime or political strife and instability, our ability to operate in such areas will be adversely affected.

35. We are subject to the risk of unknowingly receiving stolen goods as collateral from customers which may result in loss of collateral for the loan disbursed

We have in place a policy in place to satisfy ownership of the gold jewellery and have taken adequate steps to ensure that the KYC guidelines stipulated by RBI are followed and due diligence of the customer is undertaken prior to the disbursement of loans. However, in the event that we unknowingly receive stolen goods as collateral from a customer, the goods can be seized by authorities. Once seized by the authorities, gold items will be stored in court storage facilities without a surety arrangement. No recourse is generally available to our Company in the event of such seizure, except the recovery of the loss from the customer. Any seizure of the gold ornaments by the authorities shall result in us losing the collateral for the loan disbursed and could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

36. System failures or inadequacy and security breaches in computer systems may adversely affect our operations and result in financial loss, disruption of our businesses, regulatory intervention or damage to our reputation.

Our business is increasingly dependent on our ability to process, on a daily basis, a large number of transactions. Through our information technology systems, we manage our operations, market to our target customers, and monitor and control risks. We are dependent upon the IT software for effective monitoring & management, and any failure in our IT systems or loss of connectivity or any loss of data arising from such failure can impact our business and results of operations.

37. We have entered into, and will continue to enter into, related party transactions.

We have entered into transactions with several related parties, including our Promoters Directors and Group Companies. We cannot assure you that we could not have achieved more favourable terms had such transactions been entered into with unrelated parties. Furthermore, it is likely that we will enter into related party transactions in the future. The transactions we have entered into and any future transactions with our related parties could potentially involve conflicts of interest. For details in relation to transactions with related parties as per Accounting Standard 18 issued under the Companies Accounting Standard Rules entered into by us, see *"Financial Information - Transactions with Related Parties"* beginning on page F-1.

38. Our internal procedures, on which we rely for obtaining information on our customers and loan collateral, may be deficient and result in business losses.

We rely on our internal procedures for obtaining information relating to our customers and the loan collateral provided. In the event of lapses or deficiencies in our procedures or in their implementation, we may be subject to business or operational risk. For example, in the event that we unknowingly receive stolen goods as collateral from a customer, the goods can be seized by authorities. Once seized by the authorities, gold items will be stored in court storage facilities without a surety arrangement. No recourse will generally be available to our Company in the event of such seizure, except the recovery of the loss from the customer.

39. Our inability to open new branches at correct locations may adversely affect our business.

Our business is dependent on our ability to service and support our customers from proximate locations and thereby giving our customers easy access to our services. Further, it is vital for us to be present in key locations for sourcing business as we depend on these branches to earn revenue. Thus, any inability on our part to open new branches at correct locations may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

40. Our inability to obtain, renew or maintain our statutory and regulatory permits and approvals required to operate our business may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

NBFCs in India are subject to strict regulations and supervision by the RBI. In addition to the numerous conditions required for the registration as a NBFC with the RBI, we are required to maintain certain statutory and regulatory permits and approvals for our business. In the future, we will be required to renew such permits and approvals and obtain new permits and approvals for any proposed operations. There can be no assurance that the relevant authorities will issue any of such permits or approvals in the time-frame anticipated by us or at all. Failure on our part to renew, maintain or obtain the required permits or approvals may result in the interruption of our operations and may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, our branches are required to be registered under the relevant shops and establishments laws of the states in which they are located. The shops and establishment laws regulate various employment conditions, including working hours, holidays and leave and overtime compensation. Some of our branches have not applied for such registration while other branches still have applications for registration pending. If we fail to obtain or retain any of these approvals or licenses, or renewals thereof, in a timely manner, or at all, our business may be adversely affected. If we fail to comply, or a regulator claims we have not complied, with any of these conditions, our certificate of registration may be suspended or cancelled and we shall not be able to carry on such activities.

41. All our branch premises, except four branches are acquired on lease. Any termination of arrangements for lease of our branches or our failure to renew the same in a favourable, timely manner, could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

As on June 30, 2021, we had a total of 974 branches in 8 states and 1 union territory. Except four branches which are owned by us, the remaining are located on leased premises. If any of the owners of these premises does not renew an agreement under which we occupy the premises, attempts to evict us or seeks to renew an agreement on terms and conditions non-acceptable to us, we may suffer a disruption in our operations or increased costs, or both, which may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

42. We have ventured into new business areas and the sustainability, effective management and failure of growth strategy could adversely affect our business and result of operations.

We have entered new businesses as part of our growth strategy. For example, we have received a corporate insurance agency license from IRDA under the Insurance Act, 1938 for acting as a corporate agent for the Life Insurance Corporation of India, which will enable us to market their life insurance plans. Additionally, we have also entered into corporate agency agreements with SBI Life Insurance Limited, to act as a corporate agent for soliciting or procuring insurance business. Further, our Company entered into corporate agency agreement with HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited on September 14, 2019 for providing corporate agent services including soliciting, procuring and marketing of HDFC life insurance products. In furtherance to these objectives our Company had obtained a certificate of registration from the IRDA, dated March 30, 2016 to commence/carry business in the capacity of a Corporate Agent (Composite) under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999.

Our Company has also started microfinancing activities. Additionally, our Company owns a parcel of agricultural land in Kattappana village, Udumpanchola Taluk, Idukki district, admeasuring 108.74 acres, through which our Company undertakes agricultural activity of cultivating cardamom. Our Company, on the basis of the definitive agreements entered into for installation of four windmill units at Ramakkalmedu, Idukki district of Kerala has completed the commissioning of the project and the windmills at Ramakkalmedu, Thookkupalam in Idukki District have become operational. Our Company has also submitted a tariff petition with the energy commission for fixing the tariff rate.

Our Company has also entered into agreements for its money transfer business with EBIX Money Express Private Limited ("EBIX") to act in the capacity of a sub representative to offer money transfer services. Our Company also holds a FFMC license and carries on money changing activities through its branches authorised by RBI. As on June 30, 2021, we had 1 head office and 61 authorised branches. Our currency operations include sale and purchase of foreign exchange at different authorised branches.

We have little or no operating experience with such businesses, and you should consider the risks and difficulties we may encounter by entering into new lines of business. New businesses may require significant capital investments and commitments of time from our senior management, and there often is little or no prospect of earnings in a new business for several years. Moreover, there is no assurance any new business we develop or enter will commence in accordance with our timelines, if at all, which could result in additional costs and time commitments from our senior management. There also can be no assurance that our management will be able to develop the skills necessary to successfully manage these new business areas. Our inability to effectively manage any of the above issues could materially and adversely affect our business and impact our future financial performance.

43. Our contingent liabilities have not been provided for in our financial statements which, if materialize, may impact our financial condition.

As at March 31, 2021, our financial statements disclosed and reflected the following contingent liabilities:

| Particulars | ₹in lakh s |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Service Tax demand for the period September 1, 2004 to September 30, 2008 | 78.03 |
| Service Tax demand for the period October 1, 2008 to June 30, 2012 | 1,776.53 |
| Service Tax demand for the period October 1, 2008 to November 30, 2012 | 275.91 |
| Service Tax demand for the period July 1, 2012 to March 31, 2014 | 2,147.76 |
| Service Tax demand for the period April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 | 1.38 |
| Income Tax Demand for the period 2014-2015 | 713.49 |
| Income Tax Demand for the period 2015-2016 | 1,469.92 |
| Income Tax Demand for the period 2016-2017 | (16.55) |
| Kerala Value Added Tax demand for the period 2014-2015 | 83.36 |
| Total contingent liabilities | 6,529.83 |

If at any time we are compelled to pay all or a material proportion of these contingent liabilities, it would have a material and adverse effect on our business, future financial performance and results of operations.

44. We rely significantly on our management team, our Key Managerial Personnel and our ability to attract and retain talent. Loss of any member from our management team or that of our Key Managerial Personnel may adversely affect our business and results of operation.

We rely significantly on our core management team which oversees the operations, strategy and growth of our businesses. Our Key Managerial Personnel have been integral to our development. Our success is largely dependent on our management team which ensures the implementation of our strategy. If one or more members of our management team are unable or unwilling to continue in their present positions, they may be difficult to replace, and our business and results of operation may be adversely affected.

RISKS PERTAINING TO THIS ISSUE

45. Changes in interest rates may affect the price of our NCDs which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

All securities where a fixed rate of interest is offered, such as our NCDs, are subject to price risk. The price of such securities will vary inversely with changes in prevailing interest rates, i.e., when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of prevailing interest rates. Increased rates of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

46. The fund requirement and deployment mentioned in the Objects of the Issue have not been appraised by any bank or financial institution.

We intend to use the proceeds of the Issue, after meeting the expenditures of and related to the Issue, for the purpose of onward lending and for repayment of interest and principal of existing loans and also for general corporate purposes. For further details, see "*Objects of the Issue*" at page 64. The fund requirement and deployment is based on internal management estimates and has not been appraised by any bank or financial

institution. The management will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds received by us from the Issue. The utilization details of the proceeds of the Issue shall be adequately disclosed as per applicable law. Further, as per the provisions of the SEBI Debt Regulations, we are not required to appoint a monitoring agency and therefore no monitoring agency has been appointed for the Issue.

47. The liquidity for the NCDs in the secondary market is very low and it may remain so in the future and the price of the Bonds may be volatile.

The Issue will be a new public issue of NCDs for our Company and the liquidity in NCDs at present is very low in the secondary market. Although an application has been made to list the NCDs on BSE, there can be no assurance that liquidity for the NCDs will improve, and if liquidity for the NCDs were to improve, there is no obligation on us to maintain the secondary market. The liquidity and market prices of the NCDs can be expected to vary with changes in market and economic conditions, our financial condition and prospects and other factors that generally influence market price of NCDs. Such fluctuations may significantly affect the liquidity and market price of the NCDs, which may trade at a discount to the price at which you purchase the NCDs.

48. You may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of the outstanding amounts and/or the interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. Failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose the holders to a potential loss.

Our ability to pay interest accrued on the NCDs and/or the principal amount outstanding from time to time in connection therewith would be subject to various factors, including, *inter-alia* our financial condition, profitability and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. We cannot assure you that we would be able to repay the principal amount outstanding from time to time on the NCDs and/or the interest accrued thereon in a timely manner or at all. Although our Company will create appropriate security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the NCD Holders on the assets adequate to ensure minimum 100.00% asset cover for the NCDs, which shall be free from any encumbrances, the realisable value of the assets charged as security, when liquidated, may be lower than the outstanding principal and/or interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. A failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose you to a potential loss.

49. There can be no assurance that the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue will be listed on the Stock Exchange in a timely manner, or at all.

In accordance with Indian law and practice, permission for listing and trading of the NCD issued pursuant to this issue will not be granted until after the NCDs have been issued and allotted. Approval for listing and trading will require all relevant documents authorising the issue of NCDs to be submitted. There could be a failure or delay in listing the NCDs in BSE for reasons unforeseen. If permission to deal in and for an official quotation of the NCDs is not granted by BSE, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all monies received from the Applicants in accordance with prevailing law in this context, and pursuant to this Prospectus.

50. There may be no active market for the NCDs on the retail debt market/capital market segment of the BSE. As a result, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may fail to develop and may accordingly be adversely affected.

There can be no assurance that an active market for the NCDs will develop. If an active market for the NCDs fails to develop or be sustained, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may be adversely affected. The market price of the NCDs would depend on various factors inter alia including (i) the interest rate on similar securities available in the market and the general interest rate scenario in the country, (ii) the market price of our Equity Shares, (iii) the market for listed debt securities, (iv) general economic conditions, and, (v) our financial performance, growth prospects and results of operations. The aforementioned factors may adversely affect the liquidity and market price of the NCDs, which may trade at a discount to the price at which you purchase the NCDs and/or be relatively illiquid.

51. Our Company may raise further borrowings and charge its assets after receipt of necessary consents from its existing lenders. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs will rank pari passu with

other secured creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation

Our Company may, subject to receipt of all necessary consents from its existing lenders and the Debenture Trustee to the Issue, raise further borrowings and charge its assets. Our Company is free to decide the nature of security that may be provided for future borrowings. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs will rank *pari passu* with other creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation.

52. In the event of liquidation or bankcruptcy, the new bankruptcy code in India may affect our Company's right to recover loans from its borrowers.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("**Bankruptcy Code**") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process.

In case insolvency proceedings are initiated against a debtor to our Company, we may not have complete control over the recovery of amounts due to us. Under the Bankruptcy Code, upon invocation of an insolvency resolution process, a committee of creditors is constituted by the interim resolution professional, wherein each financial creditor is given a voting share proportionate to the debts owed to it. Any decision of the committee of creditors must be taken by a vote of not less than 66% of the voting share of all financial creditors. Any resolution plan approved by committee of creditors is binding upon all creditors, even if they vote against it. In case a liquidation process is opted for, the Bankruptcy Code provides for a fixed order of priority in which proceeds from the sale of the debtor's assets are to be distributed. Before sale proceeds are distributed to a secured creditor, they are to be distributed for the costs of the insolvency resolution and liquidation processes, dues owed to the Central and State Governments rank at par with those owed to secured creditors. Moreover, other secured creditors may decide to opt out of the process, in which case they are permitted to realise their security interests in priority.

Accordingly, if the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code are invoked against any of the borrowers of our Company, it may affect our Company's ability to recover our loans from the borrowers and enforcement of our Company's rights will be subject to the Bankruptcy Code.

Further, the GoI *vide* notification dated March 24, 2020 ("Notification") has amended section 4 of the Bankruptcy Code due the lingering impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the said Notification, GoI has increased the minimum amount of default under the insolvency matters from ₹1,00,000 to ₹1,00,00,000. Therefore the ability of our Company to initiate insolvency proceedings against the defaulters where the amount of default in an insolvency matter is less the ₹1,00,000 may impact the recovery of outstanding loans and profitability of our Company

53. We cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of facts and other statistics with respect to India, the Indian economy and the NBFC and Gold Loan industries contained in this Prospectus.

While facts and other statistics in this Prospectus relating to India, the Indian economy as well as the Gold Loan industry have been based on various publications and reports from agencies that we believe are reliable, we cannot guarantee the quality or reliability of such materials, particularly since there is limited publicly available information specific to the Gold Loan industry. While we have taken reasonable care in the reproduction of such information, industry facts and other statistics, the same have not been prepared or independently verified by us or any of our respective affiliates or advisors and, therefore we make no representation as to their accuracy or completeness. These facts and other statistics include the facts and statistics included in the chapter titled "*Industry Overview*" beginning on page 67. Due to possibly flawed or ineffective data collection methods or discrepancies between published information and market practice and other problems, the statistics herein may be inaccurate or may not be comparable to statistics produced elsewhere and should not be unduly relied upon. Further, there is no assurance that they are stated or compiled on the same basis or with the same degree of accuracy, as the case may be, elsewhere.

EXTERNAL RISK FACTORS

54. Financial difficulties and other problems in certain financial institutions in India could cause our business to suffer and adversely affect our results of operations.

We are exposed to the risks of the Indian financial system, which in turn may be affected by financial difficulties and other problems faced by certain Indian financial institutions. Certain Indian financial institutions have experienced difficulties during recent years. Some co-operative banks (which tend to operate in rural sector) have also faced serious financial and liquidity crises. There has been a trend towards consolidation with weaker banks, NBFCs and HFCs being merged with stronger entities. The problems faced by individual Indian financial institutions and any instability in or difficulties faced by the Indian financial system generally could create adverse market perception about Indian financial institutions, banks and NBFCs. This in turn could adversely affect our business, our future financial performance, our shareholders' funds and the market price of our NCDs.

55. Terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence or war involving India and other countries could adversely affect the financial markets and our business

Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may negatively affect our business and may also adversely affect the worldwide financial markets. These acts may also result in a loss of business confidence. In addition, any deterioration in relations between India and its neighbouring countries might result in investor concern about stability in the region, which could adversely affect our business.

India has also witnessed civil disturbances in recent years and it is possible that future civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic and political events in India could have a negative impact on us. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse impact on our business and the market price of our NCDs.

56. Natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy and cause our business to suffer.

India has experienced natural calamities such as earthquakes, a tsunami, floods and drought in the past few years. The extent and severity of these natural disasters determines their impact on the Indian economy. Further, prolonged spells of below normal rainfall or other natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy thereby, adversely affecting our business. For example, we were impacted by the floods in Kerala in Fiscal 2019 as a result of which we had to temporarily close some of our branches in Kerala which resulted in a decline in our cash flows and revenues during that period. As a result, any present or future outbreak of natural calamities could have a material adverse effect on our business and the market price of the NCDs.

57. Any downgrading of India's debt rating by an international rating agency could have a negative impact on our business.

Any adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional financing, the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing is available. India's sovereign rating decreased from Baa2 with a "negative" outlook to Baa3 with a "negative" outlook by Moody's and from BBB with a "stable" outlook to BBB with a "negative" outlook (Fitch) in June 2020; and from BBB "stable" to BBB "negative" in May 2020. Any further adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact on our business and financial performance, our ability to raise financing for onward lending and the price of our NCDs.

58. Instability of economic policies and the political situation in India could adversely affect the fortunes of the industry.

There is no assurance that the liberalisation policies of the government will continue in the future. Protests against privatisation could slow down the pace of liberalisation and deregulation. The Government of India plays an important role by regulating the policies and regulations that govern the private sector. The current economic policies of the government may change at a later date. The pace of economic liberalisation could change and specific laws and policies affecting the industry and other policies affecting investments in our

Company's business could change as well. A significant change in India's economic liberalisation and deregulation policies could disrupt business and economic conditions in India and thereby affect our Company's business.

Unstable domestic as well as international political environment could impact the economic performance in the short term as well as the long term. The Government of India has pursued the economic liberalisation policies including relaxing restrictions on the private sector over the past several years. The present Government has also announced policies and taken initiatives that support continued economic liberalisation.

The Government has traditionally exercised and continues to exercise a significant influence over many aspects of the Indian economy. Our Company's business may be affected not only by changes in interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation, social and civil unrest but also by other political, economic or other developments in or affecting India.

PROMINENT NOTES

- 1. This is a public issue of NCDs by our Company aggregating up to ₹ 15,000 lakhs with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹ 15,000, lakhs, aggregating to a total of ₹ 30,000, lakhs.
- 2. For details on the interest of our Company's Directors, please see "*Our Management*" and "*Capital Structure*" beginning on pages 101 and 46, respectively.
- 3. Our Company has entered into certain related party transactions, within the meaning of AS 18, as notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and disclosed in *"Financial Statements"* beginning on page F-1.

Any clarification or information relating to the Issue shall be made available by the Lead Managers and our Company to the investors at large and no selective or additional information would be available for a section of investors in any manner whatsoever.

- 4. Investors may contact the Registrar to the Issue, Compliance Officer and Lead Managers for any complaints pertaining to the Issue. In case of any specific queries on allotment/refund, Investor may contact Registrar to the Issue. All grievances arising out of Applications for the NCDs made through the Online Stock Exchange Mechanism or through Trading Members may be addressed directly to the respective Stock Exchange.
- 5. In the event of oversubscription to the Issue, allocation of NCDs will be as per the "*Basis of Allotment*" set out in "*Issue Procedure*" on page 170.
- 6. Our Equity Shares are currently unlisted. However, our previous public issues of secured and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures are currently listed on BSE.
- 7. Our Company has had contingent liabilities amounting to ₹6,529.83 lakhs as of March 31, 2021.
- 8. For further information, relating to certain significant legal proceedings that we are involved in, see *"Outstanding Litigations"* on page 201.

SECTION III - INTRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated on March 25, 1987, as '*Standard Shares and Loans Private Limited*', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC. The name of our Company was changed to '*Kosamattam Finance Private Limited*' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on June 2, 2004 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated June 8, 2004 issued by the RoC. Subsequently, upon conversion to a public limited company pursuant to a special resolution of the shareholders of our Company dated November 11, 2013, the name of our Company was changed to '*Kosamattam Finance Limited*' and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the RoC on November 22, 2013. For details of changes in our name and registered office, see "*History and Certain Other Corporate Matters*" on page 99.

NBFC Registration

Our Company has obtained a certificate of registration dated December 19, 2013 bearing registration no. B-16.00117 issued by the RBI to commence/carry on business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration, under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act.

FFMC Registration

Our Company has obtained a full-fledged money changers license bearing license number FE. CHN.FFMC.40/2006 dated February 7, 2006 issued by the RBI, which is valid up to February 28, 2023.

Depository Participant Registration

Our Company holds a Certificate of Registration dated May 28, 2014 bearing registration number IN–DP–CDSL–717-2014 issued by the SEBI to act as Depository Participant in terms of Regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996.

Corporate Insurance Agency Registration

Our company holds a Certificate of Registration dated March 30, 2016 bearing registration number - CA0179 issued by the IRDA to commence/carry business in the capacity of a Corporate Agent (Composite) under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999. The registration is valid up to March 31, 2022.

LEI Registration

Our Company has obtained registration with Legal Entity Identifier India Limited (LEIL) and was assigned a LEI code - 335800F7BYBNG38B4A84.

Registered and Corporate Office

Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Building, Market Junction, M. L. Road, Kottayam – 686 001, Kerala, India Email: cs@kosamattam.com Tel.: +91 481 258 6400 Fax: +91 481 258 6500 Website: www.kosamattam.com CIN: U65929KL1987PLC004729

Chief Financial Officer

Annamma Varghese C. Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam M. K. C. Building Market Junction, M. L. Road Kottayam – 686 001 Kerala, India **Tel.:** +91 481 258 6457 **E-mail:** cfo@kosamattam.com

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sreenath P.

Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam M. K. C. Building Market Junction, M. L. Road Kottayam – 686 001 Kerala, India **Tel.:** +91 481 258 6506 **E-mail:** cs@kosamattam.com

Investors may contact the Registrar to the Issue or the Compliance Officer in case of any pre-Issue or post Issue related issues such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice, demat credit of allotted NCDs, refund orders or interest on application money, etc.

All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, giving full details such as name of the Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant's DP ID, Client ID, PAN, address of Applicant, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the application, Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through UPI Mechanism), date of Application Form and the name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary were the Application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to the relevant SCSB, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application and the Designated Branch or the collection centres of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

All grievances arising out of Applications for the NCDs made through the Online Stock Exchange Mechanism or through Trading Members may be addressed directly to the Stock Exchange.

Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep

1st Floor, Company Law Bhavan, BMC Road, Thrikkakara, Kochi – 682 021 Kerala, India

Lead Managers to the Issue

Karvy Investor Services Limited

Karvy Millennium, Plot No.31/P, Nanakramguda, Financial District, Gachibowli, Sherilingampally, Hyderabad, Rangareddi, Telangana – 500 032, India **Tel:** +91 40 23428774 / 23312454 **Fax:** +91 40 23374714 **E-mail:** cmg@karvy.com **Investor grievance e-mail:** igmbd@karvy.com Website: www.karvyinvestmentbanking.com Contact Person: Swapnil Mahajan Compliance Officer: Allada Venkata Shanmukhanath Sameer SEBI Registration No: MB/INM000008365

SMC Capitals Limited

A-401/402, Lotus Corporate Park, Off Western Express Highway, Jai Coach Signal, Goregaon (East), Mumbai – 400063 Maharashtra, India **Tel:** +91 22 66481818 **Fax:** +91 22 67341697 **E-mail:** kfl.ncd2021@smccapitals.com **Investor grievance e-mail:** investor.grievance@smccapitals.com **Website:** www.smccapitals.com **Contact Person:** Satish Mangutkar/ Bhavin Shah **Compliance Officer:** Vaishali Gupta **SEBI Registration No:** INM000011427

Statement of inter-se allocation of responsibilities amongst the Lead Managers

The responsibilities and co-ordination by the Lead Managers for various activities in this Issue are as follows:

| Sr. No. | Activities | Responsibility | Co-ordination |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 1. | Structuring of various issuance options with relative components and formalities etc. | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 2. | Due diligence of Company's operations/ management/ business plans/ legal etc. Drafting and design of the Offering Document (i.e. Draft Prospectus, Prospectus), Abridged Prospectus, Application Forms and of statutory advertisement including memorandum containing salient features of the Offering Document. The Merchant Bankers shall ensure compliance with stipulated requirements and completion of prescribed formalities with the Stock Exchange(s), RoC and SEBI including finalisation of Offering Document and RoC filing). | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 3. | Co-ordination with the Company and the Auditors on Financial Information in the offering document, Comfort Letter and other deliverables. | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 4. | Drafting and approval of all publicity material other than statutory advertisement as mentioned in (2) above including corporate advertisement, brochure, etc. | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 5. | Appointment of other intermediaries viz., Registrar(s), Printers, Advertising Agency and Sponsor Bank. | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 7. | Finalisation of Issue Agreement, Registrar Agreement, Syndicate Agreement, Public Issue Account Agreement. | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |
| 8. | Finalisation of agreement with Stock Exchange (if any) for using its platform, completing other necessary formalities in this regard and coordination in obtaining user id, password etc. from the Stock Exchange. | KISL and SMC Capital | SMC Capital |
| 9. | Non-Institutional and Retail marketing strategy which will cover, <i>inter alia</i>: Finalise media, marketing and public relation strategy and public budget, Finalise centres for holding conferences for brokers, etc. Finalise collection centres, | KISL and SMC Capital | KISL |

| Sr. Activities | Responsibility | Co-ordination |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| No. | | |
| • Follow-up on distribution of publicity and Issue material | | |
| including form, Prospectus and deciding on the quantum of the Issue material | | |
| 10. Co-ordination for security creation by way of execution of Debenture Trust Agreement and Debenture Trust Deed between the | KISL and SMC Capital | SMC Capital |
| Company and the Debenture Trustee 11. The Post Issue activities for the Issue will involve essential follow | SMC Capital | SMC Capital |
| up steps, which include the management of escrow accounts, coordination with Stock Exchange, finalisation of the basis of allotment, dispatch of refunds, demat and delivery of securities, | 1 | I |
| finalisation of listing and trading of instruments with the various agencies connected with the work such as the Registrar(s) to the Issue and Bankers to the Issue and the redressal of investor | | |
| grievances in relation to post issue activities. | | |

Legal Counsel to the Issue

M/s. Crawford Bayley & Co.

4th Floor, State Bank Buildings N.G.N. Vaidya Marg, Fort Mumbai 400 023 Maharashtra, India **Telephone:** +91 22 2266 3353 **Fax:** +91 22 2266 3978 **Email:** sanjay.asher@crawfordbayley.com

Debenture Trustee

Vistra ITCL (India) Limited

The IL&FS Financial Center, Plot No. C – 22, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 Tel: +91 22 2659 3333 Fax: +91 22 2653 3297 Email: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com Website: www.vistraitcl.com Investor Grievance Email: itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com Contact Person: Jatin Chonani – Compliance Officer SEBI Registration Number: IND000000578

Vistra ITCL (India) Limited has pursuant to Regulation 4(4) of SEBI Debt Regulations, by its letter dated August 12, 2021, given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in this Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications to be sent to the holders of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue.

All the rights and remedies of the Debenture Holders under this Issue shall vest in and shall be exercised by the appointed Debenture Trustee for this Issue without having it referred to the Debenture Holders. All investors under this Issue are deemed to have irrevocably given their authority and consent to the Debenture Trustee so appointed by our Company for this Issue to act as their trustee and for doing such acts and signing such documents to carry out their duty in such capacity. Any payment by our Company to the Debenture Holders/Debenture Trustee, as the case may be, shall, from the time of making such payment, completely and irrevocably discharge our Company pro tanto from any liability to the Debenture Holders. For details on the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, please refer to the section titled "*Issue Related Information*" on page 149.

Registrar to the Issue

Kfin Technologies Private Limited

Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad, Rangareddy, Telangana - 500 032, India **Tel:** +91 40 6716 2222 **Fax:** +91 40 2343 1551 **Toll Free No.:** 18003454001 **Email:** einward.ris@kfintech.com **Investor Grievance Email:** kosamattam.ncdipo22@kfinech.com **Website:** www.kfintech.com **Contact Person:** M Murali Krishna **SEBI Registration Number:** INR000000221

Credit Rating Agency

Brickwork Ratings India Private Limited

3rd Floor, Raj Alkaa Park, Kalena Agrahara, B G Road, Bengaluru – 560 076 **Tel:** +91 080 40409940 **Email:** CO@brickworkratings.com **Contact Person:** Ajanth Kumar **Website:** www.brickworkratings.com **SEBI Registration No:** IN/CRA/005/2008

Statutory Auditors of our Company

M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co.,

Chartered Accountants 3rd Floor, CSI Commercial Centre, Baker Jn., Kottayam-686 001 Kerala, India Tel: +91 8547224272; +91 481 2301 999 Email: kottayam@vrc.co.in Partner: P.A. Joseph M.Sc., FCA Membership No.: 201101 Firm Registration Number: 004741S Peer Reviewed No.: 011622

Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank and Refund Bank

HDFC Bank Limited

Lodha, I Think Techno Campus O-3 Level, Next to Kanjurmarg Railway Station, Knajurmarg (East), Mumbai – 400 042 **Tel:** +91 22 30752929/ 2928/ 2914 **Email:** vincent.dsouza@hdfcbank.com, siddharth.jadhav@hdfcbank.com, neerav.desai@hdfc.com, prasanna.uchil@hdfcbank.com **Contact Person:** Vincent Dsouza, Siddharth Jadhav, Prasanna Uchil **Website:** www.hdfcbank.com **SEBI Registration No:** INBI00000063

Syndicate Member

SMC Global Securities Limited

17, Netaji Subhash Marg, Daryaganj, Delhi – 110 002 **Tel:** +91 11 66623300/ 9910644949/ 8595851823 **Email:** <u>skj@smcindiaonline.com</u>, neerajkhanna@smcindiaonline.com **Investor Grievance Email:** neerajkhanna@smcindiaonline.com **Contact Person:** Sushil Joshi and Neeraj Khanna **Website:** www.smctradeonline.com

SEBI Registration No: INZ000199438

Bankers to our Company

Canara Bank

Mid Corporate Branch, Metro Station Complex 3rd Floor, MG Road, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682035 **Tel:** +91 484 4864333 **Email:** cb14333@canarabank.com **Contact Person:** Anupama Bhanu **Website:** www.cananrabank.com

The South Indian Bank Limited

275/IX, Catholic Centre, Central Junction, Kottayam, PIN 686 001 Tel: +91 481 2566801/ 2566930 Fax: +91 481 2567173 Email: br0037@sib.co.in Website: www.southindianbank.com Contact Person: Mrs. Sandhya N. C. Chief Manager

CSB Bank Limited

Wholesale Banking Division, Market Road Branch, P B No. 1015, Market Road, Ernakulam, Kerala – 682011, India **Tel:** +91 7025092422 **Email:** prhima@csb.co.in **Contact Person:** Hima P R

Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited

Industrial Finance Branch, "Mini Enclave", YMCA Junction, Chittoor Road, Cochin - 682 011 **Tel:** +91 484 2355064 **Email:** dlb.ifbekm@dhanbank.co.in **Website:** www.dhanbank.com **Contact Person:** Jimmy P, Branch Manager

Punjab National Bank

1057, Jaya Enclave, Avinashi Road, Coimbatore - 641 018 **Tel:** +91 422 2240190 **Email:** bo104410@pnb.co.in **Website:** www.pnbindia.in **Contact Person:** P Marithevar

Union Bank of India

Union Bank Bhavan, Ground Floor, M. G. Road, Ernakulam, Kochi – 682 035 **Tel:** +91 484 2385209/ 2385210 **Email:** ernakulam@unionbankofindia.com **Website:** www.unionbankofindia.co.in **Contact Person:** Balakrishna A Bhat, Assistant General Manager

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks

DCB Bank Limited

No.6, Rajaji Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600 034 **Tel:** +91 044 40500355 **Email:** muralik@dcbbank.com **Contact Person:** K. Murali **Website:** www.dcbbank.com

The Federal Bank Limited

Br. Kottayam, Thekkumkal, T. B. Road, Kottayam – 686 001 **Tel:** +91 481 2561631 **Email:** ktm@federalbank.co.in **Website:** www.federalbank.co.in **Contact Person:** Philip John, Associate Vice President, Commerical Banking

Bank of Baroda

Madeena Tower, Baker Junction, C M S College Road, Kottayam – 686 001 **Tel:** +91 481 2564577 **Email:** kottay@bankofbaroda.com **Website:** www.bankofbaroda.com **Contact Person:** Suresh R

The Karur Vysya Bank Limited

Corporate Business Unit – Coimbatore No. 577, II Floor, KVB Building, Oppanakkara Street, Coimbatore -641 001 **Tel:** +91 422 2393986 **Email:** cbucoimatore@kvbmail.com **Website:** www.kvb.co.in **Contact Person:** Haridas T. K.

State Bank of India

Sree Ganesh Kripa, Thyeaud Thiruvananthapuram Tel: +91 471 2339925 Email: sbi.04350@sbi.co Website: www.sbi.com Contact Person: Viswanathan PV

Bank of Maharashtra

Adithya Prime Towers, D H Road, Ernakulam – 682 016 **Tel:** +91 484 2374343 **Email:** bom379@mahabank.co.in **Website:** www.bankofmaharashtra.in **Contact Person:** Shyamkumar K S The list of banks that have been notified by SEBI to act as the SCSBs for the ASBA and UPI Mechanism process is provided on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40 respectively as updated from time to time. For a list of branches of the SCSBs named by the respective SCSBs to receive the ASBA Forms and UPI Mechanism through app/web interface from the Designated Intermediaries, refer to the above-mentioned link.

In relation to Bids submitted under the ASBA process to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the ASBA Forms from members website the of the Syndicate is available on the of SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and updated from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Bid cum Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Applications submitted to a member of the Syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of ASBA Forms and Application Forms where investors have opted for payment via the UPI Mechanism, from the members of the Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

SCSBs eligible as issuer banks for UPI Mechanism and eligible mobile applications

The list of SCSBs through which Bids can be submitted by RIBs using the UPI Mechanism, including details such as the eligible Mobile Apps and UPI handle which can be used for such Bids, is available on the website of the SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=40, which may be updated from time to time or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Broker Centres/ Designated CDP Locations/ Designated CRTA Locations

CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated In accordance with SEBI Circular No. October 4. 2012 and CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 and the ASBA Circular, Applicants can submit the Application Forms with the Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the CRTAs at the Designated CRTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the websites of the Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the Registered Brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

CRTAs / CDPs

The list of the CRTAs and CDPs, eligible to accept Applications in the Issue, including details such as postal address, telephone number and email address, are provided on the website of the BSE for RTAs and CDPs, as updated from time to time.

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant precaution, attention of the investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to punishment for fictitious applications. Section 38(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides that:

"Any person who:

(a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or

- (b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- (c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

shall be liable for action under Section 447"

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least $\gtrless10$ lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than $\gtrless10$ lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to $\gtrless50$ lakh or with both.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI Debt Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue Size. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size, prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within six working days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within six working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard including the Debt Application Circular and the circular regarding Strengthening the Guidelines and Raising Industry Standard for RTA, Issuer Companies and Banker to an Issue bearing no. HO/MIRSD/DOP1/CIR/P/2018/73 dated April 20, 2018.

Arrangers to the Issue

There are no arrangers to the Issue.

Credit Rating and Rationale

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated 'BWR BBB+/ Stable', by Brickwork Ratings for an amount up to ₹30,000 lakhs *vide* their letters each dated August 12, 2021 and bearing reference no. BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/RAM/0185/2021-22, respectively. The rating of NCDs by Brickwork Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry moderate credit risk. Please refer to page 304 for the rationale for the above rating.

Consents

The written consents of Directors of our Company, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, our Statutory Auditor, the Legal Advisor to the Issue, the Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank, Refund Bank, Credit Rating Agency, the Bankers to our Company, the Debenture Trustee, and the Syndicate Member to act in their respective capacities, will be filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with Stock Exchange and any other authorithy as may be required.

Utilisation of Issue proceeds

For details on utilisation of Issue proceeds please refer to the chapter titled "Objects of the Issue" on page 64 of this Prospectus.

Underwriting

This Issue is not underwritten.

Expert Opinion

Except the (i) Statutory Auditor's report on our reformatted audited financials for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 issued by M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021 and (iii) Statement of Tax Benefits availed to the Debenture Holders issued by M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021.

Issue Programme:

| ISSUE OPENS ON | AUGUST 30, 2021 |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| ISSUE CLOSES ON | SEPTEMBER 24, 2021* |

* The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during banking hours for the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date as may be decided by the Board/ Debenture Committee, as the case maybe, subject to necessary approvals. In the event of an early closure or extension of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through advertisements in a leading national daily newspaper with wide circulation on or before such earlier date of Issue Closure or initial date of Issue closure, as the case may be. On the Issue Closing Date Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE.

Further please note that Application (including Application under the UPI Mechanism) shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time, "IST") ("Bidding Period") during the Issue Period as mentioned above by the (a) by the Designated Intermediaries at the Bidding Centres, or (b) by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs as mentioned on the Application Form, except that on the Issue Closing Date when Applications shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (IST) and shall be uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (IST) or such extended time as permitted by Stock Exchange(s). It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded in the Stock Exchange(s) Platform will be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, the Applicants are advised to submit their Applications one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, in any case, no later than 3.00 p.m. (IST) on the Issue Closing Date. All times mentioned in this Prospectus are Indian Standard Time. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public offerings, some Applications may not get uploaded due to lack of sufficient time.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Applications will be accepted only on Working Days. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Managers, nor any Member of the Syndicate, Registered Brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or designated branches of SCSBs are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise. Please note that, within each category of investors, the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on date priority basis except on the day of oversubscription, if any, where the Allotment will be proportionate.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Details of share capital

The following table lays down details of our authorised, issued, subscribed and paid up share capital and securities premium account as at date of this Prospectus:

| Particulars | Amount in ₹ |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Authorised share capital | |
| 50,00,000 Equity Shares of face value ₹10 each | 5,00,00,00,000 |
| 5,00,000 preference shares of face value ₹1,000 each | 50,00,00,000 |
| Total authorised share capital | 5,50,00,00,000 |
| | |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital | |
| 20,35,81,172 Equity Shares of ₹10 each | 2,03,58,11,720 |
| 1,20,000 Preference Shares (Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares) of | 12,00,00,000 |
| ₹1,000 each | |
| Total issued subscribed and paid up share capital | 2,15,58,11,720 |
| | |
| SECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT | |
| Securities Premium Account before the Issue | 3,24,18,750 |

1. Details of change in authorised share capital of our company, as on the date of this Prospectus, for last five years is set forth below:

| Date of approval | Authorised Share Capital (in ₹ | Particulars |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| November 22, 2016 | 2,30,00,00,000 | Authorised Share Capital was increased from ₹2,00,00,000 divided |
| (EGM) | | into 18,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹1,000 each and 2,00,000 Preference |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each to ₹2,30,00,000,000 divided into 18,00,000 Equity |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹1,000 each |
| September 11, | 2,55,00,00,000 | Authorised Share Capital was increased from ₹2,30,00,00,000 divided |
| 2017 (EGM) | | into 18,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹1,000 each and 5,00,000 Preference |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each to ₹255,00,00,000 divided into 20,50,000 Equity |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹1,000 each |
| September 29, | 2,55,50,00,000 | Authorised Share Capital was increased from₹255,00,00,000 divided into |
| 2018 (EGM) | | 20,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹1,000 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares |
| | | of ₹1,000 each to ₹255,50,00,000 divided into 20,55,000 Equity Shares |
| | | of ₹1,000 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹1,000 each |
| March 15, 2019 | 2,55,50,00,000 | Authorised Share Capital was increased from ₹2,55,50,00,000 divided |
| (EGM) | | into 20,55,000 equity shares of ₹1,000 each and 500,000 Preference |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each to ₹255,50,00,000 divided into 20,55,00,000 |
| | | Equity Shares of ₹10 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹1,000 each. |
| March 15, 2019 | 5,50,00,00,000 | Authorised Share Capital was increased from ₹2,55,50,00,000 divided |
| (EGM) | | into 20,55,000 equity shares of ₹1,000 each and 500,000 Preference |
| | | Shares of ₹1,000 each to ₹5,50,00,00,000 divided into 50,00,00,000 |
| | | Equity Shares of ₹10 each and 5,00,000 Preference Shares of ₹1,000 each. |

2. Equity Share capital history of our Company for the last five years preceding the date of this Prospectus is set forth below:

| Date of Allotment | No. of Equity Shares | Face Valu e (in ₹ | Issue Price (in ₹ | Consideratio n (Cash, other than cash etc.) | Nature of Allotment | Cumulati ve No. of Equity Shares | Cumulative Equity Share Capital (in ₹ | Cumulative Equity Share Premium (in ₹ | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| March 14, 2017 | 1,57,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue ¹ | 15,37,500 | 1,53,75,00,000 | NIL | | | |
| October | 2.00.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | Cash | Rights | 17.37.500 | 1,73,75,00,000 | NIL | | | |
| 13, 2017 | 2,00,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cush | Issue ² | 17,57,500 | 1,75,75,00,000 | T (IL) | | | |
| | Details of allotments made in the last two years preceding the date of this Prospectus | | | | | | | | | | |
| March 31, | 1,00,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights | 18,37,500 | 1,83,75,00,000 | NIL | | | |
| 2018 | | | | | Issue ³ | | | | | | |
| July 19, | 7,500 | 1,000 | - | Other than | Allotment | 18,45,000 | 1,84,50,00,000 | NIL | | | |

| Date of Allotment | No. of Equity Shares | Face Valu e (in ₹ | Issue Price (in ₹ | Consideratio n (Cash, other than cash etc.) | Nature of Allotment | Cumulati ve No. of Equity Shares | Cumulative Equity Share Capital (in ₹ | Cumulative Equity Share Premium (in ₹ |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 2018 | | | | cash | pursuant to the scheme of amalgamat ion ⁴ | | | |
| September 29, 2018 | 50,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue ⁵ | 18,95,000 | 1,89,50,00,000 | NIL |
| March 8, 2019 | 10,314 | 1,000 | 2,700 | NA | Conversion of CCPS ⁶ | 19,05,314 | 1,90,53,14,000 | 1,75,33,800 |
| our Sharehol value ₹1,000 | ders passed each was s | at in the ub-divid | ir extrao ed into 1 | rdinary general n | neeting held on of ₹10 each, a | March 15, 201 nd accordingly | uary 18, 2019 and a 9, every one equity , 1,905,314 equity ch. | share of face |
| March 21, 2019 | 10,70,37 0 | 10 | 27 | Cash | Conversion of CCPS ⁷ | 19,16,01,7 70 | 1,91,60,17,700 | 1,81,96,290 |
| June 30, 2020 | 64,12,81 4 | 10 | 32 | Cash | Rights Issue ⁸ | 19,80,14,5 84 | 1,98,01,45,840 | 17,68,11,99 8 |
| November 13, 2020 | 23,79,68 8 | 10 | 32 | Cash | Rights Issue ⁹ | 20,03,94,2 72 | 2,00,39,42,720 | 22,91,65,13 4 |
| February 23, 2021 | 21,06,27 5 | 10 | 32 | Cash | Rights Issue ¹⁰ | 20,25,00,5 | 2,02,50,05,470 | 27,55,03,18 4 |
| July 9, 2021 | 10,80,62 | 10 | 40 | Cash | Rights Issue ¹¹ | 20,35,81,1 67 | 2,03,58,11,670 | 3,24,18,750 |

1. Allotment of 1,26,000 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian and 31,500 Equity Shares to Laila Mathew on a rights issue basis.

20,35,81,1

67

2,03,58,11,670

3,24,18,750

2. Allotment of 2,00,000 Equity Shares to Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited on a rights issue basis.

3. Allotment of 40,000 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian and 60,000 Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited on a rights issue basis.

4. Allotment of 1,500 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian, 5,998 Equity Shares to Laila Mathew and 2 Equity Shares to Jilu Saju Varghese, pursuant to the amalgamation of Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited with our Company, vide an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018. The said allotment had been made pursuant to the scheme of arrangement under sections 230 – 232 of the Companies Act, 2013 between Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited and Kosamattam Finance Limited, which had been approved by NCLT, Chennai on June 26, 2018.

5. Allotment of 50,000 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian on a rights issue basis.

Total

6. Allotment of 10,314 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian pursuant to conversion of 27,849 Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares.

7. Allotment of 1,070,370 Equity Shares to Mathew K. Cherian pursuant to conversion of 28,900 Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares.

Allotment of 43,750 Equity Shares to Manju Maria, 31,250 Equity Shares to Liby C. Baby, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sheeba 8. Mathew, 31,250 Equity Shares to George P G, 31,250 Equity Shares to Lia Mariam, 42,500 Equity Shares to Hasma Kutty, 31,250 Equity Shares to Babu Issac M. S., 31,250 Equity Shares to Bindhu Joseph, 31,250 Equity Share to Joseph T. D., 31,250 Equity Shares to Rabeena Noushad, 31,250 Equity Shares to B Geevarghese Baby, 43,750 Equity Shares to Vinil Kumar S., 31,250 Equity Shares to Snehamol Joy, 35,000 Equity Shares to James K. Philip, 31,250 Equity Shares to Raju Neelakandan Nair, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sadanandan Sahadevan, 46,875 Equity Shares to Rajeev Sarasan, 31,250 Equity Shares to Deepa S. S., 31,250 Equity Shares to Sunil Kumar S., 31,250 Equity Shares to Joy Thayyil Antony, 31,250 Equity Shares to Lilly Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Leelamma Thankachan, 31,250 Equity Shares to John Philip Chacko, 31,250 Equity Shares to N. N. Mani, 31,250 Equity Shares to Mathew Mathai, 31,250 Equity Shars to Smitha Suresh, 31,250 Equity Shares to Nima Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Melvin Paul, 31,250 Equity Shares to V. Sureshkumar, 93,750 Equity Shares to Saju Varghese John, 93,750 Equity Shares Aleyamma Varghese and John Varghese Paravil, 31,250 Equity Shares to Mini Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Rincy Kuriakose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Chinnamma Chacko, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jomy Jacob, 62,500 Equity Shares to Chithra Jose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Reshma Suresh, 31,250 Equity Shares to Mary Shaji, 39,063 Equity Shares to Mini John, 32,188 Equity Shares to Asha Jelson, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sivasankara Kurup C. 46,875 Equity Shares to Libin Chacko Samuel, 46,875 Equity Shares to Sinoj Samuel, 31,250 Equity Shares to Saju P. Varghese, 62,500 Equity Shares to Ginesh George, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jinchu Alex, 31,250 Equity Shares to Kochurani Vinod, 31,250 Equity Shares to Navin Antony, 31,250 Equity Shares to Tessy Thankachan, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sali Varughese Chirakkattu, 31,250 Equity Shares to M. S. Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Susamma Johnson, 31,250 Equity Shares to Roji Kallamparambil John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thomas George, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sunish Philip, 87,500 Equity Shares Jessy Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Wilsy Varughese Wilson, 31,250 Equity Shares to C. K. Babu, 31,250 Equity Shares Mariamma Babu, 31,250

Equity Shares to James Mathew, 31,250 Equity Shares to V. K. Stepen, 31,250 Equity Shares to Radhamani N. B., 31,250 Equity Shares to Tiji Sebastian, 31,250 Equity Shares to Puthngadu Cyriac Kurian, 40,625 Equity Shares to Roy Jose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Preetha Anil, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jayakumar Bhaskara Kurup, 56,250 Equity Shares to Bindu O Pillai, 37,500 Equity Shares to Narayana Pillai R., 31,250 Equity Shares to Roseliz Francis, 31,250 Equity Shares to Prasad A., 31,250 Equity Shares to Deepthi V, 93,750 Equity Shares to O. A. Abraham, 31,250 Equity Shares to Govinda Pillai R., 31,250 Equity Shares to Silvy Sebastian, 31,250 Equity Shares to Mariamma, 31,250 Equity Shares to Manju P. Kochummen, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thomaskutty K, 46,875 Equity Shares to Raju Daniel, 31,250 Equity Shares to Mareena Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Arakkantil George Varughese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jinu Mary Joy, 31.250 Equity Shares to Santhamma John, 46,875 Equity Shares to Ratheesh C. R., 31,250 Equity Shares to Joby Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to K. D. Kuriakose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Binu Sebastian, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jaisha M. A., 46,875 Equity Shares to Lekha V. Nair, 31,250 Equity Shares to Omana Raju, 31,250 Equity Shares to Ponnamma Kurien, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sheba Marybhavan Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sabitha Babu, 31,250 Equity Shares to Varghese Alexander, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thomas K. Thomas, 62,500 Equity Shares to Sarath John Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to C. A. Varghese, 62,500 Equity Shares to Cecily Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to George Horace Jones, 31,250 Equity Shares to Leelamma Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jacob John, 46,875 Equity Shares to Asokan Pallissery, 31,250 Equity Shares to Antony Xavier, 31,250 Equity Shares to Ceni Joy, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jemma Antony, 31,250 Equity Shares to Alice Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Christie Mary Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Johnson Thomas, 37,500 Equity Shares to Varghese Daniel, 31,250 Equity Shares to Lilly Kutty, 31,250 Equity Shares to George P J, 43,750 Equity Shares to Thankamma, 31,250 Equity Shares to Ebin Sabu, 46,875 Equity Shares to Sanu Sam Thundikattil, 31,250 Equity Shares to Joji Koshy Alex, 31,250 Equity Shares to John Kuruvilla, 15,625 Equity Shares to Renji Alex, 18,750 Equity Shares to Rincy David, 15,625 Equity Shares to Abel Koshy Mathew, 46,875 Equity Shares to Shinod Abraham, 15,625 Equity Shares to Marykutty, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jeny Philipose, 31,250 Equity Shares to C. V. Philipose, 15,625 Equity Shares to John Tharamalayil Cherian, 15,625 Equity Shares to George Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thankamma Mathai, 62,500 Equity Shares to Yasmin Shirley Shaji, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rosamma Philip, 18,750 Equity Shares to Githin Shaji, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sara Elsa Samu, 31,250 Equity Shares to Amminiamma O., 31,250 Equity Shares to Biji Kumari, 40,625 Equity Shares to Prasad Samuel, 31,250 Equity Shares to Allan Joe Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Lissy, 62,500 Equity Shares to Elhence Cherian P., 15,625 Equity Shares to Jiji Joseph, 15,625 Equity Shares to Sabu John, 25,000 Equity Shares to Linju Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Rani Joy Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to E. K. Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jency Jose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Bimal Manjarabalan, 15,625 Equity Shares to Geetha Chandran, 18,750 Equity Shares to Joshy Joseph, 15,625 Equity Shares to Regina Vincent, 31,250 Equity Shares to Stephen Thankachan, 31,250 Equity Shares to Nisha Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Rani M. Kurup, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sibimon T., 15,625 Equity Shares to Zacharia Varghese P., 39,063 Equity Shares to Elza John, 31,250 Equity Shares to P. N. Sanilkumar, 75,000 Equity Shares to Vijayalekshmi S., 31,250 Equity Shares to George Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Remya M Radhakrishnan Nair, 37,500 Equity Shares to Rajamma John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Georgekutty Zacharia, 31,250 Equity Shares to Pradeep Kumar M. V., 15,625 Equity Shares to Sebastian Denny, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rejo Mathew, 15,625 Equity Shares to Mariamma Zacharia, 15,625 Equity Shares to Aleyamma Cherian, 15,625 Equity Shares to Philip Oomen, 15,625 Equity Shares to Kurian Varughese, 18,750 Equity Shares to Lukose Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thankamma K., 34,375 Equity Shares to Kukku Tresa Mathew, 18,750 Equity Shares to Jinu George, 15,625 Equity Shares to Binoy Rajan, 15,625 Equity Shares to Daisy Perumal, 15,625 Equity Shares to Thomas Varghese, 15,625 Equity Shares to Princy John Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Ponnama Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rajeesh Kumar R., 15,625 Equity Shares to Moncy Mathew, 78,125 Equity Shares to Cini Eldhose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Harigovind Raveendran, 31,250 Equity Shares to B. Sasidharan Pillai, 15,625 Equity Shares to Anila Philip, 15,625 Equity Shares to Kurien George, 15,625 Equity Shares to Varghese Johnykutty, 15,625 Equity Shares to Vinod V., 15,625 Equity Shares to Subhadrakuttyamma, 15,625 Equity Shares to Sreekumar K. P., 31,250 Equity Shares to Thomas Varghese Kampisseril, 15,625 Equity Shares to Balan K., 31,250 Equity Shares to Radhamaniyamma, 34,375 Equity Shares to Gladies John, 21,875 Equity Shares to Annamma Oomen, 18,750 Equity Shares to Joe George Mathews, 31,250 Equity Shares to Bindu Lekha, 15,625 Equity Shares to Vineetha G. Biju, 15,625 Equity Shares to Telson Thomas, 62,500 Equity Shares to Julius Koshy, 15,625 Equity Shares to Suseela Mathew, 31,250 Equity Shares to Kunjachan Samuel Kutty, 15,625 Equity Shares to Daisen Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Charles Cheriyan and 15,625 Equity Shares to Mathew Zacharia on a rights issue basis.

Allotment of 61,875 Equity Shares to Lalitha Narayanan, 31,250 Equity Shares to Elsy Peter, 31,250 Equity Shares to 9. Preetha Muraleedharan, 46,875 Equity Shares to Joy Paul, 31,250 Equity Shares to Joel T George , 34,375 Equity Shares to Lizamma George, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sheeja Joseph, 62,500 Equity Shares to Nimmi Geemon, 31,250 Equity Shares to Remi Emmanuel, 37,500 Equity Shares to Elsamma John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Roy Chandy, 31,250 Equity Shares to Rajasree K L, 31,250 Equity Shares to Deepak Kuriakose, 31,250 Equity Shares to Elizabath Mathew, 31,250 Equity Shares to Varughese V George, 62,500 Equity Shares to Susamma Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sinoj Samuel, 46,875 Equity Shares to S Sadanandan, 18,750 Equity Shares to Annamma Chandi, 31,250 Equity Shares to Ligimole P, 18,750 Equity Shares to Rejoy Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Bessy Mathai Jacob, 31,250 Equity Shares to Suvarnakumary S, 31,250 Equity Shares to Rekha Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to V D Jaison, 23,438 Equity Shares to Lisma Louvi, 31,250 Equity Shares to Asha Subramanian, 31,250 Equity Shares to Vargheese Parambi, 31,250 Equity Shares to Lissimol John, 31,250 Equity Shares to James Mathew, 46,875 Equity Shares to Mathaikunju P Vadakel, 46,875 Equity Shares to K X Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to K G Joykutty, 15,625 Equity Shares to Annie Manoj, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jacob Mathew, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rejitha R, 25,000 Equity Shares to Benny John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Parthasarathy S, 25,000 Equity Shares to Alice Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Shaharan V A, 31,250 Equity Shares to M P Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to P K Prasad, 31,250 Equity Shares to Stephen Thomas, 31,250 Equity Shares to Beena A, 15,625 Equity Shares to Shylamma Joseph, 15,625 Equity Shares to Anjaly Motti T T, 31,250 Equity Shares to Nirmala Thomas, 21,875 Equity Shares to P U Hashim, 37,500 Equity Shares to Mariamma Samuel, 15,625 Equity Shares to Resmy Robby, 31,250 Equity Shares to Linda K Joseph, 31,250 Equity Shares to Reena Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Elcy Skaria, 15,625 Equity Shares to Kurian Abraham, 46,875 Equity Shares to Jogy Kurian, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rani Varghese, 15,625 Equity Shares to Ancy Jose, 15,625 Equity Shares to Benit Mathews, 21,875 Equity Shares to Sajith Gopinathan , 50,625 Equity Shares to Thomas John, 15,625 Equity Shares to Annamma Maani, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jobin K A, 15,625 Equity Shares to Alice Lazar, 15,625 Equity Shares to Moncy Vavachan, 15,625 Equity Shares to Molly Moncy, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jose Joy, 15,625 Equity Shares to Lissy George, 15,625 Equity Shares to Vishnu Chandran C, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rajan Varghese, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jolly Jacob, 31,250 Equity Shares to Geetha Nair, 18,750 Equity Shares to Jacob Kuruvila, 78,125 Equity Shares to Gracy George Vambanatt, 15,625 Equity Shares to George P A, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rajaevan B, 31,250 Equity Shares to Shibin Joy, 15,625 Equity Shares to Shine Soney and 31,250 Equity Shares to Rajaevan B, 31,250 Equity Shares to Reena Paul Eluvathigel, 15,625 Equity Shares to Shine Soney and 31,250 Equity Shares to Sankarawarrier Prasannakumar on rights issue basis.

- 10. Allotment of 15,625 Equity Shares to Accamma Mathew, 18,750 Equity Shares to Elsie John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sarojiniamma K G, 15,625 Equity Shares to Mani K A,15,625 Equity Shares to Sreekala R,15,625 Equity Shares to Sunil M S, 31,250 Equity Shares to Thomas C K, 15,625 Equity Shares to Asharaf A K, 15,625 Equity Shares to Reetha Georathi, 18,750 Equity Shares to Rincy Kuriakose, 15,625 Equity Shares to Binsy Thomas Kannanathu, 31,250 Equity Shares to Aju John, 53,125 Equity Shares to Jessy Joseph, 15,625 Equity Shares to John Varghese, 15,625 Equity Shares to Lincy Anto, 25,000 Equity Shares to Sreeja Manoj, 15,625 Equity Shares to Rachel Koshy, 31,250 Equity Shares to Shibin Joy, 31,250 Equity Shares to Abraham John, 21,875 Equity Shares to Jerin J Malayil, 78,125 Equity shares to K X Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Aswani Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Williams K Mathai, 15,625 Equity Shares to Mary Jose, 15,625 Equity shares to Shinu Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Varghese Perumpoikavil Abraham, 15,625 Equity Shares to Pearlu Augustine, 15,625 Equity Shares to K C Koruthu, 15,625 Equity Shares to Leelamma George, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jessy Paul, 29,700 Equity Shares to Divya S, 53,125 Equity shares to Alice Kuruvilla, 59,375 Equity Shares to T K Mukesh Kumar, 15,625 Equity Shares to Aby T Varghese, 31,250 Equity Shares to Indiradevi, 15,625 Equity Shares to Thampi K V, 15,625 Equity Shares to Varughese V George, 25,000 Equity Shares to Viswanathan, 15,625 Equity Shares to Sanju George Joseph, 15,625 Equity shares to Jesvin Ben Bentrock, 15,625 Equity Shares to Kadavil Easony Joy, 78,125 Equity Shares to Cecily Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Java T P, 15,625 Equity Shares to Niravathu Varkey Mary, 15,625 Equity Shares to Nimmu Maria Thomas, 25,000 Equity Shares to Mahadevan Pillai, 15,625 Equity Shares to Renji Alex, 15,625 Equity Shares to Moothezhath Dayanandan Dijesh, 31,250 Equity shares to Omana Amma, 21,875 Equity Shares to Jayasankar S, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jincy Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to James Mathew, 15,625 Equity Shares to Minimol James, 15,625 Equity Shares to T P Skaria, 31,250 Equity Shares to Sameepan Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jerry George John, 25,000 Equity Shares to Sarasamma, 25,000 Equity Shares to Albert P John, 15,625 Equity Shares to Anil George, 15,625 Equity Shares to Biby John, 31,250 Equity Shares to Jaacs Job Pottas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Xavier Mathai, 15,625 Equity Shares to Biby Chacko, 15,625 Equity Shares to Bigimol Philip, 15,625 Equity Shares to Fr George Vathyakary, 46,875 Equity Shares to Sukumaran A K, 21,875 Equity Shares to Chellappan Haridas, 23,450 Equity Shares to Asha Renjith, 31,250 Equity shares to Vinu Kumar S, 15,625 Equity Shares to Sherly Mary John, 15,625 Equity Shares to Reji Jacob Varghese, 15,625 Equity Shares to Ruby Maria Chacko, 15,625 Equity Shares to Gracyamma Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Valsamma Cherupuzhathu Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Alex Eapen, 31,250 Equity Shares to Shine Soney, 15,625 Equity Shares to Kesia Jaimon Joseph, 15,625 Equity Shares to Deepak K S, 15,625 Equity Shares to Shaji K P, 31,250 Equity Shares to Agna Mariya, 15,625 Equity Shares to Jose Kannampilly Antony, 15,625 Equity Shares to Anna Maria Jose, 15,625 Equity Shares to Aleyamma Scaria, 15,625 Equity Shares to Scaria K A, 15,625 Equity Shares to Paulose Scaria, 15,625 Equity Shares to Samuel Cherian, 15,625 Equity Shares to Anto K J, 15,625 Equity Shares to John Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Leelamma Thomas, 15,625 Equity Shares to Vinod George, 31,250 Equity Shares to Carol Philip, 40,625 Equity shares to Sunu Jomon, 15,625 Equity Shares to Sreekumar Krishnan, 15,625 Equity Shares to Ritty Joseph, 18,750 Equity Shares to K I Lilly, 21,875 Equity Shares to Sophyamma Mathew on rights issue basis.
- 11. Allotment of 7,500 Equity Shares to Chinnu Susan Cherian, 7,500 Equity Shares to Jose Pulickal Auguste, 7,500 Equity Shares to Renjith Kumar D, 7,500 Equity Shares to Mohanraj Thamarasseril Kuttanpillai, 25,000 Equity Shares to George Cheriankunju, 25,000 Equity Shares to Thankamani Cherian, 10,000 Equity Shares to Sosamma Theckinathu John, 7,500 Equity Shares to Seetha Aley Thomas, 15,000 Equity Shares to Abraham K Thomas, 10,000 Equity Shares to Kuruvilla Joseph, 7,500 Equity Shares to Aleena Thomas, 15,000 Equity Shares to Blessan K, 7,500 Equity Shares to Rosamma Thomas, 10,000 Equity Shares to Gopalakrishna Pillai, 7,500 Equity Shares to Gracy Issac, 37,500 Equity Shares to Shaji Kurian, 10,000 Equity Shares to Moncy Samuel, 7,500 Equity Shares to Johnson Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Joel T George, 7,500 Equity Shares to Elaine Sarah George, 8,750 Equity Shares to Mathew M Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Susamma Kuranjoor Abraham, 12,500 Equity Shares to K M Joseph, 10,625 Equity Shares to Sophiamma, 7,500 Equity Shares to Thomas Cherian, 7,500 Equity Shares to Thresiamma Joy, 7,500 Equity Shares to Joshymon Jacob, 12,500 Equity Shares to Manju Mathew, 15,000 Equity Shares to Juby Varghese, 8,750 Equity Shares to Jayakumar A K, 10,000 Equity Shares to Anu Chandy, 7,500 Equity Shares to Elikkutty Poulose, 7,500 Equity Shares to Jufin George, 7,500 Equity Shares to P C Annamma, 12, 500 Equity Shares to Anu Gibi, 12,500 Equity Shares to Susan Gibi, 12,500 Equity Shares to Anna Gibi, 12,500 Equity Shares to Madathil Scariah Babuissac, 20,000 Equity Shares to Beena Sam, 7,500 Equity Shares to Paul Alex, 12,500 Equity Shares to Valsa George, 7,500 Equity Shares to Lissy Anderson, 2,500 Equity Shares to Chinnappan Rose Puthenpurakkal, 7,500 Equity Shares to Dileep Kumar B, 7,500 Equity Shares to Vinod Kumar P S, 7,500 Equity Shares to Manjumariya, 7,500 Equity Shares to Biju Thomas, 25,000 Equity Shares to Meghna Ann Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Binu Kuttivilayil George, 15,000 Equity Shares to Leelavathy, 7,500 Equity Shares to Aleyamma Joseph, 17,500 Equity Shares to Jacob Abraham, 12,500 Equity Shares to Mathew Sebastian, 7,500 Equity Shares to Sabu Mathew, 8,750 Equity Shares to Cyriac Mathew, 10,000 Equity Shares

to Radhamani N B, 12,500 Equity Shares to Chinnu Maria Babu, 7,500 Equity Shares to Jancy Mathew, 13,750 Equity Shares to Marilyn Jacob, 7,500 Equity Shares to Keerthi T C, 7,500 Equity Shares to Rose Thomas, 12,500 Equity Shares to John Mathew Chirayil, 7,500 Equity Shares to Swathy V S, 7,500 Equity Shares to Febin Mathew, 7,500 Equity Shares to Vishnu Chandran C, 7,500 Equity Shares to Sarath Chandran C, 12,500 Equity Shares to Geethu S Nair, 25,000 Equity Shares to Alex Pulimoottil Abraham, 50,000 Equity Shares to Reeba Grace Thomas, 12,500 Equity Shares to Binoy Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Lizy Kurian, 7,500 Equity Shares to K C Salichan, 8,750 Equity Shares to Ritamma Mathew, 7,500 Equity Shares to Beena Laly, 12,500 Equity Shares to Fr George Vathyakary, 10,000 Equity Shares to Ponnamma, 7,500 Equity Shares to Prasannakumari S, 7,500 Equity Shares to Paul Nicholson, 21,250 Equity Shares to Zeenath Salim, 7,500 Equity Shares to Jyothi Chandran, 12,500 Equity Shares to Parthasarathy Suriyanarayanan, 7,500 Equity Shares to Thomas Vempany Joseph, 12,500 Equity Shares to Shruti V Nair, 7,500 Equity Shares to Kavya Sasidharan, 7,500 Equity Shares to Mariamma Samuel Varghese, 7,500 Equity Shares to N K James, 7,500 Equity Shares to Reetha Sunny, 7,500 Equity Shares to Sunu Soman, 10,000 Equity Shares to Bincy K Edakkalathur, 7,500 Equity Shares to Priyanka, 12,500 Equity Shares to Sanju Kavalakat, 7,500 Equity Shares to Kavalakat Jyppunny Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Priyanka, 12,500 Equity Shares to Sanju Kavalakat, 7,500 Equity Shares to Kavalakat Iyppunny Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Kavalakat Jyppunny Thomas, 7,500 Equity Shares to Share

3. Statement of the aggregate number of securities of our Company purchased or sold by the promoter group and by and by our Directors and their relatives within the six months immediately preceding the date of filing this Prospectus:

None of the Directors of our Company including their relatives as defined under Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Promoter/Promoter Group of our Company have undertaken purchase and/or sale of the securities of our Company during the preceding 6 (six) months from the date of this Prospectus.

4. Shareholding pattern

The following table sets forth the shareholding pattern of our Company as on the June 30, 2021:

| Categ ory (I) | Category of Shareholder (II) | ber of | No. of fully paid up Equity Shares held (IV) | No. of partly paid- up Equit y Share s held | shares under lying deposi tory | Total nos. shares held (VII) = (IV) + (V) + (VI) | shares held olding (VII) = (IV) as a % + (V) + (VI) of total nos. of shares (calcul ated as | Number of voting rights held in each class of securities (IX) | | olding class of securities (IX) as a % of total nos. of shares (calcul | | No of und erly ing outs tan ding | Shareholdi ng as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities | Number of locked in shares (XII) N As a % | Number of Shares pledged or otherwise encumber ed (XIII) N As a | Number of Equity Shares held in dematerialised form (XIV) |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | (V) | | | per SCRR, 1957) (VIII) As a % of (A+B+ C2) | Class – Equity | Total | Tot al as a % of (A+ B+C) | con vert ible secu ritie s (X) | (as a percentage of diluted share capital) (XI) = (VII) + (X) As a % of (A+B+C2) | o of total . Shares (held (b) a) | o % of . total (Share a s held) (b) | | |
| (A) | Promoter and Promoter Group | 8 | 19,17,26,570 | 0 | 0 | 19,17,26,570 | 94.68 | 19,17,26,570 | 19,17,26,570 | 94.6 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,17,26,570 | |
| (B) | Public | 368 | 1,07,37,977 | 0 | 0 | 1,07,37,977 | 5.32 | 1,07,37,977 | 1,07,37,977 | 5.32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,07,73,977 | |
| (C) | Non-Promoter Non-Public | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| (C1) | Shares underlying DRs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| (C2) | Shares held by Employee Trusts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Total (A)+(B)+(C) | 376 | 20,25,00,547 | 0 | 0 | 20,25,00,547 | 20,25,0 0,547 | 20,25,00,547 | 20,25,00,547 | 100. 00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20,25,00,547 | |

| Sr. No. | Name of Shareholders | Address | Number of Equity Shares held | Total shareholdin g as % of total no of Equity Shares |
|------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Mathew K. Cherian | 354A, Kosamattam, 15, Manganam West, Vijayapuram, Kottayam – 686 018, Kerala, India. | 12,54,52,270 | 61.62 |
| 2. | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | Room No. 4 / 6 X, Kosamattam Arcade, Kottayam – 686 004, Kerala India. | 3,60,00,200 | 17.68 |
| 3. | Laila Mathew | 354A, Kosamattam, 15, Managanam West, Vijayapuram, Kottayam – 686 018, Kerala, India. | 3,01,48,300 | 14.81 |
| 4. | Cecily Thomas | Kudakuthumparamb, Chemmeens Junction, Thoppumpady, Ernakulam, 682 005 | 1,40,625 | 0.07 |
| 5. | K X Thomas | 15/18 B, Kudakuthumparamb, Chemmeens Junction, Karuvelippady, Thoppumpady, Kochi, Ernakulam – 682 005 | 1,25,000 | 0.06 |
| 6. | Saju Varghese John | Parayil House, West Othera P.O., Via Thiruvalla, Pathanamthitta – 689 551, Kerala, India. | 93,850 | 0.05 |
| 7. | O. A. Abraham | Ooriyakunnathu, Pullad, Kurungazha P.O., Pathanamthitta – 689 551, Kerala, India | 93,750 | 0.05 |
| 8. | Aleyamma Varghese | Parayil House, Othera West, P.O., Thiruvalla, Pathanamthitta, Keral – 689 551, India | 93,750 | 0.05 |
| 9. | Jessy Verghese | Kaithavana House, Chandanapally, Angadickal, Pathanamthitta – 689 648, Kerala, India. | 87,500 | 0.04 |
| 10. | Cini Eldhose | Palachuvattil, Mekkadampu P.O., Muvattupuzha, Eranakulam – 682 316, Kerala, India. | 78,125 | 0.04 |
| Tota | 1 | | 19,23,13,370 | 94.47 |

5. List of top ten holders of Equity Shares of our Company as on June 30, 2021 is as below:

6. List of top ten holders of Preference Shares of our Company as on June 30, 2021 is as below:

| Sr. No. | Name of Shareholders | | Shareholders Address | | Total shareholding as % of total no of Preference Shares |
|------------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Rinsel | | Flat No.2002, Floor-20, Jalaram Heights, | 93,000 | 77.50 |
| | Technologi | es | Ganjawala Lane, Near Chamunda Circle, | | |
| | (India) | Private | Borivali, West Mumbai City Maharashtra | | |
| | Limited | | 400092, India. | | |
| 2. | Mathew | Κ. | 354A, Kosamattam, 15, Manganam West, | 27,000 | 22.50 |
| | Cherian | | Vijayapuram, Kottayam – 686 018, Kerala, | | |
| | | | India. | | |
| Tota | ıl | | | 1,20,000 | 100.00 |

7. List of top ten debenture holders of our Company as on June 30, 2021:

Unlisted privately placed secured redeemable non-convertible debentures:

| Sr. No. | Name of Holders | Address | Number of Instruments Held | Face value per Debenture (In ₹) | Amount (In ₹) |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | K K | Sundarabhavan, Puzhavathu, | 46,150 | 100 | 46,15,000 |
| | Padmanabhan | Changanacherry, Kottayam 686 101 | | | |
| 2. | Preethy Jose | Nedumpaikulathu Veedu, | 2,500 | 100 | 2,50,000 |
| | | Kundara, Kollam, PIN 691501 | | | |
| 3. | Hanna Mariam | Nedumpaikulathu, Veedu, | 2,500 | 100 | 2,50,000 |
| | Jose | Kundara, Kollam, PIN 691501 | | | |
| 4. | Jojo C Varghese | Chittilappilly House, Near | 1,400 | 100 | 1,40,000 |
| | | Society, Parappur, Thrissur | | | |
| | | 680552 | | | |
| 5. | C J Varghese | Chittilappilly House, Near | 1,100 | 100 | 1,10,000 |
| | | Society, Parappur, Thrissur | | | |
| | | 680552 | | | |

Listed secured non-convertible debentures, issued *vide* public issue:

| Sr. N. | Name of the holder | Address | Number of instruments held | Face value of debentures (In ₹) | Amount (In ₹) |
|--------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | Aleyamma Jacob | Chennakkatukalangamari House, Kadayirippu P.O., Kolenchery, Perumbavoor, Ernakulam District, 682 311 | 3,45,000 | 1,000 | 11,50,00,000 |
| 2. | Unnikrishna n C | 13C, Alukkas Castle, Ayyanthole, Thrissur, Thrissur, 680 003 | 24,000 | 1,000 | 2,40,00,000 |
| 3. | P P Yohannan | 1403/3 Shalom Arcade, Floor No. 5, Terece Floor Door, Near HDFC Bank, Kasavanahalli, Bengaluru, Karnataka, 560035 | 23,500 | 1,000 | 2,35,00,000 |
| 4. | Thomas P T | 12/439, Purayidathil House, Athirampuzha Po, Kottayam Kerala, 686 562 | 12,172 | 1,000 | 1,21,72,000 |
| 5. | Krishnan Vijaya Raghavan | 106, 2 nd Main Road, Kasturi Nagar East of Ngef, Bangalore – 560 043 | 11,300 | 1,000 | 1,13,00,000 |
| 6. | Joseph Thomas | Pallivathucal, Ramapuram Baza, P.O., Ramapuram, Meenachil, Kottayam, Keral 686 576 | 10,730 | 1,000 | 1,07,30,000 |
| 7. | Aleyamma M Vadakkel | Vadakkel House, Oliyappuram Post, Koothattukulam, Ernakulam, Kerala 686 662 | 10,244 | 1,000 | 1,02,44,000 |
| 8. | Sooraj Mathen Ancheril | H No. 44/1496 A, Pottakuzhy Mamanvalam Road, Near L F Church Kaloor, Cochin, 682017 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| 9. | Indian Jeeva Karunya Charitable Trust | 180 Iv 98 Snehasadan, Punnathura P O, Kottayam, Kerala, 686583 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 1,00,00,000 |
| 10. | Simon Vazhappallil Yohannan | Vazhappallil House, Old Fire Fo, Kundara P O, Ezhukone, Kottarakkara, Kollam Kerala, 691 501 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 1,00,00,000 |

8. List of top ten unsecured, privately placed, non-convertible debenture holders of our Company as on June 30, 2021:

Perpetual Debt Instrument

| Sr. No. | Name of Holders | Address | Number of instruments held | Face value per debenture (in ₹) | Amount (in ₹) |
|------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | Flossy Reji Alex | Grace Villa, Kallimel, Mavelikkara, Alappuzha – 690 101 | 4 | 5,00,000 | 20,00,000 |
| 2. | P M Unnikrishnan Nair | Gokulam, Parumala, Thiruvalla, Pathanamthitta – 689 101 | 3 | 5,00,000 | 15,00,000 |
| 3. | Aleyamma Kadampachira | Kadampachira House, Kurianad, Kuravilangad, Kottayam – 686 633 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 4. | Aleyamma Joseph | Kondadampadavil House, Areekara, Veliyannoor, Kottayam – 686 634 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 5. | Elizabeth Aji | Parumala House, Paranthal, Pandalam 689 501 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 6. | K C Joseph | Kondadampadavil House, Areekara, Veliyannor, Kottayam – 686 634 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 7. | Koshy Abraham | 237, Kunnumpurathu, Bapuji Nagar, Pongummoodu, Trivandrum – 695 017 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 8. | Chacko Joseph | Vattaparambil House, Vadakummury, Karumkunnam, Idukki – 685 586 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 9. | Amminikutty Philip | Alencherry Mala, Kunnam, Changanacherry, Kottayam – 686 101 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| 10. | Joseph Chacko | Vattaparambil House, Vadakkummury, Karimkunnam – Idukki – 685 586 | 2 | 5,00,000 | 10,00,000 |

Subordinated Debt

| Sr. No | Name of Holders | Address | Number of instruments held | Face value per debenture (in ₹) | Amount (in ₹) |
|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | C M Devasia | Chandrathil, Edathua, Alappuzha – 689573 | 1,350 | 100 | 1,35,000 |
| 2. | Jojo C Varghese | Chittilappilly House, Near Society, Parappur, Thrissur 680 552 | 1,100 | 100 | 1,10,000 |
| 3. | M O Skariah | Amanickal Lucku Nivas, Omallor, Pathanamthitta 689647 | 1,000 | 100 | 1,00,000 |
| 4. | Sasidharan K | Akshaya, Keerikkadu South, Kayamkulam, Alappuzha 690502 | 1,000 | 100 | 1,00,000 |

| Sr. No | Name of Holders | Address | Number of instruments held | Face value per debenture (in ₹) | Amount (in ₹) |
|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| 5. | C J Varghese | Chittilappilly House, Near Society, Parappur, Thrissur 680552 | 600 | 100 | 60,000 |
| 6. | V V Aleyamma | Pezhathuparambil, Vellor, Kottayam 686501 | 500 | 100 | 50,000 |

Listed unsecured subordinated non-convertible debentures, issued *vide* public issue:

| Sr. No. | Name of the Holder | Address | Number of instruments held | Face value of debentures (in ₹) | Amount (in ₹) |
|------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| 1. | Monetary Kuries Private Limited | 3rd Floor, Bell Mouth Bldg, Round South, Thrissur Kerala, 680001 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 1,00,00,00 0 |
| 2. | Ajimon Mary John | Charuvilla Puthen Veedu, Thekkumpuram, Pavithreswaram Neduvathoor, Kollam, Kerala 691507 | 6,000 | 1,000 | 60,00,000 |
| 3. | Renjini Reji | B 207 Paradise Raheja Vihar, Chandivali, Powai, Mumbai Sakinaka Kurala Mumbai, Maharashtra 400072 | 6,000 | 1,000 | 60,00,000 |
| 4. | Simon Kurudamannil Simon | No 12 J P Nagar, Muthoor P O, Thiruvalla, Pathanamthitta, Kerala 689107 | 6,000 | 1,000 | 60,00,000 |
| 5. | Madathinkal Narayanan Suresh | Madathinkal House, Kothaparamba P O, Kodungallur, Ala, Thrissur Kerala 680 668 | 5,500 | 1,000 | 55,00,000 |
| 6. | Renu Daniel | Chalathu Renji Villa, Moonnalam, Adoor Po, Pathanamthitta Kerala, 691523 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 50,00,000 |
| 7. | Davis Mohan Ambakkaden | Ambakkaden House, Royal Avanue, Thiruvambaby P O, Thrissur Kerala 680022 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 50,00,000 |
| 8. | Thayamkulangara Kuries Private Limited | Malithu Towers, Cherpu P O, Thrissur, Thrissur, Kerala 680561 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 50,00,000 |
| 9. | Varghese Mathai | Akkanattu Rose Villa, Erazha, North, Mavelikara, Chettikulangara Kerala, 690106 | 4,500 | 1,000 | 45,00,000 |
| 10. | Leelamma Thankachan | Edathundil, Kannanakuzhi PO, Charummood, Alappuzha, Kerala 690505 | 4,500 | 1,000 | 45,00,000 |

9. Debt - equity ratio:

The debt equity ratio estimated after the proposed public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures worth ₹ 30,000.00 lakhs comes to 7.21. Detailed workings are given below:

| | | (₹ in lakhs) |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Particulars | As at March 31, 2021 | Post Issue |
| Total Debt (A) | 3,45,571.39 | 3,75,571.39 |
| Equity | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 20,250.05 | 20,250.5 |
| Other Equity | | |
| Capital Reserve | 9.07 | 9.07 |
| Statutory Reserve | 6,679.58 | 6,679.58 |
| Revaluation Reserve | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| Securities Premium | 2,755.03 | 2,755.03 |
| General Reserve | 11,660.97 | 11,660.97 |
| Impairment Reserve | 3,403.13 | 3,403.13 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | 19.91 | 19.91 |
| Retained Earnings | 7,278.25 | 7,27825 |
| Total Equity (B) | 52,058.85 | 52,058.85 |
| Debt/ Equity (C)=(A)/(B) | 6.64 | 7.21 |

Notes:-

- 1. The pre-issue figures disclosed are based on the audited financial statements as at March 31, 2021.
- 2. The Debt Equity ratio post issue is indicative and is on account of the assumed inflow of ₹30,000 lakhs from the proposed issue.
- 3. The encumbrance cerfiticate was dated June 28, 2021.

The following events that occurred from April 1, 2021 and may have an impact on above calculation:

- a. The Company has allotted 23,73,562 secured and 2,58,526 unsecured NCD's of face value ₹1,000.00 each amounting to ₹26,320.88 lakhs on April 29, 2021.
- b. The Company has redeemed 13,49,405 of public issseof secured NCDs of face value ₹1,000.00 each amounting to ₹13,494.05 lakhs.
- c. The allotment of 10,80,625 rights issue of equity shares was made on July 09, 2021. The issue of equity shares of $\gtrless 10$ were ade at a premium of $\gtrless 30$ and $\gtrless 432.25$ lakhswas received by the Company.

10. For details on the total outstanding debt of our Company, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" beginning on page 121.

Our Company does not have any outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (i) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or part, (ii) at a premium or discount or (iii) in pursuance of an option.

11. Details of any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year

Our Company has not made any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year.

12. Details of any reorganisation or reconstruction in the last one year

Our Company has not made any reorganisation or reconstruction in the last one year.

13. Employee Stock Option Scheme:

Our Company does not have any employee stock option scheme.

STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO DEBENTURE HOLDERS

The Board of Directors Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam MKC Building, Market Junction, ML Road, Kottayam-686001, Kerala

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Statement of possible Tax Benefits under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, as amended, available to Debenture Holders of Kosamattam Finance Limited ("Company") in connection with proposed issue of Non- Convertible Debentures ("Issue")

We refer to the proposed issue of Non-Convertible Debentures by the Company. We enclose herewith the statement showing the current positions of tax benefits available to the debenture holders as per the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 ("I.T. Act") and Income tax Rules, 1962 including amendments made by Finance Act 2021 as applicable for the financial year 2021-2022 Several of these benefits are dependent on the Company and its debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the I.T. Act. Hence, the ability of the debenture holders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions.

We are informed that the debentures of the Company will be listed on recognised stock exchanges in India. The Annexure has been prepared on that basis.

The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexure are not exhaustive. This statement is only intended to provide general information to the debenture holders and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each debenture holder is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the issue particularly in view of the fact that certain recently enacted legislation may not have a direct legal precedent or may have a different interpretation on the benefits, which a debenture holder can avail. Neither are we suggesting nor are we advising the debenture holders to invest money based on this statement.

We accept no responsibility to debenture holders or any third party and this should be stated in the Draft Prospectus, and Prospectus (collectively the "**Offer Documents**"). The contents of the enclosed statement are based on the representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

- 1. the Company or its debenture holders will continue to obtain these benefits in future;
- 2. the conditions prescribed for availing the benefits have been/would be met with;
- 3. the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein.

This statement is provided solely for the purpose of assisting the Company in discharging its responsibilities under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, as amended. We hereby give our consent to include the enclosed statement regarding the tax benefits available to the Company and to its debenture holders in the Offer Documents for the Issue which the Company intends to file to the BSE Limited, the Securities and Exchange Board of India, the relevant Registrar of Companies in India and any other regulatory authorities as required under the applicable laws, in connection with the Issue provided that the below statement of limitation is included in the Offer Documents.

LIMITATIONS

Our views expressed in the annexure attached are based on the facts and assumptions indicated above. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. Reliance on the statement is on the express understanding that we do not assume responsibility towards the debenture holders who may or may not

invest in the Issue relying on the statement.

This statement has been prepared solely in connection with the Issue under the Regulations as amended.

For VISHNU RAJENDRAN & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN: 004741S

P. A. Joseph M.Sc., FCA Partner M No: 201101 UDIN: 21201101AAAADR6077 Peer Review No: 011622

Place: Kottayam Date: 15.07.2021

ANNEXURE

The information provided below sets out the possible direct tax benefits available to the debenture holders of the company in a summary manner only and is not a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences of the subscription, ownership and disposal of non-convertible debentures ("debentures"), under the current tax laws presently in force in India. Several of these benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws. Hence, the ability of the debenture holders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which, based on commercial imperatives a debenture holder faces, may or may not choose to fulfil. We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether the Company or its debenture holders will continue to obtain these benefits in future. The following overview is not exhaustive or comprehensive and is not intended to be a substitute for professional advice.

Debenture holders are advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to the tax implications of an investment in the debentures particularly in view of the fact that certain recently enacted legislation may not have a direct legal precedent or may have a different interpretation on the benefits, which an investor can avail.

Our views expressed in this statement are based on the facts and assumptions as indicated in the statement. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to change from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. Reliance on this statement is on the express understanding that we do not assume responsibility towards the investors who may or may not invest in the proposed issue relying on this statement.

This statement has been prepared solely in connection with the Issue under the Regulations as amended.

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE DIRECT TAX BENEFITS AVAILABLE TO THE DEBENTURE HOLDERS

A. Under the Income-Tax Act, 1961 ("I.T. Act")

I. Tax benefits available to the Resident Debenture Holders

1. Interest on debentures received by resident debenture holders would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.

2. As per section 2(29A) read with section 2(42A) of the I.T. Act, a listed debenture is treated as a long term capital asset if the same is held for more than 12 months immediately preceding the date of its transfer.

As per section 112A of the I.T. Act, capital gains arising on the transfer of long term capital assets being listed debentures are subject to tax at the rate of 10% [plus applicable surcharge and Health and Education Cess ("cess")] of capital gains calculated without indexation of the cost of acquisition. The capital gains shall be computed by deducting expenditure incurred in connection with such transfer and cost of acquisition of the debentures from the sale consideration.

In case of an individual or HUF, being a resident, where the total income as reduced by such long –term capital gains is below the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, then, such long term capital gains shall be reduced by the amount by which the total income as so reduced falls short of the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax and the tax on the balance of such long-term capital gains shall be computed at the rate mentioned above.

3. As per section 2(42A) of the I.T. Act, a listed debenture is treated as a short term capital asset if the same is held for not more than 12 months immediately preceding the date of its transfer.

Short-term capital gains on the transfer of listed debentures, where debentures are held for a period of not more than 12 months would be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act. The provisions relating to maximum amount not chargeable to tax described at para 2 above would also apply to such short term capital gains.

4. In case debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.

5. Securities Transaction Tax ("STT") is a tax levied on all transactions in specified securities done on the stock exchanges at rates prescribed by the Central Government from time to time. STT is not applicable on transactions in the debentures.

6. Income tax is deductible at source on interest on debentures, payable to resident debenture holders at the time of credit/ payment as per the provisions of section 193 of the I.T. Act. However, no income tax is deductible at source in respect of any security issued by a Company in a dematerialized form and is listed on recognized stock exchange in India in accordance with the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the rules made there under.

7. Interest on application money and interest on refund application would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act and such tax would need to be withheld at the time of credit/payment as per the provisions of Section 194A of the I.T. Act

II. Tax benefits available to the Non-Resident Debenture Holders

1. A non-resident Indian has an option to be governed by Chapter XII -A of the I.T. Act, subject to the provisions contained therein which are given in brief as under:

(a) As per section 115C(e) of the Act, the term "non-resident Indian" means an individual, being a citizen of India or a person of Indian origin who is not a "resident". A person shall be deemed to be of Indian origin if he, or either of his parents or any of his grand-parents, was born in undivided India.

(b) As per section 115E of the I.T. Act, interest income from debentures acquired or purchased with or subscribed to in convertible foreign exchange will be taxable at 20%, whereas, long term capital gains on transfer of such debentures will be taxable at 10% of such capital gains without indexation of cost of acquisition.

Short-term capital gains will be taxable at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.

(c) As per section 115F of the I.T. Act, long term capital gains arising to a non-resident Indian from transfer of debentures acquired or purchased with or subscribed to in convertible foreign exchange will be exempt from capital gain tax if the net consideration is invested within six months after the date of transfer of the debentures in any specified asset or in any saving certificates referred to in section10(4B) of the I.T. Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein. However, if the new assets are transferred or converted into money within a period of three years from their date of acquisition, the amount of capital gains exempted earlier would become chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which the new assets are transferred or converted into money.

(d) As per section 115G of the I.T. Act, it shall not be necessary for a non-resident Indian to file a return of income under section 139(1) of the I.T. Act, if his total income consists only of investment income as defined under section 115C and/or long term capital gains earned on transfer of such investment acquired out of convertible foreign exchange, and the tax has been deducted at source from such income under the provisions of Chapter XVII-B of the I.T. Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.

(e) As per section 115H of the I.T. Act, where a non-resident Indian becomes assessable as resident in India in any subsequent year, he may furnish to the Assessing Officer a declaration in writing along with return of income under section 139 for the assessment year for which he is assessable as a resident, to the effect that the provisions of Chapter XII -A shall continue to apply to him in relation to the investment income (other than on shares in an Indian Company) derived from any foreign exchange assets in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein. On doing so, the provisions of Chapter XII-A shall continue to apply to him in relation to such income for that assessment year and for every subsequent assessment year until the transfer or conversion (otherwise than by transfer) into money of such assets.

2. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 115-I of the I.T. Act, a non-resident Indian may opt not to be governed by the provisions of Chapter XII -A of the I.T. Act. In that case,

- (a) Long term capital gains on transfer of listed debentures would be subject to tax at the rate of 10% computed without indexation.
- (b) Investment income and Short-term capital gains on the transfer of listed debentures, where debentures are held for a period of not more than 12 months preceding the date of transfer, would be taxed at the

normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act

(c) Where debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act.

3. Under Section 195 of the I.T. Act, the applicable rate of tax deduction at source is 20% on investment income and 10% on any long-term capital gains as per section 115E of the I.T. Act, and at the normal rates for Short Term Capital Gains if the payee debenture holder is a non-resident Indian.

4. Interest on application money and interest on refund application would be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the I.T. Act and such tax would need to be withheld at the time of credit/payment as per the provisions of Section 195 of the I.T. Act

5. The income tax deducted shall be increased by surcharge as under:

(a) In the case of non-resident Indian, surcharge at the rate of 10% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 50,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 1,00,00,000), 15% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 2,00,00,000), 25% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 2,00,00,000) and 37% of such tax liability (if net income exceeds Rs. 5,00,00,000) subject to deduction.

(b) In the case of foreign companies, surcharge at the rate of 2% of such tax liability where the income or the aggregate of such income paid or likely to be paid and subject to deduction exceeds Rs. 1,00,00,000 but does not exceed Rs. 10,00,00,000, surcharge at the rate of 5% of such income tax where the income or the aggregate of such income paid or likely to be paid and subject to the deduction exceeds Rs. 10,00,00,000.

(d) Cess is to be applied at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.

6. As per section 90(2) of the I.T. Act read with the Circular no. 728 dated October 30, 1995 issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in the DTAA, whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. However, submission of tax residency certificate ("TRC"), is a mandatory condition for availing benefits under any DTAA. If the TRC does not contain the prescribed particulars, a self - declaration in Form 10F would need to be provided by the assesse along with TRC.

7. Alternatively, to ensure non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the Debenture Holder should furnish a certificate under section 197(1) of the I.T. Act, from the Assessing Officer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest.

III. Tax benefits available to the Foreign Institutional Investors ("FII")

- 1. As per Section 2(14) of the I.T. Act, any securities held by FIIs which has invested in such securities in accordance with the regulations made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, shall be treated as capital assets. Accordingly, any gains arising from transfer of such securities shall be chargeable to tax in the hands of FIIs as capital gains.
- 2. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 115AD of the I.T. Act, long term capital gains on transfer of debentures by FIIs are taxable at 10% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) and short-term capital gains are taxable at 30% (plus applicable surcharge and cess). The benefit of cost indexation will not be available. Further, benefit of provisions of the first proviso of section 48 of the I.T. Act will not apply.
- 3. Income other than capital gains arising out of debentures is taxable at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 115AD of the I.T. Act.
- 4. Section 194LD in the I.T. Act provides for lower rate of withholding tax at the rate of 5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on payment by way of interest paid by an Indian company to FIIs and Qualified Foreign Investor in respect of rupee denominated bond of an Indian company between June 1, 2013 and July 1, 2023 provided such rate does not exceed the rate as may be notified by the Government.

5. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of section 196D(2) of the I.T. Act, no deduction of tax at source is applicable in respect of capital gains arising on the transfer of debentures by FIIs.

IV. Tax benefits available to Mutual Funds

As per section 10(23D) of the Act, any income of Mutual Funds registered under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or Regulations made thereunder, Mutual Funds set up by public sector banks or public financial institutions and Mutual Funds authorized by the Reserve Bank of India will be exempt from income tax, subject to such conditions as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

V. Exemption under Sections 54EE and 54F of the I.T. Act

1. As per provisions of Section 54EE of the I.T. Act, long term capital gains arising to debenture holders on transfer of their debentures in the company shall not be chargeable to tax to the extent such capital gains are invested in certain notified units within six months after the date of transfer. If only part of the capital gain is so invested, the exemption shall be proportionately reduced. However, if the said notified units are transferred within three years from their date of acquisition, the amount of capital gain exempted earlier would become chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which units are transferred. Further, in case where loan or advance on the security of such notified units is availed, such notified units shall be deemed to have been transferred on the date on which such loan or advance is taken. However, the amount of exemption with respect to the investment made in the aforesaid notified units during the financial year in which such debentures are transferred and the subsequent financial year, should not exceed Rs.50 lakhs.

2. As per the provisions of section 54F of the I.T. Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset (not being residential house) arising to a debenture holder who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a new residential house, or for construction of residential house within three years from the date of transfer. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis.

This exemption is available, subject to the condition that the debenture holder does not own more than one residential house at the time of such transfer. If the residential house in which the investment has been made is transferred within a period of three years from the date of its purchase or construction, the amount of capital gains tax exempted earlier would become chargeable to tax as long term capital gains in the year in which such residential house is transferred. Similarly, if the debenture holder purchases within a period of three years after the date of transfer of capital asset, another residential house (other than the new residential house referred above), then the original exemption will be taxed as capital gains in the year in which the additional residential house is acquired.

VI. Requirement to furnish PAN under the I.T. Act

1. Section 139A(5A) of the I.T. Act requires every person receiving any sum or income or amount from which tax has been deducted under Chapter XVII-B of the I.T. Act to furnish his PAN to the person responsible for deducting such tax.

2. Section 206AA of the I.T. Act requires every person entitled to receive any sum or income or amount, on which tax is deductible under Chapter XVIIB ("deductee") to furnish his PAN to the deductor, failing which tax shall be deducted at the higher of the following rates:

(i) at the rate specified in the relevant provision of the I.T. Act; or(ii) at the rate or rates in force; or(iii) at the rate of twenty per cent.

3. As per Rule 37BC, the higher rate under section 206AA shall not apply to a non-resident, not being a company, or to a foreign company, in respect of payment of interest, if the non-resident deductee furnishes the prescribed details *inter alia* TRC and Tax Identification Number (TIN).

VII. Taxability of Gifts received for nil or inadequate consideration

As per section 56(2)(x) of the I.T. Act, where any person receives debentures from any person on or after April 01, 2017:

(a) without consideration, aggregate fair market value of which exceeds fifty thousand rupees, then the whole of the aggregate fair market value of such debentures or;

(b) for a consideration which is less than the aggregate fair market value of the debenture by an amount exceeding fifty thousand rupees, then the aggregate fair market value of such debentures as exceeds such consideration;

shall be taxable as the income of the recipient at the normal rates of tax. The above is subject to few exceptions as stated in section 56(2)(x) of the I.T. Act.

NOTES:

- 1. The statement of tax benefits enumerated above is as per the Income-tax Act, 1961, as amended by the Finance Act, 2021.
- 2. Surcharge is levied on individuals, HUF, association of persons, body of individuals and artificial juridical person at the rate of 10% on tax where total income exceeds Rs.50 lakhs but does not exceed Rs.1 crore, at the rate of 15% on tax where the total income exceeds Rs.1crore 25% of such tax liability where the net income exceeds Rs. 2,00,00,000 and does not exceed Rs. 5,00,00,000 and 37% of such tax liability where the net income exceeds Rs. 5,00,00,000.
- 3. Surcharge is levied on firm, co-operative society and local authority at the rate of 12% on tax where the total income exceeds Rs. 1crore.
- 4. Surcharge is levied on domestic companies at the rate of 7% on tax where the income exceeds Rs.1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 10 crores and at the rate of 12% on tax where the income exceedsRs.10 crores. (other than companies availing benefit under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the I.T. Act)
- 5. Surcharge is levied on domestic companies availing benefit under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the I.T. Act at the rate of 10%.
- 6. Surcharge is levied on every company other than domestic company at the rate of 2% on tax where the income exceeds Rs. 1 crore but does not exceed Rs. 10 crores and at the rate of 5% on tax where the income exceeds Rs. 10 crores.
- 7. Health and Education Cess is to be applied at 4% on aggregate of base tax and surcharge.
- 8. Several of the above tax benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws and subject to General Anti Avoidance Rules covered under Chapter X-A of the Act.

OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

Our Company has filed this Prospectus for public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹1,000 each ("**NCDs**") aggregating upto ₹ 15,000 lakhs with an option to retain oversubscription upto ₹ 15,000 lakhs, aggregating upto ₹ 30,000 lakhs ("**Issue**").

Our Company is in the business of gold loan financing, and as part of our business operations, we raise/avail funds for onward lending and for repayment of interest and principal of existing debts.

Our Company proposes to utilise the funds which are being raised through the Issue, after deducting the Issue related expenses to the extent payable by our Company ("**Net Proceeds**"), towards funding the following objects (collectively, referred to herein as the "**Objects**"):

- 1. For the purpose of onward lending;
- 2. For repayment of interest and principal of existing debts of our Company; and
- 3. For general corporate purposes;

The main objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of our Company permits our Company to undertake the activities for which the funds are being raised through the present Issue and also the activities which our Company has been carrying on till date.

The details of the proceeds of the Issue are set forth in the following table:

| | | (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Sr. No. | Description | Amount |
| 1. | Gross proceeds of the Issue | 30,000.00 |
| 2. | (less) Issue related expenses | 160.00 |
| 3. | Net Proceeds | 29,840.00 |

Requirement of funds and utilisation of Net Proceeds

The following table details the objects of the Issue and the amount proposed to be financed from the Net Proceeds:

| Sr. No. | Objects of the Issue | Percentage of amount proposed to be financed from Net Proceeds | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. | Onward lending | at least 40% | | |
| 2. | Repayment of interest and principal of existing debts up to 3 | | | |
| 3. | General Corporate Purposes* | Maximum up to 25% | | |
| | Total | 100% | | |

*The Net Proceeds will be first utilised towards the Objects mentioned above. The balance is proposed to be utilised for general corporate purposes, subject to such utilisation not exceeding 25% of the gross proceeds, in compliance with the SEBI Debt Regulations.

For further details of our Company's outstanding indebtedness, see "Financial Indebtedness" on page 121.

General Corporate Purposes

Our Company intends to deploy up to 25% of the amount raised and allotted in the Issue for general corporate purposes, including but not restricted to routine capital expenditure, renovations, strategic initiatives, partnerships, meeting any expenditure in relation to our Company as well as meeting exigencies which our Company may face in the ordinary course of business, or any other purposes as may be approved by the Board of Directors.

Funding plan

NA

Summary of the project appraisal report

NA

Schedule of implementation of the project

NA

Interim Use of Proceeds

Our Board of Directors, in accordance with the policies formulated by it from time to time, will have flexibility in deploying the proceeds received from the Issue. Pending utilisation of the proceeds out of the Issue for the purposes described above, our Company intends to temporarily invest funds in high quality interest bearing liquid instruments including money market mutual funds, deposits with banks or temporarily deploy the funds in investment grade interest bearing securities as may be approved by the Board. Such investment would be in accordance with the investment policies approved by the Board or any committee thereof from time to time.

Monitoring of Utilisation of Funds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI Debt Regulations. The Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue. For the relevant Financial Years commencing from Financial Year 2020-21, our Company will disclose in our financial statements, the utilisation of the net proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilised proceeds of the Issue. Our Company shall utilise the proceeds of the Issue only upon the execution of the documents for creation of security and receipt of final listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange.

Details regarding lending done out of the issue proceeds of previous public issues

The entire proceeds of the previous public Issuances of non-convertible debentures have been utilised according to the objects mentioned in the respective offer documents i.e. minimum 75% towards lending and repayment of interest and principal of existing debts and balance approx. 25% towards general corporate purposes.

Variation in terms of contract or objects in Prospectus

Our Company shall not, in terms of Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, vary the terms of a contract referred to in this Prospectus or objects for which this Prospectus shall be issued, except subject to the approval of, or except subject to an authority given by the shareholders in a general meeting by way of special resolution and after abiding by all the formalities prescribed in Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Issue related Expenses

The expenses for this Issue include, inter alia, lead management fees and selling commission to the lead managers, lead brokers, fees payable to debenture trustees, underwriters, the Registrar to the Issue, SCSBs' commission/ fees, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, advertisement expenses and listing fees. The Issue expenses and listing fees will be paid by our Company.

| | | (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| Activity | Amount | Percentage of Overall Issue Size |
| | | (%) |
| Fees to intermediaries (Lead Manager's fees, brokerage, rating agency, | 80.00 | 0.27 |
| Registrar, legal advisors, Debenture Trustee, etc.) | | |
| Advertising and Marketing Expenses | 50.00 | 0.17 |
| Printing, Stationery and Distribution | 10.00 | 0.03 |
| Other Miscellaneous Expenses | 20.00 | 0.07 |
| Total | 160.00 | 0.54 |

The estimated breakdown of the total expenses for the Issue is as follows*

The above expenses are indicative and are subject to change depending on the actual level of subscription to the Issue and the number of Allottees, market conditions and other relevant factors.

Our Company shall pay processing fees to the SCSBs for Application forms procured by Designated

Intermediaries and submitted to the SCSBs for blocking the Application Amount of the applicant, at the rate of ₹ 10 per Application Form procured (plus service tax and other applicable taxes). However, it is clarified that in case of ASBA Application Forms procured directly by the SCSBs, the relevant SCSBs shall not be entitled to any ASBA Processing Fee. Further, RTAs and CDPs shall be paid ₹ 10 per each valid Application Form procured.

Other confirmations

In accordance with the SEBI Debt Regulations, our Company will not utilise the proceeds of the Issue for providing loans to or for acquisitions of shares of any person who is a part of the same group as our Company or who is under the same management of our Company.

No part of the Issue Proceeds will be paid by our Company to our Promoters, our Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Managerial Personnel or companies promoted by our Promoters.

The Issue proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any property. The Issue proceeds shall not be used for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in equity shares of any other listed company.

The Issue proceeds from NCDs allotted to Banks will not be utilised for any purpose which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs including those relating to classification as capital market exposure or any other sectors that are prohibited under the RBI Regulations.

Our Company undertakes that the Issue proceeds from NCDs allotted to banks shall not be used for any purpose, which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs.

Our Company confirms that it will not use the proceeds of the Issue for the purchase of any business or in the purchase of any interest in any business whereby our Company shall become entitled to the capital or profit or losses or both in such business exceeding 50% thereof, directly or indirectly in the acquisition of any immovable property or acquisition of securities of any other body corporate.

The fund requirement as above is based on our current business plan and is subject to change in light of variations in external circumstances or costs, or in our financial condition, cash flows, business or strategy. Our management, in response to the competitive and dynamic nature of the industry, will have the discretion to revise its business plan from time to time and consequently our funding requirements and deployment of funds may also change.

Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

- (a) All monies received pursuant to the issue of NCDs to public shall be transferred to a separate bank account other than the bank account referred to in Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Company's Balance Sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance Sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;
- (d) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any immovable property;
- We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the documents for creation of security as stated in this Prospectus, on receipt of the minimum subscription and receipt of listing approval from the Stock Exchange;

Details of all utilised and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilised indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilised monies have been invested.

SECTION IV - ABOUT OUR COMPANY AND THE INDUSTRY

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The following information includes extracts from publicly available information, data and statistics derived from reports prepared by third party consultants, including CRISIL Research - Industry Report on gold loan industry dated June 2021, private publications, and industry reports prepared by various trade associations, as well as other sources, which have not been prepared or independently verified by the Company, the Lead Manager or any of its respective affiliates or advisors. Such information, data and statistics may be approximations or may use rounded numbers. Certain data has been reclassified for the purpose of presentation and much of the available information is based on best estimates and should therefore be regarded as indicative only and treated with appropriate caution.

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Overview of the Indian economy

According to the provisional estimates released by the National Statistical Office, India's GDP contracted by 7.3% (in real terms) in the previous fiscal, after having grown 4.0% in fiscal 2020. At Rs 135.1 lakh crore in fiscal 2021, Indian GDP in absolute terms went below even the fiscal 2019 level of Rs 140.0 lakh crore.

While agriculture (3.6%) and utilities (1.9%) registered positive growth, trade, hotels, transport, communication, and services related to the broadcasting sector declined the most (-18.2%), followed by construction (-8.6%), mining (-8.5%) and manufacturing (-7.2%). Government final consumption expenditure (GFCE) grew 2.9% in fiscal 2021, limiting the overall decline in GDP growth. Fresh investments or gross fixed capital formation (GFCF), on the other hand, declined by a massive 10.8%, followed by a 9.1% decline in private final consumption expenditure.

Sequentially, economic growth further improved in the fourth quarter (1.6% on-year real GDP growth), after returning to positive trajectory in the third (0.5%), helped largely by the 28.3% on-year rise in GFCE. On the supply side, however, the slowdown persisted in some sectors in the fourth quarter as well. While overall gross value added (GVA) grew 3.7%, mining GVA declined 5.7% and trade, hotels, transport, communication and services related to broadcasting fell by 2.3%.

The second Covid-19 wave has thrown cold water over the Indian economy that was beginning to warm up after the most severe contraction since Independence. The rash of afflictions that followed forced states to lock down, hurting consumer and business confidence yet again. Mercifully, daily cases seem to have peaked for now, though they remain above the peak of the first wave. But the risks of another wave and tardy vaccinations mean states would be xchary of fully unlocking anytime soon. That is unlike what we saw last fiscal, when a largely uniform and calibrated reopening spurred quite a sharp recovery.

Consequently, CRISIL estimates gross domestic product (GDP) growth forecast for India at 9.5% for the current fiscal. This is premised on the clearly evident hit to the two engines of growth – private consumption and investment – by the second wave. Forecast assumes that Covid-19 restrictions will continue and mobility will remain affected in some form or other, at least till August.

The pace of economic recovery will also be a function of what the pace of vaccination is in the coming months. It is found that countries with over 40% of their population vaccinated are seeing a faster and more broad-based economic recovery. The government plans to vaccinate India's entire adult population (68% of total population) by this December.

GDP growth (%)



Strong GDP rebound expected, but not sufficient to catch up to pre-pandemic trend

Note: E - Provisional estimates, P – Projected Source: National Statistical Office (NSO), CRISIL Research

Risks

- A third wave this fiscal: This could bring further disruption to mobility and economic recovery
- Slower pace of vaccination: Insufficient pick-up in pace of vaccinations, accentuating risks of a third wave
- Elevated inflation: Significant cost-push pressures on account of surging international commodity prices and supply disruptions has raised cost of production for manufacturing firms. Pass-through to consumer prices could further pose as a headwind to recovery in demand
- **Premature tightening of global monetary policies:** Resurgence of inflation globally could lead major central banks to unwind their extraordinary easy monetary policies sooner than expected. This could hit sentiment, possibly leading to capital outflows from the Indian economy and some tightening in domestic financial conditions

| Macro variable | FY20 | FY21E | FY22P | Rationale for outlook |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Real GDP (%, y-o-y) | 4.2 | -7.3 | 9.5% | The second wave and the resultant localised lockdowns has impeded the path to economic recovery. That said, expected pick-up in economic activity post vaccination and support from global growth would act as positives |
| Consumer price index- linked (CPI) inflation (%, y-o-y) | 4.8 | 6.2 | 5.3 | Upside risks on inflation are growing from surging international commodity prices. While producers are bearing a greater burden of rising input costs for now, these could get passed to retail prices once demand recovers. Food inflation could also face pressure from disruptions to rural economy due to the pandemic's spread, and rising global prices |
| 10-year government | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.5 | The RBI's unconventional policy measures have been instrumental in keeping Gsec yields at decadal lows, at a time when the bond market is |

Macroeconomic outlook

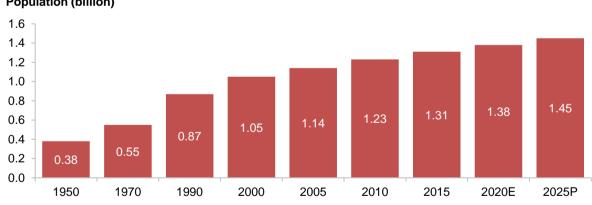
| Macro variable | FY20 | FY21E | FY22P | Rationale for outlook |
|-------------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| security (G- sec) yield | | | | facing an unprecedented rise in government borrowing. Supply pressures could have a bearing on yields once the RBI starts normalising liquidity. |
| (%, March- end) | | | | Adverse global developments such as premature withdrawal of monetary easing by US Federal Reserve could further add pressure |
| Current account balance/ GDP (%) | -0.9 | 1.3 | -1.2 | The trajectory of Covid-19 infections, pace of the vaccination drive, and duration of state lockdowns will have an important bearing on domestic demand and, consequently, import growth. Increased prices of commodities, especially crude oil – India's largest import item – will drive imports. External demand will support exports, backed by strong economic recovery among India's major trading partners in the US, Europe, and Asia |
| Rs/\$. (March average) | 74.4 | 72.8 | 75 | With the second wave adversely impacting India's economic recovery, and amid inflationary pressures, the rupee may weaken against the dollar. The current account balance turning into deficit (from a surplus last fiscal), will exert further downside pressure on the rupee. Some support may be seen due to the RBI's interventions to mitigate volatility. Record high forex reserves, and foreign investor inflows owing to interest rate differential between India and global economies, will also prop up the rupee |

Note: P – Projected Source: RBI, NSO, CRISIL Research

India's advantages to help economy achieve stronger growth in longer term

India has the second-largest population in the world

As per Census 2011, India's population was ~1.2 billion, comprising nearly 246 million households. The population increased by more than 181 million from 2001-11 and is expected to increase to 1.45 billion by 2025.



India's population growth trajectory

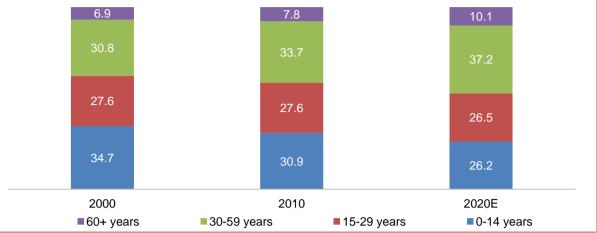
Population (billion)

Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social affairs, CRISIL Research

Favourable demographics

India is also one of the nations with the highest young population, with a median age of 28 years. About 90% of Indians are aged below 60 years. CRISIL Research estimates that 63% of this population is aged between 15 and 59 years. We expect the existence of the large share of working population, coupled with rapid urbanisation and rising affluence, will propel growth of the Indian financial services sector.

India's demographic division (share of different age groups in India's population)

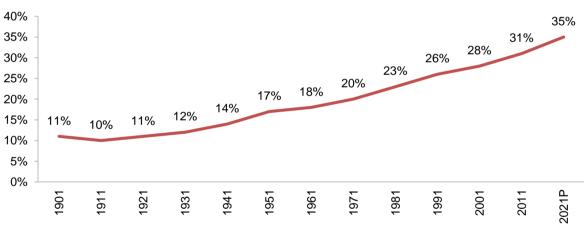


Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social affairs, CRISIL Research

Rise in urbanisation

Urbanisation is a key growth driver for India since it leads to faster infrastructure development, job creation, development of modern consumer services, and the city's ability to mobilise savings. The share of the urban population in total population has been consistently rising over years, and is estimated to have reached 35% by 2020 from 31% in 2011, spurring more demand.

Urban consumption in India has shown signs of improvement, and given India's favourable demographics coupled with rising disposable incomes, the trend is likely to continue and drive economic growth.



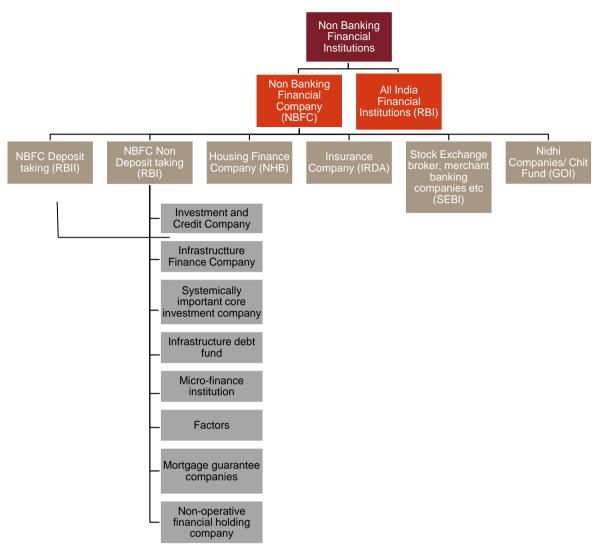
Urbanisation in India

Source: United Nations Department of Economic and Social affairs, IMF

Overview of the NBFC sector

Structure of non-banking financial institutions in India

Indian financial system includes banks and non-bank financial companies (NBFCs). Though the banking system remains dominant in financial services, NBFCs have grown in importance by carving a niche for themselves in under-penetrated regions and unbanked segments.



Note: The regulatory authority for the respective institution is indicated within the brackets; All-India Financial Institutions include NABARD, SIDBI, EXIM Bank Source: RBI, CRISIL Research

NBFCs are an important part of the credit system

Financing needs in India have risen in sync with the notable economic growth over the past decade. NBFCs have played a major role in meeting this need, complementing banks and other financial institutions.

NBFCs help fill gaps in the availability of financial services with respect to products as well as customer and geographic segments. A strong linkage at the grassroots level makes them a critical cog in the financial machine. They cater to the unbanked masses in rural and semi-urban reaches and lend to the informal sector and people without credit histories, thereby enabling the government and regulators to realise the mission of financial inclusion. As of March 2020, they accounted for ~23% of the overall systemic credit.

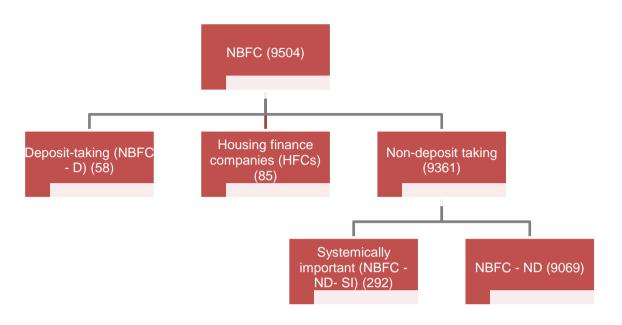
Classification of NBFCs

NBFCs have been classified on the basis of the kind of liabilities they access, types of activities they pursue and their perceived systemic importance.

Liabilities-based classification

NBFCs are classified on the basis of liabilities into two broad categories: (a) deposit-taking; and (b) non-deposit taking. Deposit-taking NBFCs (NBFC - D) are subject to the requirements of stricter capital adequacy, liquid-assets maintenance and exposure norms.

Further, in 2015, non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of Rs 5 billion and above were labelled as 'systemically important non-deposit taking NBFCs' (NBFC - ND - SI), and separate prudential regulations were made applicable to them.



Source: RBI, CRISIL Research

Note: Figures in brackets represent number of entities registered with RBI as of January, 2021.

Activity-based classification

As per the RBI circular dated February 22, 2019, the central bank has merged three categories of NBFCs, i.e., asset finance companies (AFC), loan companies (LCs) and investment companies (ICs), into a new category called NBFC – Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC):

- **Investment and credit company** (**NBFC-ICC**): An NBFC-ICC means any company that is a financial institution carrying on as its principal business of providing finance by making loans or advances or otherwise for any activity other than its own and acquisition of securities; and is not any other category of NBFC.
- Infrastructure finance company (IFC): An IFC is an NBFC that deploys at least 75% of its total assets in infrastructure loans, and has a minimum net-owned funds of Rs 300 crore, with a minimum credit rating of 'A' or equivalent and a 15% CRAR (Capital to risk-weighted adequacy ratio).
- Systemically important core investment company (CIC-ND-SI): A CIC-ND-SI is an NBFC in the business of acquisition of shares and securities and satisfying the following conditions:
 - Holds not less than 90% of its total assets in the form of investments in equity shares, preference shares, debt or loans in group companies
 - Investments in equity shares (including instruments compulsorily convertible into equity shares within a period not exceeding 10 years from the date of issue) in group companies that constitute not less than 60% of its total assets
 - Does not trade in its investments in shares, debt or loans in group companies except through block sales for dilution or disinvestment
 - Does not carry on any other financial activity referred to in Section 45I(c) and 45I(f) of the RBI Act, 1934, except investments in bank deposits, money-market instruments, G-secs, loans to and investments in debt issuances of group companies or guarantees issued on behalf of group companies
 - Asset size is Rs 500 crore or above
 - Accepts public funds
- Infrastructure debt fund (IDF-NBFC): An IDF-NBFC is a company registered as an NBFC to facilitate the flow of long-term debt into infrastructure projects. It raises resources through the issue of rupee or dollar-

denominated bonds with a minimum five-year maturity. Only IFCs can sponsor IDF-NBFCs

- **Micro-finance institution (NBFC-MFI):** An NBFC-MFI is a non-deposit-taking NBFC with not less than 85% of its assets in the nature of qualifying assets, which satisfy the following criteria:
 - The NBFC-MFI can disburse loans to borrowers with a rural household annual income not exceeding Rs 100,000 or with urban and semi-urban household income not exceeding Rs 160,000
 - Loan amount does not exceed Rs 50,000 in the first cycle and Rs 100,000 in subsequent cycles
 - Total indebtedness of the borrower does not exceed Rs 100,000
 - Loan tenure to not be less than 24 months for a loan amount in excess of Rs 15,000 with prepayment without penalty
 - Loan to be extended without collateral
 - Aggregate amount of loans, given for income generation, is not less than 50% of total loans given by MFIs
 - Loan is repayable on weekly, fortnightly or monthly instalments as per the borrower's choice
- **Factors (NBFC-Factors):** An NBFC-Factor is a non-deposit-taking NBFC engaged in the principal business of factoring. Financial assets in the factoring business should constitute at least 50% of its total assets and income derived from the factoring business should not be less than 50% of its gross income.
- Mortgage guarantee companies (MGC): An MGC is a financial institution for which at least 90% of the business turnover is mortgage guarantees or at least 90% of the gross income is from the mortgage-guarantee business and whose net-owned funds is atleast Rs 100 crore.
- Non-operative financial holding company (NOFHC): An NOFHC is a financial institution through which promoter / promoter groups will be permitted to set up a new bank. A wholly owned NOFHC will hold the bank as well as all other financial services companies regulated by the RBI or other financial sector regulators to the extent permissible under the applicable regulatory prescriptions.

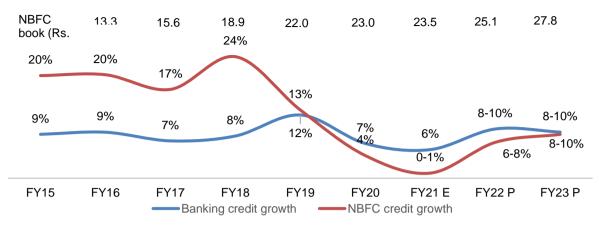
Improved growth for NBFCs in fiscal 2022

The resurgence of the pandemic, leading to the imposition of lockdowns in many states, will have a significant impact on NBFCs. Collection efficiency, which had normalised to near pre-Covid levels across major asset classes, is expected to suffer again. However, since the lockdown restrictions this time around are less severe than the complete nationwide lockdown last year, collections and delinquencies will not be as badly hit as in the first half of the previous fiscal. The RBI has announced a second phase of resolution to minimise the impact on lenders, under which Resolution Framework 2.0 was announced in May 2021. This should provide a breather to segments such as micro, small and medium enterprise (MSME), commercial vehicle (CV) financing, and personal loans, which will see a major dent in demand, operations and collection efficiencies.

Large NBFCs will remain more resilient because of better liquidity buffers. Since large and mid-sized NBFCs had managed strong capital and on-balance sheet buffers and had made higher provision in fiscal 2021, they may not need any more provisioning this fiscal. Disruption in business operations will impact collections, affecting smaller and weaker players more severely. Segments such as MFI, MSME and CV financing are likely to be impacted more.

Disbursements will decline in the first quarter this fiscal due to the slowdown, but should pick up from the second quarter as the economy improves. The NBFC loan book (excluding Power Finance Corporation [PFC] and Rural Electrification Corporation Ltd [REC]) is hence expected to grow 6-8% this fiscal compared with a flat performance in fiscal 2021. Increased vaccination and a return to some normalcy will lead to healthy growth in NBFC credit in fiscal 2023.

After a tough run, NBFC book to start growing from this fiscal



Source: Company reports, RBI, CRISIL Research

Review of the gold loan segment

Gold loans help India weather the COVID-19 storm

Gold has always been a valued commodity, particularly in India. Due to its high value, people take loans with gold ornaments as collateral. Until about a decade ago, most such lending used to take place in the unorganised sector through money lenders. This changed with the entry of organised players. The gold financing sector in India is transforming considerably in many aspects as it gradually shifts to the organised and formal sector, digitalise and launch online products. Also, with financial institutions increasing their geographic scope and market penetration, a significant chunk of the population that historically relied on the unorganised sector is slowly shifting to lenders within the organised sector.

Gold loans are typically of small ticket size, short duration, convenient and provide instant credit. The unrestrained growth in the NBFCs' gold loan offtake was derailed by tighter regulations introduced between fiscals 2012 and 2014, and they lost considerable ground to banks and the unorganised sector. However, over time the intervention strengthened the sector's ability to withstand price risk, improve customer service and standardised processes related to security valuation. It compelled NBFCs to reconsider their strategies. The loan-to-value (LTV) ratio was also reduced, thereby de-risking the business. There was focus on regular, monthly collection of interest, to preserve the lending margin against the backdrop of volatile gold price.

Average price of gold has increased almost steadily in the past two decades. The only years when it saw a reversal was between 2013 and 2015. The price skyrocketed in 2011 and 2012. Gold financiers expanded their business, as more people pledged the yellow metal for loans. To contain the risk emanating from the business' vulnerability to price fluctuations, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) intervened by capping the LTV ratio at 75% and standardised the process for valuing the collateral. The LTV offered is based on the tenure of loan, interest charged and sensitivity of the customer to the ratio.

The enhanced gold price and geographical presence as a result of these investments will help these NBFCs to consolidate the market by capturing new-to-market customers. NBFCs have developed competitive strength in faster loan processing, accurate gold valuations, safekeeping and auctioning. The sheer convenience of a loan proposition against such a liquid asset acts as a lucrative collateral for this loan type.

Impact of Covid-19 on India's gold loan sector

Amidst the Covid-19-induced economic uncertainty, gold loans – debt raised using gold as a collateral – are coming to the rescue of needy individuals and even small businesses. This has led to an increase in gold AUMs of banks and NBFCs. The primary reasons for increasing gold loans are: 1) an increase in gold prices by ~30% during fiscal 2021; 2) a higher loan-to-value (LTV) of up to 90% allowed for banks; 3) liquidity crunch due to the pandemic; and 4) lenders' reluctance to give unsecured loans due to risk aversion. Technology has been a key enabler in growth of gold loan non-banking financial companies (NBFCs) in recent years.

While NBFCs maintained LTVs below 70%, banks have aggressively expanded their gold loan portfolio with the Reserve Bank India announcement on increasing LTVs up to 90%. Lower interest rates and longer tenure loans have also helped banks gain share from NBFCs whose book also grew at a healthy but slower pace compared with banks.

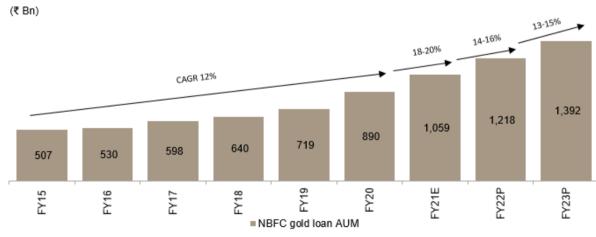
At an overall level, gold loan AUM has grown at a CAGR of 8.2% between fiscal 2015 and fiscal 2020. With the outbreak of COVID-19 in fiscal 2021, the book has shown extraordinary growth of 30-32%. As the COVID-19 wave has re-emerged, the need for finance has continued in fiscal 2022 as well. We expect the book to continue to grow but moderate to 20-22%.

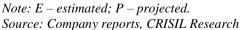
| FY 15 | FY 16 | FY 17 | FY 18 | FY 19 | FY 20 | FY 21E | FY 22P | FY 23P |
|-------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 23% | 25% | 26% | 26% | 25% | 27% | 25% | 23% | 23% |
| 77% | 75% | 74% | 74% | 75% | 73% | 75% | 77% | 77% |
| 2199 | 2140 | 2315 | 2508 | 2875 | 3262 | 4285 | 5186 | 6153 |
| | | | R: 8.2% | | | 30-32% | 20-22% | 18-20% |
| | 23% 77% | 23% 25% 77% 75% | 23% 25% 26% 77% 75% 74% | 23% 25% 26% 26% 77% 75% 74% 74% | 23% 25% 26% 26% 25% 77% 75% 74% 74% 75% | 23% 25% 26% 26% 25% 27% 77% 75% 74% 74% 75% 73% | 23% 25% 26% 25% 27% 25% 77% 75% 74% 74% 75% 73% 75% | 23% 25% 26% 25% 27% 25% 23% 77% 75% 74% 74% 75% 73% 75% 77% |

Industry gold loan portfolio

AUM of gold loan NBFCs to cross Rs 1 tn in fiscal 2021

NBFCs have grown at a CAGR of 12% between fiscal 2015 and fiscal 2020 and at an estimated CAGR of 18-20% in fiscal 2021. Going forward, with risks increasing on account of the second wave of COVID-19 and stable gold prices, we expect growth momentum of gold loans to continue in FY22 as well. We expect the book to grow 14-16% in fiscal 2022.





Unlike other segments, a majority of gold loan customers preferred to opt out of the moratorium scheme. Collection efficiency of gold loan NBFCs has been ~100% after July, with ample help from digital channels, which enabled borrowers to make repayments through mobile apps when branches were shut.

Apart from helping in collections, digital channels also enabled existing and new customers to avail funding sitting at home, thereby boosting the gold loan market during the pandemic.

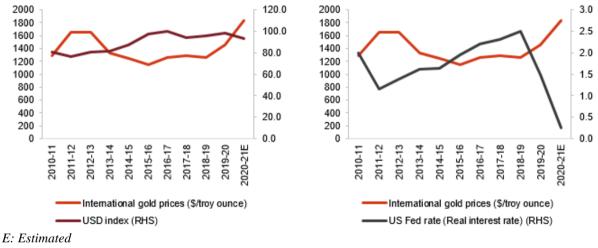
Note: E – estimated; P – projected. Includes agriculture lending by banks with gold as collateral Note: Includes agriculture lending by banks with gold as collateral Source: Company report, CRISIL Research

The pandemic, dollar depreciation and Fed rate cut led to an increase in international gold prices in fiscal 2021

International gold prices move inversely to the US Federal Reserve rate and the movement of the US dollar versus other currencies (\$ index). Gold prices rallied from fiscal 2002 to 2012, rising at a 19% CAGR, owing to depreciation of the dollar vis-a-vis other currencies. Also, a cut in the US Fed rate in fiscal 2009 shifted investor and consumer interest to gold. However, gold prices plunged at an 11% CAGR between fiscals 2013 and fiscal 2016 due to appreciation of the dollar versus other currencies.

Domestic gold prices generally move in line with international gold prices, as over 95% of demand is met through imports. International gold prices have increased 25% on-year in fiscal 2021 and domestic gold prices too have risen 30% on-year in fiscal 2021 with a rise in international gold prices and rupee depreciation. Domestic gold prices have been increasing steadily since April 2020. However, prices fell in February and March 2021 mainly due to a reduction in import duty from 12.5% to 7.5% in Union Budget 2021-22. Going forward, gold prices could moderate in fiscal 2022 due to a reduction in import duty and the expected waning effect of the pandemic.

International gold prices move inversely to the US Federal Reserve rate and the movement of the US dollar versus other currencies (\$ index)



Source: Industry, CRISIL Research

Domestic gold prices mirror international price trends



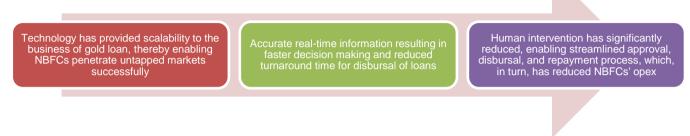
Note: E: Estimated, P: Projected Source: Multi Commodity Exchange (MCX), CRISIL Research

Apart from increasing gold price, other factors contributing to the overall gold loan AUM are:

• Increasing digitalisation is transforming the gold loan market

Digitalisation has reduced the time required for sanctioning of a gold loan to just a few hours. Such digital loan products can be accessed through mobile applications, online platforms and prepaid cards. The KYC, registration and disbursement processes are all possible online. Though these loans require borrowers to personally deliver gold collateral at the nearest branch, some NBFCs have started providing doorstep delivery with their staff visiting customers' residences to verify and collect gold ornaments. These are managed through a central application that is simultaneously accessed by all branches for each and every transaction.

Technological advancement has pushed the online gold loan sanctions benefitting the NBFCs

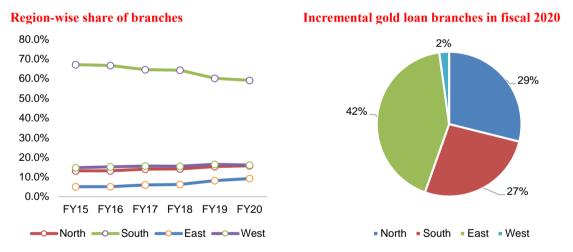


• Widening branch network

South India will continue to dominate NBFC AUM share, but other regions are growing faster.

Southern region will continue to account for majority of loan demand for specialised gold loan NBFCs; other regions are also likely to emerge as growth centres over time. Changing consumer perception of gold loans, driven by increasing awareness and rising funding requirements, will give an impetus to the sector in these regions.

In the northern and eastern regions, there is huge potential for branch network expansion as there are very few branches there now. Going forward, these regions are likely to see more branch additions than other regions.



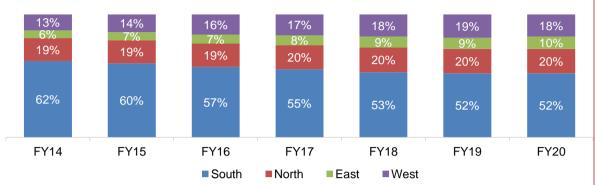
Note: Aggregate includes Muthoot Finance and Manappuram Finance. Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research

Demand for gold loans skewed towards the southern states

Southern states account for a majority of the AUM of the top two gold loan NBFCs, which themselves account for ~65% of the total NBFC gold loan AUM as of fiscal 2020. The main reason for this is

- The southern region accounts for a huge share of the gold jewellery market and gold owners in the south are more open to pledging gold to raise funds than in other Indian regions
- Having originated in the South, these players are able to gain the trust and confidence of customers in the region through simple and uncomplicated procedures that ensure quick loan disbursement

• Though the South continues to dominate, the players' focus has been moving towards the eastern and western regions, where the branches are currently fewer and the market is untapped.

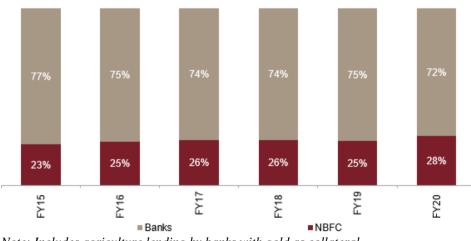


Region-wise AUM split for gold loan NBFCs

Notes: 1. Aggregate includes region-wise AUM split of major players that account for ~65% of the market share 2. Shares are based on AUMs as of FY20 Source: CRISIL Research

• NBFCs continue to grow their market share even as banks retain their dominance

Banks have always dominated the overall gold loan portfolio. However, NBFCs have gained traction in the last few years. While NBFCs grew aggressively, banks continued to sharpen their focus on gold loans in the wake of the pandemic owing to the risk-free nature of these products. Strong presence, well-established network and faster processing will, however, help NBFCs – especially the top two players – strengthen their position.



Share of banks and NBFCs

Note: Includes agriculture lending by banks with gold as collateral Source: Company reports, CRISIL Research estimates

Despite banks' dominance in the market, gold loan NBFCs have a managed to carve out a niche position for themselves for various reasons.

After 2012, it is in fiscal 2020 that specialised gold loan NBFCs saw the highest growth in their portfolio. In the fiscal, they were able to acquire a wider customer base on account of higher gold price, expansion of branch network and rapid adoption of the online business model. Also, their single product focus has helped them develop strong appraisal and valuation expertise, resulting in faster and better customer service.

Banks, on the other hand, have a more conservative approach. They view gold loans as a safer means to meet their priority sector lending targets, especially agricultural loans. Even in the case of non-agricultural gold loans, they

mostly target the organised segment or their existing customers as they are unable to offer flexible and rapid disbursals.

Only a few south-based banks such as Indian Overseas Bank, Indian Bank and South Indian Bank have higher share in non-agricultural gold loan disbursements, given the region's proclivity for gold loans.

However, with the slowdown in the economy, banks have become risk averse and are focussing on lending against gold, which is a secure collateral. This is intensifying competition for NBFCs as banks are offering lower interest rate on their products.

Gold loan market to remain more attractive in retail segment

Of all retail products, gold loans will remain more attractive among for various factors such as:

- Lower delinquencies as the collateral is the most liquid asset
- Increasing market demand
- Zero risk weight
- Strong collateral, higher interest rate, lower cost, better return on investment
- Opportunity to capture under-penetrated, untapped markets
- Product diversification that compensates for lower offtake of auto, home loans
- Scope for cross-selling opportunities in future, including other gold-based products

Going forward, due to the disruption caused by the pandemic, customers will seek refuge in gold loans:

- On account of increasing gold price, lenders will be ready to loan bigger amount
- Easier access on account of online loan finance facility

Banks' risk aversion making them hesitant to offer other loan products

OUR BUSINESS

In this section, any reference to "we", "us" or "our" refers to Kosamattam Finance Limited. Unless stated otherwise, the financial data in this section is as per our Reformatted Financial Statements set forth elsewhere in this Prospectus.

The following information should be read together with the more detailed financial and other information included in this Prospectus, including the information contained in the chapter titled "Risk Factors" and "Industry Overview" beginning on pages 17 and 67.

Overview

We are a systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC primarily engaged in the Gold Loan business, lending money against the pledge of household jewellery ("*Gold Loans*") in the state of Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Maharashtra, Gujarat and Telangana along with the Union Territory of Puducherry. Our Gold Loan portfolio for the financial years ending on March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 and comprised of 7,18,836, 7,07,856, and 6,63,694, respectively gold loan accounts, aggregating to ₹3,14,609.59 lakhs, ₹2,64,495.77 lakhs and ₹2,21,230.86 lakhs, respectively, which is 98.34%, 97.29% and 94.94% of our total loans portfolio as on those dates. As on June 30, 2021, we had a network of 974 branches spread in the states of Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Maharashtra, Gujarat and Telangana along with the Union Territory of Puducherry and we employed 3,130 persons in our business operations. We belong to the Kosamattam Group led by Mathew K. Cherian. We are headquartered in Kottayam in the state of Kerala.

We are registered with RBI as a systemically important, non-deposit taking NBFC (Registration No. B-16.00117 dated December 19, 2013) under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act. Further, we also have a Full-Fledged Money Changers ("**FFMC**") license bearing number FE.CHN.FFMC.40/2006 dated February 7, 2006 which is valid up to February 28, 2023.

The Kosamattam group was originally founded by Nasrani Varkey. His great grandson, Mathew K. Cherian, the present Chairman and Managing Director of Kosamattam Group is a fourth-generation entrepreneur in the family. Under his able leadership, our Company is emerging as a prominent Gold Loan business company with 974 branches, as on June 30, 2021, largely spread across southern India.

Gold Loan is the most significant product in the product portfolio of our Company. Our Gold Loan customers are typically businessmen, vendors, traders, farmers, salaried individuals and families, who for reasons of convenience, accessibility or necessity, avail of our credit facilities by pledging their gold jewellery with us under our various gold loan schemes. These Gold Loan schemes are designed such that higher per gram rates are offered at higher interests and vice versa, subject to applicable laws. This enables our customers to choose the Gold Loan scheme best suited to their requirements. These Gold Loan schemes are revised by us, from time to time based on the rates of gold, the market conditions and regulatory requirements. Our Gold Loans are sanctioned for a tenure of upto 12 months, with an option to our customers to foreclose the Gold Loan. Our average Gold Loan amount outstanding was ₹43,864, ₹37,366 and ₹33,725 per loan account, for the financial years ended on March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, our yield on Gold Loan assets were 17.77%, 19.43%, and 20.56%, respectively.

In addition to the core business of Gold Loan, we also offer fee based ancillary services which includes microfinance, money transfer services, foreign currency exchange, power generation, agriculture and air ticketing services.

For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 our total income was ξ 54,225.97 lakhs, ξ 49,933.42 lakhs, ξ 47,554.47 lakhs, ξ 43,422.65 lakhs and ξ 36,031.13 lakhs lakhs, respectively. Our profit after tax for the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 was ξ 6,524.61 lakhs, ξ 4,766.38 lakhs, ξ 4,336.07 lakhs, ξ 2,670.75 lakhs and ξ 1,573.90 lakhs, respectively. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, revenues from our Gold Loan business constituted 94.89%, 93.73%, 91.44%, 92.07%, and 91.25% of our total income for the respective year.

A summary of our key operational and financial parameters for the last three completed financial years are as given below:

| | | | (In ₹ lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Parameters | Fiscal Year 2021 | Fiscal Year 2020 | Fiscal Year 2019 |
| Net worth | 52,055.99 | 42,043.77 | 37,277.38 |
| Total Debt | 3,45,571.39 | 2,86,045.39 | 2,54,807.91 |
| Of which | | | |
| - Debt securities | 2,28,322.99 | 2,04,104.16 | 1,76,314.74 |
| - Borrowings (Other than debt securities) | 85,261.02 | 52,188.37 | 49,003.34 |
| - Subordinated Liabilities | 31,987.38 | 29,752.86 | 29,489.83 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12,278.28 | 12,242.33 | 12,396.57 |
| Other intangible assets | 261.14 | 285.67 | 326.02 |
| Financial assets | 3,49,400.99 | 2,98,682.26 | 2,54,799.53 |
| Non-financial assets | 1,466.64 | 859.86 | 728.72 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 16,358.86 | 3,493.19 | 11,879.99 |
| Bank balances (other than cash and cash | 17,200.26 | 11,395.58 | 9,884.71 |
| equivalents | | | |
| Financial liabilities | 4,337.21 | 3,482.38 | 4,802.65 |
| Non-financial liabilities | 587.71 | 221.12 | 313.44 |
| Loans | 3,47,826.38 | 2,97,247.02 | 2,53,216.01 |
| Interest income | 53,841.02 | 49,510.42 | 47,146.52 |
| Finance costs | 31,592.56 | 28,106.97 | 27,813.90 |
| Impairment on financial instruments | 732.78 | 199.94 | 89.55 |
| PAT | 6,531.58 | 4,763.01 | 4,314.63 |
| Gross NPA (%) | 1.45% | 1.59% | 2.08% |
| Net NPA (%) | 0.86% | 1.07% | 1.28% |
| Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) | 13.58% | 12.86% | 13.27% |
| Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%) | 5.02% | 5.01% | 4.93% |

Debt Equity Ratio

For details of the debt-equity ratio of our Company, see "Capital Structure" beginning on page 46 of this Prospectus.

Impact of COVID-19

COVID-19 was recognized as a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 11, 2020. In response to the COVID-19 outbreak, the governments of many countries, including India have taken preventive or protective actions, such as imposing country-wide lockdowns, restrictions on domestic and international travel and business operations and advising or requiring individuals to limit their time outside of their homes. The steps taken to counter the effects of the pandemic have resulted in a period of economic downturn and business disruption in India. The impacts from the severe disruptions caused by the effective shutdown of large segments of the global economy remain unknown and no prediction can be made of when any of the restrictions currently in place will be relaxed or expire, or whether or when further restrictions will be announced.

Because of a government mandated lockdown in India we have had to temporarily close all of our offices in India, and all of our corporate and branch/ regional office operations transitioned to a remote working environment. Despite this, our business and operations have continued to run effectively in the remote working environment. Further, we have not availed any moratorium from the banks however, in case of mortgage loans we have given moratorium to our microfinance customers. Though our business has been affected during the initial days of lockdown, we have not faced any liquidity issues.

The spread of COVID-19 has caused us to modify our business practices (including employee travel, employee work locations, and cancellation of physical participation in meetings, events and conferences), and we may take further actions as may be required by government authorities or that we determine are in the best interests of our employees, customers and partners. There is no certainty that such measures will be sufficient to mitigate the risks posed by the outbreak, and our ability to perform critical functions could be harmed. The outbreak, or threatened outbreak, of any severe communicable disease (particularly COVID-19) could materially adversely affect overall business sentiment and environment, particularly if such outbreak is inadequately controlled.

Also, see "Risk Factors - Recent outbreak of the novel coronavirus could have a significant effect on our results of operations and could negatively impact our business, revenues, financial condition and result of operations" on page 17.

Our Strengths

We are part of the Kosamattam Group which has a long operating history and a large customer base.

We are part of the Kosamattam Group, which was originally founded by Nasrani Varkey and one of the leading business financial services group in South India. Over the years, we have been successful in expanding our customer base. Our total number of Gold Loan customers grew from 4,10,867 as of March 31, 2018, to 4,25,716 as of March 31, 2019 and to 4,31,588 as of March 31, 2020 and to 4,32,613 as of March 31, 2021. We attribute our growth, in part, to our market penetration, particularly in areas less served by organised lending institutions and the efficient and streamlined procedural formalities which our customers need to complete in order to complete a loan transaction with us, which makes us a preferred medium of financier for our customers. We also attribute our growth to customer loyalty which in turn leads to repeat business. We believe that we are known for the quality of service we have provided to our customers over the years and for our consistent approach to developing long-term relationships with our customers, based on our local knowledge and experience amongst other things.

Branch network across rural and semi-urban areas in South India

We believe that the scale of our operational network provides us with a competitive advantage. As of June 30, 2021, our Company's operations included 974 branch offices spread across 8 states and 1 union territory. We commenced our operations in rural areas and small towns and have followed an approach of targeting geographies with low credit penetration. We have expanded our branch network by opening 10 branch offices in Delhi, 4 branch offices in Gujarat and 8 branch offices in Maharashtra. Our customers are typically retail customers, businessmen, vendors, traders, farmers, salaried individuals and families, who for reasons of convenience, accessibility or necessity, avail of our credit facilities by pledging their gold jewellery with us. Our understanding of the local characteristics of markets has allowed us to address the unique needs of our customers and enabled us to penetrate deeper into such markets.

Over the years, we have focused on customers in such markets that offer us significant growth opportunities and customer loyalty. We believe that with such a large network specifically with semi-urban areas, we were able to penetrate and cater to our customers across various cities and towns in south India especially in semi-urban locations. Having such a network enables us to service and support our existing customers from proximate locations which gives our customers easy access to our services and enables us to reach new customers especially potential rural customers. We believe we can leverage on this existing network for further expansion and for fulfilling our customer requirements.

Organised and efficient IT Infrastructure

We use information technology as a strategic tool for our business operations to improve our overall productivity and efficiency. All our branches are computerised. We believe that through our existing information technology systems, we are able to effectively, manage our operations, market to our target customers, and monitor and control risks. We believe that this system has improved customer service by reducing transaction time and has allowed us to comply with regulatory record-keeping and reporting requirements. Further, in order to manage our expanding operations as well as our increased customer base, we have entered into an arrangement for the development of software for our product offerings and other allied functions. Accordingly, the new software was introduced for operational efficiency.

Additionally, our Company has entered into an agreement dated September 15, 2016, with PayU Payments Private Limited ("**PayU**"), a payment gateway, with a view to provide our customers with a convenient option of online payments through the interactive voice responsive ('IVR') system provided by PayU, using credit/debit cards, net banking and various other modes of payment options.

Effective risk management system including appraisal, internal audit and inspections.

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to the Gold Loan business. The objective of our risk management system is to measure and monitor the various risks we are subject to and to implement policies and procedures to address such risks. We have an internal audit system which

consists of audit and inspection, for risk assessment and internal controls. The audit system comprises of accounts audit and gold appraisal. In accordance with our internal audit policy, all of our branches are subject to surprise gold audit every month and accounts audit once in very four months. A majority of our customers are borrowers who have been referred to us by existing or former customers and our branches act as a single point of contact for them. The personnel at our branches are responsible for sourcing loans, carrying out preliminary checks on the credit worthiness of a prospective customer, providing assistance in documentation, disbursing loans and in monitoring repayments and collections. We have implemented an analytics platform with a pre-defined approval matrix, which expedites the processing of loan applications. Further the staff is strictly advised to make the acid test, sound test etc., at the time of making the pledge for checking whether the ornament is of acceptable quality or not.

Experienced management team and skilled personnel

Our Board, Promoters and senior management is composed of experienced professional, and management professionals. We believe that we have a strong senior management team to lead us, a majority of whose members have been with us for over 5 years. Our management team comprises of our Promoter Director, Mathew K. Cherian, who has over 40 years of experience in finance business. The management team possesses the required skill, expertise and vision to continue and to expand the business of our Company. Our management team has an in-depth understanding of the gold loan business and under their direction and guidance our Company has grown organically. We believe that the long-standing industry experience of our Promoters and our management team provides us with an understanding of the needs and behavior of the client's particularly in rural and semi-urban areas and issues specific to the gold financing industry in India. We believe that this expertise gives us a competitive advantage in the gold loan industry and has helped us in maintaining our resilience through industry cycles.

Our Strategy

Our business strategy is designed to capitalise on our competitive strengths and enhance our position in the Gold Loan industry. Key elements of our strategy include:

Expansion of business activity by opening new branches in rural and semi urban areas to tap potential market for gold loans

We intend to continue to grow our loan portfolio by expanding our branch network by opening new branches. A good reach to customers is very important in our business. Increased revenue, profitability and visibility are the factors that drive the branch network. Currently, we are present in key locations which are predominantly in South India for sourcing business. Our strategy for branch expansion includes further strengthening our presence in south Indian states by providing higher accessibility to customers as well as leveraging our expertise and presence in southern India. At the core of our branch expansion strategy, we expect to penetrate new markets and expand our customer base in rural and semi-urban markets where a large portion of the population has limited access to credit either because they do not meet the eligibility requirements of banks or financial institutions, or because credit is not available in a timely manner at reasonable rates of interest, or at all. We plan to continue to focus on low and middle income self employed customers and increase the market share of our existing products in the rural and semi-urban markets of India. A large segment of India's rural and semiurban population is comprising customers without any credit history and we believe that such customer segment offers us significant growth opportunities and customer loyalty. A typical Gold Loan customer expects high loan-to-value ratios, rapid and accurate appraisals, easy access, quick approval and disbursement and safekeeping of their pledged gold jewellery. We believe that we meet these criteria when compared to other unregulated money lenders, and thus our focus is to expand our Gold Loan business.

Expansion of business into metros and select Tier 1 cities across India

In addition to our continuing focus on rural and semi-urban markets in the states that we are present, we are also focusing on opening branches in metros and select Tier 1 cities where we believe our business has high growth potential. We carefully assess the market, location and proximity to target customers when selecting branch sites to ensure that our branches are set up close to our target customers. We believe specialised teams focused on specific customer segments into metros and select Tier 1 cities across India will enable us to increase the productivity of our distribution channels, meet specific customer segments and increase quality of customer experience. This will also help us to increase our customer base and increase our profitability. We believe our customers appreciate this convenience and it enables us to reach new customers.

Increase visibility of Kosamattam Brand to attract new customers

Our brand is key to the growth of our business. We started focusing on brand building exercise in 2013. Our logo was re-designed and the tag- line '*Trust grows with time*' was introduced. We believe that we have built a recognisable brand in the rural and semi-urban markets of India, particularly in the southern states of Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Karnataka. We believe that having a strong recognizable brand is a key attribute in our business, which helps us attract and retain customers, increases customer confidence and influences their investment decisions. We intend to continue to undertake initiatives to increase the strength and recall of our '*Kosamattam*' brand to attract new customers. We seek to build our brand by engaging with existing and potential customers' through customer literacy programs, sponsor popular events in the regions we operate and advertise in newspapers, hoardings, television, radio and in other advertising media.

Diversifying into new business initiatives by leveraging our branch network and customer base.

Gold loan as on March 31, 2021 accounted for 98.34% of total loans portfolio of our Company. To reduce the risk of revenue volatility and with a view to expand our fee based income, we are in the process of diversifying our business to venture into the business of generators and distributors of electricity by using wind and/or other renewable energy. Further, we have received a certificate of registration dated May 28, 2014 from SEBI to become a depository participant. Also, we have ventured into the microfinancing business, by providing small ticket unsecured loans to our customers. Our Company intends to capitalise the large branch network to offer the additional products and services.

We also intend to cross-sell products to our existing customers and develop long-term relationships with them. We also intend to increase our fee income through the distribution of third party life, general and health insurance products.

Minimise concentration risk by diversifying the product portfolio and expanding our customer base.

We intend to further improve the diversity of our product portfolio to cater to the various financial needs of our customers and increase the share of income derived from sale of financial products and services.

Beyond our existing Gold Loan product, we intend to leverage our brand and office network, develop complementary business lines and become the preferred provider of financial products – 'a one-stop shop for customers' financial needs. We have recently forayed into SME financing and mortgage loans.

Our diverse revenue stream will reduce our dependence on any particular product line thus enabling us to spread and mitigate our risk exposure to any particular industry, business, geography or customer segment. Offering a wide range of products helps us to attract more customers thereby increasing our scale of operations.

We expect that complementary business lines will allow us to offer new products to existing customers while attracting new customers as well. We expect that our knowledge of local markets will allow us to diversify into products desired by our customers, differentiating us from our competitors.

Further strengthen our risk management, loan appraisal and technology systems

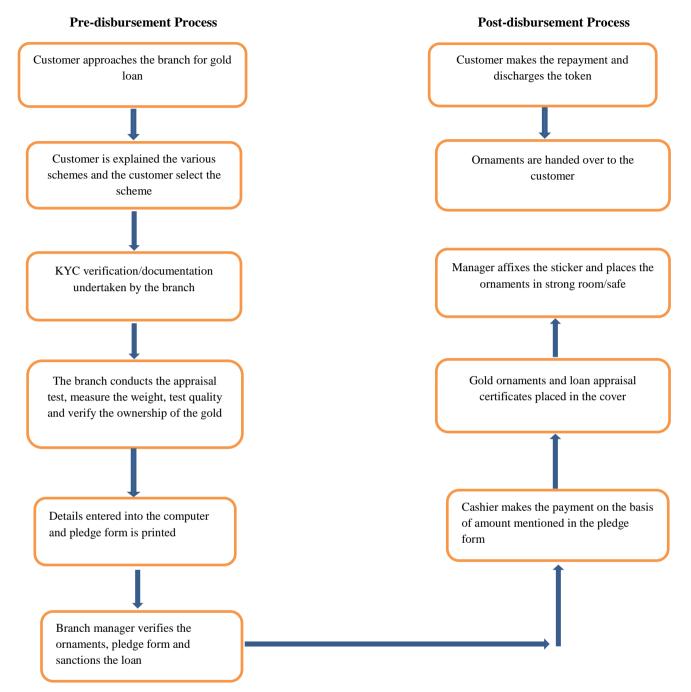
We believe risk management is a crucial element for further expansion of our Gold Loan business. We therefore continously focus on improving our integrated risk management framework with processes for identifying, measuring, monitoring, reporting and mitigating key risks, including credit risk, appraisal risk, custodial risk, market risk and operational risk. We plan to continue to adapt our risk management procedures, to take account of trends we have identified. We believe that prudent risk management policies and development of tailored credit procedures will allow us to expand our Gold Loan financing business without significantly increasing our non-performing assets. Since we plan to expand our geographic reach as well as our scale of operations, we intend to further develop and strengthen our technology platform to support our growth and improve the quality of our services. We are focused on improving our comprehensive knowledge base and customer profile and support systems, which in turn will assist us in the expansion of our business.

We continue to focus on developing and strengthening our IT capabilities to support our growth and improve the quality of our services. We believe that improving our technology infrastructure will allow us to respond to challenges on a real-time basis and improve our risks management capabilities. We also intend to develop datadriven insights to understand our target customers' propensity towards certain financial products. We anticipate using such information to conduct targeted marketing efforts allowing us to improve the availability of our products and consequently the quality of our services and credit portfolio.

GOLD LOAN BUSINESS

Our lending business is primarily Gold Loans, which are typically loans against pledge of gold jewellery. As of March 31, 2021, we had approximately 7,18,836 loan accounts, representing an aggregate principal balance of ₹ 3,14,609.59 lakhs. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, our Gold Loan portfolio yield representing interest income on gold loans as a percentage of average outstanding of Gold Loans, for the same period were 17.77%, 19.43% and 20.56%, respectively, per annum. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, and March 31, 2019, income from interest earned on our Gold Loans constituted 94.89%, 93.72% and 91.44%, of our total income for the respective years. We offer variety of Gold Loan schemes to our customers to suit their individual needs. The schemes differ in relation to the amount advanced per gram of gold, interest rate chargeable and amount of loan.

Gold Loan disbursement process



The principal form of security that we accept is household gold jewellery. We do not accept bullion, gold biscuits, gold bars, new mass-produced gold jewellery or medallions. While these restrictions narrow the pool of assets that may be provided to us as security, we believe that it provides us with the following key advantages:

- a. It filters out spurious jewellery that may be pledged by jewellers and goldsmiths. We find that household, used jewellery is less likely to be spurious or fake.
- b. The emotional value attached by each household to the pledged jewellery acts as a strong incentive for timely repayment of loans and revoking the pledge.
- c. As we only accept the pledge of household jewellery, the value of the pledged gold is typically only as much as the worth of gold that is owned by an average Indian household. This prevents our exposure to large sized loans where the chances of default and subsequent losses are high.

The amount that we finance against the pledged gold jewellery is typically based on a fixed rate per gram of gold content in the jewellery. We value the gold jewellery brought by customers based on our corporate policies and guidelines. As per the policy, we grant gold loans on 22 Carat gold ornaments. However, in case the jewels that are being pledged are less than 22 carats, the branches are required to convert the carat of gold jewels to the equivalent of 22 carats. Under no-circumstances are gold ornaments below 19 carats accepted by our Company. The rates per gram is fixed by us on weekly intervals. The actual loan amount varies according to the type of jewellery pledged. While jewellery can be appraised based on a variety of factors, such as total weight, weight of gold content, production cost, style, brand and value of any gemstones, we appraise the gold jewellery solely based on its gold content. Our Gold Loans are, therefore, generally well collateralised because the actual value of the gold jewellery is higher than our appraised value of the gold jewellery when the loan is disbursed. The amount we lend against an item and the total value of the pledged gold we hold fluctuates according to the market price of gold. An increase in the price of gold will not automatically result in an increase in the value of our Gold Loan portfolio unless the rate per gram is revised by our Corporate Office. It only results in a favourable movement in the value of the security, pledged with us. Similarly, since adequate margins are built in at the time of the loan disbursement and owing to the short tenure of these loans, on average, a decrease in the price of gold generally has little impact on our interest income. However, a sustained decrease in the market price of gold could cause a decrease in the growth rate of Gold Loans in our loan portfolio.

At present our Gold Loans have a maximum tenure of upto 12 months, however, customers may redeem the loan at any time prior to the full tenure. As per the current policy of our Company, interest is to be paid in accordance with the scheme. In the event that a loan is not repaid on time and after providing due notice to the customer, the unredeemed pledged gold is disposed of, on behalf of the customer in satisfaction of the principal and interest charges in accordance with the applicable RBI guidelines. Any surplus arising out of the disposal of the pledged gold is refunded to the customer or is appropriated towards any other liability by the borrower. In the event that the recoverable amount is more than the realisable value of the pledged gold, the customer remains liable for the shortfall.

The processes involved in approving and disbursing a Gold Loan are divided into three phases:

- Pre-disbursement;
- Post disbursement; and
- Release of the pledge.

Pre-disbursement process

Gold Loan appraisal of a customer involves the following steps

(a) Customer identification

Gold Loans are sanctioned only to genuine borrowers. Before sanctioning the Gold Loan, the branch manager should take all precautions to ensure that the applicant, pledging the ornaments, is the owner of those ornaments and that the borrower is genuine. The branch manager should obtain ID proof and photograph of the borrower and assign a branch KYC ID No. and should also make reasonable enquiry about the residence, job, personal details, ownership of the ornaments etc. and make a note in the pledge form. We also undertake a field verification to authenticate the genuineness of the borrower in case of high value Gold Loans.

(b) KYC Documentation

The borrower should produce government issued valid photo id, with an address which is within the designated area of the branch, as a necessary proof for KYC documentation. While processing the application, the branch ensures that the correct postal address of the borrower is entered in the computer such as name, door number, street name, name of post office, place, PIN code and the nearest land mark. Also, the borrower's telephone number is obtained. The branch also calls on the number furnished by the borrower every month, and reminds the borrower to remit the requisite interest, so that branch can know the telephone number is operational. Further if the telephone number of the borrower is not operational then the branch immediately contacts the borrower personally and obtains his new telephone number.

(c) Security appraisal

The branch manager/joint custodian and the branch staff shall appraise the gold ornaments thoroughly. Stone

weight should be deducted correctly in consultation with the branch manager and staff. Low purity and spurious items should be detected and not to be accepted as pledge. Appraisal is to be done by all members at the branch and the ornament shall be accepted only if all the branch staff approve. Neither the branch manager nor the joint custodian or any staff has the authority to accept a pledge on the basis of his/her own assessment of the ornaments. It is strictly a group task and all the branch staff are equally responsible in the process. After pledging gold ornaments, the same should be packed immediately. The manager and joint custodian should sign across the packet and affix the branch sticker on the cover and keep it in the safe. The safe is to be locked by all the custodians together.

(d) Documentation

For each pledge of the gold, branch appraisal certificate, application for personal loan, customer's token etc., are adequately documented and all the details pertaining to the gold, including the weight and items pledged are to be mentioned.

Post-disbursement process

The period/tenure for a Gold Loans is maximum upto 12 months. Timely interest collection and closing of accounts within the specified period is vital for the successful and smooth functioning of gold loan companies like that of ours. To ensure this, the branches regularly follow up with their gold loan customers through notices served at three months (ordinary notice), six-months (registered notice), and nine months (registered notice with acknowledgement due) as well as personal contacts directly and over the phone.

Branch security and safety measures: Electronic Security System

Branches are normally equipped with security devices (alarms) which automatically alert the branch manager, regional manager as well as the nearest police station in the event of any theft attempts. The gold pledged as security is insured with an insurance company. Our Company makes periodic analysis and revises the insurance policy as per the value/quantity of the gold.

Release of pledge

Once a loan is fully repaid, the pledged gold jewellery is returned to the customer. The customer must be present personally along with the gold loan token, at the branch where the pledge was originally made. The branch will verify the person with the photo taken at the time of pledge and confirm that there is no foul play and the amount to be paid is informed to the customer from the software and clarifies doubts if any on the amount demanded. The customer pays the amount at the cash counter and the ornaments are taken out of the safe and handed over to the customer after confirming them with the list of ornaments mentioned in the token and gold loan application form.

Our Other Business initiatives

In addition to the core business of Gold Loan, we also offer fee based ancillary services which include loans against property, money transfer services, depository participant services, power generation, agriculture, foreign currency exchange and air ticketing services.

For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, revenues from our business other than Gold Loans constituted 5.11%, 6.28% and 8.56%, of our total income for the respective years.

LOAN AGAINST PROPERTY

Our Company along with its primary business of offering gold loans also engages in offering loans against property which includes loans against collateral of residential/commercial property and comprised 1.06% of our loan book as on March 31, 2021.

Loan against Property ("**LAP**") is a loan facility to customers requiring funds for business/personal purposes against mortgage of residential/commercial property. As a part of LAP lease rental discounting is also offered. The funds so raised are utilised for meeting business as well as investment needs.

Customer Evaluation, Credit Appraisal and Disbursement

Our Credit Policies

All loans are sanctioned under the credit policy approved by our Board of Directors. Emphasis is applied on demonstrated past and future assessment of income, repayment capacity and credit history prior to approving any loan. Our Company undertakes periodic update of credit policies based on portfolio performance, product profitability and market and economic development.

Loan Origination

Our Company sources all potential customers through our branches and trained sourcing teams.

Evaluation

Our Company undertakes various credit control checks and field investigations on a prospective customer which, *inter-alia*, includes an internal data de-duplication check, CIBIL database check, fraud verification, asset verification and valuation, trade credit reference checks and other legal and technical verification procedures. After having completed our internal verification procedures all documents submitted by the prospective customer are checked and verified as required and any discrepancies and/or gaps in such documentation are highlighted and sent to the prospective customer for corrections, explanations and resubmissions as required.

Our Company conducts various diligence procedures in connection with the collateral/security for such loans which include review and verification of the relevant ownership documents and obtain title reports as applicable. Reports from these checks along with detailed analysis of financial statements, tax challans, bank statements and other documents put together constitute the credit file for all customers. These files are at length reviewed by the credit managers for evaluation using credit evaluation tool. Based on the document review the credit managers conduct personal discussions with the customers at their workplace. The discussion is intended to gather information about the business model of the customer, his positioning in the value chain, dependence of suppliers and/or customers and to ascertain any business risks like export dependence, raw-material supplies, etc. which might adversely impact the business cash flows and hence diminish repayment capacity. Further, additional business documents like stock registers and books of accounts are reviewed during such visits. Based on the all the information gathered, and assessment of customer's business risks, debt servicing ability and collateral risks, the credit manager puts the transaction proposal to appropriate approving committee in the hierarchy for decision.

Credit Appraisal

Approval and Disbursement Process

Once the credit history, credentials, information and documents have been submitted by the prospective customer and verified to our satisfaction, the applications are approved at the appropriate credit approval level.

There are four progressive levels of approvals which a proposal can be put to which are based on loan product, loam amount and identified risks. All proposals require minimum of two approvals and up to four approvals for larger ticker size loans. With due sanctioning of the loan, we execute agreements in connection with the loan and creation of security in relation thereto, if any, with the customer. Margin money and other charges, if any, are collected prior to loan disbursements. The disbursing officer retains evidence of the applicant's acceptance of the terms and conditions of the loan as part of the loan documentation.

Prior to the loan disbursement, our concerned officer ensures that a Know Your Customer, ("**KYC**"), checklist is completed by the applicant. The concerned officer verifies such information provided and includes the records in the relevant loan file. The officer is also required to ensure that the contents of the loan documents are explained in detail to the customer either in English or in the local language of the customer. The customer is provided with a copy of the loan documents executed by him. Further although our customers have the option of making payments by cash or cheque, we may require the applicant to submit post-dated cheques covering an initial period prior to any loan disbursement.

Loan administration and monitoring

The customer (and guarantor, if any) execute(s) the security creation documents and the loan agreement setting out the terms of the loan. A loan repayment schedule is attached as a schedule to the loan agreement, which generally sets out periodical repayment terms. Repayments are made in periodical instalments. Loans disbursed are recovered from the customer in accordance with the loan terms and conditions agreed with the customer. We track loan repayment schedules of our customers on a monthly basis, based on the outstanding tenure of the loans, the number of instalments due and defaults committed, if any. This data is analysed based on the loans disbursed and location of the customer. All recovery of amounts due on loans is managed internally by us. We ensure complete focus on all stages of the collections process. We monitor the completeness of documentation, creation of security etc. through regular visits to the business outlets by our regional as well as head office executives and internal auditors. All customer accounts are reviewed on a regular basis.

Our Company believes that close monitoring of debt servicing efficiency enables us to maintain high recovery ratios and maintain satisfactory asset quality.

MICROFINANCE

Our microfinance operations entail providing micro credit lending to our customers who are predominantly located in rural and semi-urban areas of our targeted geographies in India and the purpose of loans sanctioned to them is mainly for utilisation in small businesses or for other income generating activities but not for personal consumption. Primarily, we utilise a village centred, group lending model to provide unsecured loans to our members. This model relies on a form of 'social collateral' and ensures credit discipline through peer support within the group. This model presupposes our members being prudent in conducting their financial affairs and prompt in repaying their outstanding borrowings. As a deterrent, any instance of failure to make timely loan repayments by an individual borrower prevents the other members in the group from making any further borrowings from us, in the future. Therefore, the KFLs tend to employ peer support to encourage the delinquent borrower to make timely repayments or often repay on behalf of a defaulting borrower, effectively providing an informal joint guarantee on the sanctioned loan.

PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT, COLLECTION AND RECOVERY PROCESSES

Our Company manages the portfolio management and collection processes in-house. We have on-roll collection personnel across branches to ensure timely collection of dues. As part of our collection process we have telecalling through which calls to all customers are made before the due-dates. In-case of non-payment the team initiates collection calling for dues. We utilise our branch personnel for collection of payment. Further, for effective recovery management, all early delinquent customers are management by a dedicated team which undertakes methodical customer visits for recovery of dues. In cases where customers are unable to make payments and move to higher delinquency levels, a specified team of collection officers including branch managers, regional managers and other such officials are deployed who manage deep delinquent accounts. In addition to customer visits, this team utilises available legal tools for attachment of properties, for re-payment of dues and legal arbitration proceedings.

INSURANCE AGENCY

With a view to expand our regular fee and commission based income, we finalised a corporate agency agreement with the Life Insurance Corporation of India for marketing their life insurance plans, as a corporate agent, with effect from April 23, 2015. Under the terms of the agreement we are entitled to a commission and marketing support fee on sale of health insurance products facilitated by our Company. In furtherance to these objectives our Company had obtained a certificate of registration from the IRDA, dated March 30, 2016, which is valid up to March 31, 2022, to commence/carry business in the capacity of a Corporate Agent (Composite) under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999. Further, our Company entered into corporate agency agreement with HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited on September 14, 2019 for providing corporate agent services including soliciting, procuring and marketing of HDFC life insurance products. Under the terms of these agreements we are entitled to a commission based on performance obligations of our Company.

MONEY TRANSFER BUSINESS

Money transfer to India is a fast, simple and convenient method to transfer money from anywhere in the world. We have entered into agreements with various companies who act as agents/representatives to companies that undertake money transfer services in India ("Agreements"). These agents have their country wide network of branches and sub agents in India. For example, we entered into a sub representation agreement with EBIX Money Express Private Limited ("EBIX") to act in the capacity of a sub representative to offer money transfer service on EBIX's behalf.

Our Company, pursuant to these Agreements, acts as sub agent and provides money transfer service payments through its identified branches to the customers/beneficiaries in full without any deduction as per the transaction. The representatives reimburse to our Company for the total payments effected. Under these Agreements, we are also entitled to receive a commission for the services provided.

Our Board in its meeting dated January 5, 2017 adopted an operational manual for the Money Transfer Service Scheme ("MTSS"), in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the RBI, to set out requirements, rules and guidelines to be followed, by our Company's branches engaged in the Money Transfer Business.

MONEY CHANGING BUSINESS

Our Company holds a FFMC license and carries on money changing activities through its branches authorised by RBI. As on June 30, 2021, we had 1 head office and 61 authorised branches. Our currency operations include sale and purchase of foreign exchange at different authorised branches.

DEPOSITORY PARTICIPANT SERVICES

Our Company has secured the registration from SEBI as a depository participant and received the certificate of registration on May 28, 2014. On receipt of SEBI registration as a depository participant, we have entered into a MoU with a broking company, to conduct and promote brokerage business in equity, commodity and currency segments of national level stock/commodity exchanges as a broker, making use of our select branches/regional offices.

TRAVEL SERVICES

Our Company provides air ticketing services through Riya Travel & Tours (I) Private Limited, which is an IATA approved agency.

AGRICULTURE

Our Company owns a parcel of agricultural land in Kattappana village, Udumpanchola Taluk, Idukki district, in Kerala admeasuring 108.74 acres, through which our Company undertakes agricultural activity of cultivating cardamom. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the agricultural income derived from this undertaking were $\overline{(101.65)}$ lakhs, $\overline{(84.30)}$ lakhs and $\overline{(18.26)}$ lakhs.

POWER GENERATION AND SUPPLY

Our Company has entered into definitive agreements for installation including erection and commissioning of four windmill units at Ramakkalmedu, Idukki district of Kerala. The windmills or wind electric generators shall be connected to the power grid, post testing and commissioning and upon becoming operational shall be used for generation and supply of power on a commercial basis. Our Company has commenced operation of the windmills and has commissioned the project. Our Company has also submitted a tariff petition dated May 16, 2018 before the Kerala State Electricity Regulatory Commission for fixing of the tariff rate. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, the income derived from this were \gtrless (20.30) lakhs, \gtrless (25.95) lakhs and \gtrless (31.26) lakhs, respectively.

Branch Network

As on June 30, 2021 we had 974 branches in the states of Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Delhi, Gujarat and Maharashtra along with the union territory of Puducherry. The branch details of our company as on June 30, 2021 and for the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 is as given below:

| States/Union territory | As on June 30, | As c | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|------|------|------|--|
| | 2021 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Andhra Pradesh | 58 | 57 | 53 | 53 | |
| Delhi | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | |
| Gujarat | 4 | 4 | 9 | 9 | |
| Karnataka | 159 | 146 | 129 | 123 | |

| States/Union territory | As on June 30, | As c | on March 31 | |
|------------------------|----------------|------|-------------|------|
| | 2021 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Kerala | 375 | 374 | 379 | 379 |
| Maharashtra | 8 | 8 | 10 | 8 |
| Puducherry | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Tamil Nadu | 341 | 331 | 332 | 330 |
| Telangana | 14 | 10 | 8 | 8 |
| Total | 974 | 945 | 936 | 928 |

Marketing, Sales and Customer Care

Our Company undertakes publicity through media, both print and electronic to increase the visibility of our brand. Our media plan ensures the visibility and reach of our Kosamattam brand within the desired budget. These advertisements are carried out across various states wherever our Company has presence. This helps individual branches to target the public and thereby generate business from the locality. For the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 and, our total advertisement expenditure were ₹324.18 lakhs, ₹853.50 lakhs and ₹1,470.18 lakhs, respectively.

In promoting our brand, our advertisement campaigns focus on "Kosamattam Gold Loan", to differentiate our loan products from other NBFCs and financial institutions and emphasise the convenience, accessibility and expediency of Gold Loans.

Risk Management

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to the Gold Loan business. The objective of our risk management systems is to measure and monitor the various risks, we are subject to and to implement policies and procedures to address such risks suitably. We intend to continue to improve our operating processes and risk management systems which will further enhance our ability to manage the risks inherent to our business.

Asset and Liability Management ("ALM")

Our business operations require steady flow of working capital and hence managing the day to day liquidity becomes a critical function. The ALM, amongst other functions, is concerned with risk management, providing a comprehensive as well as a dynamic framework for measuring, monitoring and managing liquidity and interest rate risk. The ALM function also alters the asset-liability portfolio in order to manage risks. The ALM also monitors interest rate sensitivity in our portfolio and takes pre-emptive steps to mitigate any potential liquidity and interest rate risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty abiding by the terms and conditions of any financial contract with us. We aim to reduce the aforesaid credit risk through a rigorous loan approval and collateral appraisal process, as well as a strong NPA monitoring and collection strategy. This risk is diminished because the gold jewellery used as collateral for our loans can be readily liquidated, and there is only a remote possibility of recovering less than the amounts due to us in light of the 25 % margin retained on the value of the gold jewellery collateral. However, a sustained decrease in the market price of gold can cause a decrease in the size of our loan portfolio and our interest income.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to certain other external events. We have instituted a series of checks and balances, including an operating manual, and both internal and external audit reviews. Although we disburse loans in a relatively short period of time, we have clearly defined appraisal methods as well as KYC compliance procedures in place to mitigate operational risks. Any loss on account of failure by employees to comply with defined appraisal mechanism is recovered out of their variable incentive. We also have detailed guidelines on movement and security measures of cash or gold. We are in the process of introducing centralised software which automates inter branch transactions, enabling branches to be monitored centrally and thus reducing the risk of un-reconciled entries. In

addition, we are in the process of installing surveillance cameras across our various branches, and subscribe to insurance to cover employee theft or fraud and burglary. Our internal audit department and our centralised monitoring systems assist in the management of operational risk.

Financial Risk

Our business is cash intensive and requires substantial funds, on an ongoing basis to finance the gold loan portfolio and to grow it. Any disruption in the funding sources might have an adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition. Our Company is proactively pursuing a system of identifying and accessing newer and cheaper sources of funds, to finance the loan book and to grow the business. Our Asset Liability Committee meets regularly and reviews the liquidity position of our Company and ensures availability of sufficient funding in advance.

Market Risk

Market risk refers to potential losses arising from the movement in market values of interest rates in our business. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings to loss. The majority of our borrowings, and all the loans we make, are at fixed rates of interest. Thus, presently, our interest rate risk is minimal.

Our Risk Management Policy

In order to address the risks that are inherent to our business, we have developed a risk management architecture that includes a risk management committee, internal audit department, vigilance department and a risk management department. Our Risk Management Committee, which is led by one of our Directors, oversees our risk management policies, which help us to identify, measure, monitor and mitigate the various risks that we face in our businesses.

Internal Audit Department

Our internal audit department assists in the management of operational risk using our centralised monitoring systems. Separate divisions of our internal audit department are in place to handle the audit of the departments of the corporate office and those of the branch offices. The audits of our branches are divided into two categories: (i) Audit and (ii) Inspection. Branch audit is carried out quarterly with the focus on the verification of documents, accounts, performance and compliance. In addition, an incremental high value loan check is carried out by regional managers as part of their periodical branch inspection.

Vigilance Department

We have an internal vigilance department for undertaking surprise inspections of high/medium risk branches and other branches or on the basis of any report or detection of serious deviations or irregularities. The vigilance undertakes the responsibility of visiting branches to oversee the implementation of risk mitigation initiatives and improvements in customer service.

Risk Management Audit

Our branch auditors also carry out a system driven risk audit on certain identified key risk parameters. These are keyed into the system and alerts are sent to branch controllers and top management in case the risk weight given under a specific parameter goes beyond the prefixed tolerance levels. In all such cases, the concerned branches are inspected by the branch controllers or top management personnel depending on the severity of risk and immediate remedial actions are initiated.

ALM Organisation

The Asset - Liability Committee (ALCO) is responsible for ensuring adherence to the limits set by the Board as well as for deciding the business strategy of our Company (on the assets and liabilities sides) in line with our Company's budget and decided risk management objectives.

The business and risk management strategy of our Company will ensure that our Company operates within the limits/parameters set by the Board. The business issues that an ALCO would consider, inter alia, includes product pricing, desired maturity profile and mix of the incremental assets and liabilities, prevailing interest rates offered by other peer NBFCs for the similar services/product, etc. In addition to monitoring the risk levels of our Company,

the ALCO reviews the results of and progress in implementation of the decisions made in the previous meetings. The ALCO would also articulate the current interest rate view of our Company and base its decisions for future business strategy on this view.

The frequency of holding ALCO meetings will be quarterly.

Liquidity Risk Management

Our ALCO measures not only the liquidity position of our Company on an ongoing basis but also examines how liquidity requirements are likely to evolve under different assumptions. Experience shows that assets commonly considered as liquid, like Government securities and other money market instruments, could also become illiquid when the market and players are unidirectional. Therefore, liquidity has to be tracked through maturity or cash flow mismatches. For measuring and managing net funding requirements, the use of a maturity ladder and calculation of cumulative surplus or deficit of funds at selected maturity dates is adopted as a standard tool. The format of the **Statement of Structural Liquidity** as prescribed by RBI may be used for this purpose.

The Maturity Profile based on ALM – II could be used for measuring the future cash flows of company in different time buckets. The time buckets may be distributed as under:

- (i) 1 day to 7 days
- (ii) 8 days to 14 days
- (iii) 15 days to 1 month
- (iv) Over one month and up to 2 months
- (v) Over 2 months and up to 3 months
- (vi) Over 3 months and up to 6 months
- (vii) Over 6 months and up to 1 year
- (viii) Over 1 year and up to 3 years
- (ix) Over 3 years and up to 5 years
- (x) Over 5 years

The Statement of Structural Liquidity shall be prepared by placing all cash inflows and outflows in the maturity ladder according to the expected timing of cash flows. A maturing liability will be a cash outflow while a maturing asset will be a cash inflow. While determining the likely cash inflows/outflows, company will have to make a number of assumptions according to their asset - liability profiles. While determining the tolerance levels, the company may take into account all relevant factors based on their asset-liability base, nature of business, future strategy, etc.

In order to enable the company to monitor their short-term liquidity on a dynamic basis over a time horizon spanning from 1 day to 6 months, company will estimate their short-term liquidity profiles on the basis of business projections and other commitments for planning purposes. An indicative format ALM – I issued by RBI for estimating 'Short-term Dynamic Liquidity' will be used for the said purpose.

Interest Rate Risk (IRR)

The operational flexibility given to NBFCs in pricing most of the assets and liabilities imply the need for the financial system to hedge the Interest Rate Risk. Interest Rate Risk is the risk where changes in market interest rates might adversely affect an NBFC's financial condition. The changes in interest rates affect our Company. The immediate impact of changes in interest rates is on our Company's earnings (i.e. reported profits) by changing its Net Interest Income (NII). As such our Company is into funding of loans which are always fixed rate loans. The company manages risk on NII by pricing its loan products to customers at a rate which covers Interest Rate Risk. The risk from the earnings perspective can be measured as changes in the NII or Net Interest Margin (NIM). Measurement of such risk is done at the time of deciding rates to be offered to customers. Once interest rate risk is measured by the ALCO, lending rates are finalised. RBI has prescribed ALM – III for the purpose of Interest Rate Risk Monitoring and our Company may use the same for the purpose of measurement and monitoring of interest rate risk.

Non-performing Assets (NPA)

The RBI Master Directions require that every non-deposit taking NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well-defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its

lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

- i. Standard assets;
- ii. Sub-standard assets;
- iii. Doubtful assets; and
- iv. Loss assets.

Further, the class of assets referred to above shall not be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for an upgrade. A non-deposit taking NBFC is required to make provisions against sub-standard assets, doubtful assets and loss assets in accordance with the Master Directions. In terms of the Master Directions, non-deposit taking NBFC has to make the following provisions on their loan portfolio.

| Asset Classification | Provisioning Policy |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Standard Assets | 0.40% |
| Sub-standard Assets | 10.00% |
| Doubtful Assets | 100.00% of unsecured portion $+$ 20% $-$ 50% of secured portion |
| Loss Assets | 100.00% provided if not written off |

Based on the Master Directions, the norms for asset classification, details of the classification of our gross NPAs for significant classes of our assets for the financial years ending on March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, are as furnished below:

| | | | (in ₹ lakhs) | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Asset Type | As on March 31 | | | | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | | | |
| Sub-standard | 2,016.76 | 1,603.36 | 989.70 | | | |
| Doubtful | 1,950.57 | 2,248.06 | 3,227.76 | | | |
| Loss | 674.78 | 478.90 | 622.83 | | | |
| Gross NPA | 4,642.11 | 4,330.32 | 4,840.30 | | | |
| Less Provisions | 1,884.20 | 1,449.56 | 1,860.41 | | | |
| Net NPA | 2,757.91 | 2,880.76 | 2,979.89 | | | |
| Net NPA % of Total Loans & Advances | 0.87 | 1.07 | 1.29 | | | |

Secured loans are classified or provided for, as per management estimates, subject to the minimum provision required as per Master Directions. We have written off ₹ Nil, ₹119.76 lakhs and ₹76.14 lakhs in the financial years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

NPA Management Policy

Our Company has put in place a gold loan monitoring, follow-up and disposal mechanism. Our Gold Loans have a maximum tenure of upto 12 months, however, customers may redeem the loan at any time prior to the full tenure. In the case of non-repayment, i.e., within a period of nine or 12 months, as applicable, from the date of pledging, the asset will be disposed of by our Company after the expiry of either nine or twelve months and 15 days of grace, by sale through public auction. Our Company may also consider settlement of loan dues by way of concessions in interest as a one –time settlement on a case to case basis only with the approval of corporate office. The auction procedure shall be transparent. And prior notice will be given to customer by Registered Post/Courier informing about the auction. The auction shall be announced to the public by issuing advertisements in at least two newspapers, one in vernacular language and another in national daily newspaper, describing the date of auction, venue of auction, and the details of gold etc. Auction will be conducted by an approved auctioneer appointed by the Board of Directors of our Company. The amount due to our Company by the customer, being the aggregate of the principal and up to the date of interest as well as other expenses like expenses for conducting auction, will be adjusted against the sale proceeds, whereas the surplus, if any available, will be refunded to the customer, and deficit if any shall have to be paid by him/her. Our Company or its associate concerns will not participate in the auction.

Appointment of an Auctioneer

As per the revised RBI guidelines, our Company or its Promoters cannot participate in the auction. Qualified and experienced auctioneers are to be appointed by our Company to carry out the auction on behalf of the company.

Capital Adequacy Ratio

As per the Master Directions, every NBFC-ND-SI including us are subject to capital adequacy requirements. Currently, we are required to maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital which shall not be less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items. Further, we need to maintain a Tier I capital of 12%. Also, the total of Tier II capital, at any point of time, shall not exceed one hundred percent of Tier I capital. Additionally, we are required to transfer up to 20% of our annual profit to a reserve fund and make provisions for NPAs. We had a capital adequacy ratio of 18.60%, 17.87% and 18.20% on March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019, respectively.

We have satisfied the minimum capital adequacy ratios prescribed by the RBI for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

Technology

We use information technology as a strategic tool for our business operations to improve our overall productivity and efficiency. We believe that through our information systems which are currently in place, we are able to manage our operations efficiently, market effectively to our target customers, and effectively monitor and control risks.

We believe that this system has improved customer service by reducing transaction time and has allowed us to manage loan collection efforts better and to comply with regulatory record-keeping and reporting requirements. All our branches are computerised. A need was felt for a centralised IT platform for our continued aggressive growth along with risk management. Accordingly, we are in the process of introducing new software to improve the operational efficiency.

Our Borrowings and Credit Ratings

Source of funding

Please refer to sections titled "Financial Statements" and "Financial Indebtedness" on pages F-1 and 118.

We have depended on working capital limits from bank and issuance of secured and unsecured non-convertible debentures through private placement as primary source of funding. We have also made public issue of secured and unsecured non-convertible debentures.

We also raise capital by issuing equity shares from time to time particularly to our Promoters.

Credit Rating

| Credit Rating Agency | Instrument | Date | | Ratings | | Remarks | Rated amount in ₹ lakhs |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------|-------------|-------|----------|-------------------------------|
| Brickwork | Non-Convertible | August | 12, | 'BWR | BBB+/ | Assigned | 20,000^ |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XXIII | 2021 | | Stable' | | | |
| Brickwork | Non-Convertible | March | 13, | 'BWR | BBB+/ | Assigned | 35,000\$ |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XXII | 2021 | | Stable' | | | |
| Brickwork | Non-Convertible | December | : 4, | 'BWR | BBB+/ | Assigned | 35,000* |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XXI | 2020 | | Stable' | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | August | 28, | 'IND | BBB'/ | Assigned | 30,000 |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XX | 2020 | | Outlook Sta | able | - | |
| Private | | | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | January | 21, | 'IND | BBB'/ | Assigned | 30,000# |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XIX | 2020 | and | Outlook Sta | able | - | |

| Credit Rating Agency | Instrument | Date | Ratings | Remarks | Rated amount in ₹ lakhs |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Private | | March 09, | | | |
| Limited | | 2020 | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | September | 'IND BBB': | Assigned | 35,000 |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XVIII | 30, 2019 | Outlook Stable | | |
| Private | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | June 26, 2019 | 'IND BBB': | Assigned | 30,000 |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XVII | | Outlook Stable | - | |
| Private | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | March 14, | 'IND BBB': | Assigned | 30,000 |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XVI | 2019 | Outlook Stable | | |
| Private | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | |
| India | Non-Convertible | November 27, | 'IND BBB': | Reaffirmed | 30,000 |
| Ratings | Debenture-Issue XV | 2018 | Outlook Stable | | |
| Private | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | |
| India | Proposed Bank loan | July 9, 2018 | 'IND BBB': | Assigned | 10,000 |
| Ratings | - | - | Outlook Stable | - | |
| Private | | | | | |
| Limited | | | | | |
| \$771 1 | | | C | | |

[§]*The rated amount includes the unsecured portion of the Issue for up to* ₹4,000 *lakhs.*

*The rated amount includes the unsecured portion of the Issue for up to ₹3,000 lakhs.

[#]The rated amount includes the unsecured portion of the Issue for up to ₹3,000 lakhs.

^ *Our Company has considered unutilised rating assigned of* ₹ 1,000 *lakhs for this Issue*

Security threats and measures taken to mitigate them

The principal security risks to our operations are robbery and employee theft or fraud. We have extensive security and surveillance systems and dedicated security personnel to counter external security threats. To mitigate internal threats, we undertake careful pre-employment screening, including obtaining references before appointment. We also started installing surveillance cameras across our branches. To protect against robbery, all branch employees work behind wooden, glass and steel counters, and the back office, strong room/safe and computer areas are locked and closed to customers. We also keep the pledged gold in joint custody. While we provide around the clock armed security guards for risk prone branches, the majority of our branches do not require security guards as the gold jewellery are stored securely in strong rooms. Since we handle high volumes of cash and gold jewellery at our locations, daily monitoring, spot audits and immediate responses to irregularities are critical to our operations. We have an internal auditing program that includes unannounced branch audits and cash counts at randomly selected branches.

Competition

We face competition from banks, NBFCs and other unregulated/unorganised money lenders. Our Board believes that we can achieve economies of scale and increased operating efficiencies by increasing the number of branches under operation and proven operating methods. We believe that the primary elements of competition are the quality of customer service and relationship management, branch location and the ability to lend competitive amounts at competitive rates. In addition, we believe the ability to compete effectively will be based increasingly on strong management, regional market focus, automated management information systems and access to capital.

Property

Our registered and corporate office is located in Kottayam, Kerala and is owned by us. As of October 31, 2020, we have branch offices in Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Delhi, Gujarat and Maharashtra along with the union territory of Puducherry, most of which are contracted on a leasehold basis.

Intellectual Property

We do not own the trademark or any other intellectual property.

Employees

As on June 30, 2021, we had 3,130 employees.

HISTORY AND CERTAIN OTHER CORPORATE MATTERS

Our Company was incorporated on March 25, 1987, as '*Standard Shares and Loans Private Limited*', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the RoC. The name of our Company was changed to '*Kosamattam Finance Private Limited*' pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at the EGM held on June 2, 2004 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated June 8, 2004 issued by the RoC. Subsequently, upon conversion to a public limited company pursuant to a special resolution of the shareholders of our Company dated November 11, 2013, the name of our Company was changed to '*Kosamattam Finance Limited*' and a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the RoC on November 22, 2013.

Our Company has originally obtained a certificate of registration dated August 24, 2000 bearing Registration no B-16.00117 issued by RBI to commence/carry on the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the said certificate of registration, under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act. As on date, our Company has a valid certificate of registration dated December 19, 2013 bearing registration no. B-16.00117 issued by the RBI to commence/carry on business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the certificate of registration dated December 19, 2013 bearing registration no. B-16.00117 issued by the RBI to commence/carry on business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the certificate of registration, under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act.

Our Company has obtained a full-fledged money changers license bearing license number FE. CHN.FFMC.40/2006 dated February 7, 2006 issued by the RBI which is valid up to February 28, 2023.

Our Company holds a Certificate of Registration dated May 28, 2014 bearing Registration Number IN–DP– CDSL–717-2014 issued by the SEBI to act as Depository Participant in terms of Regulation 20 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996.

Our company holds a Certificate of Registration dated March 30, 2016 bearing Registration Number - CA0179 issued by IRDA to commence/carry business in the capacity of a Corporate Agent (Composite) under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999. The registration is valid up to March 31, 2022.

Our Company does not have any subsidiaries.

Registered office of our Company

The registered office of our Company is located at Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Building, Market Junction, M. L. Road, Kottayam - 686 001, Kerala, India.

Main objects of our Company

The main objects of our Company as contained in our Memorandum of Association are:

- 1. To carry on business as a non-banking financial company as defined under Section 45-I A of the RBI Act.
- 2. To engage in the business of a depository participant.
- 3. To engage in the business of agriculture by acquiring land on freehold basis or leasehold basis.
- 4. To act as composite corporate agent of insurance companies in India in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed by RBI vide its circular DNBS (PD) C.C. No. 35/10.24/2003-04 of February 10, 2004, and any amendment thereto from time to time.
- 5. To act as mutual fund distributor and commission agent.
- 6. To act as agents and sub agents of travel agents, tour operators, transport agents and contractors and to book tickets for travel by air, rail and road, to arrange and operate tours and to handle all matters related to travel and transport as their agents and sub agents.
- 7. To carry on and undertake the business of commission agents of various service providers, money transfer services, money changers, authorised dealers in foreign exchange or foreign securities, either directly or as agents, brokers or otherwise of other companies engaged in these businesses, to do fee based marketing activities for other third-party products and services and to act as Business Correspondents and / or Direct Selling Agents of Banks and other Financial Institutions.
- 8. To carry on, manage, supervise and control the business of transmitting, manufacturing, supplying, generating, distributing, buying selling and dealing in electricity and all forms of energy and power generated

by any source whether nuclear, steam, hydro or tidal, water, wind, solar, hydrocarbon fuel or any other form, kind or description.

9. To provide leasing advisory, investment and financial consultancy service and or to form the leasing arm of other entities.

| T I | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Financial | Particulars |
| Year | |
| 2004-2005 | Mathew K. Cherian & Laila Mathew acquired the entire share capital of Standard Shares & Loans |
| | Private Limited. |
| 2006-2007 | Our Company received FFMC license for money changing activities. |
| 2009-2010 | Our Company was designated as a Systemically Important NBFC (NBFC – ND- SI). |
| 2014-2015 | Our Company received Depository Participant License. |
| 2015-2016 | Our Company became corporate agent of Life Insurance Corporation. |
| 2015-2016 | Our Company was issued a certificate of registration by IRDA to commence business in the |
| | capacity of a corporate agent (composite). |
| 2017-2018 | Our Company started its microfinance operations. |
| 2018-2019 | Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited merged with our Company pursuant |
| | to the order of the NCLT approving the scheme of amalgamation vide an order dated June 26, 2018. |
| 2019-2020 | Our Company has entered into corporate agency agreement with HDFC Life Insurance Company |
| | Limited on September 14, 2019 for providing corporate agent services including soliciting, |
| | procuring and marketing of HDFC life insurance products. |

Key milestones and major events

Key Agreements

Memorandum of Understanding dated May 07, 2004 between Mathew K. Cherian (representative of the "buyers") and Thomas Porathur (representative of the "sellers") ("MoU")

Pursuant to the MoU, Mathew K. Cherian and Laila Mathew, our Promoters, acquired the entire paid up share capital of Standard Shares and Loans Private Limited comprising of ₹42,00,000 divided into 4,200 equity shares of ₹1,000 each. The consideration for the sale was the par value of the equity shares as credited as paid up capital in the balance sheet as at March 31, 2004.

OUR MANAGEMENT

The Articles of Association of our Company require us to have not less than three and not more than 15 Directors. As on the date of this Prospectus, we have six Directors on the Board which include two Executive Directors, three Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director.

Board of Directors

The general superintendence, direction and management of our affairs and business are vested in the Board of Directors.

Details relating to Directors

| Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address | Age (years) | | Other Directorships |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----|---------------------------------------------|
| Mathew K. Cherian | 65 | 1. | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited; and |
| Designation: Chairman and Managing Director | | 2. | Kosamattam Nidhi Limited. |
| DIN: 1286073 | | | |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Business | | | |
| Date of appointment: May 07, 2004 | | | |
| Term: Five years with effect from June 8, 2018, liable to retire by rotation | | | |
| Address: 354A, Kosamattam House, Manganam P.O., Kottayam - 686 018, Kerala, India. | | | |
| Laila Mathew | 63 | 1. | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited; and |
| Designation: Whole-Time Director | | 2. | Kosamattam Nidhi Limited; |
| DIN: 1286176 | | | |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Business | | | |
| Date of appointment: May 07, 2004 | | | |
| Term: Five (5) years with effect from June 8, 2018, up to June 7, 2023 | | | |
| Address: 354A, Kosamattam House, Manganam P.O., Kottayam – 686 018, Kerala, India. | | | |
| Jilu Saju Varghese | 39 | 1. | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited; and |
| Designation: Non-Executive Director | | 2. | Kosamattam Nidhi Limited |
| DIN: 03621643 | | | |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Business | | | |

| Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address | Age (years) | | Other Directorships |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Date of appointment: October 1, 2011 | | | |
| Term: Liable to retire by rotation | | | |
| Address: Parayil House, West Othera P.O., Thiruvalla, Kuttoor, Pathanamthitta – 689 551, Kerala, India. | | | |
| Paul Jose Maliakal | 69 | 1. | Muthoottu Mini Financiers |
| Designation: Independent Director | | | Limited |
| DIN: 07218120 | | | |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Chartered Accountant | | | |
| Date of appointment: June 25, 2018 | | | |
| Term: Reappointed with effect from March 24, 2020 up to March 23, 2025* | | | |
| Address: Chethalan Deepthi, Convent Road, Chalakudy – 680 307, Kerala, India. | | | |
| C. Thomas John | 75 | 1. | Malankara Enterprises Limited; |
| Designation: Independent Director | | 2. | Malankara Plantations Limited; and |
| DIN: 02541626 | | 3. | Malankara Wood Limited. |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Business | | | |
| Date of appointment: August 19, 2015 | | | |
| Term: Reappointed with effect from March 24, 2020, up to March 23, 2025* | | | |
| Address: Chirappurath House, Kollad. P.O., Kottavam - 686 029 Kerala India | | | |

Kottayam - 686 029, Kerala, India

| Name, designation, DIN, nationality, occupation, date of appointment, term and address | Age (years) | | Other Directorships |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Kavil Viswambharan Raveendravilasam | 72 | 1. | Pharmaceutical Corpn I M Kerala Limited; and |
| Designation: Independent Director | | 2. | Zwaan AssociatesPrivate Limited |
| DIN: 07603053 | | | |
| Nationality: Indian | | | |
| Occupation: Business | | | |
| Date of appointment: March 21, 2019 | | | |
| Term: a term of five consecutive years, with effect from the date as specified in the board resolution dated May 10, 2019. | | | |
| Address: 37/1911 Kaavil House, Anjumana Road, Edappally PO, Edapally SO, Ernakulam – 682024, Kerala, India. | | | |
| * Vide Shareholders' Special Resolution dated March 16, 2 | 2020, Paul . | Jose I | Maliakal and C. Thomas $John$ are |

* Vide Shareholders' Special Resolution dated March 16, 2020, Paul Jose Maliakal and C. Thomas John are reappointed for a term of five consecutive years with effect from March 24, 2020.

Brief Profile of Directors

Mathew K. Cherian, aged 65 years, is the Chairman and Managing Director of our Company. He started the lending business through Kosamattam Bankers and has over 40 years of experience in finance business. He received the 'Gandhi Peace Foundation Award' in 2007.

Laila Mathew, aged 63 years, is the Whole-Time Director of our Company. She has 30 years of experience in finance business. She received the Kerala Christian Foundation, Annie Mascarene award in year 2014-2015.

Jilu Saju Varghese, aged 39 years, is a Non-Executive Director of our Company. She holds a bachelor's degree in commerce from Mahatma Gandhi University, Kerala. She has 8 years of experience in finance. She has joined our Company as a director in the year 2011.

Paul Jose Maliakal, aged 69 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He is qualified chartered accountant and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

C. Thomas John, aged 75 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in science from the University of Allahabad and post-graduate diploma in management from the Indira Gandhi National Open University. He has around 44 years of experience working in the plantations industry.

Kavil Viswambharan Raveendravilasam, aged 72 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Agri-Business Management. He is a member of Bar Council of Kerala since December 2012. He has received a certificate of honour, in recognition of outstanding zeal and high quality of service during the Census of India, 2001, by the Census Commissioner of India.

Confirmations

None of our Directors have been restrained or prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities.

None of our Directors have been identified as a 'wilful defaulter' by any financial institution or bank, or a consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the RBI. None of our directors features in any list of defaulters by ECGC or any government/regulatory authority. Further, none of our Promoters or Directors have been declared as a Fugitive Economic Offender.

None of our Directors was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations.

Relationship between Directors

Except as stated below, none of our Directors are related to each other.

| Sr. No. | Name of Director | Designation | Relationship with other Directors | |
|------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Mathew K. Cherian | Chairman and Managing | Husband of Laila Mathew and father of Jilu | |
| | | Director | Saju Varghese | |
| 2. | Laila Mathew | Whole-Time Director | Wife of Mathew K. Cherian and mother of | |
| | | | Jilu Saju Varghese | |
| 3. | Jilu Saju Varghese | Non-Executive Director | Daughter of Mathew K. Cherian and Laila | |
| | | | Mathew | |

Remuneration to the Directors

Chairman and Managing Director

Mathew K. Cherian was reappointed for a period of 5 years, with effect from June 8, 2018 as the Chairman and Managing Director of our Company by a resolution of the Board of Directors dated May 30, 2018 and the approval of the shareholders in their annual general meeting held on June 8, 2018.

Pursuant to the resolution of our Board of Directors passed at their meeting held on February 18, 2019 and a resolution of our Shareholders passed at in their extraordinary general meeting held on March 15, 2019, the remuneration to be paid to Mathew K. Cherian was revised and set forth below are the details of his present remuneration pursuant to the terms of his employment:

| Particulars | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Salary | ₹10.00 lakh per month |
| Commission | 4% of net profits of our Company |

Whole-time Director

Laila Mathew was reappointed for a period of 5 years, with effect from June 8, 2018 as the Whole-Time Director of our Company by a resolution of the Board of Directors dated May 30, 2018 and the approval of the shareholders in their annual general meeting held on June 8, 2018.

Pursuant to the resolution of our Board of Directors passed at their meeting held on February 18, 2019 and a resolution of our Shareholders passed at in their extraordinary general meeting held on March 15, 2019, the remuneration to be paid to Laila Mathew was revised and set forth below are the details of her present remuneration pursuant to the terms of her employment:

| Particulars | Details |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Salary | ₹8.00 lakh per month |
| Commission | 4% of net profits of our Company |

Non-Executive Directors other than Independent Directors

The Board of Directors of our Company in their meeting held on June 9, 2017 has approved payment of remuneration to Jilu Saju Varghese, Non-Executive Director, up to 1% of net profit of our Company with effect from April 1, 2016. For the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the total remuneration paid by our Company to Jilu Saju Varghese was Nil.

Independent Directors

The Board of Directors of our Company in their meeting held on March 25, 2015, has approved payment of ₹5,000 as sitting fees to Non-Executive/Independent Directors, for attending every meeting of the Board of Directors. For

the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the total sitting fees paid by our Company to our Independent Directors was ₹3.10 lakhs.

Borrowing Powers of the Board

Pursuant to the resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company at their EGM held on September 29, 2018 and in accordance with provisions of Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of our Company, the Board has been authorised to borrow sums of money as they may deem necessary for the purpose of the business of our Company, which together with the monies already borrowed by our Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from our Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), may exceed at any time, the aggregate of the paid-up capital of our Company and its free reserves (that is to say, reserves, not set apart for any specific purpose) by a sum not exceeding ξ 6,00,000 lakhs.

Interest of the Directors

All the directors of our Company may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof as well as to the extent of other remuneration, commission and reimbursement of expenses payable to them. Further, other than the Promoter Directors of our Company, none of the Directors have any interest in the promotion of our Company. Further, none of our Directors have any interest in any immovable property acquired by our Company in the two years preceding the date of this Prospectus or any immovable property proposed to be acquired by it.

All the directors of our Company may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of Equity Shares, if any, held by them or by companies, firms and trusts in which they are interested as directors, partners, members or trustees and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the said Equity Shares.

All our directors may be deemed to be interested in the contracts, agreements/arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company in which they hold directorships or any partnership firm in which they are partners as declared in their respective declarations. Except as otherwise stated in this Prospectus and statutory registers maintained by our Company in this regard, our Company has not entered into any contract, agreements or arrangements during the preceding two years from the date of this Prospectus in which the directors are interested directly or indirectly and no payments have been made to them in respect of these contracts, agreements or arrangements which are proposed to be made with them.

M/s Kosamattam Builders Private Limited in which Mrs. Jilu Sahu Varghese holding directorship has take loan from the Company and the outsatdning as on June 30, 2021 is ₹600.00 lakhs.

Appointment of any relatives of Directors to an office or place of profit

Other than George Thomas (Business Head), Saju John Varghese (Chief General Manager Corporate Planning & Operations cum Chief Technology Officer) and Milu Mathew (Senior Manager), none of the relatives of Directors are appointed to an office or place of profit.

Debenture holding of Directors

As on date, none of our Directors hold any debentures issued by our Company.

Details of remuneration paid/payable to our Directors during the financial year ended March 31, 2021 by Our Company and our associates are as follows:

| | ······································ | | , | | | (₹ in lakhs) |
|-----|----------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|
| Sr. | Name of the Director | By the Company | | By the Associates | | Total |
| No. | | Remuneration (₹) | Nature | Remuneration | Nature | Remuneration (₹) |
| 1. | Mathew K. Cherian | 115.00 | Managerial Remuneration | Nil | | 390.00 |
| | | 275.00 | Commission | | | |

A. For the financial year ended March 31, 2021:

| Sr. | Name of the _ Director | By the Company | | By the Associates | | Total |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------|------------------|
| No. | | Remuneration (₹) | Nature | Remuneration | Nature | Remuneration (₹) |
| 2. | Laila Mathew | 92.00 | Managerial | Nil - | | 367.00 |
| | | | Remuneration | | | |
| | | 275.00 | Commission | | | |
| 3. | Jilu Saju Varghese | Nil | Managerial | Nil - | | Nil |
| | | | Remuneration | | | |
| 4. | Paul Jose Maliakal | 0.95 | Sitting Fees | Nil - | | 0.95 |
| 5. | C. Thomas John | 1.95 | Sitting Fees | Nil - | | 1.95 |
| 7. | Kavil | 0.20 | Sitting Fees | Nil - | | 0.20 |
| | Viswambharan | | - | | | |
| | Raveendravilasam | | | | | |

Appointment to office of profit

Other than George Thomas (Business head), Saju John Varghese (Chief General Manager Corporate Planning & Operations cum Chief Technology Officer) and Milu Mathew (Senior Manager) none of our Directors' relatives have been appointed to an office or place of profit.

Changes in the Directors of our Company during the last three years

The changes in the Board of Directors of our Company in the three years preceding the date of this Prospectus are as follows:

| Name of Director | Date of Change | Reason | |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| Kavil Viswambharan | March 21, 2019 | Appointment | |
| Raveendravilasam | | | |

Vide Shareholders' Special Resolution dated March 16, 2020, Paul Jose Maliakal and C. Thomas John are reappointed for a term of five consecutive years with effect from March 24, 2020.

Shareholding of Directors, including details of qualification shares held by Directors

As per the provisions of our MoA and AoA, Directors are not required to hold any qualification shares. Details of the Equity Shares held in our Company by our Directors, as on June 30, 2021, are provided in the table given below:

| Sr. No. | Name of Director | Number of Equity Shares held | Number of Preference Shares held | Percentage of the total equity paid- up capital (%) | Percentage of the total paid- up capital (%) |
|------------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Mathew K. | 125,452,270 | Nil | 62.60 | 59.06 |
| | Cherian | | | | |
| 2. | Laila Mathew | 30,148,300 | Nil | 15.04 | 14.19 |
| 3. | Jilu Saju | 400 | Nil | Negligible | Negligible |
| | Varghese | | | | |
| 4. | Paul Jose | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| | Maliakal | | | | |
| 5. | C. Thomas John | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| 6. | Kavil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| | Viswambharan | | | | |
| | Raveendravilasam | | | | |

Key Managerial Personnel

Our Company's Key Managerial Personnel are as follows:

Annamma Varghese C., aged 61 years, is the Chief Financial Officer of our Company. Prior to being appointed

as the Chief Financial Officer of our Company, she was the Company Secretary of our Company. She is a member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. She is also an associate member of the Institute of Cost Accountants of India. She has more than 20 years of work experience in corporate and secretarial functions. Prior to joining our Company, she was working with Thaqdees Hospitals Limited. She has been working with our Company since March 2, 2012. She was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of our Company on March 5, 2016.

Sreenath P, aged 30 year, is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in Commerce from University of Calicut, master's degree in Commerce from Indira Gandhi National Open University. He is also a fellow Member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. He has over 7 years of experience in secretarial and compliance matters. He was appointed as the Company Secretary of our Company on March 5, 2016.

Details of various committees of the Board

1. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated February 27, 2012. The Audit Committee was last re-constituted on May 06, 2019, and it currently comprises the following Directors:

- (i) Mathew K. Cherian
- (ii) Paul Jose Maliakal
- (iii) C. Thomas John

The scope and functions of the Audit committee are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and its terms of reference are as follows:

Functions and terms of operations of the Audit Committee include the following:-

- A. The Audit Committee shall have powers, including the following:
- 1. To investigate any activity within its terms of reference;
- 2. To seek information from any employee;
- 3. To obtain outside legal or other professional advice; and
- 4. To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.
- B. The role of the audit committee shall include the following:
- 1. Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2. Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- 3. Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the Statutory Auditors;
- 4. Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - (a) matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - (b) changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - (c) major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - (d) significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - (e) compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - (f) disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - (g) qualifications in the draft audit report;
- 5. Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 6. Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice, and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- 7. Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- 8. Approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;

- 9. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- 10. Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- 11. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 12. Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 13. Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- 14. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- 15. Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to\ the board;
- 16. Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 17. Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- 18. Reviewing the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- 19. Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the Whole-Time Finance Director or other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- 20. Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- 21. Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments;
- 22. Audit Committee must ensure that an Information System Audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted at least once in two years to assess operational risks faced by the Company.

Further, the Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

- 1. Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- 2. Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by the management;
- 3. Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the Statutory Auditors;
- 4. Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- 5. The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor if any shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
- 6. Statement of deviations:
 - (a) Quarterly statement of deviation(s), submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.
 - (b) Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(5) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.

2. Asset Liability Management Committee

The Asset Liability Management Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated July 09, 2011. The Asset Liability Management Committee was last reconstituted on December 10, 2019, and it currently comprises the following Directors:

- 1. Mathew K. Cherian
- 2. Laila Mathew
- 3. Jilu Saju Varghese
- 4. C. Thomas John
- 5. Saju John Varghese

Asset Liability Management Committee shall be responsible for recommending to the Board prudent asset/liability management policies and procedures and shall have the following responsibilities:

- successful implementation of the risk management process;

- integration of basic operations and strategic decision making with risk management;
- overall responsibility for management of risks;
- deciding the risk management policy of the Company;
- setting limits for liquidity, interest rate and equity price risks and shall be responsible for ensuring adherence to the limits set thereby;
- Deciding the business strategy of the Company (on the assets and liabilities side) in line with the Company's budget and decided risk management objectives.
- Articulating the current interest rate view of the NBFC and base its decisions for future business strategy on this view.
- reviewing Interest rate forecasts and spreads for Company;
- analyzing, monitoring and reporting the risk profiles;
- responsible for balance sheet planning from risk-return perspective including the strategic management of interest rate and liquidity risks;
- review the results of and progress in implementation of the decisions made in the previous meetings

Asset Liability Management Committee shall consider, *inter alia*, shall include product pricing for both deposits and advances, desired maturity profile and mix of the incremental assets and liabilities, prevailing interest rates offered by other peer NBFCs for the similar services/product, etc.

- a. Asset Liability Management Process: the scope of Asset Liability Management Committee function can be described as follows:
- Liquidity risk management
- Management of market risks
- Funding and capital planning
- Profit planning and growth projection
- Forecasting and analyzing 'What if scenario' and preparation of contingency plans

Any other power, role and terms of references as may be stipulated under Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit Taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

3. Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee was constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated July 09, 2011. The Risk Management Committee was last reconstituted on May 30, 2018.

The Risk Management Committee currently consists of the following persons:

- (i) Mathew K. Cherian
- (ii) Laila Mathew
- (iii) Jilu Saju Varghese
- (iv) C. Thomas John
- (v) Arun Kumar (Chief Information Officer and Chief Risk Officer)

The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee includes the following:

- (a) Establishing the context of risks;
- (b) Identifying the risks;
- (c) Assessing probability and possible consequences of the risks.
- (d) Developing strategies to mitigate these risks;
- (e) Monitoring and reviewing the outcomes;
- (f) Communicating and consulting with the parties involved;
- (g) Risk committee performs centralised oversight and policy setting of risk management activities and to provide communication to the board of directors regarding important risks and related risk management activities;
- (h) The risk committee approves the design of the Company's enterprise-wide risk management framework, including supporting methods, risk policies, risk inventories and the risk ranking methodology, as they relate IT and IT compliance risks;
- (i) The committee review and advise the board on the risk impact of strategic business decisions and assess strategic alignment with the Company's IT risk appetite;
- (j) Review significant aggregate risk concentration and other escalations and approve significant corrective

actions recommended by management;

- (k) Report to the full Board / IT Steering Committee on the Company's most significant risk, risk trends, as well as related risk response strategies and the performance of the Company's risk management capabilities;
- (1) Oversee the implementation of and adherence to corporate risk policies, processes, and other risk guidance;
- (m) Frequent review of risk assessment.

4. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee was constituted by a board resolution dated January 09, 2012. The Nomination & Remuneration Committee was last reconstituted on May 06, 2019 and it currently comprises the following Directors:

The Committee currently comprises:

- (i) Jilu Saju Varghese
- (ii) Paul Jose Maliakal
- (iii) C. Thomas John

The scope and function of the Nomination and Remuneration committee is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act and its terms of reference are as follows:

Terms of reference of the Nomination Committee includes the following:

- 1. Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- 2. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of independent directors and the Board;
- 3. Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- 4. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal;
- 5. Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- 6. Recommending to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management of the Company;
- 7. Ensuring 'fit and proper' status of proposed/ existing Directors of the Company.
- 8. Framing suitable policies and systems to ensure that there is no violation, by an employee of any applicable laws in India or overseas, including:
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 to the extent each is applicable; or
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.
- 9. Performing such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or are statutorily prescribed under any law to be attended to by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee."

5. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was re-constituted by way of a board resolution dated June 25, 2018. The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of the following members:

- (i) Mathew K. Cherian
- (ii) Laila Mathew
- (iii) Jilu Saju Varghese
- (iv) C. Thomas John

The scope and functions of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee is in accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act and its terms of reference are as follows:

The terms of reference of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee includes the following:

- (a) To formulate and to recommend to the Board, a corporate social responsibility policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by our Company as specified in Scheduled VII;
- (b) Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred to in clause 1; and
- (c) Monitor the Corporate Social Responsibility policy of our Company from time to time.

6. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee was re-constituted by a board resolution dated May 6, 2019.

The Committee currently comprises of the following members:

- (i) Mathew K. Cherian
- (ii) Laila Mathew
- (iii) Jilu Saju Varghese
- (iv) C. Thomas John

The scope and functions of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee are in accordance with Section 178 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Terms of Reference for the Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee shall be responsible for, among other things, as may be required by the stock exchanges from time to time, the following:

- 1. Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- 2. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- 3. Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- 4. Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company; and
- 5. Carrying out any other function contained in the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as and when amended from time to time.

7. Debenture Committee

The Debenture Committee was re-constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated January 31, 2019. The Debenture Committee comprises of the following persons:

- (i) Mathew K. Cherian;
- (ii) Laila Mathew; and
- (iii) Jilu Saju Varghese;

The terms of reference of the Debenture Committee includes the following:

1. To determine and approve, the terms and conditions and number of the debentures to be issued, the timing, nature, type, pricing and such other terms and conditions of the issue including coupon rate, minimum subscription, retention of oversubscription, if any, etc., to approve and make changes to the draft prospectus, to approve the prospectus, including any corrigendum, amendments supplements thereto, and the issue thereof and to issue and allot the debentures and to approve all other matters relating to the issue and do all such acts, deeds, matters and things including execution of all such deeds, documents, instruments, applications and writings as it may, at its discretion, deem necessary and desirable for such purpose including without limitation the utilisation of the issue proceeds, modify or alter any of the terms and conditions, including size of the Issue, as it may deem expedient, extension of issue and/or early closure of the issue.

Apart from the aforementioned committees formed in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013, the Listing Regulations and in relation to the Issue, our Company has also formed a Committee for Bank Operations and an IT Strategy Committee.

8. IPO Committee

The IPO Committee was constituted by our Board of Directors through its resolution dated May 6, 2019. The IPO Committee comprises of the following persons:

(i) Mathew K. Cherian;

- (ii) Laila Mathew; and
- (iii) C. Thomas John.

The terms of reference of the IPO Committee includes the following:

- 1. Approving all actions required to dematerialize the Equity Shares, including seeking the admission of the Equity Shares into the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (the "CDSL") and the National Securities Depository Limited (the "NSDL");
- 2. Finalizing and arranging for the submission of the DRHP, the RHP, the Prospectus and the preliminary and final international wrap and any amendments, supplements, notices or corrigenda thereto, to appropriate government and regulatory authorities, institutions or bodies;
- 3. Approving a code of conduct as may be considered necessary by the Board or the IPO Committee or as required under Applicable Laws for the Board, officers of the Company and other employees of the Company;
- 4. Issuing advertisements as it may deem fit and proper in accordance with Applicable Laws;
- 5. Approving suitable policies, including on insider trading, whistle blower/vigil mechanism, risk management and other corporate governance requirement that may be considered necessary by the Board or the IPO Committee or as may be required under Applicable Laws in connection with the Issue;
- 6. Deciding on the size and all other terms and conditions of the Issue and/or the number of Equity Shares to be offered and transferred in the Issue, including any Pre-IPO Placement, Reservation, Green Shoe Option and any rounding off in the event of any oversubscription as permitted under Applicable Laws;
- 7. Taking all actions as may be necessary or authorized in connection with the Issue;
- 8. Appointing and instructing book running lead managers, lead managers, syndicate members, placement agents, bankers to the Issue, the registrar to the Issue, bankers of the Company, managers, underwriters, guarantors, escrow agents, accountants, auditors, legal counsels, depositories, trustees, custodians, credit rating agencies, monitoring agencies, advertising agencies and all such persons or agencies as may be involved in or concerned with the Issue and whose appointment is required in relation to the Issue, including any successors or replacements thereof;
- 9. Opening bank accounts, share/securities accounts, escrow or custodian accounts, in India or abroad, in Rupees or in any other currency, in accordance with Applicable Laws;
- 10. Entering into agreements with, and remunerating all such book running lead managers, lead managers, syndicate members, placement agents, bankers to the Issue, the registrar to the Issue, bankers to the Company, managers, underwriters, guarantors, escrow agents, accountants, auditors, legal counsels, depositories, trustees, custodians, credit rating agencies, monitoring agencies, advertising agencies, and all other agencies or persons as may be involved in or concerned with the Issue, including any successors or replacements thereof, by way of commission, brokerage, fees or the like;
- 11. Seeking the listing of the Equity Shares on the Stock Exchanges, submitting listing applications to the Stock Exchanges and taking all such actions as may be necessary in connection with obtaining such listing, including, without limitation, entering into the listing agreements with the Stock Exchanges;
- 12. Seeking, if required, the consent of the Company's lenders and lenders of its subsidiaries, parties with whom the Company has entered into various commercial and other agreements, all concerned government and regulatory authorities in India or outside India, and any other consents that may be required in connection with the Issue;
- 13. Submitting undertaking/certificates or providing clarifications to the SEBI and the Stock Exchanges;
- 14. Determining the price at which the Equity Shares are offered and transferred to investors in the Issue in accordance with Applicable Laws, in consultation with the selling shareholder and the book running lead manager(s) and/or any other advisors, and determining the discount, if any, proposed to be offered to eligible categories of investors;
- 15. Determining the price band and minimum lot size for the purpose of bidding, any revision to the price band and the final Issue price after bid closure;
- 16. Determining the bid opening and closing dates;
- 17. Finalizing the basis of allocation and transfer of Equity Shares to retail investors/non-institutional investors/qualified institutional buyers and any other investor in consultation with the book running lead

managers, the stock exchanges and/or any other entity;

- 18. Approving/taking on record the transfer of the Equity Shares;
- 19. Opening with the bankers to the Issue, escrow collection banks and other entities such accounts as are required under Applicable Laws;
- 20. To issue receipts/allotment letters/confirmations of allotment notes either in physical or electronic mode representing the underlying equity shares in the capital of the Company with such features and attributes as may be required and to provide for the tradability and free transferability thereof as per market practices and regulations, including listing on one or more stock exchange(s), with power to authorise one or more officers of the Company to sign all or any of the aforesaid documents;
- 21. Severally authorizing Authorized Officers for and on behalf of the Company, to execute and deliver, on a several basis, any agreements and arrangements as well as amendments or supplements thereto that the Authorized Officer considers necessary, desirable or expedient, in connection with the Issue, including, without limitation, engagement letters, memoranda of understanding, the listing agreements with the stock exchanges, the registrar's agreement, the depositories' agreements, the issue agreement with the book running lead managers (and other entities as appropriate), the underwriting agreement, the syndicate agreement, the cash escrow agreement, the share escrow agreement, confirmation of allocation notes, the advertisement agency agreement and any undertakings and declarations, and to make payments to or remunerate by way of fees, commission, brokerage or the like or reimburse expenses incurred in connection with the Issue, the book running lead manager(s), lead manager(s), syndicate members, placement agents, bankers to the Issue, registrar to the Issue, bankers of the Company, managers, underwriters, guarantors, escrow agents, accountants, auditors, legal counsel, depositories, trustees, custodians, credit rating agencies, monitoring agencies, advertising agencies, and all such persons or agencies as may be involved in or concerned with the Issue including any successors or replacements thereof; and any such agreements or documents so executed and delivered and acts, deeds, matters and things done by any such Authorized Officer shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of the Authorized Officer and the Company in so doing;
- 22. Severally authorizing the Authorized Officers to take any and all action in connection with making applications, seeking clarifications and obtaining approvals (or entering into any arrangement or agreement in respect thereof) in connection with the Issue, including, without limitation, applications to, and clarifications or approvals from the Government of India, the RBI, the SEBI, the RoC, and the Stock Exchanges and that any such action already taken or to be taken is hereby ratified, confirmed and/or approved as the act and deed of the Authorized Officer and the Company, as the case may be;
- 23. Severally authorizing the Authorized Officers, for and on behalf of the Company, to execute and deliver any and all documents, papers or instruments and to do or cause to be done any and all acts, deeds, matters or things as any such Authorized Officer may deem necessary, desirable or expedient in order to carry out the purposes and intent of the foregoing resolutions or the Issue; and any documents so executed and delivered or acts, deeds, matters and things done or caused to be done by any such Authorized Officer shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of such Authorized Officer and the Company in so doing and any such document so executed and delivered or acts, deeds, matters and things done or caused to be done or caused to be done by any such Authorized Officer prior to the date hereof are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved as the act and deed of the Authorized Officer and the Company, as the case may be; and
- 24. Executing and delivering any and all documents, papers or instruments and doing or causing to be done any and all acts, deeds, matters or things as the IPO Committee may deem necessary, desirable or expedient in order to carry out the purposes and intent of the foregoing resolutions or the Issue; and any documents so executed and delivered or acts, deeds, matters and things done or caused to be done by the IPO Committee shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of the IPO Committee in so doing

OUR PROMOTERS

The Promoters of our Company are:

- 1. Mathew K. Cherian;
- 2. Laila Mathew; and
- 3. Jilu Saju Varghese

As on the date of this Prospectus, our Promoters collectively hold 1,55,600,970 Equity Shares, which constitutes 77.43% of our Company's equity shares capital.

Profiles of our Promoters

- 1. **Mathew K. Cherian:** aged 65 years is the Chairman and Managing Director of our Company. He has over 40 years of experience in finance business. He received the 'Gandhi Peace Foundation Award' in 2007. He holds 12,54,52,270 Equity Shares, which constitutes 61.62% of our Company's equity share capital.
- 2. Laila Mathew: aged 63 years is the Whole-Time Director of our Company. She has over 30 years of experience in finance business. She holds 3,01,48,300 Equity shares, which constitutes 14.80% our Company's equity share capital.
- 3. **Jilu Saju Varghese:** aged 40 years is a Non-Executive Director. She holds a bachelor's degree in Commerce from Mahatma Gandhi University, Kerala. She has joined our Company as a director in the year 2011. She holds 400 Equity Shares in our Company.

For additional details on the nationality, personal address, positions/ posts held in the past, terms of appointment as Directors and other directorships of our Promoters, see the section titled "*Our Management*" at page 94.

Interest of our Promoters in our Company

Except as stated under "*Our Management*" beginning on page 94, to the extent of their shareholding in our Company and to the extent of remuneration received by them in their capacity as Executive Directors, and to the extent of loans availed from our Company, our Promoters do not have any other interest in our Company's business. Further, our Promoters have no interest in any property acquired by our Company in the last two years from the date of this Prospectus, or proposed to be acquired by our Company, or in any transaction with respect to the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

Other Confirmations

None of our Promoters and the relatives of the Promoters as per the Companies Act, have been identified as wilful defaulters by any financial institution or bank or a consortium thereof in accordance with the guidelines on identification of wilful defaulters prescribed by the RBI. Further, none of our Promoters have been declared as a Fugitive Economic Offender.

None of our Promoters, or person(s) in control of our Company was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations.

No violations of securities laws have been committed by our Promoters in the past or are currently pending against them. Our Promoters have not been restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any stock exchange in India or abroad.

Our Promoters' equity shareholding in our Company, as on June 30, 2021 is as set forth below:

| Sr. No. | Name of Promoter | Total number of Equity Shares | Number of shares held in dematerialised Form | Total shareholding as a % of total number of Equity Shares | Equity Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered | % of Equity Shares pledged with respect to shares owned |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | Mathew K. Cherian | 12,54,52,270 | Nil | 62.60 | Nil | Nil |

| Sr. No. | Name of Promoter | Total number of Equity Shares | Number of shares held in dematerialised Form | Total shareholding as a % of total number of Equity Shares | Equity Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered | % of Equity Shares pledged with respect to shares owned |
|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2. | Laila Mathew | 3,01,48,300 | Nil | 15.04 | Nil | Nil |
| 3. | Jilu Saju Varghese | 400 | Nil | Negligible | Nil | Nil |
| | Total | 15,56,00,970 | Nil | 77.64 | Nil | Nil |

Except as mentioned below, as on June 30, 2021, our Promoters do not have any preference shareholding of our Company:

| Sr. No. | Name Promoter | of | Total number of Preferenc e Shares | | Total shareholding as a % of total mber of Preference Shares | | |
|------------|-------------------|----|---------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| 1. | Mathew Cherian | K. | 27,000 | Nil | 22.50 | Nil | Nil |
| | Total | | 27,000 | Nil | 22.50 | Nil | Nil |

Details of Promoter's Contribution in our Company:

Mathew K. Cherian

| Date of allotment/transfer | No. of Equity Shares | Face value (in ₹) | Issue price (in ₹) | Consideration (Cash/Other than cash) | Nature of allotment/transfer | Sources |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| May 07, 2004 | 2,000 | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | Own Fund and Loan Fund |
| August 10, 2004 | 400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 23, 2005 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| November 13, 2006 | 2,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 30, 2010 | 64,385 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund and Loan Fund |
| October 27, 2010 | 13,825 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund and Loan Fund |
| November 30, 2010 | 10,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund and Loan Fund |
| February 28, 2011 | 3,090 | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | |
| March 25, 2011 | 50,066 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 25, 2011 | 1,37,760 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| March 30, 2011 | 61,934 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 30, 2012 | 45,244 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund |
| March 20, 2013 | 79,241 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | Bonus |
| March 26, 2013 | 30,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 30, 2013 | 3,04,164 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| November 11, 2013 | (2) | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | - |
| December 31, 2013 | 24,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| May 31, 2014 | 2,00,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| May 31, 2014 | (40,000) | 1,000 | - | Gift | Transfer | - |
| July 31, 2015 | 22,400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| November 11, 2016 | (3) | 1,000 | - | Gift | Transfer | - |
| March 14, 2017 | 1,26,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| March 31, 2018 | 40,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| July 19, 2018 | 1,500 | 1,000 | - | Other than cash | Pursuant to the order of the NCLT approving the scheme of amalgamation between our Company and Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited | - |
| September 29 2018 | 50,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |

| Date of allotment/transfer | No. of Equity Shares | Face value (in ₹) | Issue price (in ₹) | Consideration (Cash/Other than cash) | Nature of allotment/transfer | Sources |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| March 8, 2019 | 10,314 | 1,000 | 1,000 | NA | Conversion of CCPS | Own fund |
| by our Shareholders at the 100 Equity Shares of ₹10 | Pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on February 18, 2019 and the by our Shareholders at their EGM held on March 15, 2019, every one Equity Share of face value $\gtrless1,000$ each was 100 Equity Shares of $\gtrless10$ each and accordingly, 12,43,818 Equity Shares of face value $\gtrless1,000$ each held by M were sub-divided into 12,43,81,800 Equity Shares of face value $\gtrless10$ each. | | | | | |
| March 21, 2019 | 10,70,370 | 10 | 27 | NA | Conversion of CCPS | Own fund |
| August 10, 2019 | 100 | 10 | - | 2,700 | Transfer | Own fund |
| Total 1 | 2,54,52,270 | | | | | |

Laila Mathew

| Date of allotment/ transfer | No. of Equity Shares | Face value (in ₹) | Issue price (in ₹) | Consideration (Cash/Other than cash) | Nature of allotment/transfer | Sources |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| May 07, 2004 | 2,200 | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | Own Fund |
| August 10, 2004 | 400 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund |
| March 30, 2010 | 17,115 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund |
| October 27, 2010 | 3,675 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund |
| November 30, 2010 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund and Own Fund |
| February 28, 2011 | (3,090) | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | - |
| March 25, 2011 | 12,517 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan fund |
| March 25, 2011 | 34,440 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| March 30, 2011 | 15,483 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan fund |
| March 30, 2012 | 11,311 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| March 20, 2013 | 19,810 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| March 30, 2013 | 71,528 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| November 11, 2013 | (2) | 1,000 | - | Cash | Transfer | - |
| December 31, 2013 | 6,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Loan Fund |
| May 31, 2014 | 40,000 | 1,000 | - | Gift | Transfer | - |
| July 31, 2015 | 27,600 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| November 11, 2016 | (2) | 1,000 | - | Gift | Transfer | - |
| March 14, 2017 | 31,500 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Rights Issue | Own Fund |
| July 19, 2018 | 5,998 | 1,000 | - | Other than cash | Pursuant to the order of the NCLT approving the scheme of amalgamation between our Company and Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited | - |

Pursuant to the resolution of our Board of Directors passed at their meeting held on February 18, 2019 and a resolution of ourShareholders passed at in their extraordinary general meeting held on March 15, 2019, every one equity share of face value ₹1,000each was sub-divided into 100 equity shares of ₹10 each, and accordingly, 3,01,483 equity shares of face value ₹1,000 each heldby Laila Mathew were sub-divided into 3,01,48,300 equity shares of face value ₹10 eachTotal3,01,48,300

Jilu Saju Varghese

| Date of allotment/ transfer | No. of Equity Shares | Face value (in ₹) | Issue price (in ₹) | Consideration (Cash/Other than cash) | Nature of allotment/transfer | Sources |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| October 01, 2011 | 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 | Cash | Preferential Allotment | Own Fund |
| March 30, 2013 | 1 | 1,000 | - | Bonus | Bonus Issue | - |
| July 19, 2018 | 2 | 1,000 | - | Other than cash | Pursuant to the order of the NCLT approving the scheme of amalgamation between our Company and Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited | - |

| Date of allotment/ transfer | No. of Equity Shares | Face value (in ₹) | Issue price (in ₹) | Consideration (Cash/Other than cash) | Nature of allotment/transfer | Sources | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Pursuant to the resolution | ution of our I | Board of Directo | ors passed at | their meeting held o | n February 18, 2019 and a | resolution of our | | |
| | Shareholders passed at in their extraordinary general meeting held on March 15, 2019, every one equity share of face | | | | | | | |
| | each was sub-divided into 100 equity shares of ₹10 each, and accordingly, 4 equity shares of face value ₹1,000 each held by Jilu Saju Varghese were sub-divided into 400 equity shares of face value ₹10 each | | | | | | | |
| Total | 400 | o oquity bilaros o | | | | | | |

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transactions of our Company during the last five Fiscals, see "*Financial Statements*" on page 119.

SECTION V - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Page No. |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1. | Examination report on the Reformatted Financial Statements of our Company for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017. | F1-F3 |
| 2. | Reformatted Financial information of our Company for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018, and March 31, 2017. | F4-F76 |



To,

The Board of Directors KosamattamFinance Limited Kosamattam MKC Building, Market Junction, ML Road, Kottayam-686001, Kerala

Dear Sirs,

We have examined the attached reformatted standalone financial information of M/s. Kosamattam Finance Limited, (the "Company") annexed to this report, which is proposed to be included in the Draft Prospectus/ Prospectus of the Company in connection with the proposed issue of Proposed public issue by Kosamattam Finance Limited, ("company" or "issuer") of secured, redeemable, non - convertible debentures ("NCDs") of face value of ₹1,000 each, aggregating upto ₹15,000 lakhs, hereinafter referred to as the "base issue" with an option to retain over-subscription upto₹15,000 lakhs aggregating upto ₹30,000 lakhs ("overall issue size)"in terms of the requirement of Section 26of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, as amended ("the Regulations") issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), as amended from time to time in pursuance of Section 11A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (the "SEBI Act") and related clarifications and in terms of our engagement letter dated July15, 2021. This financial information has been prepared by the Company and is approved by the Debenture Committee in their meeting held on July14, 2021. The preparation and presentation of the reformatted financial information is the responsibility of theCompany's management. This reformatted financial information is proposed to be included in the DraftProspectus/Prospectus of the Company in connection with the Issue. These reformatted financial information have been regrouped and reclassified in accordance to Revised Schedule VI/ Schedule III to the Act effective from April 1, 2013 (but not restated retrospectively for change in any accounting policy) for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 to be included in the Offer Documents of the Company in connection with the Issue.

We have examined this financial information taking into consideration the Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as per Standalone Financial Statements of the Company

We have examined the following attached statements of the Company:

The "Reformatted Standalone Statement of Assets and Liabilities" as at March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, and 2017 (Annexure I) and the schedules forming part thereof (Annexure V); and

The "Reformatted Standalone Statement of Profits and Losses" for year ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (Annexure II) and the schedules forming part thereof (Annexure VI); and

The "Reformatted Standalone Statement of Cash Flows" for year ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 (Annexure III),

The "Reformatted Standalone Statement of changes in equity" for year ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 (Annexure IV),

together referred to as "Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements".

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The financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 have been approved/ adopted by the Board of Directors and the members of the company and the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company has received an order from Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai Division Bench on 19.07.2018 sanctioning proposed scheme of Amalgamation of Kosamattam Finance Limited and Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited with 01.04.2016 as the appointed date. Consequently, as per the scheme, Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited gets merged into Kosamattam Finance Limited as on the appointed date of 01.04.2016. The NCLT order has been filed by the assessee with the Registrar of Companies Kerala & Lakshadweep on 19.07.2018. The NCLT order was received after the completion of the Statutory Audit for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and accordingly, the Audited accounts (without giving effect to the merger) have also been adopted by the members in the 31st AGM held on June 08, 2018. Subsequent to the receipt of the NCLT order the Company has drawn up the merged financials giving effect to the NCLT order (for which statutory audit is not carried out) and the same are approved by the Board of Directors. Therefore, figures as on March 31, 2019, represent the audited financial statements and figures as on March 31, 2018 represent the financials prepared by the management and approved by the board of director pursuant to merger as approved by the NCLT vide order dated July 19, 2018 and figures as on March 31, 2017 represent the merged financials of the Audited financial of the Company and M/s Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited (Transferor Company)

We have performed such tests and procedures, which in our opinion were necessary for the purpose of our examination. These procedures, mainly involved comparison of the attached Reformatted Financial Information with the Company's audited financial statements for the for year ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 as stated above and regrouping and reclassification as per Schedule VI/ Schedule III of the 'Act' as applicable and requirements of 'SEBI Regulations'.

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have been extracted from the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company after making such adjustments, reclassifications and regroupings as considered appropriate and based on our examination of these Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements, we state that:

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have been presented in "Rupees in lakhs" solely for the convenience of readers;

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements have to be read in conjunction with the relevant Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Financial Statements on the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements given as per Annexure VI;

The figures of earlier years / Periods have been regrouped (but not restated) wherever necessary, to conform to the classification adopted for the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements;

There are no extra-ordinary items that need to be disclosed separately in the Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements;

These Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements conform to the requirements of the Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

Other Standalone Financial Information of the Company

We have examined the following Other Standalone Financial Information of the Company in respect of year ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 proposed to be included in the Draft Prospectus/Prospectus, and annexed to this report:

Significant Accounting Policies (Annexure VII) Capitalisation Statement (Annexure VIII) Statement of Secured & Unsecured Loans (Annexure IX) X

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Statement of Accounting Ratios (Annexure X) Details of Dividend (Annexure XI) Statement of Contingent Liability (Annexure XII) Statement of Tax Shelter (Annexure XIII) Details of Related Parties & transaction with them (Annexure XIV A&B)

Based on our examination of these Reformatted Standalone Financial Information, we state that in our opinion, the "Reformatted Standalone Financial Statements as per Standalone Financial Statements of the Company" and "Other Standalone Financial Information of the Company" mentioned above for the year ended March 31, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Section 26 of the Act and the Regulations amended from time to time, by The SEBI Act.

This report should not in any way be construed as a re-issuance or re-dating of any of the previous audit reports nor should this be construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.

This report is intended solely for your information and for inclusion in the Draft Prospectus/Prospectus in connection with the proposed issue of NCDs aggregating to Rs. 35,000.00 lakhs for issuance of additional NCDs and is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

Yours faithfully

For VISHNU RAJENDRAN & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN: 004741S Peer Review Certificate Nor: 011622

A. Joseph M.Sc., FCA

Partner M No: 201101 UDIN:21201101AAAADR6077

Place: Kottayam Date: 15.07.2021

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| Particulars | Note No | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| I. ASSETS | | | | |
| 1 Financial Assets | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| a) Cash and cash equivalents | 5.1 | 16,358.86 | 3,493.19 | 11,879.99 |
| b) Bank Balance other than (a) above | 5.2 | 17,200.26 | 11,395.58 | 9,884.71 |
| c) Receivables | - | | | |
| (I) Trade receivables | 6 | 7.37 | 11.36 | 8.2 |
| (II) Other receivables | 6 | 22.33 | 36.76 | 41.65 |
| d) Loans | 7 | 3,47,826.38 | 2,97,247.02 | 2,53,216.01 |
| e) Other financial assets | 8 | 1,544.91 | 1,387.12 | 1,533.67 |
| 2 Non-financial Assets | | | | |
| a) Current tax assets (net) | 9 | 1,095.74 | 981.63 | 2,395.87 |
| b) Deferred tax assets (net) | 31.1 | 843.13 | 1,069.31 | 695.30 |
| c) Property, Plant and Equipment | 10 | 12,278.28 | 12,242.33 | 12,396.57 |
| d) Capital work-in-progress | 10 | - | - | 98.53 |
| e) Right of use assets | 11.1 | 3,650.13 | 2,785.69 | 3,998.93 |
| f) Other intangible assets | 12 | 261.14 | 285.67 | 326.02 |
| g) Other non-financial assets | 13 | 1,466.63 | 859.86 | 728.73 |
| Total Assets | | 4,02,555.16 | 3,31,795.52 | 2,97,204.24 |
| II. LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| 1 Financial Liabilities | | | | |
| a) Payables | | | | |
| (I) Trade payables | | | | |
| (i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | | - | - | |
| (ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | 14 | 364.40 | 463.31 | 390.07 |
| b) Debt securities | 15 | 2,28,322.99 | 2,04,104.16 | 1,76,314.74 |
| c) Borrowings (other than debt securities) | 16 | 85,261.02 | 52,188.37 | 47,803.34 |
| d) Subordinated liabilities | 17 | 31,987.38 | 29,752.86 | 30,689.83 |
| e) Lease liabilities | 11.2 | 3,777.99 | 2,737.50 | 4002.93 |
| f) Other financial liabilities | 18 | 194.82 | 281.57 | 409.60 |
| 2 Non-financial Liabilities | | | | : |
| a) Provisions | 19 | 431.06 | 140.52 | 99.41 |
| b) Other non-financial liabilities | 20 | 156.65 | 80.59 | 213.90 |
| 3 Equity | | | | 1 |
| a) Equity share capital | 21 | 20,250.05 | 19,160.18 | 19,160.1 |
| b) Other equity | 22 | 31,808.80 | 22,886.46 | 18,120.0 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | 1 | 4,02,555.16 | 3,31,795.52 | 2,97,204.24 |

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| Annexure- II: Reformatted Summary Statement of Profit an | nd Loss | | (₹ in | Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| | Note | For the year/ | period end | ed |
| Particulars | Note | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31 2019 |
| Revenue from operations | | | | |
| (i) Interest income | 23 | 53,841.02 | 49,510.43 | 47,146.5 |
| (ii) Fees and commission Income | 24 | 382.81 | 412.99 | 382.6 |
| (I) Total Revenue from operations | | 54,223.83 | 49,923.42 | 47,529.1 |
| (II) Other Income | 25 | 2.14 | 10.00 | 7.0 |
| (III) Total Income (I + II) | | 54,225.97 | 49,933.42 | 47,536.2 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| (i) Finance costs | 26 | 31,592.56 | 28,106.98 | 27,813.8 |
| (ii) Impairment on financial instruments | 27 | 732.78 | 199.94 | 89.5 |
| (iii) Employee benefits expenses | 28 | 7,399.53 | 6,609.32 | 6,384.0 |
| (iv) Depreciation, amortization and impairment | 29 | 2,409.31 | 2,465.84 | 2,546.6 |
| (v) Other expenses | 30 | 2,492.43 | 3,305.44 | 3,677.2 |
| (IV) Total Expenses | | 44,626.61 | 40,687.52 | 40,511.3 |
| (V) Profit before tax (III- IV) | | 9,599.36 | 9,245.90 | 7,024.8 |
| (VI) Tax Expense: | 31.1 | | | |
| (1) Current tax | | 2,529.52 | 2,387.31 | 2,413.5 |
| (2) Deferred tax | | 228.53 | (383.21) | 296.6 |
| (3) Income tax for earlier years | | 309.73 | 2,478.79 | |
| (VII) Profit for the year (V- VI) | | 6,531.58 | 4,763.01 | 4,314.6 |
| (VIII) Other Comprehensive Income | | | | |
| A) (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | (9.32) | 4.51 | 32.9 |
| (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | 2.35 | (1.14) | (11.52 |
| Subtotal (A) | | (6.97) | 3.37 | 21.4 |
| B) (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | |
| (ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | - | - | |
| Subtotal (B) | | - | - | <u> </u> |
| Other Comprehensive Income (A + B) (VIII) | | (6.97) | 3.37 | 21.4 |
| (IX) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII+VIII) | <u>}-</u> | 6,524.61 | 4,766.38 | 4,336.0 |
| (X) Earnings per equity share | 32 | <u> </u> | | |
| (Face value of ₹10/- each) | <u> </u> | | | |
| Basic (₹) | 1 | 3.31 | 2.49 | 2.3 |
| Diluted (₹) | <u> </u> | 3.12 | 2.36 | 2.1 |

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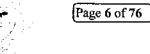
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Т



| Annexure- III: Reformatted Summary of Cash Flow Statement | <u> </u> | | in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | For the year | | |
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31 <u>, 2020</u> | March 31, 2019 |
| A) Cash flow from Operating activities | | | |
| Profit before tax | 9,599.36 | 9,245.90 | 7,024.84 |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows: | | | |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment | 2,473.57 | 2,538.00 | 2,546.62 |
| Interest Income | (53,841.02) | (49,510.43) | -956.4 |
| Profit on sale of Property, plant, and equipment | (2.14) | (10.00) | -7.0 |
| Finance costs | 31,592.56 | 28,106.98 | 27,813.8 |
| Impairment on financial instruments | 732.78 | 80.18 | 2.1 |
| Bad debts written off | - | 119.76 | 87.3 |
| Provision for Gratuity | 64.83 | 47.84 | |
| Cash inflow from interest on loans | 49,798.35 | 43,368.09 | |
| Cash outflow towards finance costs | (30,756.50) | (26,111.37) | |
| Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes | 9,661.79 | 7,874.95 | 36,511.3 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| (Increase)/Decrease in other receivables | 18.42 | 1.73 | 31.9 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Loans | (48,044.17) | (38,978.57) | -8,019.3 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other financial assets | 25.77 | 234.34 | -5.8 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other non-financial asset | (606.77) | (131.14) | 156.9 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other financial liabilities | 21.96 | (171.55) | 230.1 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Other non-financial liabilities | 76.06 | (133.37) | 15.1 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payables | (98.91) | 73.24 | -26.8 |
| Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions | (4.36) | (2.28) | 37.3 |
| Cash generated from operations | (38,950.21) | (31,232.65 | 28,930.9 |
| Income tax paid | (2,953.36) | (3,443.80) | -3,874.5 |
| Net cash from / (used in) operating activities | (41,903.57) | (34,676.45 | 25,056.3 |
| B) Cash flow from Investing activities | (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |) | |
| Purchase of Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets | (1,056.25) | (820.34) | -1,314.1 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment's | 3.62 | 15.77 | 22.3 |
| (Increase) / decrease in other bank balance | (5,804.68) | (1,510.87) | -1,606.5 |
| Interest received on fixed deposits | 811.89 | 802.17 | 881.5 |
| Net cash from / (used in) investing activities | (6,045.42) | | 1 |
| C) Cash flow from Financing activities | (0,043.42) | (1,513.27) | -2,016.7 |
| Proceeds from issue of equity share capital (including share premium) | 3,487.61 | | 1.067.4 |
| Increase / (decrease) in debt securities | 24,089.48 | 74 660 41 | 1,067.4 |
| Increase / (decrease) in borrowings (other than debt securities) | | 24,668.41 | -5,531.9 |
| Cash outflow towards Lease | 33,072.65 | 4,385.03 | -9,496.7 |
| Increase / (decrease) in Subordinate liabilities | (1,832.20) | (1,685.06) | -4,920.7 |
| Net cash from / (used in) financing activities | 1,997.12 | 434.54 | |
| D) Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B | 60,814.66 | 27,802.92 | -20,156.1 |
| +C) | 12,865.67 | (8,386.80) | 2,883.4 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period | 3,493.19 | 11,879.99 | 8,996.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents atthe end of the Period | 16,358.86 | 3,493.19 | 11,879.9 |

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Chartered Accountants



Currency:₹in Lakhs

Annexure- IV : Reformatted Statement Of Changes In Equity

a. Equity Share Capital

| Equity shares of ₹10/- each issued, subscribed and fully paid | Currency:₹in Lakhs | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Number | Amount | | |
| As at March 31, 2018 | 18,45,00,000 | 18,450.00 | | |
| Additional Shares issued during the year | 50,00,000 | 500.00 | | |
| Shares issued on conversion of CCPS | 21,01,770 | 210.18 | | |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,160.18 | | |
| Additional Shares issued during the year | • | - | | |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,160.18 | | |
| Changes during the year | 1,08,98,777 | 1,089.87 | | |
| Balance as at March 31, 2021 | 20,25,00,547 | 20,250.05 | | |

b. Other Equity

Reserves and Surplus Other Reserve Comprehensive Revalu Fund U/S Debenture Income -Total Particulars Retained Capital ation Securities Impairmen General 45-IC (1) Redemption Actuarial Gain Reserve Reserv Premium t Reserve Reserve Earnings of RBI Act. Reserve or Loss е 1934* 2.06 13,426.70 Balance as at April 01, 2018 (232.54) 3,788.32 9.07 2.86 -9,227.55 629.38 . Transfer to/(from) Surplus in statement of P&L 608.36 2,433.42 1,789.91 (4,831.69) -----On account of Conversion of Cumulative convertible 357.30 357.30 --. -preference shares 4,314.63 Profit for the year after income tax 4,314.63 --------Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the 21.44 21.44 ---. year after income tax 18,120.08 23.51 Balance as at March 31, 2019 (749.60) 4,396.68 9.07 2.86 357.30 11,660.97 2,419.29 ٠ 4,763.01 4,763.01 Profit for the year (net of taxes) . -------Transfer to/(from) Retained Earnings (1, 124.73)952.60 172.13 -----Amount transferred from / to General Reserve 11.660.97 ---(11,660.97)---Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the 3.38 3.38 --vear (net of taxes) 26.88 22,886.46 Balance as at March 31, 2020 2,888.68 5,349.28 9.07 2.86 357.30 2,591.42 11,660.97 -

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| Profit for the year (net of taxes) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,531.58 | | 6,531.58 |
|------------------------------------------|----------|------|------|----------|---|----------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|
| Transfer to/(from) Retained Earnings | 1,330.30 | - | | - | - | 811.71 | - | (2,142.01) | <u>-</u> | • |
| Shares issued on rights issue basis | - | - | - | 2,397.73 | - | - | - | - | | 2,397.73 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the | | | _ | _ | _ | | - | - | (6.97) | (6.97) |
| year (net of taxes) | | | _ | | | | | | | 24 000 00 |
| Balance as at March 31, 2021 | 6,679.58 | 9.07 | 2.86 | 2,755.03 | • | 3,403.13 | 11,660.97 | 7,278.25 | 19.91 | 31,808.80 |

*As required by section 45-IC of the RBI Act 1934, the Company maintains a reserve fund and transfers there in a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss and before any dividend is declared. The Company cannot appropriate any sum from the reserve fund except for the purpose specified by Reserve Bank of India from time to time. Till date RBI has not specified any purpose for appropriation of Reserve fund maintained under section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934.

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Annexure- V: Notes to Reformatted Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities

| Note 5.1: Cash and cash equivalents (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | |
| Cash on hand | 2,682.56 | 1,419.27 | 1,727.82 | | | |
| Balances with Banks | | | | | | |
| - in current accounts | 13,676.30 | 2,073.92 | 10,152.17 | | | |
| - in fixed deposit (maturing within a period of three months) | - | | | | | |
| Total | 16,358.86 | 3,493.19 | 11,879.99 | | | |

| Note 5.2: Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents | | | (₹in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Fixed deposits with bank (maturing after period of three months) (Refer Note 5.2.1) | 17,041.44 | 11,395.58 | 9,884.71 |
| Balance in other escrow accounts | | | |
| Unclaimed Auction Surplus | 86.57 | - | |
| Unclaimed interest and redemption proceeds of Non-Convertible debentures- Private Issue | 72.25 | - | |
| Total | 17,200.26 | 11,395.58 | 9,884.71 |

Note 5.2.1: Fixed deposits with banks

Fixed Deposits with bank include fixed deposits given as collateral security for borrowings ₹ 17,015.37 Lakhs (March 31, 2020: ₹ 11,394.58 Lakhs, March 31, 2019: ₹ 9,601.07 Lakhs) and fixed deposits given as security for guarantees ₹26.07 Lakhs (March 31, 2020: ₹1.00 Lakh, March 31, 2019: ₹283.64 Lakhs)

| Note 6 : Receivables | • • | | | (₹ in Lakhs |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-------------------|----------------------------------------|
| (I) Trade Receivables | | | | ······································ |
| Particulars | | 31, | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Receivables Considered good - unsecured | | 7.37 | 11.36 | 8.20 |
| Receivables which have a significant increase in credit risk | - | | | |
| Receivables -credit impaired | - | | | |
| Total | | 7.37 | 11.36 | 8.20 |
| Less: Allowance for impairment loss | | • | - | - |
| Total Net Receivable | | 7.37 | 11.36 | 8.20 |

| (II) Other Receivables | (₹in Lakhs) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | | |
| Considered good - unsecured | | | | | | | |
| Receivables Considered good - unsecured | | | | | | | |
| Receivables from Power Generation - Wind Mill | 22.33 | 36.76 | 41.65 | | | | |
| Receivables which have a significant increase in credit risk | - | - | - | | | | |
| Receivables -credit impaired | - | - | - | | | | |
| Total | 22.33 | 36.76 | 41.65 | | | | |
| Less: Allowance for impairment loss | - | - | - | | | | |
| Total Net Receivable | 22.33 | 36.76 | 41.65 | | | | |

None of the trade and other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member. These receivables are non-interest bearing, short-term in nature and does not involve any credit risk hence no ECL provision has been made.

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Note 7: Loans

Currency: ₹ in Lakhs

| | | At F | Fair value | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Amortized Cost | Through Other Comprehensive Income | Through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Sub- total | Total |
| | | | | | |
| | . – | - | - | - | 3,43,218.54 |
| | • | - | - | - | 5,806.26 |
| 20.33 | - | - | • | - | 20.33 |
| 147.57 | - | - | - | - | 147.57 |
| 1,634.99 | - | - | - | - | 1,634.99 |
| 148.20 | - | - | • | - | 148.20 |
| 3,50,975.89 | - | - | • | - | 3,50,975.89 |
| 3,149.51 | | | - | - | 3,149.51 |
| 3,47,826.38 | | • | - | - | 3,47,826.38 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3,43,218.54 | - | - | - | - | 3,43,218.54 |
| 5,806.26 | - | - | - | - | 5,806.26 |
| 3,49,024.80 | - | - | - | - | 3,49,024.80 |
| 2,583.84 | | - | - | - | 2,583.84 |
| 3,46,440.96 | | • | - | - | 3,46,440.96 |
| | | | | | |
| 20.33 | - | - | - | - | 20.33 |
| 147.57 | | - | - | | 147.57 |
| 1,634.99 | - | | - | - | 1,634.99 |
| 148.20 | - | - | - | - | 148.20 |
| 1.951.09 | - | • | - | - | 1,951.09 |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | 565.67 |
| | ······ | | - | • | 1,385.42 |
| · - · · | | | ······································ | | 3,47,826.38 |
| | 3,43,218.54 5,806.26 20.33 147.57 1,634.99 148.20 3,50,975.89 3,149.51 3,47,826.38 3,43,218.54 5,806.26 3,49,024.80 2,583.84 3,46,440.96 20.33 147.57 1,634.99 148.20 1,951.09 565.67 1,385.42 3,47,826.38 | Comprehensive Income 3,43,218.54 - 5,806.26 - 20.33 - 147.57 - 1,634.99 - 148.20 - 3,50,975.89 - 3,149.51 - 3,47,826.38 - 3,43,218.54 - 5,806.26 - 3,44,218.54 - 5,806.26 - 3,44,218.54 - 5,806.26 - 2,583.84 - 2,583.84 - 2,583.84 - 2,583.84 - 2,583.84 - 3,46,440.96 - 20.33 - 147.57 - 1,634.99 - 148.20 - 1,951.09 - 565.67 - 3,47,826.38 - | Comprehensive profit Income or loss 3,43,218.54 - - 5,806.26 - - 20.33 - - 147.57 - - 1,634.99 - - 3,50,975.89 - - 3,149.51 - - 3,47,826.38 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 2,583.84 - - 2,583.84 - - 2,583.84 - - 20.33 - - 147.57 - - 147.57 - - 1,634.99 - - 1,48.20 - - 1,951.09 - - 3,47,826.38 - - | Comprehensive Income profit or loss profit or loss 3,43,218.54 - - 5,806.26 - - 20.33 - - 147.57 - - 1,634.99 - - 1,48.20 - - 3,50,975.89 - - 3,149.51 - - 3,47,826.38 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,44,228.54 - - 3,44,218.54 - - 3,43,218.54 - - 3,44,228.54 - - 3,44,218.54 - - 3,44,3218.54 - - 3,44,6440.96 - - 2,583.84 - - 1,634.99 - - 1,634.99 - - 1,634.99 - - 148.20 - - | Comprehensive profit profit or loss total 3,43,218.54 - - - - 5,806.26 - - - - - 20.33 - - - - - - 147.57 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |

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| (C) (I) Loans in India | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|-------------|
| i) Public Sector | - | | - | - | - | - |
| ii) Others | 3,50,975.89 | • | - | - | ~ | 3,50,975.89 |
| Total (C) - Gross | 3,50,975.89 | | - | - | - | 3,50,975.89 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 3,149.51 | - | • | - | - | 3,149.51 |
| Total (C)- Net | 3,47,826.38 | | • | | - | 3,47,826.38 |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | March 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | At Fair value | | | | | | | | |
| Particulars | Amortized Cost | Through Other ComprehensiveIncome | Through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Sub-total | Total | | | |
| (A) | | | | | | | | | |
| i) Gold Loan | 2,90,876.23 | • | - | - | - | 2,90,876.23 | | | |
| ii) Mortgaged Loan | 6,463.48 | - | - | - | - | 6,463.48 | | | |
| iii) Rental Loan | 24.09 | - | - | - | - | 24.09 | | | |
| iv) Staff Loan | 0.14 | - | | . - | - | 0.14 | | | |
| v) Micro Finance Loans | 273.85 | - | - | • | - | 273.85 | | | |
| vi) Business Loans | 2,148.73 | - | - | - | • | 2,148.73 | | | |
| vii) Other Loans | 97.99 | | - | • | - | 97.99 | | | |
| Total (A) - Gross | 2,99,884.51 | - | - | - | - | 2,99,884.51 | | | |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 2,637.49 | - | | - | - | 2,637.49 | | | |
| Total (A) - Net | 2,97,247.02 | | • | • · · · · · · · · | | 2,97,247.02 | | | |
| (B) | | | | | | | | | |
| I) Secured by tangible assets | | | | | | | | | |
| i) Gold Loan | 2,90,876.23 | - | - | - | - | 2,90,876.23 | | | |
| ii) Mortgaged Loan | 6,463.48 | - | - | | . – | 6,463.48 | | | |
| Total (I) - Gross | 2,97,339.71 | - | - | - | - | 2,97,339.71 | | | |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 2,000.43 | • | - | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | 2,000.43 | | | |
| Total (I) - Net | 2,95,339.28 | | - | | - | 2,95,339.28 | | | |

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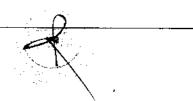
Chartered Accountants

| (Λ) |
|-------------|
| |
| |

| II) Unsecured | | | | | 1 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|
| i) Rental Loan | 24.09 | - | - | - | _ | 24.09 |
| ii) Staff Loan | 0.14 | - | - | - | _ | 0.14 |
| iii) Micro Finance Loan | 273.85 | - | - | _ | | 273.85 |
| iv) Business Loan | 2,148.73 | - | - | - | | 2,148.73 |
| v) Other Loans | 97.99 | - | | _ | _ | 97.99 |
| Total (II) - Gross | 2,544.80 | | | • | | 2,544.80 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 637.06 | | | | | 637.06 |
| Total (II) - Net | 1,907.74 | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | 1,907.74 |
| Total (B) (I+II) - Net | 2,97,247.02 | | | | | 2,97,247.02 |
| (C) (I) Loans in India | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · | | | 2,77,247.02 |
| i) Public Sector | - | | - | | | _ |
| ii) Others | 2,99,884.51 | . - | - | | | 2,99,884.51 |
| Total (C) - Gross | 2,99,884.51 | - | | _ · | | 2,99,884.51 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 2,637.49 | | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u> </u> | | 2,637.49 |
| Total (C)- Net | 2,97,247.02 | | | | | 2,037.49 |
| | | | | | - | 2,77,247.02 |

| | | | March 3 | 1, 2019 | · | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars | | Amortized Cost | | | | | | | | |
| | Amortised Cost | Through Other Comprehensive Income | Through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Sub-total | Total | | | | |
| A)i) Gold Loan | 2,43,608.90 | | | | | 2,43,608.90 | | | | |
| ii) Mortgaged Loan | 9,907.67 | | | | | 9,907.67 | | | | |
| iii) Rental Loan | 40.15 | | • • | | - - | 40.15 | | | | |
| iv) Staff Loan | 1.21 | ŕ | | | | 1.21 | | | | |
| v) Other Loans | 99.21 | | | | | 99.21 | | | | |
| vi) Micro Finance Loans | 840.33 | | | | | 840.33 | | | | |
| vii) Business Loans | 1,275.85 | | | | | 1,275.85 | | | | |
| Total (A) - Gross | 2,55,773.32 | | | | | 2,55,773.32 | | | | |

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|---|---------|---|
| | <u></u> | J |

| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 2,557.31 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| otal (A) - Net | 2,53,216.01 |
| (B)I) Secured by tangibleassets | |
|) Gold Loan | 2,43,608.90 |
| ii) Mortgaged Loan | 9,907.67 |
| Total (I) – Gross | 2,53,516.57 |
| less:Impairmentlossallowance | 1,995.96 |
| fotal (1) - Net | 2,51,520.61 |
| I) Unsecured | |
|) Rental Loan | 40.15 |
| i) Business Loan | 1,275.85 |
| ii) Micro Finance Loan | 840.33 |
| v) Staff Loan | 1.21 |
| y) Other Loans | 99.21 |
| 'otal (II) - Gross | 2,256.75 |
| ess:Impairmentlossallowance | 561.35 |
| 'otal (III - Net | 1,695.40 |
| fotal (B) (I+II) - Net | 2,53,216.01 |
| C) (l) Loans in India | |
|) Public Sector | - |
| i) Others | 2,55,773.32 |
| fotal (C) – Gross | 2,55,773.32 |
| less: Impairment loss allowance | 2,557.31 |
| Fotal (C)- Net | 2,53,216.01 |



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Credit Quality of Loan Assets

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances.

| | | March 3 | 1, 2021 | | | March 3 | 1, 2020 | | March 31, 2019 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| Particulars | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | |
| Internal rating grade | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Performing | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| High grade | 3,11,238.13 | - | - | 3,11,238.13 | 2,67,791.63 | | - | 2,67,791.63 | 2,29,107.76 | | - | 2,29,107.76 | |
| Standard grade | - | 8,548.79 | - | 8,548.79 | - | 15,041.23 | - | 15,041.23 | - | 11,851.01 | | 11,851.01 | |
| Sub-standard grade | - | 17,413.16 | - | 17,413.16 | - | 6,810.01 | - | 6,810.01 | - | 5,590.71 | - | 5,590.71 | |
| Past due but not impaired | - | 5,726.34 | - | 5,726.34 | - | 3,308.98 | - | 3,308.98 | - | 3,279.23 | - | 3,279.23 | |
| Non- performing | | | | | | | • | | | | | | |
| Individually impaired | - | - | 8,049.47 | 8,049.47 | - | - | 6,932.66 | 6,932.66 | - | - | 5,944.61 | 5,944.61 | |
| Total | 3,11,238.13 | 31,688.29 | 8,049.47 | 3,50,975.89 | 2,67,791.63 | 25,160.22 | 6,932.66 | 2,99,884.51 | 2,29,107.76 | 20,720.95 | 5,944.61 | 2,55,773.32 | |
| EIR impact of Service charges received | - | - | - | - | | • | - | - | - | - | • | • | |
| Gross carrying amount closing balance net of EIR impact of service charge received | 3,11,238 .13 | 31,688.29 | 8,049.47 | 3,50,975.89 | 2,67,791.63 | 25,160.22 | 6,932.66 | 2,99,884.51 | 2,29,107.76 | 20,720.95 | 5,944.61 | 2,55,773.32 | |

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| Reconciliation of ECL balance is given below | w: | | (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| | March 31, 2021 | | | | March 31, 2020 | | | | March 31, 2020 | | | |
| Particulars | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total |
| ECL allowance - opening balance | 978.92 | 521.29 | 1,137.27 | 2,637.4 8 | 1,090.52 | 559.62 | 907.17 | 2,557.3 1 | 1,500.53 | 522.80 | 531.81 | 2,555.1 4 |
| New assets originated or purchased | 2,615.83 | - | 572.56 | 3,188.39 | 683.53 | - | - | 683.53 | 508.96 | - | - | 508.96 |
| Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs) | (2,407.07) | (177.32) | (91.97) | 2,676.36 | -231.11 | - | -357.39 | -588.5 | -441.82 | - | -55.54 | -497.36 |
| Transfers to Stage 1 | - | - | - | 0.00 | | | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers to Stage 2 | (96.49) | 96.49 | - | 0.00 | -34.68 | 34.68 | - | - | -64.62 | 64.62 | - | - |
| Transfers to Stage 3 | (5.60) | (43.27) | 48.87 | 0.00 | -529.35 | -73.00 | 602.35 | - | -412.53 | -27.80 | 440.33 | - |
| Impact on year end ECL of exposures transferred between stages during the year | 106.67 | (124.10) | 529.46 | 512.03 | -111. 61 | -38.32 | 244.96 | 95.03 | -410.01 | 36.82 | 384.79 | 11.60 |
| Amounts written off | - | - | | - | - | - | -14.85 | -14.85 | - | | -9.43 | -9.43 |
| ECL allowance - closing balance | 1,085.59 | 39 7.19 | 1,666.73 | 3,149.5 1 | 978.91 | 521.3 | 1,137.28 | 2,637.4 9 | 1,090.52 | 559.62 | 907.17 | 2,557.3 1 |

| | | March 3 | 1, 2021 | | 1 | March 3 | 31, 2020 | | | March | 31, 2020 | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Tota] | Stage 1 Collective | Stage 2 Collective | Stage 3 Collective | Total |
| Gross carrying amount opening amount | 2,67,791.63 | 25,160.22 | 6,932.66 | 2,99,884.51 | 2,29,107.76 | 20,720.95 | 5,944.61 | 2,55,773.32 | 2,29,974.20 | 14,333.35 | 3,533.85 | 2,47,841.40 |
| New assets originated or purchased | 8,97,760.04 | 32.50 | 1,169.60 | 8,98,962.14 | 48,202.36 | - | - | 48,202.36 | 10,913.32 | - | - | 10,913.32 |
| Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs) | (8,20,326.52) | (25,111.94) | (2,432.30) | (8,47,870.76) | - | | -3,971.42 | -3,971.42 | | - | -2,905.26 | -2,905.26 |
| Transfers to Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | | | | - | - | - | - | |
| Transfers to Stage 2 | (33,957.26) | 33,957.26 | • | - | -5,208.20 | 5,209.20 | - | | -6,729.56 | 6,729.56 | - | <u> </u> |
| Transfers to Stage 3 | (29.76) | (2,349.75) | 2,379.51 | • | -4,310.29 | -768,93 | 5,079.23 | | -5,050,20 | -341.96 | 5.392.16 | |

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| Amounts written off | - | - | - | - | - | - | -119.76 | -119.76 | - | - | -76.14 | -76.14 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|----------|---------------|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Gross carrying amount closing balance | 3,11,238.13 | 31,688.29 | 8,049.47 | 3,50,975.89 | 2,67,791.63 | 25,160.22 | 6,932.66 | 2,99,884.51 | 2,29,107.76 | 20,720.95 | 5,944.61 | 2,55,773.32 |
| EIR impact of Service charges received | - | - | - | • | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Gross carrying amount closing balance net of EIR impact of service charge received | 3,11,238.13 | 31,688.29 | 8,049.47 | , 3,50,975.89 | 2,67,791.63 | 25,160.22 | 6,932.66 | 2,99,884.51 | 2,29,107.76 | 20,720.95 | 5,944.61 | 2,55,773.32 |

| Note 8: Other financial assets(₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | | | |
| Security deposits | 1,259.51 | 1,190.41 | 1,329.38 | | | | | |
| Interest accrued on fixed deposits with banks | 285.40 | 196.71 | 204.29 | | | | | |
| Total | 1,544.91 | 1,387.12 | 1,533.67 | | | | | |

| Note 9: Current tax assets (net) | (₹in Lakhs) | | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Income tax refundable (net of provision) | 1,095.74 | 981.63 | 2,395.87 |
| Total | 1,095.74 | 981.63 | 2,395.87 |



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| Note 10: Property. Plant and Equipment | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | . | | | (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Particulars | Lanđ | Building | Furniture & Fixtures | Electrical Fittings | Plant and Machinery | Vehicles | Computer and Accessories | Total | Capital- work-in progress |
| Gross block- at cost | | | | | | | | | |
| Deemed cost as at April 01, 2018 | 8,487.09 | 474.51 | 7,174.21 | 1,359.04 | 576.00 | 311.86 | 1,280.02 | 19,662.73 | 98.55 |
| Additions | 19.53 | 101.62 | 437.95 | 115.40 | - | 24.09 | 124.92 | 823.51 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 76.22 | - | - | - | - | 76.22 | - |
| Deemed cost as at March 31, 2019 | 8,506.62 | 576.13 | 7,535.94 | 1,474.44 | 576.00 | 335.95 | 1,404.94 | 20,410.02 | 98.55 |
| Additions | 0.98 | 107.05 | 414.39 | 128.82 | - | 83.82 | 183.03 | 918.09 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 5.49 | - | - | 51.23 | - | 56.72 | 98.55 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 8,507.60 | 683.18 | 7,944.84 | 1,603.26 | 576 | 368.54 | 1,587.97 | 21,271.39 | - |
| Additions | | - | 622.81 | 157.27 | - | 27.63 | 234,31 | 1,042.02 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 7.33 | - | - | 2.52 | 10.66 | 20.51 | - |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 8,507.60 | 683.18 | 8,560.32 | 1,760.53 | 576.00 | 393.65 | 1,811.62 | 22,292.90 | _ |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2018 | - | 111.25 | 4,752.78 | 752.54 | 3.21 | 224.99 | 1,065.18 | 6,909.95 | - |
| Charge for the year | - | 74.01 | 672.16 | 168.50 | 72.92 | 31.12 | 145.77 | 1,164.48 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 60.98 | - | | - | - | 60.98 | - |
| As at March 31, 2019 | - | 185.26 | 5,363.96 | 921.04 | 76.13 | 256.11 | 1,210.95 | 8,013.45 | - |
| Charge for the year | - | 51.58 | 626.28 | 159.45 | 63.63 | 33.91 | 131.72 | 1,066.57 | - |
| Disposals | - | - | 4.91 | - | - | 46.05 | - | 50.96 | - |
| As at March 31, 2020 | - | 236.84 | 5,985.33 | 1,080.49 | 139.76 | 243.97 | 1,342.67 | 9,029.06 | - |
| Charge for the year | - | 38.14 | 562.99 | 147.02 | 55.53 | 43.94 | 156.97 | 1,004.59 | |

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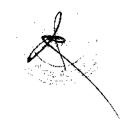
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| Disposals | | - | 6.51 | - | - | 2.39 | 10.13 | 19.03 | - |
|----------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-------|
| As at March 31, 2021 | - | 274.98 | 6,541.81 | 1,227.51 | 195.29 | 285.52 | 1,489.51 | 10,014.62 | - |
| Net Block | | | | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 8,506.62 | 390.87 | 2,171.98 | 553.40 | 499.87 | 79.84 | 193.99 | 12,396.57 | 98.55 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 8,507.60 | 446.34 | 1,959.51 | 522.77 | 436.24 | 124.57 | 245.30 | 12,242.33 | - |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 8,507.60 | 408.20 | 2,018.51 | 533.02 | 380.71 | 108.13 | 322.11 | 12,278.28 | |



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| Note 11.1: Right of use assets | (₹in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Premises |
| Gross block | |
| Deemed cost as at April 01, 2018 | 6,466.00 |
| Additions | 345.66 |
| Disposals | 194.38 |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 6,617.28 |
| Additions | 216.99 |
| Disposals | 405.83 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 6,428.44 |
| Additions | 2,294.66 |
| Disposals | 2,691.94 |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 6,031.16 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | |
| As at April 01, 2018 | 1,383.25 |
| Charge for the year | 1,429.44 |
| Disposals | 194.38 |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 2,618.31 |
| Charge for the year | 1,430.27 |
| Disposals | 405.83 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 3,642.75 |
| Charge for the year | 1,430.22 |
| Disposals | 2,691.94 |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 2,381.03 |
| Net Block | |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 3,998.97 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 2,785.69 |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 3,650.13 |

| Note 11.2: Lease Liabilities Currency: ₹ in | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | |
| Lease Liabilities | 3,777.99 | 2,737.50 | 4,002.97 | | |
| Total | 3,777.99 | 2,737.50 | 4,002.97 | | |

| 11.3 Maturity analysis of lease liabilities | Currency: ₹in Lakhs | | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Particulars | As at March 31, 2021 | As at March 31, 2020 | |
| Less than 1 year | 1,366.86 | 1.268.12 | |
| 1 to 2 years | 946.78 | 751.56 | |

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| 2 to 3 years | 564.60 | 324.92 |
|--------------|----------|----------|
| 3 to 4 years | 360.60 | 152.65 |
| 4 to 5 years | 299.54 | 84.02 |
| Above 5 year | 239.61 | 156.23 |
| Total | 3,777.99 | 2,737.50 |

| 11.4 Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss | (₹ in Lakh | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Particulars | As at March 31, 2021 | As at March 31, 2020 | |
| Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets (included in depreciation, amortisation and impairment) | 1,430.22 | 1,430.27 | |
| Interest expense (included in finance costs) | 578.02 | 202.60 | |
| 11.5 Gains or losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions | - | - | |
| 11.6 The total cash outflow for leases during the year | 1,707.26 | 1,660.63 | |
| 11.7 Lease Disclosures | | | |

In the statement of profit and loss, operating lease expenses which were recognized as other expenses are now recognized as depreciation expense for the right-of-use asset and finance cost for interest accrued on the lease liability.

| Particulars | For lease entered in the year ended | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 |
| The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognized in the balance sheet is: | 10.72% | 11.18% |

The Company has not availed the option for charging off of rental related to short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets. All leases have been considered for the determination of lease liability and Right of use assets.

The Company's leases mainly comprise of premises used for branch operations.

| Note 12: Other Intangible Assets | | | | in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Particulars | Licenses & Franchise | Brands/ Trademarks | Computer Software | Total |
| Gross block- at cost | | | | |
| Deemed cost as at April 01, 2018 | 40.58 | 1.66 | 150.18 | 192.42 |
| Additions | 81.73 | - | 136.24 | 217.97 |
| Disposals | - | - | | - |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 122.31 | 1.66 | 286.42 | 410.39 |
| Additions | 0.30 | 0.50 | | 0.80 |

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| Disposals | - | - | - | _ |
|--------------------------|--------|------|--------|---------|
| As at March 31, 2020 | 122.61 | 2.16 | 286.42 | 411.19 |
| Additions | - | - | 14.23 | 14.23 |
| Disposals | . – | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 122.61 | 2.16 | 300.65 | 425.42 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | · · · · |
| As at April 01, 2018 | 15.46 | 0.74 | 42.55 | 58.75 |
| Charge for the year | 7.01 | 0.17 | 18.44 | 25.62 |
| Disposals | - | - | · _ | |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 22.47 | 0.91 | 60.99 | 84.37 |
| Charge for the year | 12.27 | 0.20 | 28.68 | 41.15 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 34.74 | 1.11 | 89.67 | 125.52 |
| Charge for the year | 8.97 | 0.22 | 29.57 | 38.76 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 43.71 | 1.33 | 119.24 | 164.28 |
| Net Block | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 99.84 | 0.75 | 225.43 | 326.02 |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 87.87 | 1.05 | 196.75 | 285.67 |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 78.90 | 0.83 | 181.41 | 261.14 |

| Note 13: Other Non-Financial Assets | | (₹i | in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Security Deposits with government authorities | 247.52 | 247.53 | 247.53 |
| Balances with government authorities | 393.23 | 248.08 | 190.03 |
| Prepaid expenses | 514.68 | 156.90 | 152.73 |
| Advance Account and Other Deposits | 299.54 | 198.62 | 134.72 |
| Stock of stamp | 2.63 | 2.26 | 1.59 |
| Other non-financial assets | 9.03 | 6.47 | 2.13 |
| Total | 1,466.63 | 859.86 | 728.73 |

| Note 14: Trade Payables (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Particulars Mar | | ticulars March 31, 2021 March 31 2020 | | March 31, 2019 |
| Trade | Payables | | | |
| (i) | total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises | - | | - |
| (ii) | total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises | 364.40 | 463.31 | 390.07 |
| Total | | 364.40 | 463.31 | 390.07 |

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Based on the information available with the Company, none of the suppliers have confirmed to be registered under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development ('MSMED') Act, 2006". Accordingly, no disclosures relating to principal amounts unpaid as at the period ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 together with interest paid /payable are required to be furnished.

| Note 15: Debt Securities | (₹ in Lakhs) | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | March 31, 2021 | | | |
| Particulars | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures* | - | - | | - |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Listed** | 2,28,322.99 | - | - | 2,28,322.99 |
| Total (A) | 2,28,322.99 | - | | 2,28,322.99 |
| Debt securities in India | 2,28,322.99 | - | | 2,28,322.99 |
| Debt securities outside India | - | - | | - |
| Total (B) | 2,28,322.99 | - | • | 2,28,322.99 |

| | March 31, 2020 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Particulars | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total | |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures* | 2,044.29 | - | | 2,044,29 | |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures - Listed** | 2,02,059.87 | | - | 2,02,059.87 | |
| Total (A) | 2,04,104.16 | - | - | 2,04,104.16 | |
| Debt securities in India | 2,04,104.16 | - | - | 2,04,104.16 | |
| Debt securities outside India | - | | - | | |
| Total (B) | 2,04,104.16 | - | - | 2,04,104.16 | |

| | March 31, 2019 | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Particulars | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total | |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures* | 2,220.19 | - | - | 2,220.19 | |
| Secured Non-Convertible Debentures -Listed** | 1,74,094.55 | - | - | 1,74,094.55 | |
| Total (A) | 1,76,314.74 | - | - | 1,76,314.74 | |
| Debt securities in India | 1,76,314.74 | · · · | | 1,76,314.74 | |
| Debt securities outside India | - | - | - | | |
| Total (B) | 1,76,314.74 | - | - | 1,76,314.74 | |

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*Excludes unpaid (unclaimed) matured debentures which is shown as a part of Other financial liabilities in Note 18

**Includes EIR impact of transaction cost

Nature of security

Privately placed secured NCDs secured by first ranking paripassu charge on the entire movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of Company.

The principal amount of the listed Secured NCDs allotted in terms of various tranches of public issue of NCDs UptoXIIIth tranche, together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking paripassu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking paripassu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. KelvelurTaluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met.

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs allotted in terms of XIVth and XVth tranches of public issue of NCDs ,together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking paripassu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹1,080.92 Lakhs), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking paripassu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. KelvelurTaluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met.

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs allotted in terms of XVIth to XXIth tranches of public issue of NCDs , together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking paripassu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹1,080.92 Lakhs), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

| Note 16: Borrowings (other than debt securities) | (₹in Lakhs) | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | |
| | Amortised Cost | Amortised Cost | Amortised Cost | |
| (a) Term loan | | | | |
| (i) from banks | | | · | |
| Term loan (Secured) | 29,996.14 | 3,460.47 | | |
| Vehicle loan (Secured) | | | 57.90 | |
| (b) Loans repayable on demand | | | | |
| (i) from banks | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

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| Total (B) | 85,2 <u>61.02</u> | 52,188.37 | 47,803.34 |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Borrowings outside India | - | - | - |
| Borrowings in India | 85,261.02 | 52,188.37 | 47,803.34 |
| Total (A) | 85,261.02 | 52,188.37 | 47,803.34 |
| Cash Credit/Overdraft facilities from banks (Secured) | 16,255.91 | 21,678.17 | 32,703.19 |
| Working Capital Demand Loan from Banks (Secured) | 39,008.97 | 27,049.73 | 15,042.25 |

| Terms of repayment -Term Loan | | - | (₹in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Tenure (from the date of Balance Sheet) | Rate of Interest | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 |
| Less than 1 year | 9.75 -10.40% | 8,621.60 | 1,339.26 |
| 1 to 2 years | 9.75 -10.40% | 8,721.15 | 1,272.73 |
| 2 to 3 years | 9.75 -10.40% | 7,356.00 | 848.48 |
| 3 to 4 years | 9.75 -10.40% | 3,194.89 | - |
| 4 to 5 years | 9.75 -10.40% | 2,102.50 | - |
| Above 5 year | 9.75 -10.40% | ~ | - |
| Total | | 29,996.14 | 3,460.47 |

Our Term loans, Cash Credits and Working Capital demand Loans are secured by paripassu floating charge on movable assets, current assets, book debts, loans & advances including cash and bank balances along with the existing Secured Creditors. The loans are also guaranteed by the personal guarantee of Mr. Mathew K Cherian - Managing Director of the Company, Mrs. Laila Mathew - Whole Time Director of the Company, Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese - Director of the Company, Mrs. Milu Mathew and Mrs. Bala Mathew - Relative of director as per the terms mutually agreed with the respective lender bank. In addition to the properties of the Company, the properties of the Directors of the Company -Mr. Mathew K Cherian, Mrs. Laila Mathew and Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese, Properties of relatives of Directors of the Company - Mrs. Milu Mathew and Mrs. Bala Mathew and Mrs. Bala Mathew and Builders – A partnership firm where Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese and Mrs. Milu Mathew are partners have also been provided to State Bank of India, South Indian Bank and Dhanlaxmi Bank as collateral Security, on the basis of agreement created with the respective banks.

| Note 17: Subordinated Liabilities | | | (₹in 1 | akhs} | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | | | | |
| | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total | |
| Perpetual Debt Instrument | 1,381.00 | - | | 1.381.00 | |
| Preference Share Other than those that qualify as equity | | | | | |
| 1,20,000–3% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of ₹1000/- each | 1,200.00 | - | - | 1,200.00 | |
| Subordinated Debt- Listed** | 29,406.38 | - | · · | 29,406.38 | |
| Subordinated Liabilities in India | 31,987.38 | - | | 31,987.38 | |
| Subordinated Liabilities outside India | - | - | - | | |
| Total (B) | 31,987.38 | - | - | 31,987.38 | |

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| Particulars | March 31, 2020 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total | |
| Perpetual Debt Instrument | 1,265.55 | - | - | 1,265.55 | |
| 1,20,000–3% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of ₹1000/- each | 1,200.00 | | - | 1,200.00 | |
| Subordinated Debt* | - | - | - | - | |
| Subordinated Debt- Listed** | 27,287.31 | | - | 27,287.31 | |
| Total (A) | 29,752.86 | - | - | 29,752.86 | |
| Subordinated Liabilities in India | 29,752.86 | - | - | 29,752.86 | |
| Subordinated Liabilities outside India | - | | - | | |
| Total (B) | 29,752.86 | - | - | 29,752.86 | |

| Particulars | March 31, 2019 | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| | Amortised Cost | At Fair value through profit or loss | Designated at fair value through profit or loss | Total |
| Perpetual Debt Instrument | 1,230.86 | - | - | 1,230.86 |
| 1,20,000 3% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of ₹1000/- each | 1,200.00 | - | - | 1,200.00 |
| Subordinated Debt* | 7,035.13 | | - | 7,035.13 |
| Subordinated Debt- Listed** | 21,223.84 | - | - | 21,223.84 |
| Total (A) | 31,689.83 | - | | 30,689.83 |
| Subordinated Liabilities in India | 31,689.83 | | | 30,689.83 |
| Subordinated Liabilities outside India | - | | | 00,007.03 |
| Total (B) | 31,689,83 | - | | 30,689.83 |

*Excludes unpaid (unclaimed) matured debentures which is shown as a part of other financial liabilities in Note 18

**Includes EIR impact of transaction cost

3 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares

Each Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference shares (C.C.P.S) shall carry preferential right with respect to the payment of dividend. C.C.P.S shall be carrying 3% dividend on a cumulative basis. They shall be non-participating in surplus assets and profits on winding-up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid. C.C.P.S shall be convertible after 5 years of allotment into such number of equity shares of ₹1000.00 each at a higher of:

(i) Fair market value determined as on the date of the conversion; or

(ii) ₹1000.00 per equity share.

| <u> </u> | Currency: ₹ in Lakhs | |
|------------|----------------------|------------|
| Issue Size | Date of Issue | Conversion |
| 1,200.00 | 30/11/2016 | 29/11/2021 |
| 1,200.00 | | |

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| 3 % Compulsorily Convertible Cur | nulative Prefei | ence Shares | | | - | |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | March 31, 2021 | | March | 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | |
| Name of Shareholder | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding | No. of Shares | % of Holding |
| Rinsel Technologies (India) Private Limited | 93,000 | 77.50% | 93,000 | 77.50% | 93,000 | 77.50% |
| Mathew K Cherian | 27,000 | 22.50% | - | - | - | - |
| Raj Lakshmi Auto Finance Private Limited | - | - | 27,000 | 22.50% | 27,000 | 22.50% |
| TOTAL | 1,20,000 | 100.00% | 1,20,000 | 100.00% | 1,20,000 | 100.00% |

| Note 18: Other Financial Liabilities | | <u> </u> | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Auction surplus refundable | 86.57 | 64.61 | 35.79 |
| Unpaid Matured Non-Convertible Debentures and interest thereon | 61.15 | 61.15 | 72.72 |
| Unpaid Matured Subordinate debt and interest thereon | 11.10 | 11.10 | 199.90 |
| Dividend payable(Including Dividend Distribution Tax) on CCPS | 36.00 | 144.71 | 101.19 |
| Total | 194.82 | 281.57 | 409.6 |

| Note 19: Provisions (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | |
| Provision for Employee Benefits - Gratuity | 210.31 | 140.52 | 99.48 | | | |
| Provisions for other assets | 220.75 | - | - | | | |
| Total | 431.06 | 140.52 | 99.48 | | | |

| Note 20: Other Non-financial liab | Note 20: Other Non-financial liabilities | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | |
| Statutory dues payable | 156.65 | 80.59 | 213.96 | | | |
| Total | 156.65 | 80.59 | 213.96 | | | |

| Note 21: Equity Share Capital | (₹in Lakhs) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| 21.1: The reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period | | | | | | |
| Particulars | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | | | |
| Authorised | | | | | | |
| 50,00,00,000 ((March 31, 2020: 50,00,00, March 31, 2019: 50,00,00) Equity shares of ₹10/- each | 50,000.00 | 50,000.00 | 50,000.00 | | | |
| Issued, subscribed and fully paid up | - | . – | - | | | |

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| 20,25,00,547 (March 31, 2020 : 19,16,01,770, March 31, 2019: 19,16,01,770) Equity shares of ₹10/- each fully paid up | 20,250.05 | 19,160.18 | 19,160.18 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Total Equity | 20,250.05 | 19,160.18 | 19,160.18 |

21.2: Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of $\overline{10}$ - per share. Upon show of hands, every member entitled to vote and present in person shall have one vote, and upon a poll every member entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, for every share held by him.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

| 21.3: Details of Equity shareholders holding more than 5% Equity shares in the company | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | March 31, 2021 | | March 31, 2020 | | March 31, 2019 | | |
| Particulars | No. of shares held | % holding in the class | No. of shares held | % holding in the class | No. of shares held | % holding in the class | |
| Mathew K Cherian | 12,54,52,270 | 61.95% | 12,54,52,270 | 65.48% | 12,54,52,170 | 65.48% | |
| Laila Mathew | 3,01,48,300 | 14.89% | 3,01,48,300 | 15.73% | 3,01,48,300 | 15.73% | |
| Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | 3,60,00,200 | 17.78% | 3,60,00,200 | 18.78% | 3,60,00,200 | 18.78% | |

| at the beginning and at the end of the year Particulars | In Numbers | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| rai uculai s | in Numbers | Amount |
| As at March 31, 2019 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,160.18 |
| Add: Shares issued during the year | - | - |
| As at March 31, 2020 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,160.18 |
| Add: Shares issued on rights issue basis (June 30, 2020) | 64,12,814 | 641.28 |
| Add: Shares issued on rights issue basis (November 13, 2020) | 23,79,688 | 237.97 |
| Add: Shares issued on rights issue basis (February 23, 2021) | 21,06,275 | 210.62 |
| As at March 31, 2021 | 20,25,00,547 | 20,250.05 |

21.5: The Company has not allotted any share pursuant to contracts without payment being received in cash oras bonus shares nor has it bought back any shares during the preceding period of 5 financial years.

| Note 22: Other Equity | | (₹in Lak | chs) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Statutory Reserve | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 5,349.28 | 4,396.68 | 3,788.32 |
| 3 rd Floor, CSI Commercial Centre, Baker Jn., P. B. Tel: 0481 2301999, 2581999 Mob: 8547224272 | No. 227, Kottay 2 Email: kottaya | am - 686 09 am@vrc.co.ii | |
| Kottayam Bangalore Trivandrum Ettumanoor http://www.vrc.co.in | Kochi Kannur | Chennai | |

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| Add: Transfer from Retained Earnings | 1,330.30 | 952.60 | 608.36 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Balance at the end of the year | 6,679.58 | 5,349.28 | 4,396.68 |
| Capital Reserve | <u></u> . | | _ |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 9.07 | 9.07 | 9.07 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 9.07 | 9.07 | 9.07 |
| Revaluation Reserve | | · | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| Securities Premium | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 357.30 | - | - |
| Add: Shares issued on rights issue basis | 2,397.73 | 357.30 | 357.30 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 2,755.03 | 357.30 | 357.30 |
| Debenture Redemption Reserve | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | - | 11,660.97 | 9,227.55 |
| Add: Amount transferred from Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss | - | - | 2,433.42 |
| Less: Amount transferred to General Reserve | - | (11,660.97) | - |
| Balance at the end of the year | | - | 11,660.97 |
| Impairment Reserve | · . | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 2,591.42 | 2,419.29 | 629.38 |
| Add: Amount transferred from Retained Earnings | 811.71 | 172.13 | 1,789.91 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 3,403.13 | 2,591.42 | 2,419.29 |
| General Reserve | - <u></u> | - | - |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 11,660.97 | - | - |
| Add: Amount transferred from Debenture Redemption Reserve | - | 11,660.97 | - |
| Balance at the end of the year | 11,660.97 | 11,660.97 | |
| Retained Earnings | | • | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 2,888.68 | -749.60 | -232.54 |
| Add: Profit for the year (net of taxes) | 6,531.58 | 4,763.01 | 4,314.63 |
| Less: Appropriation :- | | | |
| Transfer to Statutory Reserve | 1,330.30 | 952.60 | 608.36 |
| Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve | | - | 2,433.42 |
| Transfer to Impairment Reserve | 811.71 | 172.13 | 1,789.91 |
| Total appropriations | 2,142.01 | 1,124.73 | 4,831.69 |

^{3rd} Floor, CSI Commercial Centre, Baker Jn., P. B. No. 227, Kottayam - 686 001 [Tel: 0481 2301999, 2581999 [Mob: 8547224272 [Email: kottayam@vrc.co.in]]

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| Balance at the end of the year | 7,278.25 | 2,888.68 | -749.60 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 26.88 | 23.51 | 2.06 |
| Add: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the year (net of taxes) | (6.97) | 3.37 | 21.44 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 19.91 | 26.88 | 23.50 |
| Total | 31,808.80 | 22,886.46 | 18,120.07 |

Note 21.1: Nature and purpose of reserve

Statutory reserve

Statutory Reserve represents the Reserve Fund created under Section 45 IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly an amount of ₹1,330.30 Lakhs (March 31, 2020, ₹ 952.60 Lakhs, March 31, 2019: ₹ 608.36 Lakhs,) representing 20% of Profit for the period is transferred to the fund for the year.

Securities Premium

This Reserve represents the premium on issue of equity shares and can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Debenture Redemption Reserve

As per section 71 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 16(7) of the company's Share Capital and Debentures) Rules 2014, including amendment thereof, No listed Non-Banking Financial companies registered with RBI under section 45-1A of the RBI Act, 1934 shall comply with the requirement of Debenture Redemption Reserve for debentures issued via both public issue and Pvt-placement

Further, the Company shall on or before the 30th day of April in each year, invest or deposit, as the case may be, a sum which shall not be less than fifteen percent, of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in the manner mentioned in Rule 18(7)(c). Accordingly, the Company has deposited 39,313.80 Lakhs in the deposit account for debenture redemption

Impairment Reserve

In accordance with RBI circular no. RBI/2019-20/170 dated March 13, 2020, the company has provided for impairment allowances as required by Ind AS. In parallel the company has also determined the asset classification and computed the impairment provisions as per extant prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP. A comparison between provisions required under IRACP and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109 has been disclosed in Note No. 46.

Further, since impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP the difference has been appropriated from net profit after tax to 'Impairment Reserve'. The balance in the 'Impairment Reserve' shall not be reckoned for regulatory capital. No withdrawals are permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the Department of Supervision, RBI. The requirement for 'Impairment Reserve' shall be reviewed, going forward as per further instructions from RBI

General Reserve

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of profit for the period at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to introduction of Companies Act 2013, the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn. However, the amount previously transferred to the general reserve can be utilised only in accordance with the specific requirements of Companies Act, 2013.

Retained Earnings

This Reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company. This Reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

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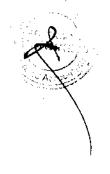
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Annexure- VI: Notes to Reformatted Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

| Note 23: Interest Inco | me | | | | | | | | (T in Lakhs) | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Particulars | | March 31, 2021 | | | March 31, 2020 | | | March 31, 2019 | | |
| | On Financial assets measured at fair value through OCI | On Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss | On Financial assets measured at fair value through OCI | On Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Interest income on financia! assets classified at fair value through profit or loss | On Financiai assets measured at fair value through OCI | On Financial assets measured at amortized cost | Interest income on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss | |
| Interest on Loans | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gold Loans | - | 51,455.02 | - | - | 467,21.81 | - | - | 43,485.78 | | |
| Other Loans | - | 1,390.55 | - | - | 1,898.66 | - | - | 2,704.29 | - | |
| Interest on deposits with banks | - | 900.58 | - | - | 794.59 | - | - | 867.66 | - | |
| Interest on fair value of deposit | - | 94.87 | - | - | 95.37 | - | - | 88.78 | - | |
| Total | - | 53,841.02 | - | - | 49,510.43 | - | - | 47,146.51 | - | |



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| Note 24: Fees and commission Income | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Ancillary Charges on Loan | 308.80 | 297.89 | 276.02 |
| Commissions | 12.44 | 13.55 | 12.60 |
| Demat Services | 13.75 | 19.57 | 11.62 |
| Insurance Services | 13.57 | 7.60 | 10.35 |
| Money Transfer Services | 23.55 | 45.75 | 42.33 |
| Net gain on foreign currency transaction and translation | 6.76 | 19.44 | 18.49 |
| Others | 3.94 | 9.19 | 11.20 |
| Total | 382.81 | 412.99 | 382.61 |

| Note 25: Other Income | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment | 2.14 | 10.00 | 7.09 |
| Total | 2.14 | 10.00 | 7.09 |

| Note 26: Finance Cost | | | | | (| ₹in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | March 31, 2021 | | March 31, 2 | 2020 | March 31, 2 | 2019 |
| Particulars | On financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss | On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | On financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss | On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | On financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss | On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost |
| Interest on debt securities | - | 21,636.58 | - | 19,508.81 | - | 18,688.00 |
| Interest on borrowings (other than debt securities) | - | 5,959.38 | - | 4,849.65 | - | 4,924.93 |
| Interest on subordinated liabilities | - | 3,074.20 | - | 3,174.63 | - | 3,681.13 |
| Interest on lease liability | - | 578.02 | - | 202.60 | - | 274.50 |
| Bank Charges | | 333.16 | | 327.77 | - | 358.19 |
| Dividend on CCPS | - | 11.22 | - | 43.52 | - | -112.86 |
| Total | - | 31,592.56 | • | 28,106.98 | - | 27,813.89 |



No. 227 Kattauran 686.001



| Note 27: Impairment on financial instruments (₹ in | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| | March 31, 2021 March 31, 2020 | | March 31, 2019 | | | |
| Particulars | On financial instruments measured at fair value through OCI | On financial instruments measured at amortised cost | On financial instruments measured at fair value through OCi | On financial instruments measured at amortised cost | On financial instruments measured at fair value through OCI | On financial instruments measured at amortised cost |
| Loan Assets | - | 512.03 | | 80.18 | | 2.16 |
| Bad Debts Written Off | - | - | - | 119.76 | | 76.14 |
| Other Assets | - | 220.75 | - | - | | 11.25 |
| Total | - | 732.78 | - | 199.94 | - | 89.55 |

| Note 28: Employee Benefits Expenses | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | |
| Salaries and Wages | 6,656.56 | 6,195.29 | 6,132.63 | |
| Provision for Gratuity | 64.83 | 47.84 | 39.76 | |
| Contribution to Provident and Other Funds | 301.00 | 223.23 | 211.69 | |
| Staff Welfare Expense | 377.14 | 142.96 | - | |
| Total | 7,399.53 | 6,609.32 | 6,384.08 | |

| Note 29: Depreciation, amortization and impairment (₹ i | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Depreciation of tangible assets | 1,004.59 | 1,066.58 | 1,164.47 |
| Depreciation on Right of use assets | 1,430.22 | 1,430.27 | 1,429.44 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 38.76 | 41.15 | 25.63 |
| Less: Depreciation adjusted against windmill income | (55.53) | -63.63 | -72.92 |
| Less: Depreciation adjusted against Estate Income | (8.73) | (8.53) | - |
| Total | 2,409.31 | 2,465.84 | 2,546.62 |

| Note 30: Other Expenses (₹ in Lakh | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | |
| Advertisement | 324.18 | 858.24 | 1,477.84 | |
| Annual Maintenance Charges | 44.93 | 36.25 | 39.42 | |
| Auction Surplus | 38.92 | 194.25 | 45.99 | |
| Auditors' fees and expenses (Refer note 30.1) | 27.74 | 25.08 | 20.89 | |
| CSR Expenses (Refer note 30.2) | 162.17 | 84.29 | 28.39 | |
| Donation | 75.58 | 32.76 | 48.85 | |
| Electricity & Water Charges | 176.92 | 172.26 | 163.40 | |
| GST | 244.04 | 244.34 | 283.67 | |
| Insurance Charges | 30.00 | 24.95 | 24.25 | |
| Legal Charges | 11.04 | 22.73 | 49.13 | |
| Office Expenses | 96.02 | 97.02 | 100.47 | |

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| Total | 2,492.43 | 3,305.44 | 3,677.23 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Windmill (Income) / Expenses, net | 20.30 | 25.97 | 31.26 |
| Estate (Income) / Expenses, net | 101.65 | 92.83 | (18.26) |
| Vehicle Expenses | 13.81 | 30.89 | 24.79 |
| Trustee Remuneration | 21.84 | 15.87 | 8.05 |
| Travelling Expenses | 149.19 | 217.11 | 240.16 |
| Telephone Expenses | 161.02 | 259.12 | 268.77 |
| Security Charges | 105.65 | 100.20 | 97.21 |
| Remuneration to Non-executive Directors | 3.10 | 3.35 | 3.45 |
| Repairs & Maintenance | 127.33 | 181.34 | 168.50 |
| Rating Fee | 72.69 | 57.87 | 70.20 |
| Rates and Taxes | 30.24 | 30.50 | 49.74 |
| Professional Charges | 240.86 | 340.56 | 294.45 |
| Printing and Stationery | 213.21 | 157.66 | 156.61 |

| Note 30.1: Auditor's fees and expens | (₹in Lakhs) | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| For statutory audit | 19.47 | 17.70 | 14.16 |
| For Other Services | 8.27 | 7.38 | 6.73 |
| For Reimbursement of Expenses | - | | |
| Total | 27.74 | 25.08 | 20.89 |

| Note 30.2: Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | |
| a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year | 162.17 | 112.84 | 62.04 | |
| b) Amount spent during the period | 162.17 | 84.29 | 28.39 | |
| i) Construction/acquisition of any asset | | | | |
| - In cash | | 12.00 | 4.50 | |
| - Yet to be paid in cash | - | | | |
| ii) On purpose other than (i) above - | | | | |
| - In cash | 162.17 | 72.29 | 23.89 | |
| - Yet to be paid in cash | - | | 23.07 | |
| Total | 162.17 | 84.29 | 28.39 | |

The company has constituted CSR Committee and has undertaken CSR activities in accordance with Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013.

| Note 31.1: Income Tax | | | (₹in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| | | ······ | /** |

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| Income tax charged to OCI | 2.35 | -1.14 | -11.52 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| - Remeasurement of defined benefit plans | - | - | - |
| - Acturial gain/loss moved from PL | 2.35 | -1.14 | -11.52 |
| Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the period: | | | |
| Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) | | | |
| Income tax expense reported in statement of profit and loss | 3,067.78 | 4,482.89 | 2,710.21 |
| Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences | 228.53 | -383.21 | 296.68 |
| Adjustment in respect of income tax of earlier year | 309.73 | 2,478.79 | - |
| Current tax | 2,529.52 | 2,387.31 | 2,413.53 |

Reconciliation of the total tax charge:

The tax charge shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss differ from the tax charge that would apply if all the profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. Reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2021, year ended March 31, 2020 and year ended March 31, 2019 is, as follows:

| | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Accounting profit before tax | 9,599.36 | 9,245.90 | 7,024.84 |
| Applicable tax rate | 25.168% | 25.168% | 34.94% |
| Computed tax for the year | 2,415.97 | 2,327.01 | 2,454.76 |
| Rate Difference | - | 192.26 | -9.66 |
| Tax paid for earlier periods | 309.73 | 2,478.79 | |
| DTA not recognised earlier | 274.08 | -567.60 | 247.39 |
| Dividend on CCPS | 2.82 | 10.95 | -39.44 |
| Exempt income | 23.39 | 21.22 | -6.38 |
| Disallowed expenses | | | 26.05 |
| Donation and CSR | 40.72 | 17.03 | 17.82 |
| Others | 1.07 | 3.23 | 19.67 |
| Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss | 3,067.78 | 4,482.89 | 2,710.21 |

As per amendment u/s 115BAA of Income Tax Act 1961, existing Domestic companies are provided with an option to pay tax at a concessional rate of 22% plus applicable surcharge and cess. The company, vide the provisions of this section, has irreversibly opted for the new tax rate of 25.168% inclusive of surcharge @ 10% and cess @ 4%.

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Depreciation and Amortisation | 679.01 | 655.64 | 874.23 |
| | | | [Page 34 of 76] |



| Deferred Tax Assets (net) | 843.13 | 1,069.31 | 695.30 |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|---------|
| MAT Credit Entitlement | | | 8.06 |
| Long Term Capital loss | - | - | 0.95 |
| Amortisation of processing fees expenses as per EIR | (270.42) | -169.94 | -210.83 |
| Provision for retirement benefits | 52.93 | 35.37 | 34.76 |
| Right of use assets / (liability) | 32.18 | -12.13 | 1.40 |
| Fair value gain/(loss) on security deposits | 55.26 | 47.69 | 91.00 |
| Provision against loans | 294.16 | 512.68 | -104.27 |

| Reconciliation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) | | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Opening balance | 1,069.31 | 695.30 | 1,003.50 |
| Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in Statem ent of Profit and Loss | (228.53) | 383.21 | -296.68 |
| MAT utilised for tax payment | - | -8.06 | |
| Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI | 2.35 | -1.14 | -11.52 |
| Closing balance | 843.13 | 1,069.31 | 695.30 |

| Note 32: Earnings per share | | | (₹in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders | 6,531.58 | 4,763.01 | 4,314.63 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for basic earnings per share | 19,75,23,233 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,71,06,925 |
| Earnings per share: | | | · |
| Basic earnings per share (₹) | 3.31 | 2.49 | 2.31 |

| | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 |
| Net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders | 6,531.58 | 4,763.01 | 4,314.63 |
| Add : Interest on Preference Shares | 11.22 | 43.52 | -112.86 |
| Adjusted profit for diluted earnings per share | 6,542.80 | 4,806.53 | 4,201.77 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for basic earnings per share | 19,75,23,233 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,71,06,925 |
| Effect of dilution: | 1,20,00,000 | 1,20,00,000 | 1,20,00,000 |
| Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted earnings per share | 20,95,23,233 | 20,36,01,770 | 19,91,06,925 |
| Earnings per share: | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Diluted earnings per share (₹) | 3.12 | 2.36 | 2.11 |

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Annexure - VII: Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Corporate Information

Kosamattam Finance Limited is a Public Limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its debt securities are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. The company had been primarily incorporated as a Private Limited Company and converted into a Public Limited Company on November 22, 2013.

The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company ('NBFC'), which provides a wide range of fund-based and fee-based services including gold loans, money exchange facilities, etc. The Company is a Systemically Important Non-Deposit Taking Non-Banking Financial Company Registered under Sec 45IA of RBI Act. The Company currently operates through 945 branches spread across the country.

The registration details are as follows:

| RBI | B-16.00117 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Corporate Identity Number (CIN) | U65929KL1987PLC004729 |

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021, were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on June 28, 2021

2. Basis of preparation and presentation

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements may require further adjustments, if any, necessitated by the guidelines/clarifications/directions issued in future by RBI, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or other regulators, which will be implemented as and when the same are issued and made applicable.

2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

i) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) instruments,

ii) Other financial assets held for trading,

iii) Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) which is also its functional currency.

3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 Recognition of interest income

The Company recognises interest income by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and other credit-impaired financial assets.

For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the Company applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.

For other credit-impaired financial assets, the Company applies effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

The effective interest rate on a financial asset is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. While estimating



future cash receipts, factors like expected behaviour and life cycle of the financial asset, probable fluctuation in collateral value etc. are considered which has an impact on the EIR.

While calculating the effective interest rate, the Company includes all fees and points paid or received to and from the borrowers that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

3.2 Recognition of revenue from sale of goods or services

Revenue (other than for Financial Instruments within the scope of Ind AS 109) is measured at an amount that reflects the considerations, to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation

Revenue from contract with customer for rendering services is recognised at a point in time when performance obligation is satisfied.

3.3 Financial instruments

A. Financial Assets

3.3.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value when the parties become party to the contractual provisions of the financial asset. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

3.3.2 Subsequent measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets into various measurement categories. The classification depends on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets.

a. Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

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b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

B. Financial liabilities

3.3.3 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

3.3.4 Subsequent Measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

3.4 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

3.4.1 Financial Asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

3.4.2 Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability with the difference charged to profit or loss.

3.5 Offsetting

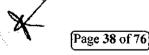
Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously in all the following circumstances:

- a. The normal course of business
- b. The event of default
- c. The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties

3.6 Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' model (ECL), for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at Fair value through profit and loss.

Further, in accordance with RBI circular no. RBI/2019-20/170 dated March 13, 2020, the impairment allowances as per ECL shall be compared with the required provisioning under IRACP. If the impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP the difference is appropriated from net profit after tax to 'Impairment Reserve'.





3.6.1 Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

Expected Credit Loss, at each reporting date, is measured through a loss allowance for a financial asset:

- At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

- At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Lifetime expected credit losses means expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset.

12-month expected credit losses means the portion of Lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial asset's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument is used instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses.

Based on the above process, the Company categorises its loans into three stages as described below:

For non-impaired financial assets

• Stage 1 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. A 12-month ECL provision is made for stage 1 financial assets. In assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset.

• Stage 2 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company recognises lifetime ECL for stage 2 financial assets. In subsequent reporting periods, if the credit risk of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then entities shall revert to recognizing 12 months ECL provision. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset.

For impaired financial assets:

Financial assets are classified as stage 3 when there is objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date.

The Company recognises lifetime ECL for impaired financial assets and interest revenue is calculated on the net carrying amount of the asset.

3.6.2 Estimation of Expected Credit Loss

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.

The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD. Considering the different products and schemes, the Company has bifurcated its loan portfolio into various pools.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and interest, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected draw downs on committed facilities, and accrued interest from missed payments.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

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Forward looking information

While estimating the expected credit losses, the Company reviews macro-economic developments occurring in the economy and market it operates in. On a periodic basis, the Company analyses if there is any relationship between key economic trends like GDP, unemployment rates, benchmark rates set by the Reserve Bank of India, inflation etc. with the estimate of PD, LGD determined by the Company based on its internal data. While the internal estimates of PD, LGD rates by the Company may not be always reflective of such relationships, temporary overlays, if any, are embedded in the methodology to reflect such macro-economic trends reasonably.

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as Land, Building, securities etc. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECL. To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models. Non-financial collateral is valued based on data provided by third parties or management judgments. In its normal course of business whenever default occurs, the Company may take possession of properties or other assets in its retail portfolio and generally disposes such assets through auction, to settle outstanding debt. Any surplus funds are returned to the customers/obligors. As a result of this practice, assets under legal repossession processes are not recorded on the balance sheet. Loans are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subjected to write-offs. Any subsequent recoveries against such loans are credited to the statement of profit and loss.

3.7 Determination of fair value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

i. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

ii. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

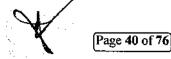
Fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

• Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

• Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability ,either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. No such instances of transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy were recorded during the reporting period.





3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above.

3.9 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents include earmarked balances with banks and balances which are held as margin money or security against borrowings, guarantees and other commitments.

3.10 Other receivables

Other receivables mean receivables emanating from items that are classified as 'others' under 'Revenue from Operations'.

3.11 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each reporting date are shown under other non-financial assets. The cost of property, plant and equipment not ready for its intended use at each reporting date are disclosed as capital work-in-progress. Subsequent expenditure related to the asset are added to its carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred.

3.11.1 Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using written down value method (WDV) to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives which is in line with the estimated useful life as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

| The estimated useful lives are as follows: | |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Useful Life |
| Building | 60 Years |
| Building - Compound Wall and Well | 5 Years |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 10 Years |
| Electrical Fittings | 10 Years |
| Computer | 3 Years |
| Vehicles | 8 Years |
| Plant and Machinery | 22 Years |

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income / expense in the statement

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of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

3.12 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure related to the asset is added to its carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets comprising of software is amortised on straight line basis over a period of 10 years, unless it has a shorter useful life.

Gains or losses from derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss when the asset is derecognised.

3.13 Impairment of non-financial assets: Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or group of assets called Cash Generating Units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount to determine the extent of impairment, if any.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

3.14 Finance costs

Finance costs represents interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL. The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

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a. As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.

b. By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows.

c. Including all fees paid between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts. Any subsequent changes in the estimation of the future cash flows are recognised in interest income with the corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets.

3.15 Employee Benefits Expenses

3.15.1 Short Term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absence etc. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

3.15.2 Post-Employment Benefits

A. Defined contribution schemes

All eligible employees of the company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan in which both the employee and the company contribute monthly at a stipulated percentage of the covered employee's salary. Contributions are made to Employees Provident Fund Organization in respect of Provident Fund at the prescribed rates and are charged to Statement of Profit & Loss at actuals. The company has no liability for future provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

B. Defined Benefit schemes

Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity covering eligible employees under which a lumpsum payment is paid to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount reckoned on the respective employee's salary and his tenure of employment with the Company. The Company accounts for its liability for future gratuity benefits based on actuarial valuation determined at each Balance Sheet date by an Independent Actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan are based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, attrition rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods

3.16 Provisions

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Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the company determines the level of provision by discounting the expected cash flows at a pre-tax rate reflecting the current rates specific to the liability. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

3.17 Taxes

Income tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

3.17.1 Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the taxation authorities.

The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted, or substantively enacted, by the end of reporting date in India where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e., either in other comprehensive income or in equity.

Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

3.17.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities used in the computation of taxable profit and their carrying amounts in the financial statements for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss i.e., either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

3.17.3 Goods and services tax /value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax/value added taxes paid, except:

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i. When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable

ii. When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

3.18 Other income and expenses

All other income and expense are recognized in the period they occur.

3.19 Contingent Liabilities and Assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

3.20 Earnings Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividend and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

3.21 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date and the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

3.22 Cash-flow statement





Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular revenue generating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

3.23 Leases

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective from 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application.

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

(i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset

 $({\rm ii})$ the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and

(iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term

leases) and leases of low value assets. For these short-term and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for

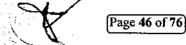
any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates. The lease liability is subsequently re measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

A lease liability is re measured upon the occurrence of certain events such as a change in the lease term or a change in an index or rate used to determine lease payments. The re measurement normally also adjusts the leased assets. Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

4 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.





In particular, information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

4.1 Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgment reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

4.2 Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgment regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, probable fluctuations in collateral value as well as expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument

4.3 Impairment of loans portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgment, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

4.4 Contingent liabilities and provisions other than impairment on loan portfolio

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation and arbitration in the ordinary course of business. When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgment is required to conclude on these estimates.

4.5 Defined employee benefit assets and liabilities

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The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

4.6 Fair value measurement:

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

4.7 Other estimates:

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.

| Annexure- I : Reformatted Summary Statement of Asse | ts and Liabilities | ; | <u>(₹ in Lakhs)</u> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Particulars | Note No | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| (1) Shareholder's Funds | | | |
| (a) Share Capital | 3 | 20,217.49 | 17,217.49 |
| (b) Reserves and Surplus | 4 | 13,027.80 | 10,357.05 |
| (c) Money Received against Share Warrants | | | 10,007100 |
| (2) Share Application Money Pending Allotment | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| (3) Non-Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Long-term Borrowings | 5 | 1,18,973.39 | 1,11,379.96 |
| (b) Deferred Tax Liabilities | | , | |
| (c) Other Long Term Liabilities | 6 | 11,871.68 | 10,931.66 |
| (d) Long Term Provisions | 7 | 93.63 | 64.14 |
| (4) Current Liabilities | | | |
| (a) Short-term Borrowings | 8 | 51,367.84 | 23,942.55 |
| (b) Trade Payables | | | |
| (c) Other Current Liabilities | 9 | 65,497.89 | 65,464.54 |
| (d) Short-term Provisions | 10 | 1,860.40 | 1,535.69 |
| TOTAL | ····· | 2,82,910.12 | 2,40,893.08 |
| II. ASSETS | | | 2,10,050.00 |
| (1) Non-current Assets | | | |
| (a)Property, Plant and Equipment | | | |
| (i) Tangible assets | 11 | 12,752.78 | 12,181.23 |
| (ii) Intangible Assets | 12 | 133.67 | 152.81 |
| (iii) Capital Work-in-progress | 13 | 98.55 | 769.11 |
| (iv) Intangible Assets under Development | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| (b) Non-current Investments | | | · · · · |
| (c) Deferred Tax Assets (net) | 14 | 1,319.83 | 977.31 |
| (d) Long Term Loans and Advances | 15 | 18,949.75 | 17,680.63 |

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| (e) Other Non-current Assets | 16 | 1,198.23 | 10.96 |
|-----------------------------------|----|-------------|-------------|
| (2) Current Assets | | | |
| (a) Current Investments | | · | |
| (b) Inventories | | | |
| (c) Trade Receivables | | | |
| (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents | 17 | 17,274.74 | 9,447.20 |
| (e) Short-term Loans and Advances | 18 | 2,17,719.96 | 1,79,004.58 |
| (f) Other Current Assets | 19 | 23,462.61 | 20,669.25 |
| TOTAL | | 2,82,910.12 | 2,40,893.08 |

The accompanying statement of significant accounting policies and notes to accounts on financial statements are integral part of this statement.

| Annexure- II : Reformatted Summary Statement of Profit and Loss | | | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | Note No | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| I. Revenue from Operations | 20 | 42,840.71 | 35,768.03 | |
| II. Other Income | 21 | 581.94 | 263.10 | |
| III. Total Revenue (I+II) | | 43,422.65 | 36,031.13 | |
| IV. Expenses: | | | | |
| (1) Employee Benefit Expense | 22 | 5,921.65 | 5,193.66 | |
| (2) Finance Costs | 23 | 26,712.28 | 22,447.33 | |
| (3) Depreciation and Amortization Expense | 24 | 1,145.42 | 1,235.09 | |
| (4) Other Expenses | 25 | 5,169.06 | 4,476.86 | |
| Total Expenses | | 38,948.41 | 33,352.94 | |
| V. Profit before Exceptional, Extraordinary and Prior Period items and tax (III-IV) | | 4,474.24 | 2,678.19 | |
| VI. Exceptional Items | 26 | (0.21) | 63.26 | |
| VII. Profit before extraordinary items, Prior Period Items and Tax | | 4,474.45 | 2,614.93 | |
| VIII. Extraordinary Items | _ | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Profit Before Prior Period Items and Tax | | 4,474.45 | 2,614.93 | |
| Prior Period Items | 27 | 0.00 | (0.15) | |
| IX. Profit Before Tax | <u> </u> | 4,474.45 | 2,615.08 | |
| X. Tax Expense: | | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| (a) Current Tax | | 2,146.22 | 1,213.00 | |
| Tax paid for earlier years | | 0.00 | 3.88 | |
| (b) Deferred Tax (Asset)/Liability | | (342.52) | (171.53) | |
| Taxation MAT | | 0.00 | (4.17) | |
| XI. Profit(Loss) for the period | | 2,670.75 | 1,573.90 | |
| XII. Earning per Equity Share | 28 | | | |
| (1) Basic | | 1.57 | 1.13 | |
| (2) Diluted | | 1.47 | 1.06 | |
| (3) Nominal Value per Share | | 10.00 | 10.00 | |



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| Annexure- III : Reformatted Summary of Cash Flow Statement Particulars | | March 31, 2018 | (₹ in Lakhs) March 31, 2017 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| A. Cash flows from operating activities | | March 51, 2010 | Marcii 31, 2017 |
| Net Profit | | 2 670 75 | 1 573.00 |
| Adjustment for :- | | 2,670.75 | 1,573.90 |
| Add: Depreciation and Amortisation expense | | 1115 40 | 1.005.00 |
| Provision for Taxation | | 1,145.42 | 1,235.09 |
| Provision for Non-Performing Assets | | 1,803.71 | 1,037.29 |
| Provision for Gratuity | | 297.85 | 216.88 |
| Provision for Standard Assets | | | 15.53 |
| Loss on Sale of Fixed Asset | | 236.63 | 226.49 |
| Interest on Shortfall of Advance Tax | | | 1.80 |
| Interest paid on Other Loans | | | 21.72 |
| Interest paid on Bank borrowing | | 9.31 | 11.29 |
| Interest paid on Term Loan | | 3,121.89 | 1,915.49 |
| Interest paid on Bonds/Debentures | | | |
| Income Tax Paid for earlier years | | 23,337.63 | 20,359.79 |
| Asset Written off | | | 3.88 |
| Less: Interest Received from Bank | | 21.21 | 62.95 |
| Excess Provision for FBT Written Back | | 452.01 | 158.06 |
| Excess Provision for NPA Written Back | | | |
| Profit on sale of Fixed Asset | | 9.09 | 0.56 |
| CSR Reserve | | 12.32 | 0.93 |
| | | - | |
| Operating Profit before Changes in Working Capital Changes in Working Capital: | | 32,200.74 | 26,522.56 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Short Term Loans and Advances | | - | · · · · · · · · · |
| | | (38,696.71) | (38,783.54) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term loans and Advances | · | 8,713.81 | (5,953.88) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets | | (2,520.34) | 4,045.72 |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets | | (252.45) | 157.17 |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current liabilities | | 1,083.04 | 152.23 |
| Increase / (Decrease) in Bank Borrowings | | 27,425.29 | 9,711.41 |
| Cash Generated From Operations | · | 27,953.37 | (4,148.34) |
| Income Tax Paid | | (3,282.01) | (1,031.86) |
| Net Cash From Operating Activities | | 24,671.36 | (5,180.19) |
| B. Cash Flows From Investing Activities | | | |
| Vehicle Loan Taken/(Repayment) | | (19.77) | (17.79) |
| Interest received from Bank | | 277.42 | 128.60 |
| Intangible Assets under Development | | | |
| Long Term Deposit with Bank | | (5,630.67) | (1,753.90) |
| Capital Work In Progress | | 94.56 | (168.98) |
| Sale of Fixed Assets | | 15.62 | 3.31 |
| Purchase of Fixed Assets | | (1,146.34) | (826.94) |
| Net Cash From Investing Activities | | (6,409.18) | (2,635.71) |
| C. Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | | |
| Issue of Equity shares | | 3,000.00 | 1,575.00 |
| Issue of Preference shares | | - | 1,200.00 |
| Proceeds from Issue of Non Convertible Debentures | <u> </u> | (21,258.32) | (21,780.54) |
| Proceeds from Issue of Perpetual Debentures | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Proceeds from Issue of Subordinated Debentures | 4 | (980.23) | 0.00 |
| | | | [Page 50 of 76] |



| Proceeds from Issue of Subordinated Debentures (Public Issue) | 4,249.07 | 2,478.59 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Proceeds from Issue of Non Convertible Debentures(Public Issue) | 22,340.59 | 40,781.85 |
| Proceeds from Issue of Non Convertible Debentures(Private Placement 2) | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Interest Paid on Bonds/Debentures | (20,285.22) | (16,156.33) |
| Interest on Bank borrowings | (3,121.89) | (1,915.49) |
| Interest paid on term loan | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Interest on Other Loan | (9.31) | (11.29) |
| Fractional shares on conversion of CCPS | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Dividend Paid | 0.00 | (16.10) |
| Dividend Distribution Tax Paid | 0.00 | (3.28) |
| Net Cash From Financing Activities | (16,065.31) | 6,152.41 |
| Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2,196.87 | (1,663.48) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period | 6,799.66 | 7,919.09 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents on account of amalgamation | 0.00 | 544.06 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of Period | 8,996.53 | 6,799.66 |
| Components of Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the Period | | |
| Current Account with Banks | 1,788.16 | 5,184.48 |
| Cash on Hand | 7,208.37 | 1,615.18 |
| Total | 8,996.53 | 6,799.66 |

Annexure- V: Notes to Reformatted Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities

| Note 3: Share capital | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Authorised | | |
| 50,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (March 31, 2018: 20,50,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each) | 20,500.00 | 18,000.00 |
| 5,00,000 Preference Shares ofRs.1000/- each | 5,000.00 | 5,000.00 |
| Issued | | |
| 19,16,01,770 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (March 31, 2018 : 18,37,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each) | 18,375.00 | 15,375.00 |
| March 31, 2018 : 1,50,000 11% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.1000/- each | 1,500.00 | 1,500.00 |
| 1,20,000 3% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 1000/- each | 1,200.00 | 1,200.00 |
| Subscribed and Paid-up | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 19,16,01,770 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (Fully Paid Up) (March 31, 2018 : 18,37,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each) | 18,375.00 | 15,375.00 |
| March 31, 2018 : 56,749 11% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.1000/- each | 567.49 | 567.49 |
| 1,20,000 3% Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.1000/- each | 1,200.00 | 1,200.00 |
| Share Adjustment Account : | | |
| 7,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each(Fully paid up) | 75.00 | 75.00 |
| (The above shares are issued for consideration other than cash on | | 73.00 |
| account of amalgamation allotted on July 19, 2018) | | |
| TOTAL | 20,217.49 | 17,217.49 |

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| B. (i) Equity Shares | | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 15,37,50,000 | 13,80,00,000 | |
| Add : Shares issued during the year | 3,00,00,000 | 1,57,50,000 | |
| Total | 18,37,50,000 | 15,37,50,000 | |

| (ii) 11 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Particulars March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 | | | | |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 56,749 | 56,749 | | |
| Add: Shares issued during the year | - | - | | |
| Total | 56,749 | 56,749 | | |

| (iii) 3 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Balance as at the beginning of the year | 1,20,000 | - | |
| Add : Shares issued during the year | - | 1,20,000 | |
| TOTAL | 1,20,000 | 1,20,000 | |

| (i) Equity Shares | Disclosure as to the shareholders holding more than 5 % shares Equity Shares No. of Shares Held | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Name of Shareholder | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Mathew K Cherian | 11,82,00,400 | 11,42,00,400 | |
| Laila Mathew | 2,95,48,500 | 2,95,48,500 | |
| Kosamattam Ventures (P) Ltd | 3,60,00,000 | 1,00,00,000 | |
| TOTAL | 18,37,48,900 | 15,37,48,900 | |

| | Percentage of holding | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|
| Name of Shareholder | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Mathew K Cherian | 64.33% | 74.28% | |
| Laila Mathew | 16.07% | 19.21% | |
| Kosamattam Ventures (P) Ltd | 19.59% | 6.50% | |
| TOTAL | 99.99% | 99.99% | |

| | No. of Shares Held March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--|
| Name of Shareholder | | | |
| Joy Paul | 4500.00 | 4500.00 | |
| | Percentage of holding | | |
| Name of Shareholder | March 31, 2018 March 31, 20 | | |
| Joy Paul | 7.93% | 7.93% | |

(ii) 3 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares No. of Shares Held Name of Shareholder March 31, 2018 March 31, 2017 Rinsel Technologies (India) Private Limited 93,000 93,000 Page 52 of 76



| Raj Lakshmi Auto Finance Private Limited | 27,000 | 27,000 |
|------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Total | 1,20,000 | 1,20,000 |

| | Percentage of hol | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Name of Shareholder | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Rinsel Technologies (India) Private Limited | 77.50 | % 77.50% |
| Raj Lakshmi Auto Finance Private Limited | 22.50 | % 22.50% |
| | 100.00 | % 100.00% |

(b)Rights/Preferences and Restrictions attached to Shares

(i) Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Upon show of hands, every member entitled to vote and present in person shall have one vote, and upon a poll every member entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, for every share held by him. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to the remaining assets of the company after all preferential amounts in the proportion to their shareholdings.

(ii) 11 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares

Each Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference shares (C.C.P.S) shall carry preferential right with respect to the payment of dividend. C.C.P.S shall be carrying 11% dividend on a cumulative basis. They shall be non-participating in surplus assets and profits on winding-up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid. C.C.P.S shall be convertible into equity shares after 3 years of allotment into such number of equity shares of Rs.1000.00 each at a higher of:

(i) Fair market value determined as on the date of the conversion; or

(ii) Rs.1000.00 per equity share.

Company has converted 27,849 CCPS of Rs.1000/- allotted on March 09, 2016 & 28,900 CCPS of Rs.1000/- each allotted on March 22, 2016 into equity shares of Rs.1000/- &Rs.10/- at Security premium of Rs.1700/- &Rs.17/- each on March 08, 2019&March 21, 2019 respectively. Consequent upon conversion the paid-up equity capital of the Company increased from Rs.189,50,00,000/- to Rs.191,60,17,700 and the paid-up preference capital of the Company be reduced from existing Rs.17,67,49,000 to Rs.12,00,00,000. Company has got credit of Rs.3,57,30,090 in it's Securities Premium Account.

(iii) 3 % Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference Shares

Each Compulsorily Convertible Cumulative Preference shares (C.C.P.S) shall carry preferential right with respect to the payment of dividend. C.C.P.S shall be carrying 3% dividend on a cumulative basis. They shall be non-participating in surplus assets and profits on winding-up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid. C.C.P.S shall be convertible after 5 years of allotment into such number of equity shares of Rs.1000.00 each at a higher of:

(i) Fair market value determined as on the date of the conversion; or

(ii) Rs.1000.00 per equity share.

| Issue Size(Rs.) | Date of Issue | Date of Conversion | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| 12,00,00,000.00 | 30-11-2016 | 29-11-2021 | |
| 12.00.00.000.00 | | | |

| Note 4: Reserves and Surplus | | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Capital Reserve | 9.07 | 6.85 | |
| Add : On account of amalgamation | 9.00 | 2.22 | |
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| Balance at the end of the year | 9.07 | 9.07 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Revaluation Reserve | | |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| Less: Transferred to Profit and Loss Account | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 2.86 | 2.86 |
| Statutory Reserve: | | |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Year | 3,254.18 | 2,920.66 |
| Add : On account of amalgamation | 0.00 | 18.74 |
| Add: Amount transferred from Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss during the year | 534.14 | 314.78 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 3,788.32 | 3,254.18 |
| Debenture Redemption Reserve | | |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Year | 7,057.77 | 5,397.00 |
| Add: Amount transferred from Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss during the year | 2,169.78 | 1,554.60 |
| Add: Amount transferred from general reserve | 0.00 | 106.17 |
| Balance at the end of the year | 9,227.55 | 7,057.77 |
| Securities Premium | 9,447.33 | 7,037.77 |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Year | | 0.0 |
| Add: On conversion of Cumulative convertible preference shares | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Balance at the end of the year | . 0.0 | 0.0 |
| General Reserve | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| | | |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Year | 0.00 | 106.17 |
| Less : Amount transferred to Debenture Redemption Reserve | 0.00 | 106.17 |
| Add: Amount transferred from Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| during the year Balance at the end of the year | | |
| Reserve For CSR | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Balance at the Beginning of the Year | | |
| Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Less: Expenditure incurred during the period | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Balance at the end of the Year | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Surplus | | |
| Balance as at the beginning of the Year | 33.17 | 299.96 |
| Add : On account of amalgamation | 0.00 | 66.19 |
| Add: Surplus for the year | 2,670.75 | 1,573.90 |
| Less: Carrying amounts of Fixed Assets debited to retained earnings where remaining useful life of the asset is NIL as on 31.03.2014 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Less : Appropriations | | |
| Reserve for CSR | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Proposed Dividend on Compulsorily Convertible Preference shares for the year | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Proposed Dividend on Equity shares for the year | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Dividend distribution tax | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Transfer to Statutory Reserve | 534.14 | 314.78 |
| Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve | 2,169.78 | 1,554.60 |
| Adjustment on account of Amalgamation | 0.00 | 37.50 |
| Balance at the end of the Year | 0.00 | 33.17 |
| TOTAL | 13,027.80 | 10,357.05 |
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| Note 5: Long term Borrowings | | <u>(</u> ₹ in Lakhs) | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| Secured | | | |
| Non-Convertible Debenture (Note No: 5.1) | 1,817.58 | 10,806.89 | |
| Non-Convertible Debenture - Public Issue (Note No: 5.2) | 98,961.49 | 82,383.92 | |
| Other Loans (Note No: 30) | 59.66 | 81.61 | |
| Unsecured | | | |
| Subordinated Debt (Note No:5.3) | 3,717.00 | 7,938.95 | |
| Subordinated Debt - Public Issue (Note No:5.4) | 13,227.66 | 8,978.59 | |
| Perpetual Debt Instrument (Note No:5.5) | 1,190.00 | 1,190.00 | |
| TOTAL | 1,18,973.39 | 1,11,379.96 | |

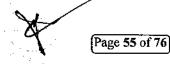
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| April 1, 2011 to July 1, 2013 | 0.00 | 782.21 |
| April 1, 2010 to January 24, 2014 | 30.00 | 7,309.39 |
| April 01,2008 to March 31,2015 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| March 30, 2015 | 109.30 | 109.30 |
| August 14, 2015 | 1,022.07 | 1,419.69 |
| February 29, 2016 | 264.06 | 498.65 |
| December 24, 2016 | 0.00 | 189.60 |
| February 16, 2017 | 0.00 | 498.05 |
| June 15, 2017 | 392.15 | 0.00 |
| Total | 1,817.58 | 10,806.89 |

Nature of Security: First ranking paripassu charge with Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company.

| Date of Allotment | March 31 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|
| January 08, 2018 | 16,569.34 | 0.00 |
| August 29, 2017 | 12,608.79 | 0.00 |
| May 09, 2017 | 13,519.40 | 0.00 |
| February 01, 2017 | 14,252.86 | 19,155.37 |
| September 29, 2016 | 11,747.92 | 11,747.92 |
| June 09, 2016 | 17,093.82 | 19,125.55 |
| February 15, 2016 | 4,889.35 | 15,428.44 |
| December 01, 2015 | 3,894.26 | 9,421.84 |
| March 17, 2015 | 1,951.34 | 5,070.39 |
| November 08,2014 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| August 13, 2014 | 1,325.83 | 1,325.83 |
| May 16, 2014 | 1,108.58 | 1,108.58 |
| Total | 98,961.49 | 82,383.92 |

Nature of Security:

(A) EM on 150sq.mts. of property under survey number 41/18C ; resurvey number 41/18C-1 in Nagapattinam Registration District – Tirupoondi Sub Registry – Nagapattinam District – KilvelurTaluk – Velankanni – Main road west – within the boundaries of North of the road, East of the Annavel Land, South of the Kannapiran land, West of the V.jayaprakash land.



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(B)First ranking paripassu charge with Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company.

| 5.3: Subordinated Debt (₹ in L | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| August 26, 2014 | 150.00 | 150.00 |
| June 30, 2014 | 47.00 | 47.00 |
| June 20, 2014 | 70.83 | 70.83 |
| June 14, 2014 | 98.24 | 98.24 |
| June 10, 2014 | 99.50 | 99.50 |
| June 5, 2014 | 104.47 | 104.47 |
| February 22, 2014 to March 31, 2014 | 168.80 | 168.80 |
| December 26, 2013 to February 21, 2014 | 1,485.97 | 1,485.97 |
| August 24, 2013 to December 25, 2013 | 1,492.19 | 2,484.45 |
| February 14, 2013 to August 23, 2013 | 0.00 | 2,421.86 |
| December 01, 2012 to February 13, 2013 | 0.00 | 807.83 |
| November 30, 2012 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 3717.00 | 7938.95 |

Nature of Security: First ranking paripassu charge with Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company.

| 5.4: Subordinated Debt – Pub | lic Issue | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| January 08, 2018 | 3,000.00 | 0.00 |
| May 09, 2017 | 1,249.07 | 0.00 |
| September 29, 2016 | 2,478.59 | 2,478.59 |
| December 01, 2015 | 3,000.00 | 3,000.00 |
| March 17, 2015 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 |
| November 08, 2014 | 2,500.00 | 2,500.00 |
| Total | 13,227.66 | 8,978.59 |

| 5.5: Perpetual Debt Instrument | | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | |
| July 08, 2013 to March 31, 2014 | 415.00 | | 415.00 |
| October 03, 2012 to March 31, 2013 | 150.00 | | 150.00 |
| September 11, 2011 to March 31, 2012 | 625.00 | | 625.00 |
| Total | 1,190.00 | | 1,190.00 |

| Note 6: Other Long Term Liabilities | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Interest accrued but not due: | | · |
| Subordinate Debt | 2,518.99 | 4,440.60 |
| Non-Convertible Debenture | 278.17 | 930.40 |
| Non-Convertible Debenture – Public Issue | 7,118.07 | 4,516.56 |
| Subordinate Debt – Public Issue | 1,956.45 | 1,044.10 |

Vishnu Rajendran & Co

Chartered Accountants



| Perpetual Debt instrument | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Total | 11,871.68 | 10,931.66 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

| Note 7: Long Term Provisions | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Provision for employee benefits: | | |
| Provision for Gratuity | 93.6 | 3 64.14 |

| Note 8: Short Term Borrowings (₹ i | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31 2017 |
| Loans Repayable on Demand | | |
| From Banks | | |
| Dhanlaxmi Bank | 3,962.54 | 2,958.71 |
| Federal bank | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| South Indian Bank | 14,999.73 | 10,951.42 |
| State Bank of India | 8,450.93 | 7,717.13 |
| Union Bank of India | 4,912.95 | 2,315.29 |
| Karur Vysya Bank | 4,915.33 | 0.00 |
| DCB Bank | 1,500.63 | 0.00 |
| Canara Bank | 3,931.12 | 0.00 |
| Bank of Baroda | 3,873.65 | 0.00 |
| Oriental Bank of Commerce | 2,411.69 | 0.00 |
| Catholic Syrian Bank | 2,409.27 | 0.00 |
| Total | 51,367.84 | 23,942.55 |

| e 9: Other Current Liabilities | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| ticulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| rent Maturities of Long Term Borrowings | | |
| -Convertible Debenture (Note No.9.1) | 4,194.25 | 16,521.10 |
| -Convertible Debenture – Public Issue (Note No.9.2) | 45,465.11 | 39,702.09 |
| ordinated Debt (Note no.9.3) | 4,221.95 | 991.87 |
| er Loans (Note No: 30) | 21.95 | 19.77 |
| rest accrued not due on borrowings (Note No: 9.4) | 9,575.08 | 7,470.98 |
| aid Matured (Unclaimed) debentures and interest accrued eon (Note No: 9.5) | 77.76 | 0.00 |
| er payables: | | |
| ance collection for DP Services | 0.00 | 0.02 |
| Ticket Purchase (Payable) | 0.00 | 1.22 |
| litors Remuneration Payable | 10.66 | 11.20 |
| Liability | 7.50 | 0.00 |
| utory Dues Payable | 191.32 | 78.09 |
| ense Payable | 311.04 | 44.16 |
| tion Surplus Refundable | 0.55 | 0.00 |
| rest Not Collected on NPA | 1,325.54 | 619.67 |
| V Card Collection | 0.00 | 0.99 |
| iram E P C Ltd | 0.00 | 3.38 |
| ers | 95.18 | 0.00 |
| | 65,497.89 | 65,464.54 |
| | 03,757.65 | Page 57 o |



| 9.1: Secured Non-Convertible debenture - Private placement (₹ in Lakhs | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| April 1, 2011 to July 1, 2013 | 670.10 | 1,515.53 |
| April 01, 2010 to January 24, 2014 | 1,984.51 | 14,238.06 |
| March 30, 2015 | 0.00 | 186.60 |
| August 14, 2015 | 397.62 | 0.00 |
| February 29, 2016 | 231.59 | 428.66 |
| December 24, 2016 | 189.60 | 26.00 |
| February 16, 2017 | 493.05 | 126.25 |
| June 15, 2017 | 227.78 | 0.00 |
| Total | 4,194.25 | 16,521.10 |

| 9.2: Secured Non-Convertible Debenture – Public Issue | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31 2017 |
| January 08, 2018 | 3,309.17 | |
| August 29, 2017 | 8,853.31 | |
| May 09, 2017 | 7,182.67 | |
| February 01, 2017 | 4,902.51 | 2,261.28 |
| September 29, 2016 | 0.00 | 5,752.08 |
| June 09, 2016 | 2,031.73 | 4,325.59 |
| February 15, 2016 | 10,539.09 | 553.49 |
| December 01, 2015 | 5,527.58 | 8,705.37 |
| March 17, 2015 | 3,119.05 | 5,638.78 |
| November 08, 2014 | 0.00 | 6,428.39 |
| August 08, 2014 | 0.00 | 4,438.98 |
| May 16, 2014 | 0.00 | 1,598.13 |
| Total | 45,465.11 | 39,702.09 |

| 9.3: Subordinated Debt- Private Placement (<i>₹</i> in Lakhs) | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Date of Allotment | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| August 24, 2013 to December 25, 2013 | 992.26 | 0.00 |
| February 14, 2013 to August 23, 2013 | 2421.86 | 0.00 |
| December 01, 2012 to February 13, 2013 | 807.83 | 0.00 |
| December 01, 2011 to November 30, 2012 | 0.00 | 991.87 |
| Total | 4221.95 | 991.87 |

| 9.4: Interest accrued on borrowings but not due (₹ in Lak | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Non-Convertible Debenture – Public Issue | 3,604.17 | 3,450.87 |
| Perpetual Debt Instrument - Private Placement | 372.41 | 289.19 |
| Non-Convertible Debenture – Private placement | 2,040.49 | 2,899.91 |
| Subordinate Bond - Private Placement | 3,557.71 | 831.01 |
| Total | 9,575.08 | 7,470.98 |



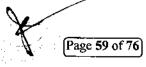


| 9.5 Unpaid Matured (Unclaimed) debentures and interest accrued thereon | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31,2017 |
| Non-Convertible Debenture - Private Placement | 57.83 | 0.00 |
| Subordinate Bond - Private Placement | 11.64 | 0.00 |
| Interest on Non-Convertible Debenture - Private Placement | 5.91 | 0.00 |
| Interest on Subordinate Bond - Private Placement | 2.38 | 0.00 |
| Total | 77.76 | 0.00 |

| Note 10: Short Term Provisions (₹ in Lakh | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Provision for employee benefits: | | |
| Provision for Gratuity | 1.42 | 1.14 |
| Provision For Income Tax (Net of Advance Tax & TDS) | 0.00 | 200.96 |
| Proposed Dividend on Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Proposed Dividend on Equity Shares | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Provision for Dividend Distribution Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Contingent Provision for Standard Asset (Note 10.1) | 977.27 | 750.60 |
| Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debts (Note 10.1) | 881.71 | 582.99 |
| Total | 1,860.40 | 1,535.69 |

| Note 10.1: Movement of Provision for Standard and Non-Performing Assets (₹ in Lak | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Provision for Standard Assets | | |
| Provision at the beginning of the Period | 750.60 | 510.45 |
| Additional Provisions made during the Period | 226.67 | 240.15 |
| Provision at the close of the Period | 977.27 | 750.60 |
| Provision for Non-Performing Assets | | |
| Provision at the beginning of the Period | 582.99 | 369.38 |
| Provision Written Back | 2.84 | 0.00 |
| Add: Additional Provisions made during the Period | 301.56 | 213.61 |
| Provision at the close of the Period | 881.71 | 582.99 |

| Note 11: Property, Plant and Equipment | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Type of Assets | Gross Block as at | |
| | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Land | 8,487.09 | 8,490.09 |
| Buildings | 474.51 | 263.96 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 7,174.22 | 6,635.04 |
| Electrical Fittings | 1,359.03 | 1,172.43 |
| Plant & Machinery | 576.00 | · · · |
| Vehicles | 311.86 | 319.70 |
| Computer and Accessories | 1,280.02 | 1,128.71 |
| Total | 19,662.73 | 18,009.93 |





| Property, Plant and Equipment (₹ in | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Type of Assets | Accumulated Depreciation | |
| ····· | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Land | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Buildings | 111.25 | 97.25 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 4,752.78 | 4,037.96 |
| Electrical Fittings | 752.54 | 578.63 |
| Vehicles | 3.21 | 196.85 |
| Computer and Accessories | 224.99 | 918.01 |
| Total | 1,065.18 | 5,828.70 |

| Property, Plant and Equipment (₹ in Lal | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Type of Assets | Net block as at | |
| | March 31, 2018 | March 31,2017 |
| Land | 8,487.09 | 8,490.09 |
| Buildings | 363.26 | 166.71 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 2,421.44 | 2,597.08 |
| Electrical Fittings | 606.49 | 593.80 |
| Vehicles | 86.87 | 122.85 |
| Computer and Accessories | 214.84 | 210.70 |
| Total | 12,752.78 | 12,181.23 |
| | | |

| Note 12: Intangible Assets | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Type of Assets | Gross B | lock As at |
| | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Licenses & Franchies | 40.58 | 40.58 |
| Brands/Trademarks | 1.66 | 1.56 |
| Computer Software | 150.19 | 150.19 |
| Total | 192.43 | 192.33 |

| Intangible Assets | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Type of Assets | Accumulate | d Depreciation |
| | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Licenses &Franchies | 15.46 | 11.40 |
| Brands/Trademarks | 0.74 | 0.58 |
| Computer Software | 42.56 | 27.54 |
| Total | 58.76 | 39.52 |





| ntangible Assets (₹ in Lakhs | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Type of Assets | Net block as at | |
| | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Licenses & Franchises | 25.12 | 29.18 |
| Brands/Trademarks | 0.92 | 0.98 |
| Computer Software | 107.63 | 122.65 |
| Total | 133.67 | 152.81 |

| e 13: Capital Work in Progress (₹ in Lakhs | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Building Under Development | 98.55 | 123.80 |
| Wind Mill Under Development | 0.00 | 645.31 |
| Total | 98.55 | 769.11 |

| Note 14: Deferred Tax assets | (₹ in Lakhs) | |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Deferred Tax Assets | 1319.83 | 977.31 |
| Total Deferred tax Assets | 1,319.83 | 977.31 |

| Note 15: Long Term Loans and Advances (₹ in Lakh | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Security Deposits | | |
| Money Lending Licence Deposit | 5.35 | 5.35 |
| Other Deposits | 12.62 | 11.52 |
| Rent Deposit | 1,261.02 | 1,268.05 |
| Security Deposit - Sales Tax | 0.00 | 15.57 |
| Security Deposit - CDSL | 5.00 | 5.00 |
| Telephone Deposit | 12.08 | 11.69 |
| VAT Security Deposit - NSC | 0.00 | 1.50 |
| Mat Credit | 8.06 | 8.06 |
| Loans and Advances | | |
| Mortgage Loan | 7,222.94 | 16,268.58 |
| Rental loan | 17.41 | 80.45 |
| Staff Loan | 0.58 | 4.86 |
| Micro Finance | 404.69 | 0.00 |
| Business Loans | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL | 8,949.75 | 17,680.63 |

| Note 16: Other Non-Current Assets | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Income Tax Refundable (Note No:31) | 934.82 | 0.00 |
| Court Fee Refundable | 10.52 | 10.52 |
| Interest Receivable on Loans and Advances | 250.72 | 0.00 |
| Legal Charges Receivable | 2.17 | 0.44 |
| | Ĩ | Page 61 of 76 |



| Fixed Deposit with Bank | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Interest Receivable on Fixed Deposit | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| TOTAL | 1,198.23 | 10.96 |

| Note 17: Cash and Cash Equivalents | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31,2017 |
| Cash on hand | 7,208.37 | 1,615.18 |
| Balance with Banks | 1,788.16 | 5,184.48 |
| Other Bank Balances | | |
| Earmarked balances with Banks (Note No: 40) | | : |
| Deposits with less than 12 months maturity | 6,233.21 | 2,647.54 |
| Deposits with more than 12 months maturity | 2,045.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 17,274.74 | 9,447.20 |

Note: Fixed Deposits include Rs.1,21,142 towards security deposit for Cozmo Travels, Rs.2,82,42,673 towards security deposit for Public Issue and Rs.96,01,07,103 towards approved bank facilities.

| Note 18: Short Term Loans and Advances | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31,2017 |
| Loans and Advances to Related Parties | | |
| Loan to Directors | 1,269.00 | 1,269.00 |
| Loans and Advances | | * ··· · · · · |
| Loan Portfolio | | |
| Gold Loan | 205,867.24 | 175,602.06 |
| Loans against Debentures | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Mortgage Loans | 8,937.99 | 1,391.91 |
| Rental Loan | 65.24 | 50.37 |
| Staff Loan | 5.67 | 13.62 |
| Other Loans | 96.19 | 93.61 |
| Micro Finance | 863.97 | 0.00 |
| Advance Account and Other Deposits | 349.66 | 204.53 |
| Security Deposits (BSE) | 265.00 | 375.00 |
| Rent Advance | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Advance for Ticket Purchase | 0.00 | 4.48 |
| Total | 217,719.96 | 179,004.58 |

| Note 19: Other Current Assets | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31 2017 |
| Receivables | 81.78 | 5.01 |
| Cenvat Credit Receivable | 0.00 | 25.72 |
| GST Cash Credit | 6.39 | 0.00 |
| Windmill Income Receivable | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| GST Input Credit | 69.49 | 0.00 |
| Interest Receivable on Fixed Deposit | 218.22 | 43.63 |
| Interest Receivable on Loans and Advances | 22,839.77 | 20,365.05 |
| Incentive Receivable on PAN Services | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 4.63 | 5.52 |
| Service Tax Deposit | 223.82 | 223.82 |
| | | Page 62 of 76 |



| Service Tax Paid in Advance | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Sales Tax Deposit | 17.07 | 0.00 |
| Stock of Stamp & Coupons | 1.44 | 0.10 |
| Other Advance | 0.00 | 0.40 |
| Incentive receivable on UTI | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Incentive receivable on Money Transfer Services | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 23,462.61 | 20,669.25 |

| Contingent Liabilities | | (र in Lakhs) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Contingent Liabilities: | | |
| Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts (NoteNo.32) | 5356.83 | 4278.24 |

Annexure- VI: Notes to Reformatted Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

| Note 20: Revenue from Operations (₹ in Lakh | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Interest Income | | |
| Gold Loans | 40,000.79 | 32,947.51 |
| Other Loans | 2,473.67 | 2,574.38 |
| Non-Interest Income on Financial Services | | |
| Commissions | 11.60 | 8.50 |
| Demat Services | 11.70 | 10.32 |
| Insurance Services | 13.32 | 15.21 |
| Money Transfer Services | 48.80 | 74.90 |
| PAN Card Services | 12.07 | 2.61 |
| Processing charges | 0.00 | 3.55 |
| Ticket Booking Services | 4.28 | 5.50 |
| Ancillary Charges on Loan | 264.48 | 125.55 |
| Total | 42,840.71 | 35,768.03 |

| Note 21: Other Income | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31 2017 |
| Other Non- Operative Income | | |
| Bank Deposit | 452.01 | 158.06 |
| Foreign Exchange | 14.90 | 12.10 |
| Income from Windmill | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Agriculture | 114.10 | 42.61 |
| Other Income | 0.00 | 33.74 |
| Interest received on Income Tax Refund | 0.00 | 15.72 |
| Service Charges | 0.93 | 0.87 |
| Provision for NPA Written back | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Rent Received | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 581.94 | 263.10 |





| Note 22: Employee Benefit Expenses (₹ in | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Contribution to Provident and Other Funds | 222.06 | 151.31 |
| Incentive on WUP | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Gratuity Paid | 1.34 | 2.15 |
| Provision for Gratuity | 29.77 | 15.53 |
| Salaries and Wages | 5,668.48 | 5,024.67 |
| Staff Welfare Expenses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 5,921.65 | 5,193.66 |
| | - | |

| Note 23: Finance Costs | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Interest Expense | | |
| Bank Borrowings | 3,121.89 | 1,915.49 |
| Secured & Unsecured Bonds/Debentures | 23,337.64 | 20,359.79 |
| Shortfall of Advance Income Tax | 0.00 | 21.72 |
| Other Loans | 9.31 | 11.29 |
| Term Loan | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Income Tax | 0.78 | 0.00 |
| Tax Deducted on Source | 0.00 | 0.01 |
| Interest on Sales Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Borrowing Costs | | |
| Account Renewal and Bank Charges | 242.66 | 139.03 |
| Total | 26,712.28 | 22,447.33 |

| Note 24: Depreciation and Amortization Expense (₹ in La | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Amortisation of Intangible Assets | 19.24 | 19.12 |
| Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment | 1,126.18 | 1,215.97 |
| Total | 1,145.42 | 1,235.09 |

| Note 25: Other Expenses | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Advertisement | 847.28 | 447.97 |
| Annual Maintenance Charges | 36.81 | 16.98 |
| Bad Debt Written off | 0.04 | 2.97 |
| Board Meeting Expenses | 0.00 | 0.16 |
| Brokerage & Commission | 0.00 | 5.07 |
| Business Procurement Expenses | 0.00 | 205.38 |
| Business Promotion Expenses | 16.34 | 13.18 |
| Commission Paid on Auction | 0.00 | 38.47 |
| Compensation Paid | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Provision for Standard Assets | 236.63 | 226.49 |
| Courier Charges | 0.00 | 28.31 |
| CSR Expenses | 0. 34.11 | 81.25 |
| Donation | 20.63 | 5.62 |

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| Demat Expenses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------|
| Electricity & Water Charges | 151.47 | 153.23 |
| Estate Expenses | 105.09 | 54.98 |
| Generator Running Expenses | 0.00 | 0.62 |
| Insurance Charges | 21.91 | 31.92 |
| Internet Charges | 0.00 | 5.71 |
| Legal Charges | 52.34 | 67.20 |
| Membership & Subscription Fee | 0.00 | 2.56 |
| Merchant Bankers Fee | 0.00 | 96.85 |
| Corporate Action Fee | 0.00 | 7.30 |
| Other Issue Expenses | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Office Expenses | 93.99 | 76.00 |
| Payment to Auditor | | ······································ |
| for Audit | 10.15 | 10.58 |
| for Taxation matters | 1.50 | 1.50 |
| for Other Services | 0.00 | 6.99 |
| Printing & Stationery | 141.79 | 130.32 |
| Processing Fee BSE | 0.00 | 26.77 |
| Professional Charges | 595.24 | 167.85 |
| Professional Tax | 0.00 | 12.08 |
| Provision for Non-Performing Assets | 297.85 | 216.88 |
| Rates & Taxes | 42.16 | 14.95 |
| Rating Fee | 74.92 | 86.60 |
| Registration & Filing Fee | 23.04 | 28.37 |
| Rent | 1,479.24 | 1,513.80 |
| Repairs Others | 131.22 | 63.37 |
| Repairs Building | 4.66 | 0.00 |
| ROC Filing Fee | 0.00 | 0.25 |
| Sales Tax | 0.00 | 137.75 |
| Security Charges | 89.80 | 49.69 |
| Service Tax | 0.00 | 64.52 |
| Stamp Duty | 0.00 | 2.10 |
| Service Tax Appeal Fee | 0.00 | 0.10 |
| Telephone & Communication | 262.04 | 182.51 |
| Travelling & Conveyance | 196.19 | 162.05 |
| Trustee Remuneration | 13.10 | 15.40 |
| Vehicle Running Expenses | 15.90 | 14.21 |
| GST ITC | 173.08 | 0.00 |
| Auction Surplus | 0.54 | 0.00 |
| Total | 5,169.06 | 4,476.86 |

| Note 26: Exceptional Items (₹ in I | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 0.87 | |
| (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets | -12.32 | | |
| Asset Written off | 21.21 | 62.95 | |
| Excess Provision written bank | -2.84 | 0.00 | |
| Provision for FBT Written Back | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | 4 | Page 65 of 76 | |



| Contingent provision of Standard Asset written back | -6.26 | -0.56 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Total | -0.21 | 63.26 |

Annexure - VII: Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial StatementsCorporate Information

Kosamattam Finance Limited is a Public Limited Company incorporated under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Its debt securities are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange. Company had been primarily incorporated as a Private Limited Company and converted into Public Limited Company on November 22, 2013. The Company is a Systemically Important Non-Deposit Taking Non-Banking Financial Company Registered under Sec 45IA of RBI Act. The Company currently operates through 928 branches spread across the country.

Kosamattam Finance Limited is a RBI authorized Full Fledged Money Changer. The Company offer FOREX services (License No:FE.CHN-FFMC.40/2006), like buying and selling of Foreign Currency at competitive rates. Apart from that Company offers money transfer services through its branches. Company is also a Registered (IN-DP-CDSL-717-2014) Depository Participant and is also registered (LIC10487539) with IRDA to commence/carry business of Corporate Insurance Agency business with LIC of India. Company is also a registered (MFD Code No: 12513, MFD ARN: 116785) Mutual Fund Distributor. As a process of diversification, Company has started offering loans other than Gold loans such as Mortgage loans, Loan against Rent payables etc.

2. Summary of Significant accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Preparation & Presentation of Financial statements.

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these Financial Statements to comply in all material respects with Accounting Standards notified under The Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the guidelines issued by the Reserve bank of India as applicable to a Systemically Important Non-Deposit Accepting NBFC. The Financial Statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for interest on non-performing assets which are recognized on realization basis. The Accounting Policies adopted in the preparation of Financial Statements are consistent with those of previous year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company has complied with the requirements of Schedule III of Companies Act 2013 for the preparation and presentation of its financial statement. The Company has also reclassified the previous year figures in accordance with the requirements applicable in the current year.

2.2 Depreciation & Property, Plant and Equipment

Tangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost includes purchase consideration, financing costs till commencement of commercial production and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring an Asset to its working condition for its intended use. Subsidy towards specific assets is reduced from the cost of tangible assets. Tangible assets taken on Finance Lease are capitalized. The costs of Assets not ready for use as at the Balance Sheet date are disclosed under Capital Work-In-Progress.

Depreciation on Tangible Assets is provided based on the useful life of the asset in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has used the following useful life to provide depreciation on its tangible assets.

| depreciation on its dangine assets. | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Asset | | Useful Life |
| Building | | 60 Years |
| | u (| Page 66 of 76 |



| Building-Compound Wall and Well | 5 Years |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Furniture & Fittings | 10 Years |
| Electrical Fittings | 10 Years |
| Computer | 3 Years |
| Vehicles | 8 Years |
| Plant & Machinery | 22 Years |

Pursuant to the enactment of Companies Act, 2013, the Company has applied the estimated useful lives as specified in schedule II. Accordingly the unamortized carrying value is being depreciated, amortized over the revised/remaining useful lives.

2.3 Intangible Asset

Intangible Assets are recorded at the consideration paid for acquisition less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment, if any. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful life subject to a maximum period of 10 years on straight line basis, commencing from the date the asset is available to the Company for its use.

Expenditure for acquisition and implementation of software system is recognized as part of the intangible asset and amortized on straight line basis over a period of 10 years being the maximum period available for writing off of intangible asset.

2.4. Borrowing Costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.5 Impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating units (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken in to account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriation valuation model is used. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life. **2.6 Leases**

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments in respect of non-cancellable leases are recognized as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.7 Investments

Investments that are readily realizable and are intended to be held for not more than one year from the date, on which such investments are made, are classified as current investment. All other investments are classified as long term investments. Current investments are carried at cost or fair value, whichever is lower. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

2.8 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. In a situation where management believes that the recovery of interest is uncertain due to change in the price of the gold or otherwise, the Company recognizes income on such loans only to the extent it is confident of recovering interest from its customers through sale of underlying security or otherwise.

Interest income on loans given is recognized under the internal rate of return method. Such interests, where instalments are overdue in respect of non-performing asset are recognized on realization basis. Any such income

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recognized and remaining unrealized after the instalments become overdue with respect to non-performing asset is reversed. Revenue from fee-based activities is recognized as and when services are rendered. Interest on deposit is recognized on a time proportion basis taking in to account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

2.9 Employee Benefits

Short term Employee Benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as Short term employee benefits. These benefits include benefits like salaries, wages, short term compensated absence such as paid annual leave and sickness leave. The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized as an expense during the period.

Long term Employee Benefits

Defined contribution plans: [Note No.32 (i)]

Defined contribution plan is Provident Fund scheme administered by Government for all eligible employees. The Company's contribution to defined contribution plan is recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss in the financial year when the employee renders the related services.

Defined benefit plans: [Note No.32 (ii)]

The Company accounts for its liability for future gratuity benefits based on actuarial valuation determined every year by consulting actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

2.10 Foreign currency transaction

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

As at the reporting date, non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are restated at the end of accounting period. A monetary asset or liability is termed as a long-term foreign currency monetary item, if the asset or liability is expressed in a foreign currency and has a term of 12 months or more at the date of origination of the asset or liability.

Exchange differences on restatement/settlement of all other monetary items are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.11Taxes on Income

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India.

Deferred tax charge or credit reflects the tax effects of timing difference between accounting income and taxable income for the period. The deferred tax charge of credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognized, only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and are written-down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized.

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Deferred Tax Assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.12 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions: Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.

Provision policy for gold loan and other loan portfolios: Company provides for non-performing loans and advances as mentioned in Para 13 of Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016. Provision for standard assets (including interest receivable) is made at 0.40% as mentioned in Para 14 of Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and shown in the balance sheet as 'Contingent Provisions for standard asset'.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as a contingent liability.

Contingent Liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the Notes. Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

2.13 Segment Reporting

The Company primarily operates as a Loan company and its operations are in India. Since the Company has not operated in any other reportable segments, as per AS 17 'Segment Reporting', no segment reporting is applicable. Company operates in a single geographical segment. Hence, secondary geographical segment information disclosure is not applicable.

2.14 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. It also includes Other Bank balances with maturity more than 3 months.

2.15 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the period after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares

2.16 Debenture Redemption Reserve

As per the requirement of Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve account out of the profit of the company available for payment of dividend and the amount credited to such account shall not be utilised by the company except for the redemption of debentures. As on March 31, 2019 the total DRR stands at Rs.116.61 Crores.

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As per rule 18(7)(b)(ii) of Companies (Share capital and debentures) Rules 2014, the adequacy of DRR will be 25% of the value of the outstanding debentures issued through public issue. But during the year the Company could transfer only Rs.24.33 Crores being the entire profits available for distribution of dividend to the Debenture Redemption Reserve account.

Further, the Company shall on or before the 30th day of April in each year, invest or deposit, as the case may be, a sum which shall not be less than fifteen percent, of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in the manner mentioned in Rule 18(7)(c). Accordingly the Company has deposited Rs.74.63 Crores in deposit account for debenture redemption.

2.17 Classification of Debentures

Company has classified debentures as current and non-current based on the maturity period of debenture as mentioned in debenture certificate.

2.18 Cash Flow Statement

Company has prepared cash flow statement using the Indirect Method, whereby net profit or loss is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments, and items of income or expense associated with investing or financing cash flows.

| Annexure - VIII: Capitalization Statement as at March 31, 2021 | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Particulars | As on March 31, 2021 | Post- Issue | |
| Debt Securities | 3,45,571.39 | 3,75,571.39 | |
| Total Debts (A) | 3,45,571.39 | 3,75,571.39 | |
| Equity Capital | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 20,250.05 | 20,250.05 | |
| Other Equity | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Capital Reserve | 9.07 | 9.07 | |
| Statutory Reserve | 6,679.58 | 6,679.58 | |
| Revaluation Reserve | 2.86 | 2.86 | |
| Securities Premium | 2,755.03 | 2,755.03 | |
| General Reserve | 11,660.97 | 11,660.97 | |
| Impairment Reserve | 3,403.13 | 3,403.13 | |
| Other comprehensive Income | 19.91 | 19.91 | |
| Retained Earnings | 7,278.25 | 7,278.25 | |
| Total Shareholders' Funds (B) | 52,058.85 | 52,058.85 | |
| Debt/Equity (A)/(B) | 6.64 | 7.21 | |

The certificate is being issued at the specific request of the company for submission to Vistra ITCL (India) Limited, trustee for the proposed public issue of NCDs.

Notes:-

The pre-issue figures disclosed are based on the audited financial statements of the Company as at March 31, 2021

The Debt Equity ratio post issue is indicative and is on account of the assumed inflow of Rs.30,000 Lakhs from the proposed issue.

The following events that occurred from April 01, 2021 and may have an impact on above calculation:

- a. The Company has allotted 23,73,562 Secured & 2,58,526 Unsecured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs 26,320.88 Lakhs on April 29, 2021
- b. The Company has redeemed 13,49,405 of Public issue of Secured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs. 13,494.05 Lakhs.



c. The allotment of 10,80,625 Right issue of Equity shares was made on July 09, 2021. The issue of equity shares of ₹ 10 were made at a premium of Rs. 30 and Rs. 432.25 Lakhs was received by the company.

| Annexure -IX: Statement of Se | ecured Loans a | nd Unsecured Lo | ans | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Secured Loans | | | | | (₹ in Lakhs) |
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| (i) Debentures | | | | | ··· ··- |
| Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Private Placement) | - | 1,583.74 | 1,815.08 | 6,011.83 | 27,327.98 |
| Secured Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (Public Issue) | 2,28,322.99 | 1,85,575.21 | 1,60,256.17 | 1,44,426.60 | 1,22,086.01 |
| (ii) Term Loans from Banks and Financial Institutions | 29,996.14 | 3,460.47 | - | - | - |
| Vehicle Loan | - | - | 57.90 | 81.61 | 101.39 |
| (iii) Short Term Loan From Banks | | 1 | | | |
| Cash Credit/Overdraft | 55,264.88 | 48,727.90 | 47,745.45 | 51,367.84 | 23,942.55 |
| Total | 3,13,584.01 | 2,39,347.32 | 2,09,874.59 | 2,01,887.88 | 1,73,457.93 |

Debt securities: The principal amount of the listed Secured NCDs allotted in terms of various tranches of public issue of NCDs Upto XIIIth tranche, together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met.

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs allotted in terms of XIVth and XVth tranches of public issue of NCDs, together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee, and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹1,080.92 Lakhs), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met.

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs allotted in terms of XVIth to XXI th tranches of public issue of NCDs, together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee, and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of 1,080.92 Lakhs), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Borrowings (other than debt securities):Our Term loans, Cash Credits and Working Capital demand Loans are secured by paripassu floating charge on movable assets, current assets, book debts, loans & advances including cash and bank balances along with the existing Secured Creditors. The loans are also guaranteed by the personal guarantee of Mr. Mathew K Cherian - Managing Director of the Company, Mrs. Laila Mathew - Whole Time Director of the Company, Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese - Director of the Company, Mrs. Milu Mathew and Mrs. Bala Mathew – Relative of director as per the terms mutually agreed with the respective lender bank. In addition to the properties of the Company, the properties of the Directors of the Company -Mrs. Milu Mathew and Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese, Properties of relatives of Directors of the Company - Mrs. Milu Mathew and the properties of Kosamattam Builders – A partnership firm where Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese and Mrs. Milu Mathew are partners have also been provided to State Bank of India, South Indian Bank and Dhanlaxmi Bank as collateral Security, on the basis of agreement created with the respective banks.

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| 2. Unsecured Loans (| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31,2017 | |
| a) Subordinate Debt | 24,241.47 | 22,218.80 | 21,761.09 | 21,166.61 | 17,909.41 | |
| b) Perpectual Debt Instrument | 1,190.00 | 1,190.00 | 1,190.00 | 1,190.00 | 1,190.00 | |
| c) Preference Share Other than those that qualify as equity | 1200.00 | 1,200.00 | 1,200.00 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 30,787.38 | 28,477.31 | 29,489.83 | 22356.61 | 19099.41 | |

| Annexure - X: Statement of Accounting Ratios (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | | |
| Earnings Per Share - Basic (Rs.) | 3.31 | 2.49 | 2.31 | 1.57 | 1.13 | | |
| Earnings Per Share - Diluted (Rs.) | 3.12 | 2.36 | 2.11 | 1.47 | 1.06 | | |
| Return on Net Worth (%) | 12.53% | 11.34% | 11.63% | 8.03% | 5.71% | | |
| Net Asset Value per Equity Share (Rs.) | 25.71 | 21.94 | 19.46 | 17.13 | 16.78 | | |
| Weighted Avg. No. of Equity Shares used in calculating Basic EPS | 19,75,23,233 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,71,06,925 | 16,30,92,500 | 13,87,76,71 2 | | |
| Weighted Avg. No. of Equity Shares used in calculating Diluted EPS | 20,95,23,233 | 20,36,01,770 | 19,91,06,925 | 18,15,17,400 | 14,84,62,57 1 | | |
| Total No. of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year / period | 20,25,00,547 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,37,50,000 | 15,37,50,00 0 | | |

Notes:

The ratios have been computed as below:

1. Earnings per Share (Basic) = Net Profit/ (Loss) as reformatted, attributable to equity shareholders / Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

2. Earnings per Share (Diluted) = Net Profit/ (Loss) as reformatted, attributable to potential equity shareholders / Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year post conversion of CCPS.

3. Return on Net Worth (%)= Net Profit/ (Loss) after tax, as reformatted / Net Worth as reformatted

4. Net Assets Value per Equity Share (**?**) = Net Worth as reformatted Less Preference Share Capital/ Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year

5. Net Worth = Equity Share Capital (+) Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (+) Reserves and Surplus (excluding Revaluation Reserve)

6. Earnings per share calculations are in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 "Earning Per share".

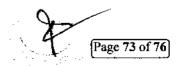
| Annexure - XI : Details of Dividend (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | | |
| On Equity Shares | | | | | | | |
| Fully Paid-up Share Capital (Nos.) | 20,25,00,547 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,37,50,000 | 15,37,50,000 | | |
| Face Value/ Paid Up Value (Rs.) | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | | |
| Equity Share Capital (Rs. In lakhs) | 20,250.05 | 1,91,60.18 | 1,91,60.18 | 1,83,75.00 | 1,53,75.00 | | |
| Rate of Dividend | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| Dividend Per Share | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| Dividend Distribution Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | |
| On Preference Shares | | | | | | | |
| Fully Paid-up Share Capital | 1,20,000 | 1,20,000 | 1,20,000 | 1,76,749 | 1,76,749 | | |



| (Nos.) | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Face Value/ Paid Up Value (Rs.) | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| Share Capital (Rs. In lakhs) | 1,200.00 | 1,200.00 | 1,200.00 | 17,67.49 | 17,67.49, |
| Rate of Dividend | 3% | 3% | 3% | 11% and 3% | 11% and 3% |
| Dividend Per Share | 00.00 - | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Dividend Distribution Tax | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| Annexure - XII: State | (₹ in Lakhs) | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Contingent Liability | 6,529.84 | 6,104.20 | 5431.72 | 535 6.83 | 4278.24 |

| Annexure - XIII: Statement of Tax Shelter | | | | (| ₹in Lakhs) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
| Profits/ (Losses) before taxes as per books (A) | 9599.36 | 9,245.90 | 7,024.84 | 4,474.45 | 2,615.06 |
| Income Tax Rates (including surcharge and education cess) applicable (B) | 25.168% | 25.168% | 3 4.94 % | 34.61% | 34.61% |
| Tax Expenses (C) | 2,529.52 | 2,327.19 | 2,454.48 | 1,548.61 | 905.07 |
| Permanent Differences | | | | | |
| Provision for NPA and standard assets | 220.75 | 80.18 | -286.59 | 230.38 | 254.55 |
| Any other disallowances | 161.79 | 67.66 | 137.55 | 83.41 | 159.04 |
| Dividend Income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Loss (Profit) on Sale of Fixed Asset | -2.14 | -10.00 | -7.09 | - | 0.88 |
| Other Exempt Income | 92.92 | 84.30 | -18.26 | -9.01 | 12.37 |
| Total Permanent Differences (D) | 473.32 | 222.14 | -174.39 | 304.78 | 426.84 |
| Timing Differences | | | | | |
| Difference between Tax and book Depreciation or vice versa (DTA)/DTL | 97.16 | 123.37 | 163.62 | 248.70 | 404.78 |
| Other Adjustments (DTA)/DTL | -121.42 | -115.93 | -106.43 | 735.65 | 95.32 |
| Total Timing Differences (E) | -22.14 | 7.44 | 57.19 | 984.35 | 500.10 |
| Net Adjustments (F) = (D + E) | 449.06 | 229.58 | -117.20 | 1,289.13 | 926.94 |
| Tax impact of adjustments $(G) = (F) * (B)$ | 113.02 | 57.79 | -40.95 | 446.17 | 320.81 |
| Taxable Income (H) = $(A + F)$ | 10,050.54 | 9,475.48 | 6,907.64 | 5,763.58 | 3,542.00 |
| Tax provision based on taxable income (I) = (H * B) | 2,529.52 | 2,384.98 | 2,413.53 | 1,994.78 | 1,225.89 |
| Taxable Income at 15.45% | | - | - | - | - |
| Tax provision (K)= (J*15.45%) | | - | - | - | - |
| Total tax provision for current tax (L) | 2,529.52 | 2,387.31 | 2,413.53 | 2,146.22 | 1,213.00 |
| Deferred Tax Charges/ (Credit) (M) | 228.53 | -338.21 | 296.68 | -342.52 | -171.54 |
| Tax For Earlier Years(N) | 309.73 | 2,478.79 | - | - | -0.30 |
| Provision for FBT (0) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total tax expense/ (Credit) during the year on timing difference (O) = (L+M+N+O) | 3,067.78 | 4,482.89 | 2,7 10.2 1 | 1,803.71 | 1,041.16 |





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Note:

- 1 The aforesaid Statement of Tax Shelters is based on the Profit/ (Losses) as per the "Reformatted Summary Statement of Profit and Losses".
- 2 Provision for Standard Assets is not considered for calculating the Deferred Tax Liability / Asset, as said provision represents a statutory provision as per the guidelines of RBI and in the opinion of the company, it does not result in a timing difference.

Annexure - XIV - A : Details of the list of Related Parties and Nature of Relationships

A. Key Managerial Personnel (with whom transactions have taken place during the Year)

| SI. | Í H | | | | |
|-----|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| No. | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 |
| 1 | Mathew K Cherian | Mathew K Cherian | Mathew K Cherian | Mathew K Cherian | Mathew K Cherian |
| 2 | Laila Mathew |
| 3 | Jilu Saju Varghese |
| 4 | Annamma Varghese C | Annamma Varghese C | Annamma Varghese C | Annamma Varghese C | Annamma Varghese C |
| 5 | Sreenath Palakkattillam | Sreenath Palakkattillam | Sreenath Palakkattillam | Sreenath Palakkattillam | Sreenath Palakkattillam |

B. Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel (with whom transactions have taken place during the period)

| Sl. No. | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 |
|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | Saju Varghese John | Saju Varghese John | Milu Mathew | George Thomas | George Thomas |
| 2 | Milu Mathew | Milu Mathew | | Milu Mathew | Milu Mathew |
| 3 | George Thomas | George Thomas | | - | |
| 4. | Sreekanth Palakkattillam | Sreekanth Palakkattillam | | | |
| 5 | Krishnan Palakkattillam | Krishnan Palakkattillam | | | |

C. Associates:

| Sl. No. | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 |
|------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | Kosamattam Ventures Private Limited | - |
| 1 | Kosamattam Builders | Kosamattam Builders | Kosamattam Builders | Kosamattam Builders | Kosamattam Builders |
| 3 | Kosamattam Security Systems | Kosamattam Security Systems | Kosamattam Security Systems | Kosamattam Security Systems | Kosamattam Security Systems |
| 4 | Kosamattam Enterprises LLP |
| 5 | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited | Kosamattam Builders Private Limited |
| 6 | <u>.</u> | - | Kosamattam Housing Finance Private | Kosamattam Housing Finance Private | Kosamattam Housing Finance |



| | | | Limited | Limited | Private Limited |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| - | Kosamattam Cherian | KosamattamCherian | KosamattamCherian | KosamattamCherian | |
| ′ | Foundation | Foundation | Foundation | Foundation | - |
| 0 | Kosamattam Nidhi | KosamattamNidhi | KosamattamNidhi | | |
| ð | Limited | Limited | Limited | | - |

Annexure - XIV - B : Transactions with Related Parties

| | | Particulars | Key Managerial Personnel | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 | |
| 1 | A | Transactions during the year | | | | | | |
| | | Loans taken / recovered during the year | | - | _ | - | 0.05 | |
| | | Remuneration | 207.00 | 216.00 | 201.00 | 161.84 | 135.52 | |
| | | Interest Received During The Year | 177.66 | 178.15 | 177.66 | 177.66 | 177.67 | |
| | | Commission | 550 | 60 | 349.00 | 430.00 | 104.00 | |
| | | Rent paid | 47.58 | 12.54 | 31.77 | 7.54 | 2.16 | |
| | | Fixed Assets Purchased | 42.37 | 68.57 | 35.99 | 56.00 | 71.41 | |
| | | Shares Issued | | - | 785.18 | 400.00 | 1,575.00 | |
| | | Non-Convertible Debentures purchased | 1.18 | 1.49 | - | 0.50 | 0.77 | |
| | | Non-Convertible Debentures redeemed | - | 3.20 | 3.61 | 0.14 | | |
| | | Rent Security Deposit | 55.27 | 21.00 | 21.00 | 21.00 | - | |
| | В | Net Amt. Receivable / (Due) as at the year end | | | | | | |
| | | Amt. Receivable at the year end | - | 1269.00 | 1,269.00 | 1,269.00 | 1,269.00 | |

| | | Particulars | Relative of Key Managerial Personnel | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 |
| 1 | Α | Transactions during the year | | | | | |
| 2 | | Interest Paid | 2.23 | 2.23 | 0.74 | 2.23 | 2.23 |
| | | Remuneration | 14.54 | 13.50 | 3.60 | 9.60 | 8.90 |
| | | Fixed Assets Purchased | | | - | - | - |
| | | Non-Convertible Debentures purchased | 31.21 | 35.70 | 3.97 | 12.90 | 2.95 |
| | | Non-Convertible Debentures redeemed | 2.05 | 8.00 | 1.68 | 2.07 | - |
| | В | Net Amt. Receivable / (Due) as at the year end | | -15.00 | -15.00 | -15.00 | -15.00 |



. . _



| | | Particulars | | | Associates | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 3 | | | 31/03/2021 | 31/03/2020 | 31/03/2019 | 31/03/2018 | 31/03/2017 |
| | A | Transactions during the year | | | | | |
| | | Rent Received | | - | - | - | - |
| | | Fixed Asset Purchased | 42.37 | 68.54 | 35.99 | 56.00 | 71.42 |
| | | Advance for Fixed Assets | - | - | - | - | - |
| • | | Shares Issued | · - | - | - | 2,600.00 | - |
| | | CSR Expenses | 51.90 | - | 28.30 | - | - |
| | В | Net Amt. Receivable / (Due) as at the year end | | | | | |



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MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

There have been no material developments since March 31, 2021 and there haven't arisen any circumstances that would materially or adversely affect the operations, or financial condition or profitability of our Company or the value of its assets or its ability to pay its liabilities within the next 12 months, except as stated below.

The following table sets out our capital adequacy ratios computed on the basis of applicable RBI requirements as of the dates indicated:

| Particulars | As at March 31, A 2021 20 | s at March 31, 020 | As at March 31, 2019 |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Capital Adequacy Ratio | 18.60% | 17.87% | 18.20% |
| Tier I Capital | 13.58% | 12.86% | 13.27% |
| Tier II Capital | 5.02% | 5.01% | 4.93% |

Public issue of debentures

- 1. Public issue of secured redeemable non-covertible debenture and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amount to ₹35,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated March 25, 2021. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on April 29, 2021.
- 2. Public issue of secured redeemable non-covertible debenture and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amount to ₹35,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated December 21, 2020. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on January 23, 2021.
- 3. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹30,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated September 14, 2020. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on October 14, 2020.
- 4. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹30,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated March 17, 2020. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on May 29, 2020.
- 5. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹35,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated November 5, 2019. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on December 10, 2019.
- 6. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹30,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated July 10, 2019. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on August 21, 2019.
- 7. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹30,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated March 26, 2019. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on May 06, 2019.
- 8. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures, of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹30,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated December 19, 2018. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on January 31, 2019.
- 9. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of our Company, of face value ₹1,000 each, amounting to ₹25,000 lakhs pursuant to the prospectus dated August 20, 2018. The allotment pursuant to this issue was completed on September 24, 2018.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN INDIAN GAAP AND IND AS

Summary of significant differences among Indian GAAP and IND AS, does not present all differences between Indian GAAP and IND AS which are relevant to our Company. Consequently, there can be no assurance that those are the only differences in the accounting principles that could have a significant impact on the financial information included in this Prospectus. Furthermore, our Company has made no attempt to identify or quantify the impact of these differences or any future differences between Indian GAAP and IND AS which may result from prospective changes in accounting standards. Our Company has not considered matters of Indian GAAP presentation and disclosures, which also differ from IND AS. In making an investment decision, investors may have to rely upon this Prospectus. Potential investors should consult with their own professional advisors for a more thorough understanding of the differences between Indian GAAP and IND AS and how those differences might affect the financial information included in this Prospectus. Our Company cannot assure that it has completed a comprehensive analysis of the effect of IND AS on future financial information or that the application of IND AS will not result in a materially adverse effect on our Company's future financial information.

| Тор | ic | Indian GAAP | IND AS |
|-------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | of Financial | Other Comprehensive Income: | Other Comprehensive Income: |
| Statements. | | There is no concept of 'Other Comprehensive Income' under Indian GAAP. | Under Ind AS 1 there is a concept of Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI"). Other comprehensive income comprises items of income and expenses (including reclassification adjustments) that are not recognized in profit or loss as required or permitted by other Ind AS. Such recognition of income and expenses in OCI is primarily governed by the income recognition norms and classification of financial instruments and Assets as "Fair Value through OCI". |
| | | Extraordinary items: | Extraordinary items: |
| | | Under Indian GAAP, extraordinary items are disclosed separately in the statement of profit and loss and are included in the determination of net profit or loss for the period. | Under Ind AS, presentation of any items of income or expense as extraordinary is prohibited. |
| | | Items of income or expense to be disclosed as extraordinary should be distinct from the ordinary activities and are determined by the nature of the event or transaction in relation to the business ordinarily carried out by an entity. | |
| | | Change in Accounting Policies: | Change in Accounting Policies: |
| | | Indian GAAP requires changes in accounting policies to be presented in the financial statements on a prospective basis (unless transitional provisions, if any, of an accounting standard require otherwise) together with a disclosure of the impact of the same, if material. | Ind AS requires retrospective application of changes in accounting policies by adjusting the opening balance of each affected component of equity for the earliest prior period presented and the other comparative amounts for each period presented as if the new accounting policy had always |

Summary of significant difference among Indian GAAP and IND AS:

| Торіс | Indian GAAP | IND AS |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | If a change in the accounting policy has no material effect on the financial statements for the current period, but is expected to have a material effect in the later periods, the same should be appropriately disclosed. | been applied, unless transitional provisions of an accounting standard require otherwise. |
| Deferred Taxes | Under Indian GAAP, the Company determines deferred tax to be recognized in the financial statements with reference to the income statement approach i.e. with reference to the timing differences between profit offered for income taxes and profit as per the financial statements. | As per Ind AS 12 Income Taxes, deferred tax is determined with reference to the balance sheet approach i.e. based on the differences between carrying value of the assets/liabilities and their respective tax base. Using the balance sheet approach, there could be additional deferred tax charge/income on account of all Ind AS opening balance sheet adjustments. |
| Property, plant and equipment– reviewing, depreciation and residual value | Under Indian GAAP, the Company currently provides depreciation over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the Management. | Ind AS 16 mandates reviewing the method of depreciation, estimated useful life and estimated residual value of an asset at least once in a year. The effect of any change in the estimated useful and residual value shall be taken prospectively. Ind AS 101 allows current carrying value under Indian GAAP for items of property, plant and equipment to be carried forward as the cost under Ind AS. |
| Accounting for Employee benefits | Currently, under Indian GAAP the Company recognizes all short term and long term employee benefits in the profit and loss account as the services are received. For long term employee benefit, the Company uses actuarial valuation to determine the liability. | Under Ind AS 19, the change in liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re- measurements and the change in asset is split between interest income and re- measurements. Changes due to service cost and net interest cost/ income need to be recognized in the income statement and the changes arising out of re- measurements comprising of actuarial gains and losses representing changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from experience adjustment and effects of changes in actuarial assumptions are to be recognized directly in OCI and not reclassified to profit and loss in the subsequent period. |

| Under Indian GAAP, provisions are recognized only under a legal obligation. Also, discounting of provisions to present value is not permitted. Currently, under Indian GAAP, the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the transaction value. The Company classifies all its financial assets and liabilities as short term or long term. Long term investments are carried at cost less any diminution other than temporary in the value of such investments determined on a specific identification basis. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. Financial liabilities are carried at their | Under Ind AS, provisions are recognized for legal as well as constructive obligations. Ind AS requires discounting the provisions to present value, if the effect of time value of money is material. Ind AS 109 requires all financial assets and financial liabilities to be recognized on initial recognition at fair value. Financial assets have to be either classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value. Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in profit or loss (FVTPL) or recognized in other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial assets include equity and debts investments, interest free |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the transaction value. The Company classifies all its financial assets and liabilities as short term or long term. Long term investments are carried at cost less any diminution other than temporary in the value of such investments determined on a specific identification basis. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value. Financial | and financial liabilities to be recognized on initial recognition at fair value. Financial assets have to be either classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value. Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in profit or loss (FVTPL) or recognized in other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial assets include equity and debts investments, interest free |
| transaction values. Disclosures under Indian GAAP are limited. Currently under Indian GAAP, loan processing fees and/or fees of similar nature are recognized upfront in the Statement of Profit and Loss. | deposits, loans, trade receivables etc. Assets classified at amortized cost and FVOCI and the related revenue (including processing fees and fees of similar nature) net of related costs have to be measured using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities classified at amortized cost and the related costs have been measured using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Loan processing fees and/or fees of similar nature would be measured and recognized using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method over the period of loan. There are two measurement categories for financial liabilities – FVTPL and amortized cost. Fair value adjustment on transition shall be adjusted against opening retained earnings on the date of transition. Disclosures under Ind AS are extensive. |
| Under Indian GAAP, the Company assesses the provision for doubtful debts at each reporting period, which in practice, is based on relevant information like past experience, financial position of the debtor, cash flows of the debtor, guidelines issued by the regulator etc. | The impairment model in Ind AS is based on expected credit losses and it applies equally to debt instruments measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, financing receivables, lease receivables, trade receivables and certain written loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts. The expected credit loss provision is |
| | liabilities are carried at their transaction values. Disclosures under Indian GAAP are limited. Currently under Indian GAAP, loan processing fees and/or fees of similar nature are recognized upfront in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Under Indian GAAP, the Company assesses the provision for doubtful debts at each reporting period, which in practice, is based on relevant information like past experience, financial position of the debtor, cash flows of the debtor, guidelines |

Topic

Indian GAAP

IND AS applied based on the staging of the assets i.e. Stage 1 Assets, Stage 2 Assets and Stage 3 Assets; as detailed in "Our provisioning policy"

| Financial Disclosure | Instruments | - Currently there are no detailed disclosure requirements for financial instruments. However, the ICAI has issued an Announcement in December 2005 requiring the | Requires disclosure of information about the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments: • Qualitative disclosures about |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | following disclosures to be made in respect of derivative instruments in the financial statements: | exposures to each type of risk and how those risks are managed; and Quantitative disclosures about |
| | | Category-wise quantitative data about derivative instruments that are outstanding at the balance sheet date; The purpose, viz., hedging | exposures to each type of risk, separately for credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including sensitivity analysis). |
| | | or speculation, for which such derivative instruments have been acquired; and | In addition, disclosures required on fair valuation of all financial assets and liabilities categorized by levels 1 to 3 |
| | | The foreign currency exposures that are not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise. | based on the fair valuation hierarchy. Explanatory notes on valuation techniques, inputs, sensitivity of fair value to the unobservable inputs, etc. are also required. |

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

As on June 30, 2021, our Company had outstanding secured borrowings of ₹ 3,02,339.64 lakhs and unsecured borrowings of ₹ 28,022.28 lakhs. A summary of all the outstanding secured and unsecured borrowings of our Company together with a brief description of certain significant terms of such financing arrangements are as under:

A. Secured loan facilities

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| South Indian Bank LimitedCash Credit Open Loan (CCOL)/Overdraft (OD)/ WCDL (Sublimitof CCOL)Sanction letter dated March 18, 2013Credit facility agreement dated February 25, 2013Agreement of hypothecation dated February 25, 2013Renewed sanction letter dated July 18, 2014Agreement of Hypothecation dated July 18, 2014Renewed sanction letter dated October 6, 2016Renewed sanction letter dated April 28, 2017 | CCOL- 12,500 Bank Guarantee (Financial) – 26 | Present effective rate is 9.75% | 10,113.66 | Primary Security: First ranking <i>pari passu</i> charge on all present and future movable assets (excluding written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696/- on which the Income Tax Department shall have the first charge), including book debts and receiveables, cash and bank balance, loans and advances, of the company, along with other charge holders. Colletral Security: a. 29.43 ares of commercial plot with building of 1,700 sq ft under Re Sy No.13/1, (Old Sy. No. 9/3, 9/5/9/3A, 9/5/1/, 9/6) Kottayam Village, Kerala in the name of Kosamattam Finance Limited. b. 200 cents (80.94 ares) of landed property at Re Sy No.253/9/3 of blokc no. 18 of Nattakom village, Kottayam Taluk and District in name of M/s Kosamattam Builders rep. by Jilu Mathew alias Jilu Saju. c. 4.80 ares of land with residential building (4,300 sq. ft) in Re Sy No.121/19 (Old Sy. No. 281/13/3), Block No. 23 Vijayapuram Village, Kottayam Taluk, Kottayam District in the name of Mathew K. Cherian. | On demand. |
| Adhoc limit of ₹20 crore sanctioned <i>vide</i> letter dated April 25, 2018 Revised letter dated July 6, | | | | sq.ft in Re. Sy. No. 121/20 (Old Sy. No. 281/13), Block No. 23, Vijayapuram Village, Kottayam Taluk, Kottayam District in the name of Mathew K. Cherian. e. 30.95 ares of house plot at Re. Sy. No. 14, 99, 71 of Block No. 146, Kottayam Village, Kottayam | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2018 for regularisation and | , | | | Taluk, Kottayam District in the name of M/s | |
| closure of the adhoc CCOL | | | | Kosamattam Builders rep. by Milu George alias | |
| limit | | | | Milu Mathew. | |
| | | | | f. 3.87 ares of commercial plot with building at Re | |
| ~ | | | | Sy No 93/14/2 and 93/18 of Block No. 12, | |
| Sanction letter dated January | | | | Kumarakom Village, Kottayam Taluk, Kottayam | |
| 31, 2019 for WCDL of ₹150 | | | | District in the name of Laila Mathew.10.60 ares | |
| Crore as sub limit to CCOL | | | | of land in Re sy No. 12/4 of block no:66 | |
| ~ | | | | Kottayam Village, Kottayam Taluk, Kottayam | |
| Santion letter dated September | | | | Dist. 89.40 acres of land-cardamom estate with | |
| 24, 2020 for renewing the | | | | 6100 sq. ft. old building under Old Sy No. 196/1, | |
| credit facility | | | | 91/1, 91, 92, 212 Re Sy No. 501, 500/2, 502, | |
| | | | | 500/1 in Kattappana Village Udumbanchola | |
| Agreement of Hypothecation | | | | Taluk, Idukki Dist., Kerala. | |
| dated September 24, 2020 | | | | g. 89.40 acres of land -Cardamom estate with 6100 | |
| | | | | sq ft old building in Old Sy.No.196/1, 91/1, 91, | |
| Sanction letter dated March 20, | | | | 92, 212 Re-Sy. No. 501, 500/2, 502,500/1 of | |
| 2021 for renewing the credit | | | | Block No. 58, Kattappana, Village, | |
| facility | | | | Udumbanchola Thaluk, Idukki District in the | |
| | | | | name of Kosamattam Finance Limited | |
| | | | | h. 10.26 ares of vacant land in Sy. No. $279/4A/1$, | |
| | | | | 279/4A/2, 279/4B/ 1, C/1, 157/21, 158/1, 158/2 | |
| | | | | Re Sy No.117/9-11-4 in Block no. 23, | |
| | | | | Muttambalam Village, Kottayam Taluk and Distirct in the name of Kosamattam Finance | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | Limited. i. 13.99 ares of land with building in Old Sy No. | |
| | | | | 243, Re Sy No 7, Vellor Village, Kottayam | |
| | | | | Taluk, Kerala. | |
| | | | | Taluk, Kerala. | |
| | | | | First Pari passu charge on below properties with | |
| | | | | SBI on reciprocal basis: | |
| | | | | 1. EM over 10.60 ares of land and building thereon | |
| | | | | in the name of Mathew K Cherian under Re Sy No | |
| | | | | 12/4 in Kottayam Village, Kottayam taluk, Kottayam | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | · · · | district | |
| | | | | 2. EM over 6.10 ares of land and building thereon in the name of Mathew K Cherian under Re Sy No 13 in Kottayam Village, Kottayam taluk, Kottayam district | |
| | | | | 3. EM over 8.47 ares of land and building thereon in the name of Mathew K Cherian under ReSy No 12/3 Old Sy No 8/17 in Kottayam Village, Kottayam taluk, Kottayam district | |
| | | | | Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew, Jilu Mathew and Milu Mathew. | |
| | | | | Corporate Guarantee – M/s Kosamattam Builders | |
| State Bank of India Fund Based Working Capital (CC) – Book Debts/ Term Loan – Working Capital | Cash Credit (WCDL) - 11,000 Term loan | Concessional pricing at 250 bps above 1-year MCLR (MCLR w.e.f. 10- April-2020 is 7.40%) (i.e., present effective rate | 14,212.24 | First charge over entire current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, on <i>pari passu</i> basis with the Secured Creditors including debenture trustees and other | On demand |
| Sanction letter dated March 28, 2015 | (working capital) – 5,000 | 9.15% p.a.for WCDL and 9.9% p.a. for cash credit) | | banks/Financial Institutions in the Multiple Banking Arrangement. | instalments of ₹4.25 crores and last quarterly instalment |
| Credit facility agreement dated June 11, 2015 | 2,000 | Concessional pricing at 275 bps above 1-year MCLR (MCLR w.e.f. 10-June- 2020 is 7.00%) (i.e., | | Equitable mortgage over 1.85 ares of land and building thereon in the name of Mathew K. Cherian under Re Sy No 30, Old Sy No 38/26A in Changanacherry Village, Changanacherry Taluk, | of ₹3.25 crores |
| Renewed sanction letter dated April 27, 2016 | | present effective rate 9.75% p.a.) | | Kottayam District | |
| Renewed sanction letter dated February 8, 2017 | | ····· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Equitable mortgage over 8.47 ares of land and building thereon in the name of Mathew K. Cherian under Re Sy No 12/3, Old Sy No 8/17 in Kottayam Village, Kottayam Taluk, Kottayam District on pari | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated | | | | passu first charge basis with The South Indian Bank | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| March 1, 2019 | | | | Limited | |
| Renewed sanction letter dated April 29, 2020 | | | | Equitable mortgage over 10.60 ares of land and building thereon in the name of Mathew K Cherian under Re Sy No. 12/4, Kottayam Village, Kottayam | |
| Sanction letter dated June 22, 2020 | | | | Taluk, Kottayam Dist on parri passu first charge basis with The South Indian Bank Limited. | |
| Supplimental agreement of loan for increase in the over all | | | | EM over 6.10 ares of Land and building thereon in the name of Mathew k. Cherian under Re Sy. No. 13 | |
| limit dated June 26, 2020 Supplemental agreement of | | | | in Kottayam village, Kottayam taluk, Kottayam District on pari passu first charge basis with the South Indian Bank Limited. | |
| hypothecation of goods and assets for increase in the over | | | | Cash collateral of ₹15.00 crores secured by lien on | |
| all limit dated June 26, 2020 | | | | term deposit exclusively for cash credit. | |
| | | | | Personal guarantee of Managing Director – Mathew K. Cherian and Whole Time Director – Laila Mathew. | |
| Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited | Cash Credit - (with sublimit | 11.10% p. a. (presently one year MCLR 8.90% | 4,520.64 | First ranking <i>parri passu</i> charge on all movable assets (exclusing the charge on the written down | On demand |
| Fund Based Working Capital | of WCDL) - 5,000 | +2.20%) Floating with annual reset for Cash Credit | | value of furniture and fixture of the our Company to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696/- on which Income Tax | |
| Cash Credit Facility (with sublimit of WCDL) | | Present effective rate is 10.10% p.a. for WCDL | | Department would be having the first charge) and current assets including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balance, loans and advances, both | |
| Sanction letter dated February 12, 2016 | | 10.10% p.a. 101 WCDL | | present and future of our Company thereon with the secured creditors including debenture trustees and | |
| Credit facility agreement dated February 15, 2016. | | | | other banks/financial institutions in the multiple banking arrangements with 25% margin | |
| Revised sanction letter dated February 17, 2017 | | | | Equitable mortgage over 11.465 cents of land under R. Sy. No 55/2, 55/3 and 55/4 of block no. 89 at Kodimatha Kara, Kottayam District | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Letter reducing rate of interest dated November 1, 2016 | | | | Equitable mortgage over 10.52 ares 26 cents of commercial land under R Sy No 38/3 and 2.30 ares nilam land under Sy No 36 of block 27 and 109 at Panayakazhippu Kara, Kottayam District | |
| Enhancement Sanction letter dated October 11, 2018 for ₹5,000 lakhs | | | | Equitable Mortgage over 145.789 cents of land under R Sy No 188/3 of block no. 6 at Arpookara Kara, Kottayam District. | |
| Letter dated December 17, 2018 for modification of primary security for cash credit of ₹5,000 lakhs <i>vide</i> Enhancement Sanction letter dated October 11, 2018 | | | | Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew, Jilu Saju Varghese and Bala Mathew. | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated September 23, 2019 | | | | | |
| Renewal santion letter dated September 4, 2020 | | | | | |
| Union Bank of India Cash Credit Facility (WCDL) | Cash Credit (WCDL) - 7,500 | Present rate for Cash Credit and WCDL is 10.60% and 9.90%, respectively | 4,846.46 | Pari passu first charge on current assets of the Company includes book debts, loans and advances and receivables along with existing charge holders. | On demand |
| Sanction letter dated October 26, 2016 | | | | Cash collateral of 25% by way of fixed deposit with the lien marked in favour of Union Bank of India. | |
| Hypothecation agreement of goods and debts dated | | | | Margin- 25% | |
| December 23, 2016. | | | | Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghese. | |
| Revised sanction letter dated December 14, 2017 | | | | | |
| Hypothecation agreement of | | | | | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| goods and debts dated December 20, 2017. | | | | | |
| Hypothecation (Book Debts) Agreement dated December 20, 2017 | | | | | |
| Sanction letter dated December 27, 2018 | | | | | |
| Hypothecation agreement of goods and debts dated December 28, 2018. | | | | | |
| Hypothecation (Book debt) agreement dated December 28, 2018 | | | | | |
| Renewed sanction letter dated June 2, 2020 | | | | | |
| Composite Hypothecation Deed (SD-20) dated July 4, 2020 | | | | | |
| Hypothecation (Book Debts) Agreement (SD-05) dated July 4, 2020 | | | | | |
| CSB Bank Limited | | Present effective rate is 10.10% p.a. for WCDL | 5,039.02 | Primary Security : <i>Pari passu</i> first charge on current assets including gold loan receivables (present and | On demand |
| Term Loan | 5,000 | | | future) of the Company with other lenders. | |
| Sanction letter dated November 6, 2019 | | | | Collateral Security : Lien noted Cash Collateral equitant to 25% of the aggregate limit (₹12.50 crore, being 25% of the sanctioned limit of ₹50 crore) | |
| Common Hypothecation | | | | | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Agreement dated November 14, 2019 | | | | Personal Guarantee : Mathew K. Cherian, Managing Director, Laila Mathew, Whole time Director and Jilu Saju Varghese, Non Executive Director | |
| Sanction letter dated April 01, 2020 | | | | Saju vargnese, tron Executive Director | |
| Rupee Term Loan (RTL) | | | | | |
| Sanction letter dated December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Common Hypothecation Agreement dated December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Sanction letter dated March 26, 2021 on conversion of existing ODBD limit to WCDL and renewal of existing WCDL | | | | | |
| Common Hypothecation agreement dated May 26, 2021. | | | | | |
| Canara Bank | Term Loan – 4,000 | Present effective rate is 10.35 and 9.50% | 9,491.92 | Primary Security: First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and | To be repaid in 45 installments of ₹ |
| Over draft against Bank | , | | | receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and | 0.89 Crores each for |
| Deposit | | | | advances, both present and future, of the Company, | first 44 months and |
| (Working Capital Demand | | | | (excluding value of furniture and fixtures to the extent | remaining 45 th |
| Loan) | | | | of Rs.10.81 crores on which Income Tax Department shall have first charge) on pari-passu basis with all | instalment of ₹ 0.84 Crores |
| Sanction letter dated | | | | working capital lenders and debenture holders with | CIOICS |
| September 26, 2017 | | | | ACR of not less than 1.33 times. | |
| Common Hypothecation | | | | Collateral: Cash margin in the form of fixed deposits | |
| Agreement dated September | | | | to the extent of 25 % of the exposure. | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ≹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 27, 2017 | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | |
| Guarantee Agreement dated September 27, 2017 | | | | Personal Guarantee: 1. Mathew K. Cherian, 2. Laila Mathew and 3. Jilu Saju Varghese. | |
| Enhancement sanction letter dated November 30, 2018 | | | | | |
| Rupee Term Loan (RTL) Sanction letter dated November 6, 2019 | Term Loan – 3,500 | | | First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balancs, both present and future of the company on pari passu basis with all working capital lenders and debenture holders with ACR of 1.33 times. | To be repaid in 3 installments of ₹ 1.0 crores and and 33 instalment of ₹ 1.0 crores |
| Common Hypothecation Agreement dated November 14, 2019 | | | | | |
| Sanction letter dated April 01, 2020 | | | | | |
| Sanction letter dated December 31, 2020 Common Hypothecation | Term Laon – 5,000 | | | Primary Security: First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, (excluding value of furniture and fixtures to the extent | To be repaid in 4 intallments of ₹1.7 crores each for first 4 months and remainin 45th instalments |
| Agreement dated December 31, 2020 | | | | of Rs.10.81 crores on which Income Tax Department shall have first charge) on pari-passu basis with all working capital lenders and debenture holders with ACR of not less than 1.33 times. | ₹1.16 crores. |
| | | | | Collateral: Cash margin in the form of fixed deposits to the extent of 25 % of the exposure. | |
| | | | | Personal Guarantee : 1. Mathew K. Cherian, 2. Laila Mathew and 3. Jilu Saju Varghese | |
| The Karur Vysya Bank | CCBD | Present effective rate for | 4,499.67 | First pari passu charge on current assets, booked | On demand |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Limited | (WCDL) | CCBD and WCDL is 11.00% and 10.70% p.a., | | debts, loans and advances and receivables including gold loan receivables with a margin of 25% | |
| Cash Credit Facility against Bank Deposit (Working Capital Demand Loan) – as sublimit to CCBD | 5,000 | respectively | | 25% cash margin (value of ₹1,250 lakhs) Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew K. | |
| Sanction letter dated September 13, 2017 | | | | Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghese. | |
| Agreement of Guarantee dated September 15, 2017 | | | | | |
| Working Capital Demand Loan Agreement dated August 15, 2017 | | | | | |
| Hypothecation agreement for cash credit overdraft dated September 15, 2017 | | | | | |
| Hypothecation Agreement for cash credit/overdraft dated April 02, 2019. | | | | | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated April 2, 2019 | | | | | |
| Enhancement of facilities <i>vide</i> Sanction letter dated December 2, 2020 | | | | | |
| Bank of Baroda Cash Credit Facility with sublimit for Working Capital Demand Loan | Cash Credit facility – 7,500 | 2.50% over one year MCLR (applicable on the date of review) + Strategic Premium 0.25%. i.e.10.15% p.a. at present. | 9,333.35 | First <i>pari passu</i> charge over the loan assets or book debts funded out of the bank loan with a minimum cover of 1.33 times. Cash collateral of 25% of the sanctioned limit. | 12 months subject to annual review |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Sanction letter dated December 18, 2017 Composite Hypothecation Agreement dated December | Sublimit - Working Capital Demand Loan - 5,000 | For 180 days: 2.50% over 6 -M MCLR + SP i.e., 10.00% p.a. at present. | | Cash collateral of 25% of the sanctioned loan limit in the form of term deposit to be kept for the tenure of the loan along with interest credited to the deposit account and lien marked in favour of the bank. Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew | |
| 27, 2017 | 3,000 | | | K. Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghese. | |
| Letter dated October 31, 2018 for increasing interest rate. | | | | | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated April 10, 2019 | Term Loan – 5,000 | 2.75% Over one year MCLR + SP (0.25%) i.e. 10.40% p.a. at present with reset of MCLR annually | | First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation of all chargeable current assets, book. debts, loans and advances and receivables includes gold loan receivables of the Company both present and future | 36 months subject to annual review |
| Sanction letter issued by Vijaya Bank dated March 16, 2018. | | | | along with other fenders including NCO holders. Any underlying / receivables classified as NPA / | |
| Agreement for hypothecation of supply bills and book executed with Vijaya Bank | | | | overdue receivables respectively should be replaced / excluded. Minimum Security Coverage of 1.33 times to be maintained. | |
| dated June 19, 2018. Agreement for demand cash credit against hypothecation | | | | Collateral: Cash Collateral of minimum 25% of the sanctioned limit in the form of Term Deposit to be kept in the form of the tenure of the loan | |
| of stocks and book executed with Vijaya Bank dated June 19, 2018. | | | | Personal Guarantee: Mr. Mathew K. Cherian , Mrs. Laila Mathew and Mrs. Jilu Saju Varghese | |
| Sanction letter dated December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Composite Hypothecation Agreement dated December 31, 2020 | | | | | |

| Name of the lender, facility and details of documentation | Amount sanctioned (in ₹ lakhs) | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| Punjab National Bank | Cash Credit (Book Debt)- | Benchmark 1 year MCLR of the bank plus spread of | 2,379.68 | First <i>pari passu</i> charge with the existing secured creditors on entire current assets and all movable | For a period of one year. |
| Cash Credit Facility with sublimit for Working Capital Demand Loan | 1,000 | 2.00% chargeable on monthly rests. | | assets, including book debt and receivables, cash and bank balances, loan and advances, both present and future of the Company. | |
| Sometion latter dated January | Working Capital Demand Loan | Present effective rate being 10.50% p.a | | Margin 25%, Minimum asset coverage – 1.33 times | |
| Sanction letter dated January 5, 2018. | - 1,500 | | | Collateral – Duly discharge term deposit of $\gtrless 6.25$ crores. | |
| Agreement of Hypothecation of Assets dated January 20, 2018 | | | | Personal guarantee of promoter directors – Mathew K. Cherian (₹45.40 crores) and Laila Mathew (₹6.67 crore). | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated July 7, 2019 | | | | | |
| Renewal sanction letter dated October 17, 2020 | | | | | |
| DCB Bank Limited Sanction letter dated August 05, 2019 | Working capital demand loan (WCDL) - 3,000 | Present effective rate is 9.5% p.a. | 3,000.00 | Pari-passu charge on entire current assets including entire loan receivables of the Company along with other participating banks & secured debenture holders. Minimum asset cover of 1.10 times of the loan outstanding with DCB Bank at all times. | |
| Deed of hypothecation by borrower dated August 19, 2019 | 5,000 | | | Cash margin @ 10% | |
| Agreement for revolving WCDL facility dated August 19, 2019 | | | | Guarantee: Mathew K. Cherian, Laila Mathew and Jilu Saju Varghhse | On 89 days of disbursement and rollover in 2 days |
| Deed of hypothecation dated July 29, 2020 | | 9.93% [6 months MCLR 9.68% + 0.25%] | | | |
| Enhancement of facilities vide | | | | | |

| Name of the lender, facilityAmountand details of documentationsanctioned (in₹ lakhs) | | Rate of interest | Amount outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Security | Repayment date/ Schedule | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| sanction letter dated March 23, 2021 | | | | | | |
| The Federal Bank Limited Agreement for working capital facility dated December 31, 2020 | Working capital demand loan (WCDL) – 2,800 | Present effective rate is 10.25% p.a. | 2,961.28 | Primary: First pari passu charge over the gold loan assets or book debts funded out of the bank loan i.e. Assignment of book debts, created out of the funds borrowed from the bank along with debenture trustees and other Banks/ Multiple Banking Arrangement. | For 12 months | |
| Sanction letter dated December 31, 2020 | LDS Working Capital Loan – 120 | | | Collateral : Fixed Deposit of 25% of the sanctioned limit. | | |
| | | | | Presonal Guarantee : Mathew K. Cherian and Laila Mathew. | | |
| | Cash Credit – 80 | | | | | |
| Bank of Maharashtra Sanction letters dated March 03, 2021 and March 04, 2021. Deed of Hypothecation for all facilities dated March 31, 2021 | Term Loan- 10,000 | MCLR+2.70%=10.00% p.a.with monthly rests and annual rest of MCLR. | 9,999.82 | Primary: First Pari-Passu charge by way of Hypothecation of standard loan receivables of the company to the extent of 1.33 times of outstanding loan. Collateral Security: 25% of the sanctioned amount in the form of fixed deposit Personal Guarantee: 1. Mr. Mathew K. Cherian, Managing Director 2. Laila Mathew, Whole-Time Director | Span of Repayment- Door –To-Door: 60 Months Moratorium-3 months Repayment of Principal: 57 Months Repayment Commercial Date: After the | |
| | | many as on June 30, 2021 w | | | Moratorium period of 3 months Repayment end date: within 5 years from first disbursement | |

Total outstanding bank borrowings of our Company as on June 30, 2021 was ₹ 80,397.74 lakhs.

Secured Non-Convertible Debentures

Our Company has issued, on private placement basis, secured redeemable non-convertible debentures under various series of which ₹53.65 lakhs was cumulatively outstanding as on June 30, 2021, the details of which are set forth below.

| Debenture Series | Date of Allotment | Coupo n (in %) | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Tenure | Redemption Date | Security |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Kosamattam Secured Bonds* | August 18, 2010 to January 24, 2014 | 10% to 12.75% | 53.65 | 36 months to 66 Months | July 01, 2019 | First ranking <i>pari passu</i> charge over all movable assets including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances; loans and advances, both present and future of the Company pertaining to loans granted by the Company |
| Total | | | 53.65 | | | |

*Redemption date is expired and pending for disbursement because of the existence of pending suit between the heirs.

Restrictive Covenants

Our financing agreements include various restrictive conditions and covenants restricting certain corporate actions and our Company is required to take the prior approval of the lenders before carrying out such activities. For instance, our Company, *inter-alia*, is required to obtain the prior written consent in the following instances:

- > to declare dividend other than from the profits for the current year;
- ➢ for any change in the management/constitution, takeovers/mergers etc. or any expansion, new project/investment/acquiring assets under lease/enter into borrowing arrangements;
- to undertake any new project, or diversification, modernisation or substantial expansion of the project, or alter the financing plans or the scope of the project whether by way of any reduction or increase to its size, layout, specification or quality or otherwise;
- engage in any business or activities other than those which the borrower is currently engaged in, either alone or in partnership or joint venture with any other person, nor acquire any ownership interest in any other entity or person or enter into any profit sharing or royalty agreement or other similar arrangement whereby the borrower's income or profits are, or might be shared with any other entity or person, or enter into any management contract or similar arrangement whereby its business or operations are managed by any other person;
- to contract, create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any indebtedness in any manner whatsoever except as otherwise permitted under the credit facility agreement. This provision shall not apply to normal trade guarantees;
- to prepay any indebtedness incurred by the borrower. If the bank permits the borrower to prepay any such indebtedness the borrower shall if so required by the bank, make proportionate prepayment to the bank subject to such conditions (including payment of prepayment charges) as may be stipulated by the bank;
- to pay any commission to its promoters, directors, trustees, members, managers or other persons for furnishing guarantees, counter guarantees or indemnities or for undertaking any other liability in connection with any indebtedness incurred by the borrower or in connection with any other obligation undertaken for or by the borrower;

- > to create any subsidiary or permit any company/other entity to become its subsidiary;
- to undertake or permit any merger, de-merger, consolidation, reorganisation, scheme or arrangement or compromise with its creditors or shareholders or effect any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction or change its constitution;
- make any investments whether by way of deposits, loans, or investments in share capital or otherwise, in any concern or provide any credit or give any guarantee, indemnity or similar assurance except as otherwise permitted under the credit facility agreement. This provision shall not apply to loans and advances granted to staff or contractors or suppliers in the ordinary course of business;
- to create or permit to subsist any encumbrance (save and except for securing borrowings for working capital requirements in the ordinary course of business, up to the limit approved by the bank) or any type of preferential arrangement (including retention arrangements or escrow arrangements having the effect of granting security), in any form whatsoever on any of its assets including Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Rights, or (b)(whether voluntarily or involuntarily) sell, transfer, grant lease or otherwise dispose of or deal with (or agree to do any of the foregoing at any future time), all or any of its assets including Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Rights;
- carry out or permit any material amendment, termination or cancellation of any (i) project document including any agreements with its machinery suppliers, collaborators, technical consultants and suppliers of raw materials, or (ii)agreements, documents or arrangements entered into with, or executed in favour of, any other bank or providers of funds;
- declare or pay any dividend or authorise or make any distribution to its shareholders: (a) unless it has paid all the dues in respect of the facilities up to the date on which the dividend is proposed to be declared or paid, or has made satisfactory provisions therefor, and/or (b) if an event of default has occurred and is subsisting or would occur as a result of such declaration or payment of dividend or authorisation or making of distribution;
- (a) buy back, cancel, retire, reduce, redeem, re-purchase, purchase or otherwise acquire any of its share capital now or hereafter outstanding, or set aside any funds for the foregoing purposes, or (b) issue any further share capital whether on a preferential basis or otherwise or change its capital structure in any manner whatsoever;
- change such of the financial year-end which has been intimated to the bank (or such other date as may be approved by the bank);
- change the accounting method or policies currently followed by the borrower;
- > amend or modify its Memorandum and Articles of Association/Bye Laws/Trust Deeds;
- the borrower shall not compound or release any of the book-debts/receivables nor do anything whereby the recovery of the same may be impeded, delayed or prevented without obtaining prior consent in writing of the bank;
- the borrower shall not undertake guarantee obligation on behalf of any third party or any other company/firm etc. without the prior written consent of the bank
- the borrower shall not alienate or dispose of or charge or encumber any of the securities provided to the bank without the written consent of the bank;
- the moneys brought in by the borrowers/partners/friends/relatives/principal shareholders/directors/ depositors/other associate firms/group companies for financing the needs of the borrower will not be allowed to be withdrawn, during the currency of the said credit facility, without the permission of the bank.

B. Public issue of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable nonconvertible debentures

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹3,000.00 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of allotment | Redemptio n date | Total issue size (principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 75 months | 11.50% to | 3,000.00 | December | February | 3,000.00 |
| | 11.73% | | 1,2015 | 28, 2022 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 75 months 11.50% to | Tenure Coupon outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) 75 months 11.50% to 3,000.00 | TenureCouponoutstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs)Dates of allotment75 months11.50% to3,000.00December | TenureCouponoutstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs)Dates of allotmentRedemptio n date75 months11.50% to3,000.00DecemberFebruary |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹4,064.84 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemptio n Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable | 76 months | 11.50% to 11.57% | 4,064.84 | February 15, 2016 | June 14, 2022 | 20,000.00 |
| Non- | | 11.0770 | | 2010 | 2022 | |
| Convertible | | | | | | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹3,370.63 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 78 | 11.15% to | 3,370.63 | June 9, 2016 | December 8, | 25,000.00 |
| Redeemable | months | 11.25% | | | 2022 | |
| Non- | | | | | | |
| Convertible | | | | | | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari

passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹2,478.59 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Unsecured, | 78 | 11.00% to | 2,478.59 | September | March 28, | 2,500.00 |
| Subordinated | months | 11.25% | | 29, 2016 | 2023 | |
| Redeemable | | | | | | |
| Non-convertible | | | | | | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹5,007.21 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 60 and 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41% | 5,007.21 | February 01, 2017 | January 31, 2022 to January 31, 2024 | 30,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹4,343.04 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 52 and | 9.81% to | 3,093.97 | May 09, | September | 22,500.00 |
| Redeemable | 60 | 10.00% | | 2017 | 08, 2021 and | |
| Non- | months | | | | May 07, | |
| Convertible | | | | | 2022 | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |
| Unsecured | 86 | 10.16% | 1,249.07 | May 09, | July 08, | 2,500.00 |
| Subordinated | months | | | 2017 | 2024 | |

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Redeemable | | | | | | |
| Non-convertible | | | | | | |

Debenture

Debenture

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹5,899.20 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| | ŕ | on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Allotment | Date | (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2, 60 and 3 months | 9.81% to 10% | 5,899.20 | August 29, 2017 | December 28, 2021 to December 27, 2024 | 22,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹4,798.04 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 52 months | 9.81% | 1,798.04 | January 08, 2018 | May 07, 2022 | 20,000.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non-convertible Debenture | 88 months | 10% and 9.91% | 3,000.00 | January 08, 2018 | May 07, 2025 | 3,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari

passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹8,150.73 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupo n | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redempti on Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 52, 60 and 88 | 9.81% | 8,150.73 | April 23, | April 22, | 30,000.00 |
| Redeemable | months | to | | 2018 | 2021 to | |
| Non- | | 10.00% | | | August | |
| Convertible | | | | | 22, 2025 | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value 1 time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking pari passu charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. NO.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. met

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹12,590.78 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupo n | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redempti on Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 36,48,60 months | 10.00% to 10.67% | 12,306.50 | September 24, 2018 | Septembe r 23, 2021 to Septembe r 22, 2023 | 22,000.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non- convertible Debenture | 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41 | 2,842.80 | September 24, 2018 | Septembe r 23, 2025 | 3,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking *pari passu* charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. No.(OLD No.41/18C) New F/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. meters.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹12,504.35 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| . Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 36, 48 and 60 months | 10.00% to 10.67% | 10,524.22 | January 31, 2019 | January 29, 2022 to January 30, 2024 | 26,000.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non- convertible Debenture | 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41% | 1,980.13 | January 31, 2019 | January 30. 2026 | 4,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon and first ranking *pari passu* charge on the immovable property situated at Nagappattinam Dist. Kelvelur Taluk, Velankanni Village, Tamil Nadu-Main Road West, R.S. No.(OLD No.41/18C) New No.41/18C-1 Full extent in 150 sq. meters.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹14,242.73 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| . Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 36, 48 and 60 months | 10.00% to 10.67% | 12,526.83 | May 06, 2019 | May 05, 2022 to May 05, 2024 | 27,500.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non- convertible Debenture | 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41% | 1,715.90 | May 06, 2019 | May 05, 2026 | 2,500.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured and unsecured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹23,395.63 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| . Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 24, 36, 48 and 60 months, | 9.75% to 10.67% | 20,943.32 | August 21, 2019 | August 20, 2021 to August 20, 2024 | 27,500.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non- convertible Debenture | 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41% | 2,452.31 | August 21, 2019 | August 20. 2026 | 2,500.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹23,704.76 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable | 24, 36, 48, 66 and 84 | 9.75% to | 23,704.76 | December 10, 2019 | December 09, 2021 to | 35,000.00 |
| Non- Convertible | months, | 10.41% | | 10, 2019 | December 09, 2026 | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹29,725.73 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 15, 21, 39, | 9.49% | 27,000.00 | 29 May, | 27 August | 27,000.00 |
| Redeemable | 48,66 | to | | 2020 | 2021 to 28 | |
| Non- | months | 10.71% | | | November | |
| Convertible | | | | | 2025 | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |
| Unsecured | 84 months | 10.25% | 2,725.73 | 29 May | 28 May | 3,000.00 |
| Subordinated | | to | | 2020 | 2027 | |
| Redeemable | | 10.41% | | | | |
| Non- | | | | | | |

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|--------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| convertible | | | | | | |

Debenture

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹ 30,000 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹lakhs) |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 400 days, 30, | 8.50% | 30,000.00 | 14 | 18 | 30,000.00 |
| Redeemable | 39, 42, 50, | to | | October, | November | |
| Non- | 84 months | 10.75% | | 2020 | 2021 to 13 | |
| Convertible | | | | | October | |
| Debenture | | | | | 2027 | |

The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of the Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of creating security over on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696/-), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹32,559.33 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured | 400 days, 30, | 8.50% | 29,762.39 | January 23, | 27 February, | 32,000.00 |
| Redeemable | 39, 48 and | to | | 2021 | 2022 to 22 | |
| Non- | 66 months | 10.71% | | | July, 2026 | |
| Convertible | | | | | | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |
| Unsecured | 84 months | 10.25% | 2,796.94 | January 23, | 22 January | 3,000.00 |
| Subordinated | | to | | 2021 | 2028 | |
| Redeemable | | 10.41% | | | | |
| Non- | | | | | | |
| convertible | | | | | | |
| Debenture | | | | | | |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the

value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Our Company *vide* a public offer, issued secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which ₹26,320.88 lakhs was outstanding as on June 30, 2021:

| Nature of Debenture | Tenure | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption Date | Total Issue Size (Principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debenture | 400 days, 24, 36, 42 and 48 months. | 8.00% to 10.67% | 23,735.62 | 29 April 2021 | 03 June 2022 to 28 April 2025. | 31,000.00 |
| Unsecured Subordinated Redeemable Non- convertible Debenture | 66 and 84 months | 10.25% to 10.41% | 2,585.26 | 29 April 2021 | 28 October 2026 and 28 April 2028 | 4,000.00 |

The principal amount of the Secured NCDs together with all interest due on the Secured NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of our Company equal to the value of one time of the Secured NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.

Unsecured facilities

> Unsecured Non-Convertible Debentures

As on June 30, 2021, our Company has redeemed the outstanding privately placed subordinated debts and the same are pending for disbursement of ₹5.55 lakhs due the dispute between the legal heirs of the original bondholders.

Perpetual Debt Instruments

| Debentur e series | Tenor | Coupon | Amounts outstanding as on June 30, 2021 (in ₹ lakhs) | Dates of Allotment | Redemption date | Total issue size (principal amount) (in ₹ lakhs) |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Kosamatta | Perpetual | 13.50% | 625.00 | September 11, | Perpetual | 7,000.00 |
| m Mega Bond 1 | | | | 2011 to March 31, 2012 | | |
| Kosamatta m Mega Bond 2 | Perpetual | 8% to 14 % | 150.00 | October 03, 2012 to March 31, 2013 | - | 1,000.00 |
| Kosamatta m Mega Bond 3 | Perpetual | 9% to 14 % | 415.00 | July 08, 2013 to March 31, 2014 | - | 1,000.00 |
| Total | | | 1,190.00 | | | |

Commercial Papers

Our Company has not issued any commercial papers.

Loan from Directors and Relatives of Directors

Our Company has not taken any loan from our directors or any relative of our directors.

Inter Corporate Loans

Our Company has not borrowed any amount in the nature of demand loans from Companies under same management.

Servicing behaviour on existing debt securities, payment of interest on due dates on financing facilities or securities

Our Company has not defaulted upon or delayed in payment of any interest and/or principal for the existing term loan and the non-convertible debentures. Our Company has not issued any corporate guarantee.

SECTION VI - ISSUE RELATED INFORMATION

ISSUE STRUCTURE

The key common terms and conditions of the NCDs are as follows:

| Issuer | Kosamattam Finance Limited |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lead Managers | Karvy Investor Services Limited and SMC Capitals Limited |
| Type and nature of | Secured redeemable non-convertible debentures |
| Instrument | Secured redeemable non-convertible debendires |
| Seniority | Senior (the claims of the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs shall be superior to |
| e | the claims of any unsecured creditors, subject to applicable statutory and/or |
| | regulatory requirements). |
| | |
| | The NCDs would constitute secured obligations of our Company and shall rank pari |
| | passu with the Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets (excluding charge |
| | on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), |
| | including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, |
| | both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs |
| | outstanding plus interest accrued thereon. |
| Mode of Issue | Public issue |
| Debenture Trustee | Vistra ITCL (India) Limited |
| Registrar to the Issue | KFIN Technologies Private Limited |
| Face Value of NCDs | ₹1,000 |
| (₹/NCD) | 74.000 |
| Issue Price (₹/NCD) | ₹1,000 |
| Minimum Application | 10 NCDs i.e., ₹10,000 (across all options of NCDs) |
| In multiples, of | One NCD after the minimum application |
| Mode of Allotment | In dematerialised form only |
| Mode of Trading | NCDs will be traded in dematerialised form only |
| Terms of Payment | Full amount on Application |
| Minimum | Minimum subscription is 75% of the Base Issue i.e. ₹11,250 lakhs |
| Subscription | $D_{11}^{11} = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1$ |
| Issue | Public Issue by our Company of NCDs aggregating up to ₹15,000 lakhs with an |
| | option to retain over-subscription up to ₹15,000 lakhs aggregating up to ₹30,000 lakhs, on the terms and in the manner set forth herein; |
| Stock Exchange | The NCDs are proposed to be listed on BSE Limited (" BSE "), the Designated Stock |
| proposed for listing of | Exchange |
| the NCDs | Exchange |
| Listing and timeline for | The NCDs shall be listed within 6 Working Days of Issue Closing Date |
| Listing | |
| Depositories | NSDL and CDSL |
| Day count basis | Actual/ Actual |
| Description regarding | The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together |
| Security (where | with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration |
| applicable) including | of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by |
| type of security | way of first ranking pari passu charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all |
| (movable/ immovable/ | movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures |
| tangible etc.), type of | to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank |
| charge (pledge/ | balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the |
| hypothecation/ | value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon. |
| mortgage etc.), date of | |
| creation of security/ | |
| likely date of creation of security, minimum | |
| | |
| security cover, revaluation, | |
| replacement of security, | |
| replacement of security, | |

| interest to the | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| debenture holder over | |
| and above the coupon | |
| rate as specified in the | |
| Debenture Trust Deed | |
| and disclosed in this | |
| Prospectus | |
| Security Cover | Our Company shall maintain a minimum 100 percent security cover on the outstanding balance of the NCDs plus accrued interest thereon. |
| Eligible Investors | The following categories of persons are eligible to apply in the Issue: |
| | Category I (Institutional Investors) |
| | • Public financial institutions, scheduled commercial banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institution, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; |
| | • Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; |
| | Venture Capital funds and/or Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI; subject to investment conditions applicable to them under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012; Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA; State industrial davalanment comparisons; |
| | State industrial development corporations; National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of Levice) |
| | India); Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India; |
| | • Mutual Funds registered with SEBI; and |
| | • Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company, a nonbanking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and having a net worth of more than ₹50,000 lakhs as per the last audited financial statements. |
| | Category II (Non Institutional Investors) |
| | • Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; |
| | Statutory bodies/ corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs; |
| | • Co-operative banks and regional rural banks; |
| | • Public/private charitable/ religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; |
| | • Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; |
| | • Partnership firms in the name of the partners; |
| | • Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); |
| | • Association of Persons; and |
| | • Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons. |
| | Category III (High Net-worth Individual Investors) ("HNIs"), |
| | • High Net-worth individuals which include Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹10 lakhs across all series of NCDs in Issue |
| | Category IV (Retail Individual Investors) |

Retail Individual Investors which include Resident Indian individuals and Hindu

| Credit Rating | Rating agency | Instrument | Rating symbol | Date of credit rating letter | Amount rated | Rating definition |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Brickwork Ratings | Proposed Issue of NCDs | 'BWR BBB+/ Stable | August 12, 2021 | ₹ 20,000 lakhs^ | Instruments with this rating are considered to have moderate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry moderate credit risk |
| | ^Our Compo issue. | any has consid | ered unut | ilised rating | assigned of | ₹ 1,000 lakhs for this |
| Issue Size | option to reta lakhs, on the | | ription up e manner | to ₹15,000 | lakhs aggreg | 5,000 lakhs with an gating up to ₹30,000 |
| Mode of payment | | | | Procedure | – Terms of P | ayment" on page 160 |
| Application money | | plication Amo | | | | |
| Issue Schedule | to close earlie of the Board a | er as may be de and informed by | ecided by y way of n | the Board of ewspaper p | r by a duly a ublication on | , 2021 with an option uthorised committee or prior to the earlier te of this Prospectus. |
| Objects of the Issue | Please see "C | bjects of the Is | <i>sue</i> " on p | age 64. | | |
| Put/Call Option | None | | | | | |
| Details of the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue | | bjects of the Is | - | - | | |
| Coupon rate and redemption premium | on page 139. | | | | | tion with the NCDs" |
| Working Day convention | payment will payment of in The dates of schedule. In o does not fall preceding Wo | be made on s interest will be of the future inter case the Reden on a Working | succeeding only till the rest payment onption Day g Day, the ong with c | g Working l e originally ents would l te (also bein e payment v | Day, howeve stipulated In be as per the og the last Int vill be made | Day, then the interest or the calculation for terest Payment Date. originally stipulated terest Payment Date) on the immediately n the NCDs until but |
| Issue Opening Date | August 30, 20 | | | | | |
| Issue Closing Date | September 24 | | | | | 0 |
| Default interest date | Debenture Tr | | Default Int | erest Rate pa | | Company under the Applicant shall be as |
| Deemed Date of Allotment | The date on w of NCDs. Al available to I NCDs may ta | which the Board l benefits relat nvestors from t ke place on a c | l or a duly ing to the the Deeme late other | authorised c NCDs incl ed Date of A than the Dec | uding interes allotment. The emed Date of | |
| Record Date | of principal in interest is due be determined time in accord | a connection the e and payable, a d by the Board dance with the | erewith sh and/or the of Directo applicable | all be 7 (sev date of rede ors or the De e law. Provid | en) days prio emption or su bentures Cor ded that tradi | NCDs or repayment r to the date on which ich other date as may mmittee from time to ng in the NCDs shall in connection with |

Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹ 10 lacs across all series of NCDs in Issue.

| | redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Exchange, as the case may be. |
| | In case Record Date falls on a day when stock exchanges are having a trading holiday, the immediate subsequent trading day will be deemed as the Record Date. |
| Transaction documents | The Draft Prospectus and this Prospectus read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto, the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Debenture Trust Deed and other security documents, if applicable, and various other documents/agreements/ undertakings, entered or to be entered by the Company with Lead Managers and/or other intermediaries for the purpose of this Issue including but not limited to the Debenture Trust Deed, the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement, the Agreement with the Registrar and the Agreement with the Lead Managers. For further details, see " <i>Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection</i> " on page 298. |
| Conditions precedent to | Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI Debt Regulations, there are no |
| disbursement | conditions precedents to disbursement. |
| Conditions subsequent to disbursement | Other than the conditions specified in the SEBI Debt Regulations, there are no conditions subsequent to disbursement. |
| All covenants of the | Please see " <i>Terms of Issue</i> " on page 156. |
| Issue (including side | Thease see Terms of Issue on page 190. |
| letters, accelerated | |
| payment clause, etc.) | |
| Event of Default | Please see "Terms of Issue - Events of Default" on page 159. |
| (including manner of | |
| voting /conditions of | |
| joining inter creditor | |
| agreement) | |
| Creation of recovery expense fund | Pursuant to the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/207 dated October 22, 2020 ("SEBI Circular"), the requirement of creation of the recovery expense fund shall be in accordance with the SEBI Circular. For further details, please refer to the chapter titled " <i>Terms of Issue – Recovery Expense Fund</i> " on page 156 |
| Conditions for breach | The conditions for breach of covenants will be finalised upon execution of the |
| of covenants (as | Debenture Trust Deed which shall be executed within three months of closure of the |
| specified in Debenture | Issue as per Regulation 15 of SEBI Debt Regulations. |
| Trust Deed) Cross Default | Please see "Terms of Issue - Events of Default" on page 159. |
| Roles and | Please see "Terms of Issue - Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders" on page 159. |
| responsibilities of the | These see Terms of Issue - Debenure Trusiees for the NCD Holders on page 156. |
| Debenture Trustee | |
| Risk factor pertaining to the Issue | Please see "Risk Factors" on page 17. |
| Settlement Mode | Please see "Terms of Issue - Payment on Redemption" on page 166. |
| Governing law and | The Issue shall be governed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of India |
| jurisdiction | and shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Kottayam. |

^{*}The subscription list shall remain open at the commencement of banking hours and close at the close of banking hours for the period as indicated, with an option for early closure, as may be decided by the Board or the duly authorised committee of the Board constituted by resolution of the Board. In the event of such early closure of subscription list of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given to the prospective investors through an advertisement in a leading daily national newspaper on or before such earlier date or extended date of closure. Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. till 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. till 3.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange.

[#]In terms of Regulation 4(2)(d) of the SEBI Debt Regulations, our Company will undertake this Issue of NCDs in dematerialised form. However, In terms of Section 8 (1) of the Depositories Act, the Company, at the request of the Applicants who wish to hold the NCDs post allotment in physical form, will fulfil such request through the process of rematerialisation, if the NCDs were originally issued in dematerialised form.

Participation by any of the above-mentioned investor classes in this Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

In case of Application Form being submitted in joint names, the applicants should ensure that the demat account is also held in the same joint names and the names are in the same sequence in which they appear in the Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue.

For further details, see "Issue Procedure" on page 170.

Terms of the NCDs

| Tenor | 20 months | 24 months | 36 months | 36 months | 42 months | 50 months | 72 months | 84 months |
|-------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Nature | | | | Secu | red | | | |
| Options | Ι | II | III | IV | V | VI | VII | VIII |
| Frequency | Cumulative | Monthly | Monthly | Cumulative | Monthly | Cumulativ | Monthly | Cumulative |
| of Interest | | | | | | e | | |
| Payment Minimum | | | 10 NCDs | (₹10,000) (acro | se all option | s of NCDs) | | |
| Application | | | TO NEDS | ((10,000) (acit | iss all option | is of NCDS) | | |
| In | | | 1 N | CD after the min | nimum appli | cation | | |
| multiples, of | | | | | | | | |
| Face Value | | | | ₹1,0 | 00 | | | |
| of NCDs (₹/ | | | | | | | | |
| NCD) | | | | | | | | |
| Issue Price (₹/ NCD) | | | | ₹1,0 | 000 | | | |
| Mode of | | | Tł | hrough various o | options avail | able | | |
| Interest | | | | | | | | |
| Payment/ | | | | | | | | |
| Redemption | NT A | 0.50 | 0.00 | NT A | 10.00 | NT A | 0.00 | |
| Coupon (%) per | NA | 8.50 | 9.00 | NA | 10.00 | NA | 9.00 | NA |
| (%) per annum in | | | | | | | | |
| Category I, | | | | | | | | |
| II, III and | | | | | | | | |
| IV | | | | | | | | |
| Coupon | | | | Fix | ed | | | |
| Туре | | | | | | | | |
| Redemption | 1,142.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,313.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,500.00 | 1,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
| Amount (₹/ | | | | | | | | |
| NCD) for NCD | | | | | | | | |
| Holders in | | | | | | | | |
| Category I, | | | | | | | | |
| II, III and | | | | | | | | |
| IV | | | | | | | | |
| Effective | 8.30 | 8.84 | 9.38 | 9.50 | 10.47 | 10.22 | 9.38 | 10.41 |
| Yield (%) | | | | | | | | |
| (per | | | | | | | | |
| annum) – Category I, | | | | | | | | |
| II, III and | | | | | | | | |
| ing in and | | | | | | | | |

| Tenor | 20 months | 24 | 36 months | 36 months | 42 | 50 months | 72 months | 84 months | |
|-------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | | months | | | months | | | | |
| Nature | | | | Secu | red | | | | |
| Options | Ι | Π | III | IV | V | VI | VII | VIII | |
| Frequency | Cumulative | Monthly | Monthly | Cumulative | Monthly | Cumulativ | Monthly | Cumulative | |
| of Interest | | | | | | e | | | |
| Payment | | | | | | | | | |
| IV | | | | | | | | | |
| Put and | | | | Not App | olicable | | | | |
| Call Option | | | | | | | | | |
| Deemed | The date on w | The date on which the Board or a duly authorised committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits to the | | | | | | | |
| Date of | NCDs includi | ng interest or | the NCDs sha | all be available t | o the investo | rs from the Dee | emed Date of A | Allotment. The | |
| Allotment | actual Allotm | ent of NCDs | may take place | e on a date other | r than the De | emed Date of A | Allotment. | | |

Interest and Payment of Interest

Interest would be paid monthly under Option II, III, V and VII at the following rate of interest in connection with the relevant categories of NCD Holders, on the amount outstanding from time to time, commencing from the Deemed Date of Allotment of NCDs:

| Category of NCD Holder | Rate of Interest (p.a.) for the following tenures | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|--|
| | 24 months | 36 months | 42 months | 72 months | |
| | Option II | Option III | Option V | Option VII | |
| Category I, II, III and IV (%) | 8.50% | 9.00% | 10.00% | 9.00% | |

For avoidance of doubt where interest is to be paid on a monthly basis, relevant interest will be calculated from the first day till the last date of every month on an actual/actual basis during the tenor of such NCDs, and paid on the first day of every subsequent month. For the first interest payment for NCDs under the monthly options if the Deemed Date of Allotment is prior to the fifteenth of that month, interest for that month will be paid on first day of the subsequent month and if the Deemed Date of Allotment is post the fifteenth of that month, interest from the Deemed Date of Allotment till the last day of the subsequent month will be clubbed and paid on the first day of the month next to that subsequent month.

Cumulative bond redemption options

Option I, IV, VI ans VIII of the NCDs shall be redeemed as below:

| Category of NCD Holder | Redemption Amount (per NCD) | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | 20 months | 36 months | 50 months | 84 months | |
| | Option I | Option IV | Option VI | Option VIII | |
| Category I, II, III and IV (₹) | 1,142.00 | 1,313.00 | 1,500.00 | 2,000.00 | |

Our Company shall provide a list of debenture holders of our Company who hold non-convertible debentures in our Company, issued on a private placement basis as on the Issue Opening Date to the Registrar.

Day count convention

Please refer to Annexure I for details pertaining to the cash flows of the Company in accordance with the SEBI circular bearing number CIR/IMD/DF/18/2013 dated October 29, 2013 and SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016 dated November 11, 2016.

Please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the transferee of deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs subject to such Transferee holding the NCDs on the Record Date.

Terms of Payment

The entire face value per NCDs is payable on application. The entire face value of per NCDs applied for will be

blocked in the relevant ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB or under UPI mechanism (only for Retail Individual Investors), as the case may be, in the bank account of the Applicants that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of the submission of the Application Form. In the event of Allotment of a lesser number of NCDs than applied for, our Company shall unblock the additional amount blocked upon application in the ASBA Account, in accordance with the terms of specified in *"Terms of Issue – Terms of Payment"* on page 164.

Participation by any of the above-mentioned investor classes in this Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta.

In the case of joint Applications, all payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue. For further details, please see the chapter titled "Issue Procedure" on page 170.

TERMS OF THE ISSUE

Authority for the Issue

This Issue has been authorised by the Board of Directors of our Company pursuant to a resolution passed at their meeting held on June 14, 2021. Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 duly approved by the shareholders *vide* their resolution passed at their EGM held on September 29, 2018.

Principal Terms & Conditions of this Issue

The NCDs being offered as part of the Issue are subject to the provisions of the SEBI Debt Regulations, the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of the Draft Prospectus, this Prospectus, the Application Forms, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement, the Debenture Trust Deed, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements including those issued from time to time by SEBI/the Government of India/BSE, RBI, and/or other statutory/regulatory authorities relating to the offer, issue and listing of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

Ranking of NCDs

The NCDs being offered through this Issue would constitute direct and secured obligations of the Company and shall rank *pari passu inter se*, and subject to any obligations under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, shall also, with regard to the amount invested, be secured by way of creating security over on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of ₹10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon. The claims of the NCD Holders shall be superior to the claims of any unsecured creditors, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Security

The Issue comprises of public issue of NCDs of face value of ₹1,000 each.

The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with the Existing Secured Creditors on all movable assets (excluding charge on the written down value of furniture and fixtures to the extent of 10,80,91,696), including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon

Our Company will create the security for the NCDs in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs on the assets to ensure 100.00% security cover of the amount outstanding including interest in respect of the NCDs at any time.

Our Company has entered into the Debenture Trusteeship Agreement and in furtherance thereof intends to enter into a deed of agreement with the Debenture Trustee for the benefit of the NCD Holders, ("**Debenture Trust Deed**"), the terms of which shall govern the appointment of the Debenture Trustee and the issue of the NCDs. Our Company proposes to complete the execution of the Debenture Trust Deed within three months of the closure of the issue and shall utilise the funds only after the stipulated security has been created. If the Company fails to execute the trust deed within the period as mentioned, without prejudice to any liability arising on account of violation of the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Debt Regulations, the Company shall also pay interest of at least two percent per annum to the debenture holder, over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the trust deed.

Under the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, our Company will covenant with the Debenture Trustee that it will pay the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs the principal amount on the NCDs on the relevant redemption date and also that it will pay the interest due on the NCDs at the rate specified in this Prospectus and in the Debenture Trust Deed.

The Debenture Trust Deed will also provide that our Company may withdraw any portion of the security subject to prior written consent of the Debenture Trustee and/or may replace with another asset of the same or a higher value.

Our Company confirms that the Issue proceeds shall be kept in the Public Issue Account until the documents for creation of security i.e. the Debenture Trust Deed, is executed.

Debenture Redemption Reserve

In accordance with recent amendments to the Companies Act, 2013, and the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014, read with Rule 16 of the SEBI Debt Regulations, any non-banking finance company that intends to issue debentures to the public are no longer required to create a DRR for the purpose of redemption of debentures. The Government, in the union budget for the Financial Year 2019-20 had announced that non-banking finance companies raising funds in public issues would be exempt from the requirement of creating a DRR.

Pursuant to the amendment to the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014, notified on August 16, 2019, and as on the date of filing of this Prospectus, the Company is not required to create DRR for the purpose of redemption of the NCDs. Accordingly, no debenture redemption reserve shall be created by our Company for the purpose of redemption of the NCDs or in connection with the Issue. The Company shall, as per the Companies (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules 2014 and other laws applicable from time to time, invest or deposit, as the case may be, the applicable amounts, within the specified timelines, in respect of debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year, in any one or more methods of investments or deposits stipulated under the applicable law. Provided that the amount remaining invested or deposited, as the case may be, shall not at any time fall below the specified percentage, which is presently stipulated at 15% (fifteen percent) of the amount of the debentures maturing during the year ending on March 31 of the next year, in any of the following instruments or such other instruments as may be permitted under the applicable laws.

- A. in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from any charge or lien
- B. in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or any State Government;
- C. in unencumbered securities mentioned in sub-clause (a) to (d) and (ee) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882;
- D. in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under sub-clause (f) of section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882:

Provided further that the amount invested or deposited as above shall not be used for any purpose other than for redemption of debentures maturing during the year referred above.

Recovery Expense Fund

Pursuant to the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020207 dated October 22, 2020 ("SEBI Circular"), the creation of the recovery expense fund shall be in accordance with the SEBI Circular, as may amended from time to time.

Face Value

The face value of each NCD to be issued under this Issue shall be ₹1,000.

NCD Holder not a Shareholder

The NCD Holders will not be entitled to any of the rights and privileges available to the equity and/or preference shareholders of our Company, except to the extent of the right to receive the annual reports of our Company and such other rights as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Rights of NCD Holders

Some of the significant rights available to the NCD Holders are as follows:

1. The NCDs shall not, except as provided in the Companies Act, 2013, our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and/or the Debenture Trust Deed, confer upon the holders thereof any rights or

privileges available to our Company's members/shareholders including, without limitation, the right to attend and/or vote at any general meeting of our Company's members/shareholders. However, if any resolution affecting the rights attached to the NCDs is to be placed before the members/shareholders of our Company, the said resolution will first be placed before the concerned registered NCD Holders for their consideration. In terms of Section 136(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, holders of NCDs shall be entitled to a copy of the balance sheet and copy of trust deed on a specific request made to our Company.

- 2. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, including requirements of the RBI, the rights, privileges and conditions attached to the NCDs may be varied, modified and/or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the concerned NCD Holders, provided that nothing in such consent or resolution shall be operative against us, where such consent or resolution modifies or varies the terms and conditions governing the NCDs, if the same are not acceptable to us.
- 3. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, the registered NCD Holders or in case of joint-holders, the one whose name stands first in the Register of Debenture Holders shall be entitled to vote in respect of such NCDs, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the concerned NCD Holders and every such holder shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, his/her voting rights on every resolution placed before such meeting of the NCD Holders shall be in proportion to the outstanding nominal value of NCDs held by him/her.
- 4. The NCDs are subject to the provisions of the SEBI Debt Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of the Prospectus, the Application Forms, the Abridged Prospectus, Corrigendum if any, addendum if any, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trust Deed, requirements of the RBI, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements relating to the issue and listing, of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.
- 5. For the NCDs issued in dematerialized form, the Depositories shall also maintain the upto date record of holders of the NCDs in dematerialized Form. For NCDs in dematerialized form, all interest and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depository. In terms of Section 88(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the register and index of beneficial of NCDs maintained by a Depository for any NCDs in dematerialized form under Section 11 of the Depositories Act shall be deemed to be a Register of NCD Holders for this purpose. The same shall be maintained at the registered office of our Company under Section 94 of the Companies Act, 2013 unless the same has been moved to another location after obtaining the consent of the NCD Holders.
- 6. Subject to compliance with applicable statutory requirements, the NCDs can be rolled over only with the consent of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding amount of the NCDs after providing at least 21 days prior notice for such roll over and in accordance with the SEBI Debt Regulations. Our Company shall redeem the NCDs, who have not given their positive consent to the roll-over.

The aforementioned rights of the NCD Holders are merely indicative. The final rights of the NCD Holders will be as per the terms of this Prospectus and the Debenture Trust Deed.

Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders

We have appointed Vistra ITCL (India) Limited to act as the Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders in terms of Regulation 4(4) of the Debt Regulations and Section 71(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder. We and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust Deed, *inter alia*, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us within such period as specified under Regulation 15 of the SEBI Debt Regulations and on failure to do the same, we shall pay interest of at least two percent per annum to the NCD Holder(s), over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the trust deed. The NCD Holder(s) shall, without further act or deed, be deemed to have irrevocably given their consent to the Debenture Trustee or any of its agents or authorised officials to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things in respect of or relating to the NCD Holder(s). Any payment made by us to the Debenture Trustee on behalf of the NCD Holder(s) shall discharge us *pro tanto* to the NCD Holder(s).

The Debenture Trustee will protect the interest of the NCD Holders in the event of default by us in regard to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal and they will take necessary action at our cost. It is it the duty of the debenture trustee to monitor the security cover is maintained, however, the recovery of 100% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the security.

Events of Default

Subject to the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, the Debenture Trustee at its discretion may, or if so requested in writing by the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution, passed at a meeting of the NCD Holders, (subject to being indemnified and/or secured by the NCD Holders to its satisfaction), give notice to our Company specifying that the NCDs and/or any particular Options of NCDs, in whole but not in part are and have become due and repayable on such date as may be specified in such notice, *inter alia*, if any of the events listed below occurs. The description below is indicative and a complete list of events of default including cross defaults, if any, and its consequences will be specified in the Debenture Trust Deed:

(i) default is committed in payment of the principal amount of the NCDs on the due date(s); and

(ii) default is committed in payment of any interest on the NCDs on the due date(s).

Market Lot and Trading Lot

The NCDs shall be allotted only in dematerialized form. As per the SEBI Debt Regulations, the trading of the NCDs shall be in dematerialised form only. Since trading of the NCDs is in dematerialised form, the tradable lot is one NCD.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

Allotment in the Issue will be in Demat form in multiples of one NCD. For details of allotment, see "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 170.

Nomination facility to NCD Holder

In accordance with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 ("**Rule 19**") and Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, the sole NCD Holder, or first NCD Holder, along with other joint NCD Holders' (being individual(s)), may nominate, in the Form No. SH.13, any one person in whom, in the event of the death of Applicant the NCDs Allotted, if any, will vest. Where the nomination is made in respect of the NCDs held by more than one person jointly, all joint holders shall together nominate in Form No. SH.13 any person as nominee. A nominee entitled to the NCDs by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Rule 19 and Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the NCDs. Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in Form No. SH.14, any person to become entitled to NCDs in the event of the holder's death during minority. A nomination will stand rescinded on a sale/transfer/alienation of NCDs by the person nominating. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at our Registered Office, Corporate Office or with the Registrar to the Issue.

NCD Holder(s) are advised to provide the specimen signature of the nominee to us to expedite the transmission of the NCD(s) to the nominee in the event of demise of the NCD Holder(s). The signature can be provided in the Application Form or subsequently at the time of making fresh nominations. This facility of providing the specimen signature of the nominee is purely optional.

In accordance with Rule 19, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the Rule 19, will on the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as the holder of the NCDs; or
- to make such transfer of the NCDs, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, the Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the NCDs, and if the notice is not complied with, within a period of 90 days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all interests or redemption amounts or other monies payable in respect of the NCDs, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

For all NCDs held in the dematerialised form and since the allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made only in dematerialized mode, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. The nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant in connection with NCDs held in the dematerialised form.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Kottayam, Kerala India.

Application in the Issue

Applicants shall apply in this Issue in dematerialised form only, through a valid Application Form filled in by the Applicant along with attachment, as applicable. Further, Applications in this Issue shall be made through the ASBA facility only (including Applications made by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism).

In terms of Regulation 4(2)(d) of the SEBI Debt Regulations, our Company will make public issue of the NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

However, in terms of Section 8(1) of the Depositories Act, our Company, at the request of the Investors who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form will rematerialise the NCDs. However, any trading of the NCDs shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

Form of Allotment and Denomination of NCDs

As per the Debt Regulations, the trading of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange shall be in dematerialized form only in multiples of 1 (one) NCD ("**Market Lot**"). Allotment in the Issue to all Allottees, will be in electronic form i.e. in dematerialised form and in multiples of one NCD.

Transfer/ Transmission of NCD(s)

The NCDs shall be transferred or transmitted freely in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/ CDSL and the relevant DPs of the transfer or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof. The transferee(s) should ensure that the transfer formalities are completed prior to the Record Date. The seller should give delivery instructions containing details of the buyer's DP account to his depository participant.

In the absence of the same, interest will be paid/redemption will be made to the person, whose name appears in the register of debenture holders maintained by the Depositories. In such cases, claims, if any, by the transferees would need to be settled with the transferor(s) and not with the Company or Registrar.

Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition. However, any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

Title

In case of:

- the NCDs held in the dematerialised form, the person for the time being appearing in the record of beneficial owners maintained by the Depository; and
- the NCD held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, the person for the time being appearing in

the Register of NCD Holders as NCD Holder,

shall be treated for all purposes by our Company, the Debenture Trustee, the Depositories and all other persons dealing with such person as the holder thereof and its absolute owner for all purposes regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any interest in it or any writing on, theft or loss of the Consolidated NCD Certificate issued in respect of the NCDs and no person will be liable for so treating the NCD Holder.

Register of NCD Holders

No transfer of title of NCD will be valid unless and until entered on the Register of NCD Holders or the register and index of NCD Holders maintained by the Depository prior to the Record Date. In the absence of transfer being registered, interest and/or Maturity Amount, as the case may be, will be paid to the person, whose name appears first in the Register of NCD Holders maintained by the Depositories and/or our Company and/or the Registrar, as the case may be. In such cases, claims, if any, by the purchasers of the NCDs will need to be settled with the seller of the NCDs and not with our Company or the Registrar. The provisions relating to transfer and transmission and other related matters in respect of our Company's shares contained in the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act shall apply, mutatis mutandis (to the extent applicable) to the NCDs as well.

Succession

Where NCDs are held in joint names and one of the joint holders dies, the survivor(s) will be recognized as the NCD Holder(s). It will be sufficient for our Company to delete the name of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining satisfactory evidence of his death. Provided, a third person may call on our Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining evidence such as probate of a will for the purpose of proving his title to the debentures. In the event of demise of the sole or first holder of the Debentures, the Company will recognise the executors or administrator of the deceased NCD Holders, or the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representative as having title to the Debentures only if such executor or administrator obtains and produces probate or letter of administration or is the holder of the Succession certificate or other legal representation. In case of death of NCD Holders who are holding NCDs in dematerialised form, third person is not required to approach the Company to register his name as successor of the successor of the respective Depository Participant of the NCD Holder for this purpose and submit necessary documents as required by the Depository Participant.

Where a non-resident Indian becomes entitled to the NCDs by way of succession, the following steps have to be complied with:

- 1. Documentary evidence to be submitted to the Legacy Cell of the RBI to the effect that the NCDs were acquired by the non-resident Indian as part of the legacy left by the deceased NCD Holder.
- 2. Proof that the non-resident Indian is an Indian national or is of Indian origin.
- 3. Such holding by a non-resident Indian will be on a non-repatriation basis.

Joint-holders

Where two or more persons are holders of any NCD(s), they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint holders with benefits of survivorship subject to other provisions contained in the Articles.

Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs

NCD Holders who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form may do so by submitting a request to their DP at any time after Allotment in accordance with the applicable procedure stipulated by the DP, in accordance with the Depositories Act and/or rules as notified by the Depositories from time to time. Holders of NCDs who propose to rematerialise their NCDs, would have to mandatorily submit details of their bank mandate along with a copy of any document evidencing that the bank account is in the name of the holder of such NCDs and their Permanent Account Number to the Company and the DP. No proposal for rematerialisation of NCDs would be considered if the aforementioned documents and details are not submitted along with the request for such rematerialisation.

Restriction on transfer of NCDs

There are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of NCDs allotted pursuant to this Issue except as may be required under RBI requirements and as provided in our Articles of Association. Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, from December 4, 2018

Period of Subscription

The subscription list shall remain open for a period as indicated below, with an option for early closure or extension by such period, as may be decided by the Board or a duly authorised committee of Directors of our Company, subject to necessary approvals. In the event of such early closure of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given one day prior to such early date of closure through advertisement/s in a leading national daily newspaper.

| Issue Opening Date | August 30, 2021# |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Issue Closing Date | September 24, 2021* |

[#] The subscription list for the Issue shall remain open for subscription up to 5 p.m., with an option for early closure by such period, up to a period of 30 days from the date of Opening of the Issue, as may be decided at the discretion of the Board or the duly authorised committee of Directors of our Company subject to necessary approvals. In the event of such early closure of the Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure of the Issue is given as the case may be on or before such early date of closure or the initial Closing Date through advertisement/s in a leading national daily newspaper.

*Application (including Application under the UPI Mechanism) and any further changes to the Applications shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time, "IST") during the Issue Period as mentioned above by the Members of the Syndicate, Trading Members and designated branches of SCSBs, except that on the Issue Closing Date when the Applications and any further changes in details in Applications, if any, shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (IST) and shall be uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (IST) or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchange. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded in the Stock Exchange Platform would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, the Applicants are advised to submit their Applications one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, in any case, no later than 3.00 p.m. (IST) on the Issue Closing Date. All times mentioned in this Prospectus are Indian Standard Time. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public offerings, some Applications may not get uploaded due to lack of sufficient time. Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Applications will be accepted only on Business Days, i.e., Monday to Friday (excluding any public holiday). Neither our Company, nor any Member of the Syndicate, Trading Members or designated branches of SCSBs is liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise.

Basis of payment of Interest

Payment of Interest/Maturity Amount will be made to those entitled NCD Holders whose names appear in the register of Debenture Holders (or to first holder in case of joint-holders) as on Record Date.

We may enter into an arrangement with one or more banks in one or more cities for direct credit of interest to the account of the Investors. In such cases, interest, on the interest payment date, would be directly credited to the account of those Investors who have given their bank mandate.

We may offer the facility of NACH, NEFT, RTGS, Direct Credit and any other method permitted by RBI and SEBI from time to time to help NCD Holders. The terms of this facility (including towns where this facility would be available) would be as prescribed by RBI. Please see, "-*Manner of Payment of Interest/Redemption Amounts*" at page 164.

Taxation

Any tax exemption certificate/document must be lodged at the office of the Registrar at least 7 (seven) days prior to the Record Date or as specifically required, failing which tax applicable on interest will be deducted at source on accrual thereof in our Company's books and/or on payment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act and/or any other statutory modification, enactment or notification as the case may be. A tax deduction certificate will be issued for the amount of tax so deducted.

As per clause (ix) of Section 193 of the I.T. Act, no tax is required to be withheld on any interest payable on any security issued by a company, where such security is in dematerialised form and is listed on a recognized stock exchange in India in accordance with the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956) and the rules made thereunder. Accordingly, no tax will be deducted at source from the interest on listed NCDs held in the dematerialised form.

If the date of interest payment falls on a Saturday, Sunday or a public holiday in Mumbai or any other payment centre notified in terms of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, then interest would be paid on the next working day. Payment of interest would be subject to the deduction as prescribed in the I.T. Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

Subject to the terms and conditions in connection with computation of applicable interest on the Record Date, please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs.

Day Count Convention:

Interest shall be computed on actual/actual basis i.e. on the principal outstanding on the NCDs as per the SEBI Circular bearing no. CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016 dated November 11, 2016.

Effect of holidays on payments

If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day (the "**Effective Date**"), however the calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as per the originally stipulated schedule. Payment of interest will be subject to the deduction of tax as per Income Tax Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. In case the Maturity Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment.

Illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments.

The illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments, as required by SEBI Circular No. CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016 dated November 11, 2016 is disclosed at page 301.

Maturity and Redemption

The NCDs issued pursuant to this Prospectus have a fixed maturity date. The NCDs will be redeemed at the expiry of 20 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Option I, 24 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Options III and IV, 42 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Option V, 50 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Option VI, and 72 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Options VII and 84 months from the Deemed Date of Allotment for Options VIII. There is no put or call option available to any Investor.

Application Size

Each application should be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and multiples of one NCD thereof. The minimum application size for each application would be ₹10,000 (for all kinds of Series I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII and VIII NCDs either taken individually or collectively) and in multiples of ₹1,000 thereafter.

Applicants can apply for any or all series of NCDs offered hereunder provided the Applicant has applied for minimum application size using the same Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Terms of Payment

The entire issue price of ₹1,000 per NCD is blocked in the ASBA Account on application itself. In case of allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number of NCDs applied for, our Company shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount blocked on application in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus.

Manner of Payment of Interest / Refund/ Redemption Amounts

The manner of payment of interest /refund/ redemption in connection with the NCDs is set out below:

For NCDs held in dematerialised form:

The bank details will be obtained from the Depositories for payment of Interest / redemption amount as the case may be. Holders of the NCDs, are advised to keep their bank account details as appearing on the records of the depository participant updated at all points of time. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in credit of Interest/ Redemption Amounts at the Applicant's sole risk, and the Lead Managers, our Company or the Registrar shall have no any responsibility and undertake no liability for the same.

For NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

In case of NCDs held in physical form, on account of rematerialisation, the bank details will be obtained from the documents submitted to the Company along with the rematerialisation request. For further details, please see "-*Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs*" on page 161.

The mode of payment of Interest/Redemption Amount shall be undertaken in the following order of preference:

- 1. **Direct Credit/ NACH/ RTGS**: Investors having their bank account details updated with the Depository shall be eligible to receive payment of Interest / Redemption Amount, through:
 - i. **Direct Credit**: Interest / Redemption Amount would be credited directly to the bank accounts of the Investors, if held with the same bank as the Company.
 - ii. NACH: National Automated Clearing House which is a consolidated system of ECS. Payment of Interest / Redemption Amount would be done through NACH for Applicants having an account at one of the centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character Recognition (MICR) code wherever applicable from the depository. The payment of Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH is mandatory for Applicants having a bank account at any of the centres where NACH facility has been made available by the RBI (subject to availability of all information for crediting the Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH including the MICR code as appearing on a cheque leaf, from the depositories), except where applicant is otherwise disclosed as eligible to get Interest / Redemption Amount through NEFT or Direct Credit or RTGS.
 - iii. **RTGS**: Applicants having a bank account with a participating bank and whose Interest / Redemption Amount exceeds ₹2 lakhs, or such amount as may be fixed by RBI from time to time, have the option to receive the Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS. Such eligible Applicants who indicate their preference to receive Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS are required to provide the IFSC code in the Application Form or intimate our Company and the Registrars to the Issue at least 7 (seven) days before the Record Date. Charges, if any, levied by the Applicant's bank receiving the credit would be borne by the Applicant. In the event the same is not provided, Interest / Redemption Amount shall be made through NECS subject to availability of complete bank account details for the same as stated above.
 - iv. NEFT: Payment of interest / redemption shall be undertaken through NEFT wherever the Applicants' bank has been assigned the Indian Financial System Code ("IFSC"), which can be linked to a Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ("MICR"), if any, available to that particular bank branch. IFSC Code will be obtained from the website of RBI as on a date immediately prior to the date of payment of the Interest / Redemption Amounts, duly mapped with MICR numbers. Wherever the Applicants have registered their nine-digit MICR number and their bank account number while opening and operating the de-mat

account, the same will be duly mapped with the IFSC Code of that particular bank branch and the payment of Interest / Redemption Amount will be made to the Applicants through this method.

2. **Registered Post/Speed Post**: For all other NCD Holders, including those who have not updated their bank particulars with the MICR code, the Interest Payment / Redemption Amount shall be paid by way of Interest/ Redemption warrants dispatched through Speed Post/ Registered Post only to Applicants that have provided details of a registered address in India.

The bank details will be obtained from the Depositories for payment of Interest / refund / redemption amount as the case may be. Applicants who are holding the NCDs in electronic form, are advised to immediately update their bank account details as appearing on the records of the depository participant. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in credit of refunds to the Applicant at the Applicant's sole risk, and the Lead Managers, our Company nor the Registrar to the Issue shall have any responsibility and undertake any liability for the same.

Printing of Bank Particulars on Interest/ Redemption Warrants

As a matter of precaution against possible fraudulent encashment of Interest/ Redemption warrants due to loss or misplacement, the particulars of the Applicant's bank account are mandatorily required to be given for printing on the orders/ warrants. In relation to NCDs held dematerialised form, these particulars would be taken directly from the depositories. In case of NCDs held in physical form on account of rematerialisation, the investors are advised to submit their bank account details with our Company / Registrar at least seven (seven) days prior to the Record Date failing which the orders / warrants will be dispatched to the postal address of the holder of the NCD as available in the records of our Company. Bank account particulars will be printed on the warrants which can then be deposited only in the account specified.

Loan against NCDs

Pursuant to RBI Circular dated June 27, 2013, our Company, being an NBFC, is not permitted to extend any loans against the security of its NCDs.

Buy Back of NCDs

Our Company may, at its sole discretion, from time to time, consider, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, buyback of NCDs, upon such terms and conditions as may be decided by our Company.

Our Company may from time to time invite the NCD Holders to offer the NCDs held by them through one or more buy-back schemes and/or letters of offer upon such terms and conditions as our Company may from time to time determine, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Such NCDs which are bought back may be extinguished, re-issued and/or resold in the open market with a view of strengthening the liquidity of the NCDs in the market, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Procedure for Redemption by NCD Holders

The procedure for redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

No action would ordinarily be required on the part of the NCD Holder at the time of redemption and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. However, our Company may require that the NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder/all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s)) be surrendered for redemption on maturity and should be sent by the NCD Holder(s) by Registered Post with acknowledgment due or by hand delivery to our office or to such persons at such addresses as may be notified by us from time to time. NCD Holder(s) may be requested to surrender the NCD certificate(s) in the manner as stated above, not more than three months and not less than one month prior to the redemption date so as to facilitate timely payment.

We may at our discretion redeem the NCDs without the requirement of surrendering of the NCD certificates by the holder(s) thereof. In case we decide to do so, the holders of NCDs need not submit the NCD certificates to us and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD

Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption of NCDs. In such case, the NCD certificates would be deemed to have been cancelled. Also see " - *Payment on Redemption*" on page 166.

NCDs held in electronic form:

No action is required on the part of NCD Holder(s) at the time of redemption of NCDs.

Payment on Redemption

The manner of payment of redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialisation:

The payment on redemption of the NCDs will be made by way of cheque/pay order/ electronic modes. However, if our Company so requires, the aforementioned payment would only be made on the surrender of NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder / all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s). Dispatch of cheques/pay order, etc. in respect of such payment will be made on the Redemption Date or (if so requested by our Company in this regard) within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the duly discharged NCD certificate.

In case we decide to do so, the redemption proceeds in the manner stated above would be paid on the Redemption Date to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the Register of NCD Holders maintained by us/Registrar to the Issue on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. Hence the transferees, if any, should ensure lodgement of the transfer documents with us at least 7 (seven) days prior to the Record Date. In case the transfer documents are not lodged with us at least 7 (seven) days prior to the Record Date and we dispatch the redemption proceeds to the transferor, claims in respect of the redemption proceeds should be settled amongst the parties *inter se* and no claim or action shall lie against us or the Registrar.

Our liability to holder(s) towards their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

NCDs held in electronic form:

On the redemption date, redemption proceeds would be paid by cheque /pay order / electronic mode to those NCD Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us. These names would be as per the Depositories' records on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption. These NCDs will be simultaneously extinguished to the extent of the amount redeemed through appropriate debit corporate action upon redemption of the corresponding value of the NCDs. It may be noted that in the entire process mentioned above, no action is required on the part of NCD Holders.

Our liability to NCD Holder(s) towards his/their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

Right to reissue NCD(s)

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, where we have fully redeemed or repurchased any NCD(s), we shall have and shall be deemed always to have had the right to keep such NCDs in effect without extinguishment thereof, for the purpose of resale or reissue and in exercising such right, we shall have and be deemed always to have had the power to resell or reissue such NCDs either by reselling or reissuing the same NCDs or by issuing other NCDs in their place. The aforementioned right includes the right to reissue original NCDs.

Sharing of information

We may, at our option, use on our own, as well as exchange, share or part with any financial or other information

about the NCD Holders available with us, with our subsidiaries, if any and affiliates and other banks, financial institutions, credit bureaus, agencies, statutory bodies, as may be required and neither we or our affiliates nor their agents shall be liable for use of the aforesaid information.

Notices

All notices to the NCD Holder(s) required to be given by us or the Debenture Trustee shall be published in one English language newspaper having wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper in Kerala and/or will be sent by post/ courier or through email or other electronic media to the Registered Holders of the NCD(s) from time to time.

Issue of duplicate NCD Certificate(s)

If any NCD certificate(s), issued pursuant to rematerialisation, if any, is/are mutilated or defaced or the cages for recording transfers of NCDs are fully utilised, the same may be replaced by us against the surrender of such certificate(s). Provided, where the NCD certificate(s) are mutilated or defaced, the same will be replaced as aforesaid only if the certificate numbers and the distinctive numbers are legible.

If any NCD certificate is destroyed, stolen or lost then upon production of proof thereof to our satisfaction and upon furnishing such indemnity/security and/or documents as we may deem adequate, duplicate NCD certificate(s) shall be issued. Upon issuance of a duplicate NCD certificate, the original NCD certificate shall stand cancelled.

Future Borrowings

We will be entitled to borrow/raise loans or avail of financial assistance in whatever form as also to issue debentures/ NCDs/other securities in any manner having such ranking in priority, *pari passu* or otherwise, subject to applicable consents, approvals or permissions that may be required under any statutory/regulatory/contractual requirement, and change the capital structure including the issue of shares of any class, on such terms and conditions as we may think appropriate, without the consent of, or intimation to, the NCD Holders or the Debenture Trustee in this connection.

Impersonation

Attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

- *a)* makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- *c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,*

shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least $\gtrless10$ lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than $\gtrless10$ lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to $\gtrless50$ lakh or with both.

Pre-closure

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Managers reserves the right to close this Issue at any time prior to the Issue Closing Date, subject to receipt of Minimum Subscription (75% of the Base Issue, i.e. $\gtrless11,250$ lakhs). Our Company shall allot NCDs with respect to the Application Forms received at the time of such pre-closure in accordance with the Basis of Allotment as described herein and subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. In the event of such early closure of this Issue, our Company shall ensure that public notice of such early closure is published on or before such early date of closure or the Issue Closing Date for this Issue, as applicable, through advertisement(s) in all those newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement and advertisement for opening or closure of the issue have been given.

Minimum Subscription

If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size i.e. \gtrless 11,250 lakhs, prior to the Issue Closing Date the entire Application Amount shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within six working days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within six working days from the Issue Closing Date (s) of the Applicants within six working days from the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within six working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with the Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where the Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, the Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard including its circular (bearing CIR/IMD/DF-1/20/2012) dated July 27, 2012.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company will issue a statutory advertisement on or before the Issue Opening Date. This advertisement will contain the information as prescribed in Schedule IV of SEBI Debt Regulations in compliance with the Regulation 8(1) of SEBI Debt Regulations. Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of this Prospectus with RoC and the date of release of the statutory advertisement, will be included in the statutory advertisement.

Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

- (a) All monies received out of the Issue shall be credited/ transferred to a separate bank account maintained with a scheduled bank as referred to in section 40(3) of the Companies Act 2013;
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred above shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilized thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of the Issue;
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of the Issue, if any, shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;
- (d) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon allotment of the NCDs, execution of Debenture Trust Deed, receipt of the listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange;
- (e) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any immovable property; and
- (f) Details of all utilized and unutilized monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested.

Listing

The NCDs offered through this Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE. Our Company has obtained an 'in-principle' approval for the Issue from the BSE *vide* their letter dated August 25, 2021. For the purposes of the Issue, BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange.

Our Company will use best efforts to ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing at the Stock Exchange is taken within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of non subscription to any one or more of the Series, such Series(s) of NCDs shall not be listed. If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by the Stock Exchange, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Prospectus.

Guarantee/Letter of Comfort

This Issue is not backed by a guarantee or letter of comfort or any other document and/or letter with similar intent.

Arrangers

No arrangers have been appointed for this Issue.

Monitoring & Reporting of Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI Debt Regulations. Our Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue. Our Company will disclose in the Company's financial statements for the relevant financial year commencing from the financial year ended March 31, 2020, the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of this Issue that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any of such untilised proceeds of this Issue.

Lien

Not Applicable

Lien on Pledge of NCDs

Subject to applicable laws, our Company, at its discretion, may note a lien on pledge of NCDs if such pledge of NCDs is accepted by any bank or institution for any loan provided to the NCD Holder against pledge of such NCDs as part of the funding.

ISSUE PROCEDURE

This chapter applies to all Applicants. Pursuant to the circular (CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018) dated August 16, 2018 issued by SEBI, all Applicants are required to apply for in the Issue through the ASBA process and an amount equivalent to the full Application Amount as mentioned in the Application Form will be blocked by the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Further, pursuant to the SEBI circular (SEBI/HO/DDHS/CIR/P/2020/233) dated November 23, 2020 ("Debt UPI Circular"), SEBI has introduced the UPI Mechanism as an alternate payment mechanism for the Issue, wherein a UPI Investor, may submit the Application Form with a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary or through the app/web based interface platform of the Stock Exchange and use their bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the application value is ₹2 lakhs or less. The UPI Mechanism is applicable for public issue of debt securities which open on or after January 1, 2021. Accordingly, payment through the UPI Mechanism shall be available for the Issue. SEBI, vide the Debt UPI Circular has also introduced an additional mode for application in public issues of debt securities through an online (app/web) interface to be developed by the stock exchanges. In this regard, SEBI has also stipulated that the stock exchanges formulate and disclose the operational procedure for applying through the app/web based interface developed by them for making applications in public issues through the stock exchange's website. Since, BSE is the Designated Stock Exchange for the Issue, BSE's online platform BSE Direct, shall be available to UPI Investors to make an application under the UPI Mechanism, in accordance with the operational procedures notified by BSE vide notifications dated December 28, 2020.

Applicants should note that they may submit their Application Forms (including in cases where Applications are being made under the UPI Mechanism) at (i) the Designated Branches of the SCSBs or (ii) at the Collection Centres, i.e. to the respective Members of the Consortium at the Specified Locations, the Trading Members at the Broker Centres, the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations or CDP at the Designated CDP Locations or (iii) through BSE Direct, the app/ or web based interface/ platform of the Sotck Exchange, as applicable. For further information, please see "- Submission of Completed Application Forms" on page 190.

Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Application do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this Prospectus.

Please note that this section has been prepared based on the circular no. CIR./IMD/DF-1/20/2012 dated July 27, 2012 issued by SEBI ("**Debt Application Circular**") as modified by circular (No. CIR/IMD/DF/18/2013) dated October 29, 2013 issued by SEBI and circular no. CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018 dated August 16, 2018 issued by SEBI ("**Debt ASBA Circular**") and the Debt UPI Circular. The procedure mentioned in this section is subject to the Stock Exchanges putting in place the necessary systems and infrastructure for implementation of the provisions of the abovementioned circular, including the systems and infrastructure required in relation to Applications made through the Direct Online Application Mechanism, the UPI mechanism and the online payment gateways to be offered by Stock Exchanges and accordingly is subject to any further clarifications, notification, modification, direction, instructions and/or correspondence that may be issued by the Stock Exchanges and/or SEBI.

THE DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES (OTHER THAN TRADING MEMBERS), SCSBs AND THE COMPANY SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THE PART OF THE TRADING MEMBERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUCH TRADING MEMBERS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO COLLECTION AND UPLOAD OF APPLICATION FORMS IN THIS ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE. FURTHER, THE RELEVANT STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDRESSING INVESTOR GRIEVANCES ARISING FROM APPLICATION THROUGH TRADING MEMBERS REGISTERED WITH THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

For purposes of this Issue, the term "Working Day" shall mean all days excluding Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai and/or Kottayam, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in India. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e. period beginning from the Issue Closure to listing of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange, Working Day shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchange, excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI Circular CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018 dated August 16, 2018.

The information below is given for the benefit of the investors. Our Company and the Members of Syndicate are not liable for any amendment or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus.

PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION

Availability of the Abridged Prospectus and Application Forms

The Abridged Prospectus containing the salient features of this Prospectus together with Application Form may be obtained from:

- (a) Our Company's Registered Office and Corporate Office;
- (b) Offices of the Lead Managers/Syndicate Members;
- (c) the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations;
- (d) the CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations;
- (e) Trading Members at the Broker Centres; and
- (f) Designated Branches of the SCSBs.

Electronic copies of this Prospectus along with the downloadable version of the Application Form will be available on the websites of the Lead Managers, the Stock Exchange, SEBI and the SCSBs.

Electronic Application Forms may be available for download on the websites of the Stock Exchange and on the websites of the SCSBs that permit submission of Application Forms electronically. A unique application number ("UAN") will be generated for every Application Form downloaded from the websites of the Stock Exchange. Our Company may also provide Application Forms for being downloaded and filled at such websites as it may deem fit. In addition, brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms virtually online to their account holders.

Trading Members of the Stock Exchange can download Application Forms from the websites of the Stock Exchange. Further, Application Forms will be provided to Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request.

UPI Investors making an Application upto ₹2 lakhs, using the UPI Mechanism, must provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Application Form. Application Forms that do not contain the UPI ID are laible to be rejected. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism may also apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications using the UPI handles as provided on the website of SEBI.

Who can apply?

The following categories of persons are eligible to apply in this Issue:

Category I - Institutional Investors

- Public financial institutions, scheduled commercial banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institution, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Venture Capital funds and/or Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI; subject to investment conditions applicable to them under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;
- Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA;
- State industrial development corporations;
- National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India);
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India or by the Department of Posts, India;
- Mutual Funds registered with SEBI; and
- Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Company, a nonbanking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and having a net worth of more than ₹50,000 lakhs as per the last audited financial statements.

Category II - Non Institutional Investors

- Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013;
- Statutory bodies/ corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Co-operative banks and regional rural banks;
- Public/private charitable/ religious trusts which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Partnership firms in the name of the partners;
- Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009);
- Association of Persons; and
- Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons.

Category III - High Net-worth Individual Investors ("HNIs")

• High Net-worth individuals which include Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹10 lakhs across all series of NCDs in Issue.

Category IV - Retail Individual Investors*

• Retail Individual Investors which include Resident Indian individuals and Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹ 10 lacs across all series of NCDs in Issue. *Applications up to a value of ₹ 2 lakhs can be made under the UPI Mechanism

For Applicants applying for NCDs, the Registrar shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID and where applicable the UPI ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange by the Members of the Syndicate or the Trading Members, as the case may be.

Please note that it is clarified that persons' resident outside India shall not be entitled to participate in the Issue and any Application(s) from such persons are liable to be rejected.

Participation of any of the aforementioned categories of persons or entities is subject to the applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements in connection with the subscription to Indian securities by such categories of persons or entities. Applicants are advised to ensure that Application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/ consents/ approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.

The Lead Managers and its respective associates and affiliates are permitted to subscribe in the Issue.

Who are not eligible to apply for NCDs?

The following categories of persons, and entities, shall not be eligible to participate in this Issue and any Application from such persons and entities are liable to be rejected:

- (a) Minors without a guardian name*(A guardian may apply on behalf of a minor. However, Application by minors must be made through Application Forms that contain the names of both the minor Applicant and the guardian);
- (b) Foreign nationals, NRI *inter-alia* including any NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA;
- (c) Persons resident outside India and other foreign entities;
- (d) Foreign Portfolio Investors;
- (e) Foreign Venture Capital Investors;

- (f) Qualified Foreign Investors;
- (g) Overseas Corporate Bodies; and
- (h) Persons ineligible to contract under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements.

*Applicant shall ensure that guardian is competent to contract under Indian Contract Act, 1872

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Application Forms belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship). In case of such Application, the Registrar to the Issue shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

The concept of Overseas Corporate Bodies (meaning any company, partnership firm, society and other corporate body or overseas trust irrevocably owned/held directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs), which was in existence until 2003, was withdrawn by the Foreign Exchange Management (Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies) Regulations, 2003. Accordingly, OCBs are not permitted to invest in this Issue.

Please see " - Rejection of Applications" on page 192 for information on rejection of Applications.

Method of Application

In terms of the SEBI circular CIR/DDHS/P/121/2018 dated August 16, 2018 and the DebtUPI Circular, an eligible investor desirous of applying in this Issue can make Applications through the ASBA mechanism only.

Applicants are requested to note that in terms of the Debt Application Circular, SEBI has mandated issuers to provide, through a recognised stock exchange which offers such a facility, an online interface enabling direct application by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility ("**Direct Online Application Mechanism**"). In this regard, SEBI has, through the Debt Application Circular, directed recognized Stock Exchange in India to put in necessary systems and infrastructure for the implementation of the Debt Application Circular and the Direct Online Application Mechanism. Please note that clarifications and/or confirmations regarding the implementation of the requisite infrastructure and facilities in relation to direct online applications and online payment facility have been sought from the Stock Exchange. Further, SEBI vide the Debt UPI Circular has directed the stock exchanges in India to formulate and disclose the operational procedure for making an application through the app/web based interface developed by them in order for investors to apply in public issue on their websites.

All Applicants shall mandatorily apply in the Issue through the ASBA process only. In addition to this, the UPI Investors may participate through the ASBA process either (a) by providing the details of their respective ASBA Account in which the corresponding Application Amount will be blocked by the SCSBs; or (b) in the cases where the Application Amount is up to ₹2 lakhs, through the UPI Mechanism. Applicants intending to subscribe in the Issue shall submit a duly filled Application form to any of the Designated Intermediaries and if available, for Application under the UPI Mechanism, through the app/web based interface platform of the Sotck Exchange (BSE Direct) wherein the application would automatically be uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount will be blocked using the UPI Mechanism. Applicants should submit the Application Form (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) only at the Bidding Centers, i.e. to the respective Members of the Syndicate at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs at the Designated Branches, the Registered Broker at the Broker Centers, the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations. Kindly note that Application Forms submitted by Applicants at the Specified Locations will not be accepted if the SCSB with which the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries for deposit of the Application Forms. A list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in.

The relevant Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of physical Application Forms from ASBA Applicants (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism), shall upload the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange and submit these Application Forms (except Application Forms submitted by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism) with the SCSB with whom the relevant ASBA Accounts are

maintained. An Applicant shall submit the Application Form, which shall be stamped at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB. Application Forms in physical mode, which shall be stamped, can also be submitted to be the Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Locations. The SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form. Upon uploading of the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange, for UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism, the Stock Exchanges shall share the Application details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate a UPI Mandate Request to such UPI Investors for blocking of funds.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Manager and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to ASBA Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, Applications uploaded by SCSBs, Applications accepted but not uploaded by SCSBs or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism

APPLICATION PROCESS THROUGH APP/WEB BASED INTERFACE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE – BSE DIRECT

SEBI, *vide* the Debt UPI Circular, has introduced an additional mode for application in the Issue through online (app / web) interface/platform of the Stock Exchange. In furtherance to the same, the Stock Exchange has extended the facility of 'BSE Direct', which is a web based and a mobile app based platform for making an Application in the Issue where the funds can be blocked through the UPI Mechanism. BSE Direct platform can be accessed at https://www.bsedirect.com and can be accessed through the mobile app available (for android phone users only) on the Google Playstore.

Please note that Applications in the Issue, through the 'BSE Direct' platform, can only be made by UPI Investors, i.e., Applicants who make an Application in the Issue for an amount upto ₹2 lakhs only.

BSE Limited, the Designated Stock Exchange, has *vide* notifications dated December 28, 2020, notified the detailed operational procedure for making an Application, under the UPI Mechanism, using BSE Direct. The detailed operational instructions and guidelines issued by the Stock Exchange can be accessed on the Stock Exchange's website at www.bseindia.com.

Operational Instructions and Guidelines

Certain relevant operational instructions and guidelines, for using BSE Direct to make an Application in the Issue, are listed below:

General Instructions –

Applicants are required to preregister themselves with BSE Direct. For the detailed process of registration and Applications under the BSE Direct Platform, see "- Process of Registration and Application on BSE Direct Platform" on page 169.

Applicants can access BSE Direct platform via internet at https://www.bsedirect.com or through the mobile app (on android phones only) called BSE Direct which can be downloaded from the Google Playstore.

The Stock Exchange shall make this Prospectus and Issue related details available on its website under the 'Forthcoming Issues' a day prior to the Issue Opening Date and the details of the Issue shall also be made available on the issue page of BSE Direct.

The BSE Direct platform, offers a facility of making a direct application through the web based platform or the mobile app with a facility to block funds upto ₹2 lakhs through the UPI Mechanism.

The mode of allotment for Applications made through the BSE Direct platform, shall mandatorily be in dematerialised form only.

Order Entry Parameters -

Pursuant to the Debt UPI Circular and other relevant SEBI circulars, the following operating parameters shall be made available for making an Application in the Debt IPO Segment. Applicants are requested to note the following general instructions:

The Issue symbol will remain same across all series/options;

Applicants can enter order for a single Application having different series within one order entry screen. Before submission of the Application, the Applicant should have created an UPI ID with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (example: investorId@bankname)

Applicants can only submit an Application with the UPI Mechanism as the payment mode. The Applications which are successfully accepted will be allotted a bid id or order no.

Modification and cancellation of orders

An Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN but not both.

The Applicant can withdraw the bid(s) submitted under a single Application and reapply. The part cancellation of bid in a single Application will not be permitted.

For details of the process post the Application details being entered into the bidding platform of the Stock Exchange, see "- *Submission of Applications - for Applications under the UPI Mechanism*" on page 182.

Re-initiation of Bids

If the Applicant has not received the UPI Mandate *vide* an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, they will have the option to re-initiate the bid which is pending for confirmation.

The facility of re-initiation/ resending the UPI Mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.

The Designated Intermediaries shall be permitted to use the re-initiation of Application option only once.

Acceptance of the UPI Mandate

An Applicant will be required to accept the UPI Mandate by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the Stock Exchange platform except for the last day of the Issue Period or any other modified closure date of the Issue Period in which case, they shall be required to accept the UPI Mandate by 5:00 pm of the next Working Day. As the Company reserves the right to close the issue prior to the Issue Closing Date, hence is advisable that the Applicants should accept the UPI mandate by 5:00 pm on the Working Day subsequent to date of submission of the Application on BSE Direct.

The transaction will be treated completed only after the UPI Mandate is accepted by the Applicant and the transaction is authorised by entering of their respective UPI PIN and successful blocking of fund through ASBA process by the Applicant's bank.

If the Applicant fails to accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, their Application will not be considered for allocation.

Applicants are required to check the status of their Applications with regards to the UPI Mandate acceptance and blocking of fund in the UPI Report for completion of the transaction.

Please note that the display of status of acceptance of the UPI Mandate/fund blocking shall be solely based on the data received from the Sponsor Bank.

Order book and T+1 Modification

The order book will be available in the Debt module of the Stock Exchange in real time basis.

An Applicant shall be allowed to modify selected fields such as their DP ID/Client ID or PAN (Either DP ID/Client

ID or PAN can be modified but not both) on T+1 day for a validated bid.

Applicant's responsibilities

Applicants shall check the Issue details before making an Application.

Applicants shall only be able to make an Application for an amount upto ₹2 lakhs.

Applicants shall have only UPI as the payment mechanism with ASBA.

Applicants must check and understand the UPI Mandate acceptance and the fund blocking process before making an Application.

The receipt of SMS for UPI Mandate acceptance depends upon the system response/ integration of UPI on the Debt Public Issue System.

Applicants must check their respective mobiles for an SMS or the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, for receipt of the UPI Mandate.

Applicants must accept the UPI Mandate request within stipulated timelines.

Applicants must note that the transaction will be treated completed only after the UPI Mandate is accepted by the Applicant and the transaction is authorised by entering of their respective UPI PIN and successful blocking of fund through ASBA process by the Applicant's bank.

If the Applicant fails to accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, their Application will not be considered for allocation.

Applicants are required to check the status of their Applications with regards to the UPI Mandate acceptance and blocking of fund in the UPI Report for completion of the transaction.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Manager, the Registrar to the Issue or the Stock Exchange shall not be liable or responsible in the event an Applicant fails to receive the UPI Mandate acceptance request on their mobile or they fail to accept the UPI Mandate within the stipulated time period or due to any technical/other reasons

Process of Registration and Application on BSE Direct Platform/Mobile App

Process of Registration for Investor

To make an Application on the BSE Direct platform/ mobile app an Applicant is required to register themselves with the platform/mobile app.

At the time of registration, the Applicant shall be required to select the option of "New Registration Without Broker" and enter their respective PAN along with details of their demat account (i.e., DP ID and Client ID) and UPI ID.

The Stock Exchange shall verify the PAN and demat account details entered by the Applicant with the Depository, within one Working Day.

The Applicant shall be required to accept the terms and conditions and also enter the correct 'One Time Password' ("OTP") sent on their respective mobile phones and email IDs to complete the registration process.

Upon the successful OTP confirmation, the Applicant's registration request shall be accepted, and a reference number shall be provided to them for checking their registration status.

At the time of demat account verification, the Stock Exchange shall also validate Applicant's client type (investor category) present in demat account.

An Applicant's registration shall be rejected if an incorrect investor category and/or demat account details have been entered.

Post the verification of the demat account, the Stock Exchange shall activate the Applicant's profile for making an Application and also provide a user ID (which is PAN) and password for login onto the BSE Direct platform.

An Applicant shall be able to view their respective details including their demat account, by accessing the tab 'My Profile'.

To modify their details, an Applicant must login to the BSE Direct portal and click on 'My profile'.

The Stock Exchange shall revalidate the modified details with Depository.

No modification request shall be accepted during the Issue Period if the Applicant has made an Application in the Issue.

To re-generate a new password, the Applicant can use the 'Forget Password' option.

Existing investors who are already registered for "GSec AND T-Bills investment", can also use the facility for applying in the Issue by using the UPI Mechanism for blocking of funds for Applications with a value upto $\gtrless 2$ lakhs.

Process to place Bid via BSE Direct platform/ mobile app

The Issue, during the Issue Period, shall be opened for subscription and will be available for making an Application through the BSE Direct platform/ mobile app.

Upon successful login, an Applicant can select the Issue to make an Application.

The details of PAN and DP ID and Client ID will be populated based on the registration done by the Applicant.

Before submission of the Application, an Applicant would be required to create a UPI ID with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (Example: investorId@bankname)

An Applicant shall be required to enter a valid UPI ID, in the UPI ID field.

An Applicant must select the series/option along with number of NCDs being applied for in the Issue.

Applicants must check the Issue details before making an Application.

Applicant will only be able to make an Application for an amount of upto ₹2 lakhs.

Applicants shall only have UPI as a payment mechanism with ASBA.

Applicants must check and understand the UPI Mandate acceptance and blocking of fund process before making an Application.

For details of the blocking process post the Application details being entered into the bidding platform of the Stock Exchange, see "- *Submission of Applications - for Applications under the UPI Mechanism*" on page 182.

SMS from the Exchange

Post completion of the blocking process, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the Applicant regarding submission of the Application at the end of day, during the Issue Period and for the last day of the Issue Period, the SMS shall be sent the next Working Day.

Modification and Cancellation of Orders

An Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN but not both.

An Applicant can withdraw the bid(s) submitted under a single Application and reapply. However, part cancellation of bid in a single Application is not permitted.

Re-initiation of Bid

If the Applicant has not received the UPI Mandate *vide* an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, they will have the option to re-initiate the bid which is pending for confirmation, after the lapse of reasonable time.

The Designated Intermediaries shall be permitted to use the re-initiation of Application option only once.

For details of the process of the UPI Mandate acceptance, see "- Operational Instructions and Guidelines - Acceptance of the UPI Mandate" on page 175.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Manager, the Registrar to the Issue or the Stock Exchange shall not be liable or responsible in the event an Applicant fails to receive the UPI Mandate acceptance request on their mobile or they fail to accept the UPI Mandate within the stipulated time period or due to any technical/other reasons. Since the process of making an Application through BSE Direct is based on notifications issued by the Stock Exchange, Applicants are requested to check the website of the Stock Exchange for any further notifications by the Stock Exchange amending, supplementing, updating or revising the process of Applications through BSE Direct.

Application process through physical Application Form

Applicants opting for the physical mode of Application process, should submit the Application Form (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) only at the Collection Centres, i.e. to the respective Members of the Syndicate at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs at the Designated Branches, the registered broker at the Broker Centres, the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations. Kindly note that Application Forms submitted by Applicants at the Specified Locations will not be accepted if the SCSB with which the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries for deposit of the Application Forms. A list of such branches is available on SEBI's website for Applications under the UPI Mechanism at https://www.sebi.gov.in.

The relevant Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of Application Forms from ASBA Applicants (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism), shall upload the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange and submit the Application Forms (except Application Forms submitted by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism) with the SCSB with whom the relevant ASBA Accounts are maintained. An Applicant shall submit the Application Form, which shall be stamped at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB, with the SCSB and can also be submitted to be the Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Locations. The SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form. For Applicants submitting the physical Application Form who wish to block the funds in their respective UPI linked bank account through the UPI Mechanism, post uploading of the details of the Application Forms into the online platform of the Stock Exchange, the Stock Exchange shall share the Application details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate a UPI Mandate Request to such UPI Investors for blocking of funds.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Manager and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to ASBA Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, Applications uploaded by SCSBs, Applications accepted but not uploaded by SCSBs or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

Details for Applications by certain categories of Applicants including documents to be submitted are summarized below.

Applications by Mutual Funds

Pursuant to the SEBI circular SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/014 dated October 1, 2019 ("SEBI Circular

2019"), mutual funds are required to ensure that the total exposure of debt scehemes of mutual funds in a particular sector shall not exceed 20% of the net assets value of the scheme. Further, the additional exposure limit provided for financial services sector not exceeding 10% of net assets value of scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to HFCs. However the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme Further, the group level limits for debt schemes and the ceiling be fixed at 10% of net assets value extendable to 15% of net assets value after prior approval of the board of trustees.

A separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of an Indian mutual fund registered with SEBI and such Applications shall not be treated as multiple Applications. Applications made by the AMCs or custodians of a Mutual Fund shall clearly indicate the name of the concerned scheme for which Application is being made. In case of Applications made by Mutual Fund registered with SEBI, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be submitted with the Application Form. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Application by Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies

Systemically Important Non- Banking Financial Company, a non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and having a net-worth of more than five hundred crore rupees as per the last audited financial statements can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued by the RBI, a certified copy of its last audited financial statements on a standalone basis and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor(s). **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor**.

Application by Commercial Banks, Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks

Commercial Banks, Co-operative banks and Regional Rural Banks can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by certified true copies of their (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee are required to be attached to the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for applications.

Application by Insurance Companies

In case of Applications made by insurance companies registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India ("**IRDAI**"), a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDA must be lodged along with Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefore.

Insurance companies participating in this Issue shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the IRDAI from time to time to time including the IRDAI Investment Regulations.

Application by Indian Alternative Investment Funds

Applications made by Alternative Investment Funds eligible to invest in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Fund) Regulations, 2012, as amended (the "SEBI AIF Regulations") for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of SEBI registration certificate. The Alternative Investment Funds shall at all times comply with the requirements applicable to it under the SEBI AIF Regulations and the relevant notifications issued by SEBI. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment

In case of Applications made by Associations of Persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment, must submit a (i) certified copy of the certificate of registration or proof of constitution, as applicable, (ii) Power of Attorney, if any, in favour of one or more persons thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications by Trusts

In case of Applications made by trusts, settled under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, as amended, or any other statutory and/or regulatory provision governing the settlement of trusts in India, must submit a (i) certified copy of the registered instrument for creation of such trust, (ii) Power of Attorney, if any, in favour of one or more trustees thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Public Financial Institutions or Statutory Corporations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) Any Act/ Rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) Board Resolution authorising investments; and (iii) Specimen signature of authorised person. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of incorporation/ registration under any Act/Rules under which they are incorporated; Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by National Investment Fund

The application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions; and (ii) Specimen signature of authorized person. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Companies, bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the Act/ Rules under which they are incorporated. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Indian Scientific and/or industrial research organizations, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the Act/ Rules under which they are incorporated. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Partnership firms formed under applicable Indian laws in the name of the partners and Limited Liability Partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of certified copy of certificate of the Partnership Deed or registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, as applicable. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications under Power of Attorney

In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants who are Institutional Investors or Non-Institutional Investors, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be submitted with the Application Form. In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants, a certified copy of the power of attorney must be submitted with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor. Our Company, in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to relax the above condition of attaching the power of attorney with the Application Forms subject to such terms and conditions that our Company and the Lead Managers may deem fit.

Brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms online to their account holders. Under this facility, a broker receives an online instruction through its portal from the Applicant for making an Application on his/ her behalf. Based on such instruction, and a power of attorney granted by the Applicant to authorise the broker, the broker makes an Application on behalf of the Applicant.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

This section is for the information of the Applicants proposing to subscribe to the Issue. The Lead Managers and our Company are not liable for any amendments or modifications or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Prospectus. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and to ensure that the Application Form is correctly filled up.

Our Company, our directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to Applications (including Applications under the UPI Mechanism) accepted by and/or uploaded by and/or accepted but not uploaded by Trading Members, Registered Brokers, CDPs, RTAs and SCSBs who are authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue, or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts by SCSBs or failure to block the Application Amount under the UPI Mechanism. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism.

The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive Application Forms from the Members of the Syndicate is available on the website of SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI https://www.sebi.gov.in as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The list of Registered Brokers at the Broker Centers, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centers, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the Registered Brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

Submission of Applications

Applications can be submitted through either of the following modes:

(a) Physically or electronically to the Designated Branches of the SCSB(s) with whom an Applicant's ASBA Account is maintained. In case of Application in physical mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application Form at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB(s). The Designated Branch shall verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account and shall also verify that the signature on the Application Form matches with the Investor's bank records, as mentioned in the Application Form, prior to uploading such Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the respective Designated Branch shall reject such Application and shall not upload such Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount and upload details of the Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. The Designated Branch of the Stock Exchange. The Designated Branch of the Stock Exchange and upload details of the Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

In case of Application being made in the electronic mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application either through the internet banking facility available with the SCSB, or such other electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking funds in the ASBA Account held with SCSB, and accordingly registering such Application.

- (b) Physically through the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centres. Kindly note that above Applications submitted to any of the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the Application Form, has not named at least one branch at that Collection Center where the Application Form is submitted (a list of such branches is available at <u>https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb</u>).
- (c) An UPI Investor making an Application in the Issue under the UPI Mechanism, where the Application Amount is upto ₹2 lakhs, can submit his Application Form physically to a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary. The Designated Intermediary shall upload the application details along with the UPI ID on the Stock Exchange's bidding platform using appropriate protocols. Kindly note that in this case, the Application Amount will be blocked through the UPI Mechanism.
- (d) An UPI Investor may also submit the Application Form for the Issue through BSE Direct, wherein the Application will be automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange's bidding platform and an amount equivalent to the Application Amount shall be blocked using the UPI Mechanism.

Upon receipt of the Application Form by the Designated Intermediaries, an acknowledgement shall be issued by the relevant Designated Intermediary, giving the counter foil of the Application Form to the Applicant as proof of having accepted the Application. Thereafter, the details of the Application shall be uploaded in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. Post which:

for Applications other than under the UPI Mechanism - the Application Form shall be forwarded to the relevant branch of the SCSB, in the relevant Collection Center, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in). Upon receipt of the Application Form, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures including verification of the Applicant's signature with his bank records and check if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Application Form. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form.

for *Applications under the UPI Mechanism* – once the Application details have been entered in the bidding platform through Designated Intermediaries or BSE Direct, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. Post uploading of the Application details on the Stock Exchange's platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the

Applicant regarding submission of the Application. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with the Applicants UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by our Company. The Sponsor Bank shall then initiate a UPI Mandate Request on the Applicant. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the Applicant as an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account. The Applicant shall then be required to authorise the UPI Mandate Request. Upon successful validation of block request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account. The status of block request would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the Designated Intermediary.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be.

Applicants must note that:

- (a) Application Forms will be available with the Designated Branches of the SCSBs and with the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centers; and electronic Application Forms will be available on the websites of the SCSBs and the Stock Exchange at least one day prior to the Issue Opening Date. Physical Application Forms will also be provided to the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request. The Application Forms would be serially numbered. Further, the SCSBs will ensure that this Prospectus is made available on their websites. The physical Application Form submitted to the Designated Intermediaries shall bear the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary. In the event the Application Form does not bear any stamp, the same shall be liable to be rejected.
- (b) The Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall accept Application Forms directly from Applicants only during the Issue Period. The SCSBs shall not accept any Application Forms directly from Applicants after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date. However, the relevant branches of the SCSBs at Specified Locations can accept Application Forms from the Designated Intermediaries, after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date, if the Applications have been uploaded. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "General Information Issue Programme" on page 45. Physical Application Forms directly submitted to SCSBs should bear the stamp of SCSBs, if not, the same are liable to be rejected.

Please note that Applicants can make an Application for Allotment of NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

Submission of Direct Online Applications

Please note that clarifications and/or confirmations regarding the implementation of the requisite infrastructure and facilities in relation to direct online applications and online payment facility have been sought from the Stock Exchange.

In the event the Direct Online Application facility is implemented by the Stock Exchange, relevant "know your customer" details of such Applicants will be validated online from the Depositories, on the basis of the DP ID and Client ID provided by them in the Application Form. On successful submission of a Direct Online Application, the Applicant will receive a system-generated unique application number ("UAN") and an SMS or an e-mail confirmation on credit of the requisite Application Amount paid through the online payment facility with the Direct Online Application. On Allotment, the Registrar to the Issue shall credit NCDs to the beneficiary account of the Applicant and in case of refund, the refund amount shall be credited directly to the Applicant's bank account. Applicants applying through the Direct Online Application facility must preserve their UAN and quote their UAN in: (a) any cancellation/withdrawal of their Application; (b) in queries in connection with Allotment of NCDs and/or refund(s); and/or (c) in all investor grievances/complaints in connection with the Issue.

As per the Debt Application Circular issued by SEBI, the availability of the Direct Online Applications facility is subject to the Stock Exchange putting in place the necessary systems and infrastructure, and accordingly the aforementioned disclosures are subject to any further clarifications, notification, modification deletion, direction, instructions and/or correspondence that may be issued by the Stock Exchange and/or SEBI.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING-UP THE APPLICATION FORM

General Instructions

A. General instructions for completing the Application Form

- Applications must be made in prescribed Application Form only;
- Application Forms must be completed in **BLOCK LETTERS IN ENGLISH**, as per the instructions contained in this Prospectus and the Application Form.
- If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names.
- Applications should be in single or joint names and not exceeding three names, and in the same order as their Depository Participant details (in case of Applicants applying for Allotment of the Bonds in dematerialised form) and Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta.
- Applicants must provide details of valid and active DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) clearly and without error. On the basis of such Applicant's active DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) provided in the Application Form, and as entered into the electronic Application system of the Stock Exchange by SCSBs, the Designated Intermediaries, the Registrar will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details. Invalid accounts, suspended accounts or where such account is classified as invalid or suspended may not be considered for Allotment of the NCDs.
- Applications must be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and in multiples of one NCD thereafter. For the purpose of fulfilling the requirement of minimum application size of 10 NCDs, an Applicant may choose to apply for 10 NCDs of the same series or across different series. Applicants may apply for one or more series of NCDs Applied for in a single Application Form.
- If the ASBA Account holder is different from the Applicant, the Application Form should be signed by the ASBA Account holder also, in accordance with the instructions provided in the Application Form.
- If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.
- Applications should be made by Karta in case of HUFs. Applicants are required to ensure that the PAN details of the HUF are mentioned and not those of the Karta;
- Thumb impressions and signatures other than in English/Hindi/Gujarati/Marathi or any other languages specified in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution needs to be attested by a Magistrate or Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under his/her seal;
- The Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping and returning to the Applicants the acknowledgement slip. This acknowledgement slip will serve as the duplicate of the Application Form for the records of the Applicant.
- Applicants must ensure that the requisite documents are attached to the Application Form prior to submission and receipt of acknowledgement from the relevant Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be.
- Every Applicant should hold valid Permanent Account Number (PAN) and mention the same in the Application Form.
- All Applicants are required to tick the relevant column of "Category of Investor" in the Application Form.
- All Applicants should correctly mention the ASBA Account number and ensure that funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the Designated Branch and also ensure that the signature in the Application Form matches with the signature in Applicant's bank records, otherwise the Application is liable to be rejected

The series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for allotment.

Applicants should note that neither the Designated Intermediaries nor the SCSBs, as the case may be, will be liable for error in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms.

B. Applicant's Beneficiary Account Details

Applicants must mention their DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (wherever applicable) in the Application Form and ensure that the name provided in the Application Form is exactly the same as the name in which the Beneficiary Account is held. In case the Application Form is submitted in the first Applicant's name, it should be ensured that the Beneficiary Account is held in the same joint names and in the same sequence in which they appear in the Application Form. In case the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) mentioned in the Application Form and entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange do not match with the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) available in the Depository database, the Application Form is liable to be rejected. Further, Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive, will be rejected.

On the basis of the Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP, the Registrar to the Issue will take steps towards demat credit of NCDs. Hence, Applicants are advised to immediately update their Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP and ensure that they are true and correct, and carefully fill in their Beneficiary Account details in the Application Form. Failure to do so could result in delays in demat credit and neither our Company, Designated Intermediaries, SCSBs, Registrar to the Issue nor the Stock Exchange will bear any responsibility or liability for the same.

In case of Applications made under power of attorney, our Company in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to permit the holder of Power of Attorney to request the Registrar that for the purpose of printing particulars on the Allotment Advice, the demographic details obtained from the Depository of the Applicant shall be used.

By signing the Application Form, the Applicant would have deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar to the Issue, the required Demographic Details as available on its records. The Demographic Details given by Applicant in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue except in relation to this Issue. Allotment Advice would be mailed by speed post or registered post at the address of the Applicants as per the demographic details received from the Depositories. Applicants may note that delivery of Allotment Advice may get delayed if the same once sent to the address obtained from the Depositories are returned undelivered. Further, please note that any such delay shall be at such Applicants' sole risk and neither our Company, Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank and Sponsor Bank, nor the Lead Manager shall be liable to compensate the Applicant for any losses caused to the Applicants due to any such delay or liable to pay any interest for such delay. In case of refunds through electronic modes as detailed in this Prospectus, refunds may be delayed if bank particulars obtained from the Depository Participant are incorrect

With effect from August 16, 2010, the beneficiary accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified shall be suspended for credit and no credit of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made into the accounts of such Applicants. Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected. Furthermore, in case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories, which matches the three parameters, namely, DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable), then such Application are liable to be rejected.

C. Permanent Account Number (PAN)

The Applicant should mention his or her Permanent Account Number (PAN) allotted under the IT Act. For minor Applicants, applying through the guardian, it is mandatory to mention the PAN of the minor Applicant. In accordance with Circular No. MRD/DOP/Cir-05/2007 dated April 27, 2007 issued by SEBI, the PAN would be the sole identification number for the participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction. It is to be specifically noted that the Applicants should not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.

D. Joint Applications

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). In the case of joint Applications all interest / redemption amount payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.

E. Additional/ Multiple Applications

An Applicant is allowed to make one or more Applications for the NCDs for the same or other series of NCDs, subject to a minimum application size as specified in the Prospectus and in multiples thereafter as specified in the Prospectus. Any Application for an amount below the aforesaid minimum application size will be deemed as an invalid application and shall be rejected. However, multiple Applications by the same individual Applicant aggregating to a value exceeding ₹10 lakhs shall be deemed such individual Applicant to be an HNI Applicant and all such Applications shall be grouped in the HNI Portion, for the purpose of determining the basis of allotment to such Applicant. However, any Application made by any person in his individual capacity and an Application made by such person in his capacity as a Karta of a Hindu Undivided family and/or as Applicant (second or third Applicant), shall not be deemed to be a multiple Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or first Applicant is one and the same. For the sake of clarity, two or more applications shall be deemed to be a multiple Applications will be deemed to be any shall be deemed to be a multiple Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or first Applicant is one and the same. For the sake of clarity, two or more applications shall be deemed to be a multiple Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or the first Applicant is one and the same.

Do's and Don'ts

Applicants are advised to take note of the following while filling and submitting the Application Form:

Do's

- 1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Prospectus and applicable law;
- 2. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Application Form in the prescribed form.
- 3. Ensure that you have obtained all necessary approvals from the relevant statutory and/or regulatory authorities to apply for, subscribe to and/or seek Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.
- 4. Ensure that the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN mentioned in the Application Form, which shall be entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange are correct and match with the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) available in the Depository database. Ensure that the DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (wherever applicable) are correct and beneficiary account is activated. The requirement for providing Depository Participant details is mandatory for all Applicants.
- 5. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number in the Application Form (for all Applicants other than UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism) in the Application Form and such ASBA account belongs to you and no one else. Further, UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism must also mention their UPI ID and shall use only their own bank account which is linked to their UPI ID.
- 6. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that the bank, with which they have their bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount are available for blocking, is certified by NPCI before submitting the ASBA Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries.
- 7. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism through the SCSBs and mobile applications shall ensure that the name of the bank appears in the list of SCSBs which are live on UPI, as displayed on the SEBI website. UPI Investors shall ensure that the name of the app and the UPI handle which is used for making the application appears on the list displayed on the SEBI website. An application made using incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB or bank which is not mentioned on the SEBI website is liable to be rejected.

- 8. Ensure that the Application Form is signed by the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be) in case the Applicant is not the ASBA account holder. Applicants (except UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism) should ensure that they have an account with an SCSB and have mentioned the correct bank account number of that SCSB in the Application Form. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that they have mentioned the correct UPI-linked bank account number and their correct UPI ID in the Application Form.
- 9. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the respective Designated Branch of the SCSB, or to the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be.
- 10. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, should ensure that they approve the UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to Application Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment, in a timely manner.
- 11. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that details of the Application are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using their UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using their UPI PIN, the UPI Investor may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the UPI Investor making and Application using the UPI Mechanism in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Application Amount and authorized the Sponsor Bank to issue a request to block the Application Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form in their ASBA Account.
- 12. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism should mention valid UPI ID of only the Applicants (in case of single account) and of the first Applicant (in case of joint account) in the ASBA Form.
- 13. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, who have revised their Application subsequent to making the initial Application, should also approve the revised UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Application Amount in their account and in case of Allotment in a timely manner.
- 14. Ensure that the Application Forms are submitted at the Designated Branches of SCSBs or the Collection Centres provided in the Application Forms, bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary/Designated Branch of the SCSB.
- 15. Before submitting the Application Form with the Designated Intermediaries ensure that the SCSB, whose name has been filled in the Application Form, has named a branch in that relevant Collection Centre.
- 16. Ensure that you have been given an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application Form.
- 17. Ensure that signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India is attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal.
- 18. In case of an HUF applying through its Karta, the Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. However, the PAN number of the HUF should be mentioned in the Application Form and not that of the Karta.
- 19. Ensure that the Applications are submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, before the closure of application hours on the Issue Closing Date. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "*General Information Issue Programme*" on page 45.
- 20. **Permanent Account Number:** Each of the Applicants should provide their PAN. Application Forms in which the PAN is not provided will be rejected.
- 21. Ensure that if the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.

- 22. All Applicants should choose the relevant option in the column "Category of Investor" in the Application Form.
- 23. Choose and mark the series of NCDs in the Application Form that you wish to apply for.

In terms of SEBI Circular no. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for Applications.

Don'ts:

- 1. Do not apply for lower than the minimum application size.
- 2. Do not pay the Application Amount in cash, by cheque, by money order or by postal order or by stock invest.
- 3. Do not send Application Forms by post. Instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be.
- 4. Do not submit the Application Form to any non-SCSB bank or our Company.
- 5. If you are a UPI Investor and are using the UPI Mechanism, do not submit more than one Form from each UPI ID.
- 6. Do not apply through an Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary or the Designated Branch of the SCSB, as the case may be.
- 7. Do not fill up the Application Form such that the NCDs applied for exceeds the Issue size and/or investment limit or maximum number of NCDs that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations.
- 8. Do not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.
- 9. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue.
- 10. Do not submit the Application Form without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Application Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account or in the case of UPI Investors making and Application using the UPI Mechanism, in the UPI-linked bank account where funds for making the Application are available;
- 11. Do not submit Applications on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Application Forms.
- 12. Do not apply if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
- 13. Do not submit an Application in case you are not eligible to acquire NCDs under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise.
- 14. Do not submit Applications to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than Collection Centers;
- 15. Do not submit an Application that does not comply with the securities law of your respective jurisdiction.
- 16. Do not apply if you are a person ineligible to apply for NCDs under this Issue including Applications by Persons Resident Outside India, NRI (*inter-alia* including NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA).
- 17. Do not make an application of the NCD on multiple copies taken of a single form.

- 18. Payment of Application Amount in any mode other than through blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Accounts shall not be accepted in the Issue.
- 19. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 cretified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism.
- 20. Do not submit more than five Application Forms per ASBA Account.

Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries, to deposit such Application Forms (A list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes).

Please see " - Rejection of Applications" on page 192 for information on rejection of Applications.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

The Application Forms will be uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and deposited with the relevant branch of the SCSB at the Collection Centers, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

For Applications other than those under the UPI Mechanism, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures and block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application. For Applications under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., upto ₹2 lakhs, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. The blocking of funds in such case (not exceeding ₹2 lakhs) shall happen under the UPI Mechanism.

The entire Application Amount for the NCDs is payable on Application only. The relevant SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the entire Application Amount in the ASBA Account at the time of upload of the Application Form. In case of Allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number applied, the Registrar to the Issue shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs, the relevant SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application, before entering the Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. SCSBs may provide the electronic mode of application either through an internet enabled application and banking facility or such other secured, electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking of funds in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted under the UPI Mechanism, post the successful validation of the UPI Mandate Request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account.

Applicants should ensure that they have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application to the Designated Intermediaries or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. An Application where the corresponding ASBA Account does not have sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount at the time of blocking the ASBA Account is liable to be rejected.

An UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism should ensure that, they check the relevant SMS generated for the UPI Mandate Request and all other steps required for successful blocking of funds in the UPI linked bank account, which includes accepting the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the Stock Exchange (except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm of the next Working Day), have been completed.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/

failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be. Once the Basis of Allotment is approved, and upon receipt of intimation from the Registrar, the controlling branch of the SCSB shall, on the Designated Date, transfer such blocked amount from the ASBA Account to the Public Issue Account. The balance amount remaining after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment shall be unblocked by the SCSBs (in case of Application under the UPI Mechansim) on the basis of the instructions issued in this regard by the Registrar to the respective SCSB, Sponsor Bank within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of this Issue or until rejection of the Application, as the case may be.

| Mode of Submission of Application Forms | To whom the Application Form has to be sub- | nitted |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASBA Applications | If using <u>physical Application Form</u> , (a) to the Designated Intermediaries at relevant Collection Centres, or (b) to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs where the ASBA Account is maintained; or | |
| | If using <u>electronic Application Form</u> , to the SCSBs, el internet banking facility, if available. | ectronically through |
| Application under the UPI Mechanism | Through the Designated Intermediary, physically or applicable, or | electronically, as |
| |) Through BSE Direct | |

SUBMISSION OF COMPLETED APPLICATION FORMS

No separate receipts will be issued for the Application Amount payable on submission of Application Form. However, the Designated Intermediaries will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping the date and returning to the Applicants an acknowledgement slips which will serve as a duplicate Application Form for the records of the Applicant.

Electronic Registration of Applications

(a) The Designated Intermediaries and Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will register the Applications (including those under the UPI Mechanism) using the on-line facilities of the Stock Exchange. The Members of Syndicate, our Company and the Registrar to the Issue are not responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omission and commissions in relation to, (i) the Applications accepted by the SCSBs, (ii) the Applications uploaded by the SCSBs, (iii) the Applications uploaded by the SCSBs, (iii) the Applications accepted but not uploaded by the SCSBs, (iv) with respect to Applications accepted and uploaded by the SCSBs without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts, or (v) any Applications accepted and uploaded and/or not uploaded by the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or (vi) any Application made under the UPI Mechanism , accepted or uploaded or failed to be uploaded by a Designated Intermediary or through the app/ web based interface of the Stock Exchange and the corresponding failure for blocking of funds under the UPI Mechanism.

In case of apparent data entry error by the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, in entering the Application Form number in their respective schedules other things remaining unchanged, the Application Form may be considered as valid and such exceptions may be recorded in minutes of the meeting submitted to the Designated Stock Exchange. However, the series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for allotment/rejection of Application.

(b) The Stock Exchange will offer an electronic facility for registering Applications for this Issue. This facility will be available on the terminals of Designated Intermediaries and the SCSBs during the Issue Period. The Designated Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of Applications subject to the condition that they will subsequently upload the off-line data file into the on-line facilities for Applications on a regular basis, and before the expiry of the allocated time on this Issue Closing Date. On the Issue Closing Date, the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall upload the Applications till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. This information will be available with the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs on a regular basis. Applicants

are cautioned that a high inflow of high volumes on the last day of the Issue Period may lead to some Applications received on the last day not being uploaded and such Applications will not be considered for allocation. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "General Information – Issue Programme" on page 45.

- (c) With respect to Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs at the time of registering each Application, the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall enter the requisite details of the Applicants in the on-line system including:
 - Application Form number
 - PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)
 - Investor category and sub-category
 - DP ID
 - Client ID
 - UPI ID (if applicable)
 - Series of NCDs applied for
 - Number of NCDs Applied for in each series of NCD
 - Price per NCD
 - Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
 - Bank account number
 - Location
 - Application amount
- (d) With respect to Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, at the time of registering each Application, the requisite details of the Applicants shall be entered in the on-line system including:
 - Application Form number
 - PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)
 - Investor category and sub-category
 - DP ID
 - Client ID
 - UPI ID (if applicable)
 - Series of NCDs applied for
 - Number of NCDs Applied for in each series of NCD
 - Price per NCD
 - Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
 - Bank account number
 - Location
 - Application amount
- (e) A system generated acknowledgement (TRS) will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of each Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgement from the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be. The registration of the Application by the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, does not guarantee that the NCDs shall be allocated/ Allotted by our Company. The acknowledgement will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind.
- (f) Applications can be rejected on the technical grounds listed on page 192 or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect.
- (g) The permission given by the Stock Exchange to use its network and software of the online system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company, the Lead Managers are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchange; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the compliance with the statutory and other requirements nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness of any of the contents of the Prospectus; nor does it warrant that the NCDs will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchange.

(h) Only Applications that are uploaded on the online system of the Stock Exchange shall be considered for allocation/ Allotment. The Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall capture all data relevant for the purposes of finalizing the Basis of Allotment while uploading Application data in the electronic systems of the Stock Exchange. In order that the data so captured is accurate the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

REJECTION OF APPLICATIONS

Applications would be liable to be rejected on the technical grounds listed below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect. The Board of Directors and/or a duly constituted committee thereof, reserves it's full, unqualified and absolute right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part and in either case without assigning any reason thereof.

Application may be rejected on one or more technical grounds, including but not restricted to:

- (a) Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, (other than minors having valid Depository Account as per Demographic Details provided by Depositories);
- (b) Applications accompanied by cash, draft, cheques, money order or any other mode of payment other than amounts blocked in the Applicants' ASBA Account maintained with an SCSB;
- (c) Applications not being signed by the sole/joint Applicant(s);
- (d) Investor Category in the Application Form not being ticked;
- (e) Application Amount blocked being higher or lower than the value of NCDs Applied for. However, our Company may allot NCDs up to the number of NCDs Applied for, if the value of such NCDs Applied for exceeds the minimum Application size;
- (f) Applications where a registered address in India is not provided for the non-Individual Applicants;
- (g) In case of partnership firms (except LLPs), NCDs applied for in the name of the partnership and not the names of the individual partner(s);
- (h) Minor Applicants (applying through the guardian) without mentioning the PAN of the minor Applicant;
- (i) PAN not mentioned in the Application Form, in case of minor Applicants applying through guardian, when PAN of the Applicant is not mentioned;
- (j) DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (wherever applicable) not mentioned in the Application Form;
- (k) GIR number furnished instead of PAN;
- (l) Applications by OCBs;
- (m) Applications for an amount below the minimum application size;
- (n) Submission of more than five ASBA Forms per ASBA Account;
- (o) Applications by persons who are not eligible to acquire NCDs of our Company in terms of applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;
- (p) Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc. submitted without relevant documents;
- (q) Applications accompanied by Stockinvest/ cheque/ money order/ postal order/ cash;

- (r) Signature of sole Applicant missing, or in case of joint Applicants, the Application Forms not being signed by the first Applicant (as per the order appearing in the records of the Depository);
- (s) Applications by persons debarred from accessing capital markets, by SEBI or any other appropriate regulatory authority;
- (t) Application Forms not being signed by the ASBA Account holder, if the account holder is different from the Applicant
- (u) Signature of the ASBA Account holder on the Application Form does not match with the signature available on the SCSB bank's records where the ASBA Account mentioned in the Application Form is maintained;
- (v) Application Forms submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs does not bear the stamp of the SCSB and/or the Designated Intermediary, as the case may be;
- (w) ASBA Applications not having details of the ASBA Account to be blocked or the UPI-linked Account to be blocked;
- (x) In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches three parameters namely, DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID and PAN;
- (y) Inadequate funds in the ASBA Account to enable the SCSB to block the Application Amount specified in the Application Form at the time of blocking such Application Amount in the ASBA Account or no confirmation is received from the SCSB for blocking of funds;
- (z) SCSB making an Application (a) through an ASBA account maintained with its own self or (b) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB not in its own name or (c) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name, where clear demarcated funds are not present or (d) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name which ASBA Account is not utilised solely for the purpose of applying in public issues;
- (aa) Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amount prescribed by the regulations and applicable law;
- (bb) Authorization to the SCSB for blocking funds in the ASBA Account not provided;
- (cc) Applications by any person outside India;
- (dd) Applications not uploaded on the online platform of the Stock Exchange;
- (ee) Applications uploaded after the expiry of the allocated time on the Issue Closing Date, unless extended by the Stock Exchange, as applicable;
- (ff) Application Forms not delivered by the Applicant within the time prescribed as per the Application Form, this Prospectus and as per the instructions in the Application Form and this Prospectus;
- (gg) Applications by Applicants whose demat accounts have been 'suspended for credit' pursuant to the circular issued by SEBI on July 29, 2010 bearing number CIR/MRD/DP/22/2010;
- (hh) Applications providing an inoperative demat account number;
- (ii) Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries other than the Collection Centers or at a Branch of a SCSB which is not a Designated Branch;
- (jj) Applications submitted directly to the Public Issue Bank (except in case the ASBA Account is maintained with the said bank as a SCSB;
- (kk) Investor Category not ticked;
- (ll) In case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity

falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application;

- (mm)A UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism, not having accepted the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm of the next Working Day; and
- (nn) A non-UPI Investor making an Application under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., an Application for an amount more than ₹2 lakhs.

For information on certain procedures to be carried out by the Registrar to the Offer for finalization of the basis of allotment, please see "*Information for Applicants*" below.

Information for Applicants

Upon the closure of the Issue, the Registrar to the Issue will reconcile the compiled data received from the Stock Exchange and all SCSBs and match the same with the Depository database for correctness of DP ID, Client ID UPI ID (wherever applicable) and PAN. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database and prepare list of technical rejection cases. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records for such Applications or treat such Applications as rejected.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship).

In case of Applications for a higher number of NCDs than specified for that category of Applicant, only the maximum amount permissible for such category of Applicant will be considered for Allotment.

BASIS OF ALLOTMENT

Basis of Allotment for NCDs

The Registrar will aggregate the Applications, based on the applications received through an electronic book from the Stock Exchange and determine the valid Application for the purpose of drawing the basis of allocation.

Allocation Ratio

The registrar will aggregate the applications based on the applications received through an electronic book from the stock exchanges and determine the valid applications for the purpose of drawing the basis of allocation. Grouping of the application received will be then done in the following manner:

<u>Grouping of Applications and Allocation Ratio</u>: Applications received from various applicants shall be grouped together on the following basis:

- a. <u>Applications received from Category I applicants:</u> Applications received from Category I, shall be grouped together, ("**Institutional Portion**");
- b. <u>Applications received from Category II applicants</u>: Applications received from Category II, shall be grouped together, ("**Non-Institutional Portion**");
- c. <u>Applications received from Category III applicants:</u> Applications received from Category III, shall be grouped together, ("**High Net Worth Individual Portion**")
- d. <u>Applications received from Category IV applicants:</u> Applications received from Category IV, shall be grouped together, ("**Retail Individual Investor Portion**")

For removal of doubt, "Institutional Portion", "Non-Institutional Portion", "High Net Worth Individual Portion" and "Retail Individual Portion" are individually referred to as "Portion" and collectively referred to as

"Portions"

For the purposes of determining the number of NCDs available for allocation to each of the abovementioned Portions, our Company shall have the discretion of determining the number of NCDs to be allotted over and above the Base Issue Size, in case our Company opts to retain any oversubscription in the Issue up to ₹15,000 lakhs i.e. aggregating up to ₹30,000 lakhs. The aggregate value of NCDs decided to be allotted over and above the Base Issue Size, (in case our Company opts to retain any oversubscription in the Issue), and/or the aggregate value of NCDs up to the Base Issue Size shall be collectively termed as the "*Overall Issue Size*".

Basis of Allotment for NCDs

Allotments in the first instance:

- (i) Applicants belonging to the Category I, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 10% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each application duly acknowledged by the Lead Managers and their respective Affiliates/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement);
- (ii) Applicants belonging to the Category II, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 10% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each application duly acknowledged by the Members of the Syndicate/Trading Members/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement));
- (iii) Applicants belonging to the Category III, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 30% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each application duly acknowledged by the Members of the Syndicate/Trading Members/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement));
- (iv) Applicants belonging to the Category IV, in the first instance, will be allocated NCDs up to 50% of Overall Issue Size on first come first serve basis (determined on the basis of date of receipt of each application duly acknowledged by the Members of the Syndicate/Trading Members/SCSB (Designated Branch or online acknowledgement))

Allotments, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, shall be made on date priority basis i.e. a firstcome first-serve basis, based on the date of upload of each Application in to the Electronic Book with Stock Exchange, in each Portion subject to the Allocation Ratio. However, on the date of oversubscription, the allotments would be made to the applicants on proportionate basis.

(a) Under Subscription:

Under subscription, if any, in any Portion, priority in allotments will be given in the following order:

- (i) Retail Individual Investor Portion
- (ii) High Networth Individual Portion
- (iii) Non-Institutional Portion
- (iv) Institutional Portion
- (v) on a first come first serve basis

Within each Portion, priority in Allotments will be given on a first-come-first-serve basis, based on the date of upload of each Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

For each Portion, all Applications uploaded in to the Electronic Book with the Stock Exchange would be treated at par with each other. Allotment would be on proportionate basis, where Applications uploaded into the Platform of the Stock Exchange on a particular date exceeds NCDs to be allotted for each Portion respectively.

Minimum allotment of 1 (one) NCD and in multiples of 1 (one) NCD thereafter would be made in case of each valid Application.

(b) Allotments in case of oversubscription:

In case of an oversubscription, allotments to the maximum extent, as possible, will be made on a first-come first-serve basis and thereafter on proportionate basis, i.e. full allotment of NCDs to the valid applicants on a first come first serve basis for forms uploaded up to 5 pm of the date falling 1 (one) day prior to the date of oversubscription and proportionate allotment of NCDs to the valid applicants on the date of oversubscription (based on the date of upload of the Application on the Stock Exchange Platform, in each Portion). In case of over subscription on date of opening of the Issue, the Allotment shall be made on a proportionate basis. Applications received for the NCDs after the date of oversubscription will not be considered for allotment.

In view of the same, the Investors are advised to refer to the Stock Exchange website at www.bseindia.com for details in respect of subscription.

- (a) Proportionate Allotments: For each Portion, on the date of oversubscription:
 - (i) Allotments to the applicants shall be made in proportion to their respective application size, rounded off to the nearest integer;
 - (ii) If the process of rounding off to the nearest integer results in the actual allocation of NCDs being higher than the Issue size, not all applicants will be allotted the number of NCDs arrived at after such rounding off. Rather, each applicant whose allotment size, prior to rounding off, had the highest decimal point would be given preference;
 - (iii) In the event, there are more than one applicant whose entitlement remain equal after the manner of distribution referred to above, our Company will ensure that the basis of allotment is finalised by draw of lots in a fair and equitable manner.
- (b) Applicant applying for more than one Options of NCDs:

If an applicant has applied for more than one Options of NCDs, and in case such applicant is entitled to allocation of only a part of the aggregate number of NCDs applied for due to such applications received on the date of oversubscription, the option-wise allocation of NCDs to such applicants shall be in proportion to the number of NCDs with respect to each option, applied for by such applicant, subject to rounding off to the nearest integer, as appropriate in consultation with Lead Managers and Designated Stock Exchange.

In cases of odd proportion for allotment made, our Company in consultation with the Lead Managers will allot the residual NCD (s) in the following order:

- (i) first with monthly interest payment in decreasing order of tenor i.e. Options VII, V, III, and II; and
- (ii) followed by payment on maturity options in decreasing order of tenor i.e. Options VIII, VI, IV and I.

Hence using the above procedure, the order of allotment for the residual NCD (s) will be: Options VII, V, III, II, VIII, VI, IV and I.

All decisions pertaining to the basis of allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue shall be taken by our Company in consultation with the Lead Managers, and the Designated Stock Exchange and in compliance with the aforementioned provisions of this Prospectus.

Our Company would allot Option I NCDs to all valid applications, wherein the applicants have not indicated their choice of the relevant options of the NCDs.

Valid applications where the Application Amount received does not tally with or is less than the amount equivalent to value of number of NCDs applied for, may be considered for Allotment, to the extent of the Application Amount paid rounded down to the nearest 31,000 in accordance with the pecking order mentioned above.

All decisions pertaining to the basis of allotment of NCDs pursuant to the Issue shall be taken by our Company in consultation with the Lead Managers and the Designated Stock Exchange and in compliance with the aforementioned provisions of this Prospectus.

Retention of oversubscription

Our Company shall have an option to retain over-subscription up to the Issue Limit.

Unblocking of Funds for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications

The Registrar shall, pursuant to preparation of Basis of Allotment, instruct the relevant SCSB or the Sponsor Bank (for Application under the UPI Mechanism), as applicable, to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account/ UPI linked bank account for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications within six Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

ISSUANCE OF ALLOTMENT ADVICE

Our Company shall ensure dispatch of Allotment Advice and/ or give instructions for credit of NCDs to the beneficiary account with Depository Participants upon approval of Basis of Allotment. The Allotment Advice for successful Applicants will be mailed to their addresses as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Therefore instructions will be given to the Designated Intermediaries to indicate Option I NCD as the Applicant's choice of the relevant NCD Series wherein the Applicants have not indicated their choice.

Our Company shall use best efforts to ensure that all steps for completion of the necessary formalities for commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange where the NCDs are proposed to be listed are taken within six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date.

Application Amount shall be unblocked within six Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI or else the Application Amount shall be unblocked in the ASBA Accounts or the UPI linked bank accounts (for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) of the Applicants forthwith failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Applicants in accordance with applicable law.

Our Company will provide adequate funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice to the Registrar to the Issue.

OTHER INFORMATION

Withdrawal of Applications during the Issue Period

Applicants can withdraw their Applications until the Issue Closing Date. In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application during the Issue Period, the same can be done by submitting a request for the same to the concerned Designated Intermediary who shall do the requisite.

In case of Applications (other than under the UPI Mechanism) were submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of the request for withdrawal from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Intermediary, as the case may be, shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and intimating the Designated Branch of the SCSB to unblock of the funds blocked in the ASBA Account at the time of making the Application. In case of Applications (other than under the UPI Mechanism) submitted directly to the Designated Branch of the SCSB, upon receipt of the request for withdraw from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Branch shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and unblocking of the funds in the ASBA Account, directly.

Withdrawal of Applications after the Issue Period

In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application after the Issue Closing Date or early closure date, the same can be done by submitting a withdrawal request to the Registrar to the Issue prior to the finalization of the Basis of Allotment.

Revision of Applications

As per the notice No: 20120831-22 dated August 31, 2012 issued by the BSE, cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application is permitted during the Issue Period as long as the total order quantity does not fall under the minimum quantity required for a single Application. Please note that in case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single for rejection by the Registrar.

Applicants may revise/ modify their Application details during the Issue Period, as allowed/permitted by the stock exchange, by submitting a written request to the Designated Intermediary and the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be. For Applications made under the UPI Mechanism, an Applicant shall not be allowed

to add or modify the details of the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the Applicant may withdraw the Application and reapply.

However, for the purpose of Allotment, the date of original upload of the Application will be considered in case of such revision/ modification. In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic Application platform of the Stock Exchange(s) as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by Stock Exchange, Applicants should ensure that they first withdraw their original Application and submit a fresh Application. In such a case the date of the new Application will be considered for date priority for Allotment purposes.

Revision of Applications is not permitted after the expiry of the time for acceptance of Application Forms on the Issue Closing Date. However, in order that the data so captured is accurate, the Designated Intermediaries and/ or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period, after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

Depository Arrangements

We have made depository arrangements with NSDL and CDSL. Please note that Tripartite Agreements have been executed among our Company, the Registrar and both the depositories.

As per the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996, the NCDs issued by us can be held in a dematerialised form. In this context:

- (i) Tripartite agreement dated March 21, 2014 among our Company, the Registrar and CDSL and tripartite agreement dated March 27, 2014 among our Company, the Registrar and NSDL, respectively for offering depository option to the investors.
- (ii) An Applicant must have at least one beneficiary account with any of the Depository Participants (DPs) of NSDL or CDSL prior to making the Application.
- (iii) The Applicant must necessarily provide the DP ID and Client ID details in the Application Form.
- (iv) NCDs Allotted to an Applicant in the electronic form will be credited directly to the Applicant's respective beneficiary account(s) with the DP.
- (v) Non-transferable Allotment Advice will be directly sent to the Applicant by the Registrar to this Issue.
- (vi) It may be noted that NCDs in electronic form can be traded only on the Stock Exchange having electronic connectivity with NSDL or CDSL. The Stock Exchange has connectivity with NSDL and CDSL.
- (vii) Interest or other benefits with respect to the NCDs held in dematerialised form would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us as on Record Date. In case of those NCDs for which the beneficial owner is not identified by the Depository as on the Record Date/ book closure date, we would keep in abeyance the payment of interest or other benefits, till such time that the beneficial owner is identified by the Depository and conveyed to us, whereupon the interest or benefits will be paid to the beneficiaries, as identified, within a period of 30 days.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable premium and interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

PLEASE NOTE THAT TRADING OF NCDs ON THE FLOOR OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE IN DEMATERIALISED FORM ONLY IN MULTIPLE OF ONE NCD.

Allottees will have the option to re-materialize the NCDs Allotted under the Issue as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act.

Communications

All future communications in connection with Applications made in this Issue (except the Applications made

through the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange) should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, with a copy to the relevant SCSB, quoting the full name of the sole or first Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant's DP ID and Client ID, Applicant's PAN, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the Application Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through the UPI Mechanism), date of the Application Form, name and address of the Designated Intermediary or Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be, where the Application was submitted.

Applicants may contact our Compliance Officer and Company Secretary or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre-Issue or post-Issue related problems such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice or credit of NCDs in the respective beneficiary accounts, as the case may be.

Interest in case of delay

Our Company undertakes to pay interest, in connection with any delay in allotment and demat credit, beyond the time limit as may be prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, at such rates as stipulated under such applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Undertaking by our Company

Statement by the Board:

- (a) All monies received pursuant to this Issue shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) Details of all monies utilised out of this Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised; and
- (c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Balance Sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested.
- (d) the details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;
- (e) Undertaking by our Company for execution of the Debenture Trust Deed;
- (f) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the Debenture Trust Deeds as stated in the Draft Prospectus and this Prospectus, on receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue and receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange;
- (g) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any immovable property business, dealing in equity of listed companies or lending/investment in group companies;
- (h) The allotment letter shall be issued or application money shall be unblocked within 6 (six) Working Days from the closure of this Issue or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI, or else the application money shall be refunded to the Applicants fortwith; and
- (i) Details of all monies unutilised out of the previous issues made by way of public offer, if any, shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested.

Other Undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes that:

- (a) Complaints received in respect of this Issue (except for complaints in relation to Applications submitted to Trading Members) will be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;
- (b) Necessary cooperation to the relevant credit rating agency(ies) will be extended in providing true and adequate information until the obligations in respect of the NCDs are outstanding;
- (c) Our Company will take necessary steps for the purpose of getting the NCDs listed within the specified time, i.e., within six Working Days of this Issue Closing Date;
- (d) Funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice/NCD Certificates (only upon rematerialisation of NCDs at the specific request of the Allottee/ Holder of NCDs) will be made available by our Company to the Registrar to the Issue;
- (e) Our Company will forward details of utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue, duly certified by the Statutory Auditor, to the Debenture Trustee on a half-yearly basis;
- (f) Our Company will provide a compliance certificate to the Debenture Trustee on an annual basis in respect of compliance with the terms and conditions of this Issue as contained in this Prospectus;
- (g) Our Company will disclose the complete name and address of the Debenture Trustee in its annual report;

Our Company shall make necessary disclosures/ reporting under any other legal or regulatory requirement as may be required by our Company from time to time.

SECTION VII - LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATIONS

Except as described below, there are no outstanding litigations including, suits, criminal or civil prosecutions and taxation related proceedings against our Company and its Board of Directors that may have an adverse effect on our business. Further, there are no defaults, non-payment of statutory dues including, institutional/bank dues and dues payable to holders of any debentures, bonds and fixed deposits that would have a material adverse effect on our business other than unclaimed liabilities against our Company as of the date of this Prospectus.

Save as disclosed herein below, there are no:

- litigation or legal action pending or taken by any Ministry or Department of the Government or a statutory authority against the Promoter of our Company during the last five years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Prospectus and any direction issued by such Ministry or Department or statutory authority;
- pending litigation involving our Company, our Promoter, our Directors, Group Companies or any other person, whose outcome could have material adverse effect on the position of the issuer;
- pending proceedings initiated against our Company for economic offences;
- *default and non-payment of statutory dues etc.*

Further from time to time, we have been and continue to be involved in legal proceedings filed by and/or against us, arising in the ordinary course of our business. These legal proceedings are mostly civil in nature. We believe that the number of proceedings in which we are/were involved is not unusual for a company of our size doing business in India.

Litigations against our Company

Notices

 The Deputy Registrar of Companies, Kerala ("Registrar") issued a letter dated January 21, 2014 to our Company calling for information under Section 234 of the Companies Act 1956 ("Letter"). The Registrar *vide* the Letter has, *inter alia*, sought for certain information/clarifications i.e. reasons for noncompliance of Section 219, 217(4), 383A. The Registrar has also sought for copies of the register maintained under 301 of the Companies Act 1956. Our Company *vide* letter dated February 7, 2014 submitted the copies of the relevant documents sought by the Registrar. There has been no further correspondence with the Registrar in this regard.

Tax Litigations

Direct Tax

- 1. The Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kochi ("**CITK**") filed a writ petition (c) bearing no. 23856/2013 dated August 28, 2013 ("**Writ Petition**"), before the High Court of Kerala against the order dated March 25, 2013 ("**Order**") passed by the Income Tax Settlement Commission, Chennai ("**Commission**") for the assessment years 2004-05 to 2010-11, granting immunity to our Company from penalty and prosecution. Aggrieved by the Order, the Writ Petition was filed by CITK *inter-alia* on the ground that the Commission has no authority to grant immunity to our Company from penalty and prosecution unless our Company makes full and true disclosure of its income, manner in which it was derived and cooperates with the Commission in the proceedings. The CITK further alleged that the income admitted by our Company was less than the income quantified by the Commission and hence full and true disclosure wasn't made and thus the Order passed by the Commission was against law. Further, the CITK has prayed for the issuance of writ of certiorari or any other appropriate order quashing the Order to the extent that it granted immunity to our Company from prosecution and penalty. The matter is currently pending.
- 2. The Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kochi ("**CIT**") passed an order dated November 30, 2016 under Section 263 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("**IT Act**") directing the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax,

Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") to verify a deduction amounting to ₹123.07 lakhs claimed by the Company towards discount allowed to debenture holders during the AY 2012-13. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") passed an assessment order dated August 31, 2017 under Section 263 of the IT Act ("Order") giving effect to the direction of the CIT in relation to deduction amounting to ₹123.07 lakhs claimed by the Company towards discount allowed to debenture holders during the AY 2012-13. In the Order, the AO disallowed the deduction on the grounds that certain debenture holders (out of the list of entire debenture holders) had not confirmed the debenture subscription in a prescribed proforma sent to them, as notices under Section 133(6) of the IT Act and in certain cases, as summons under Section 131 of the IT Act and some debenture holders who were served notices and summons did not respond at all. Further the Order also states that there was an instance of a cash deposit of ₹20.00 lakhs on November 26, 2011, in the Company's bank account with Kilimanoor branch which has been accounted by the Company towards subscription of debentures. The subscription amount relating to all these debenture holders aggregating to ₹3.366.40 lakhs was added to the income of the Company under Section 68 of the IT Act, and consequently, a demand of ₹1,895.72 lakhs was raised on the Company. The Company has filed an appeal dated September 28, 2017 before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) ("CIT – A") challenging the Order on *inter-alia* grounds that the assessment order is violative of principles of natural justice, additions made under Section 68 were beyond jurisdiction of the AO as well as grounds on merits justifying the claim of deduction of expenditure. Further Company has filed an appeal dated November 14, 2017, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal, Cochin against the order under Section 263. Separately, the Company approached the High Court of Kerala ("High Court") requesting for stay of demand. The High Court has passed an order dated September 12, 2017 directing the CIT – A to decide the stay application within two months of receipt of a certified copy of the High Court order. The CIT- A passed an order dated December 27, 2017 granting a stay on recovery of the demand amount. Further our Company has received an order dated September 5, 2019 from Income Tax Appellate Tribunal, Cochin by dismissing the appeal filed on November 14, 2017. The AO has completed a fresh assessment for the Assessment Year 2012-13 and passed order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the IT Act read with section 153A of the IT Act, raising a demand of ₹1,077.00 lakhs. The demand raised by the AO under section 153A of the IT Act was already covered by the erstwhile Income-tax officer under the regular assessment and had concluded the assessment vide his order dated August 31, 2017. Since, there is no fresh addition vide the order of AO dated December 29, 2019, the appeal already filed against the order dated August 31, 2017 with the CIT - A on September 28, 2017 shall stand. The matter is currently pending before CIT - A

- 3. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") has passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, raising a demand of ₹1,154.78 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2015-16 ("Assessment Order"). Our Company has filed a rectification application on January 09, 2020 with the AO under section 154 of the Act in order to rectify the Assessment Order. Our Company has also filed an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) ("CIT A") against the Assessment Order. The matter is currently pending before CIT A.
- 4. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") has passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, raising a demand of ₹1,426.08 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2016-17 ("Assessment Order"). Our Company has filed an application on January 9, 2020 with the AO under section 154 of the Act in order to rectify the Assessment Order. Our Company has also filed an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) ("CIT A") against the Assessment Order. On September 30, 2020, CIT A passed an order under section 154 of the Act based on the rectification filed by our Company and revised the total demand to ₹1,469.92 lakhs. The matter is currently pending before CIT A.
- 5. The Commissioner of Income Tax (Central) Kochi filed a writ petition bearing no. 23149/2013 ("Writ Petition"), before the High Court of Kerala against the order dated March 25, 2013 ("Order") passed by the Income Tax Settlement Commission, Chennai ("Commission") for the assessment years 2004-05 to 2010-11, granting immunity to our Group Company, Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("MKC Finance") (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) from penalty and prosecution. Aggrieved by the Order, the Writ Petition was filed by CITK *inter-alia* on the ground that the Commission has no authority to grant immunity to MKC Finance from penalty and prosecution unless MKC Finance makes full and true disclosure of its income, manner in which it was derived and cooperates with the Commission in the proceedings. The CITK further alleged that the income admitted by MKC Finance was less than the income quantified by the Commission and hence full and true disclosure wasn't made and thus the Order passed by the Commission was against law. Further, the CITK has prayed

for the issuance of writ of certiorari or any other appropriate order quashing the Order to the extent that it granted immunity to MKC Finance from prosecution and penalty. The matter is currently pending.

6. A notice for hearing dated April 15, 2016 was issued by the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("Authority") to verify the sale consideration of the property purchased by Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("MKC Finance") (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) disclosed in its income tax return, less than the actual sale consideration of the property as reported in the annual returns and the alleged mismatch in the amount paid to related persons under section 40A(2)(b) reported in the audit report and income tax return. Thereafter, MKC Finance submitted a response dated July 10, 2017 stating that tax has been paid at the maximum taxable rate and that there is no mismatch in the amount paid. Subsequently, the Authority issued an order dated October 30, 2017 against MKC Finance initiating proceedings under section 271(1)(c) for concealment of income and demanding payment to the tune of ₹93.79 lakhs for the assessment year 2015-16. Thereafter, MKC Finance filed an appeal dated November 25, 2017 before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-III, Kochi. The matter is currently pending.

Indirect Tax

- 1. The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") has issued a show cause notice bearing no. V/ST/15/154/2015 ST Adj dated April 21, 2015 ("SCN") to our Company calling upon our Company to show cause as to why a sum of ₹4,384.86 lakhs should not be included in the value of the taxable service rendered by our Company for a period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014, the differential service tax amounting to ₹5.26 lakhs, education cess amounting to ₹10.52 lakhs and higher education cess of ₹5.26 lakhs should not be demanded and recovered from our Company, under Section 73(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 ("Act"). Also, our Company was asked to show cause as to why applicable interest under Section 75 of the Act and penalty under Section 76, 77(2) and 78 should not be imposed on our Company. In the SCN the Authority contended that our Company undertook rail and bus ticket bookings and had charged amounts as token and postage charges, further our Company also received commission for doing agency business for insurance companies in addition to receiving commission from M/s Wall Street Finance Limited for acting as their sub-representatives for the purpose of offering money transfer services. Our Company vide a letter dated July 1, 2015 replied to the SCN wherein we have justified that no service tax is payable on the risk interest/token charges/postage charges and on commission received on insurance and money transfer services. The Authority vide an order dated March 15, 2016 ("Order") confirmed the demand of ₹5.26.18.392 as service tax. ₹10.52 lakhs as education cess and ₹5.26 lakhs as higher education cess thereby aggregating our total tax liability to ₹5,41,96,943 along with a penalty of ₹5,42,06,943 being imposed on our Company. Against the Order, our Company preferred an appeal dated August 16, 2016 before the Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore ("Tribunal"), wherein our Company in its prayer has requested the Tribunal to set aside the Order. The matter is currently pending.
- Our Company filed an appeal bearing no. 105/ST/CHN/2011 dated June 8, 2011 ("Appeal") before the 2. Commissioner of Central Excise and Service Tax (Appeals), Cochin challenging the order-in-original no. 39/2011-ST dated March 14, 2011 ("Order") passed by the Joint Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs ("Authority") for the assessment years September 2004 to September 2008. The Directorate General of Central Excise Intelligence, Bangalore had issued a show cause notice number 30/2009-10 dated July 20, 2009 ("SCN") to our Company alleging evasion of service tax and education cess and called upon our Company to show cause to the Authority as to why an amount of ₹39.99 lakhs towards service tax, ₹0.79 lakhs towards education cess and ₹0.24 lakhs towards secondary higher education cess along with interest and penalty under the Finance Act 1994 should not be demanded from our Company. The SCN was heard and the issue was adjudicated by the Authority vide its Order which confirmed the proposal contained in the SCN, resulting in the demand of service tax of ₹41.04 lakhs along with interest and penalties. The Appeal was filed, inter-alia, on the grounds that the disputed taxable amount is only interest received on Gold Loan which is eligible for exemption from payment of service tax. Also, the money transfer services rendered by our Company represent export of service on which levy of service tax is not legally sustainable. Our Company has prayed that the Order be set aside. The matter was decided against our Company by the Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax (Appeals-I), vide an order dated September 9, 2016, wherein the penalty passed by the Authority was upheld ("Order-II") Our Company preferred an appeal dated December 19, 2016 before the Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore ("CET-AT"), wherein our Company in its prayer has requested the CET-AT to set aside Order-II and the penalties imposed under the Order. The matter is currently pending.

- 3. The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") has issued a show cause notice no. 196/2013/ST dated October 15, 2013 ("SCN") to our Company alleging evasion of service tax, education cess and higher education cess for the period from December 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012. The SCN called upon our Company to show cause as to why the service tax amounting to ₹233.09 lakhs, education cess amounting to ₹4.66 lakhs and higher education cess of ₹2.33 lakhs along with interest and penalty should not be demanded and recovered from our Company. We have submitted our reply dated December 13, 2013 wherein we have justified that no service tax is payable on the risk interest/token charges/postage charges and on commission received on money transfer services. Subsequently, the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax *vide* order dated December 26, 2014 ("Order") confirmed the demand and disposed of the SCN. Our Company has filed an appeal dated March 31, 2015 with Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore. The matter is currently pending.
- Our Company received a show cause notice No. 131/2014/ST dated May 12, 2014 ("Notice") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Cochin, The Authority vide Notice demanded our Company to show cause as to why the differential service tax amounting to ₹221.60 lakhs, education cess amounting to ₹4.43 lakhs and secondary and higher education cess of ₹2.22 lakhs not paid under the service category "Banking & other Finance Services" for the period April 01, 2012 to June 30, 2012 should not be demanded and recovered from them under Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994; the service tax amounting to ₹0.01 lakhs, education cess of ₹299 and secondary and higher education cess of ₹149 not paid under the service category Rail Travel Agents Services for the period April 01, 2012 to June 30, 2012 should not be recovered and demanded under Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994; the service tax amounting to ₹562, education cess of ₹11 and secondary and higher education cess of ₹6 not paid under the service category Travel Agents for the period April 01, 2012 to June 30, 2012 should not be recovered and demanded under Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994; the service tax amounting to ₹0.23 lakhs, education cess of ₹462 and secondary and higher education cess of ₹231 not paid under the service category Business Auxiliary Services for the period April 01, 2012 to June 30, 2012 should not be recovered and demanded under Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994; the service tax amounting to ₹1.46 lakhs, education cess of ₹2,923 and secondary and higher education cess of ₹1,462 not paid under the service category Business Auxiliary Services for the period April 01, 2012 to June 30, 2012 should not be recovered and demanded under Section 73 (1) of the Finance Act, 1994. Further, why separate penalties should not be imposed under the provisions of Section 76 and 77 of the Finance Act, 1994. Our Company replied to the Notice vide letter dated June 18, 2014. Subsequently, the Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax vide order dated December 26, 2014 ("Order") confirmed the demand and disposed of the SCN Our Company has filed an appeal dated March 31, 2015 with Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore. The matter is currently pending.
- The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") issued a Show Cause 5. Notice bearing No. 228/2013/S'I' dated October 24, 2013 ("SCN") to our Company. The SCN called upon our Company to show cause as to why ₹65,79,78,920 should not be included in taxable value under the head 'Banking and Financial Services', and an amount of service tax amounting to ₹6,62,52,174, education cess of ₹13,25,044 and higher education cess of ₹6,62,527 under the head of 'Banking & other financial service' for the period of October 2008 to November 2011 should not be demanded and recovered from our Company, the differential service tax amounting to ₹50,728, education cess amounting to ₹1,015 and higher education cess of ₹507 under the service category 'Rail Travel Services' for the commission received for the period 2009-10 to November 2011 should not be demanded and recovered from our Company, the differential service tax amounting to ₹13,42,864, education cess amounting to ₹26,857 and higher education cess of ₹13,429 under the service category 'business auxiliary services' for the period October 2008 to November 2011 and deferential tax of ₹815, education cess of ₹16 and higher education cess of ₹8 under the head of 'Travel agent service' for the period of November 2010 to November 2011 should not be demanded and recovered from our Company, an amount of ₹1,31,23,879 received as commission on money transfer should not be included in the taxable value under the category 'Business Auxiliary Services', the amount of ₹13,42,864 being the service tax on the commission along with education cess for the period from October 2008 to November 2011 should not be demanded and recovered from our Company along with interest and penalty. Subsequently, the Authority vide order dated December 26, 2014 confirmed the demand and disposed of the SCN. Our Company has filed an appeal dated March 31, 2015 with Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore. The matter is currently pending.
- 6. The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") issued a Show Cause Notice bearing No 211/2014/ST dated September 30, 2014 ("SCN"). The SCN called upon our Company to show cause as to why, service tax and education cess amounting to ₹9,72,89,472 for services rendered for the

period of July 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013, should not be included in taxable value under the head 'Banking and Financial Services' including risk interest, token charges and postage charges, business auxiliary service, on money transfer activities, air travel agent, rail travel agent and other travel agent's services. Subsequently, the Authority *vide* order dated March 18, 2016 ("**Order**") confirmed the demand of the outstanding tax liability of ₹9,72,89, 472 along with levying a total penalty of ₹97,38,000. Against the Order, our Company preferred an appeal dated August 16, 2016 before the Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore ("**Tribunal**"), wherein our Company in its prayer has requested the Tribunal to set aside the Order. The matter is currently pending.

- 7. The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") issued a Show Cause Notice bearing No. 224/2016/ST, C. No. V/ST/15/190/2016-STAdj dated April 22, 2016 ("SCN"). The SCN called upon our Company to show cause as to why a sum of ₹71,92,42,179 collected in excess of 18% per annum from the gold loan customers, accounted as interest on gold loan account, ₹76,06,355 accounted as token charges and ₹53,67,330 accounted as postage charges, should not be included in the value of taxable services rendered by them during the period from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015 ("Taxable Period"). Our Company was asked to show cause as to why a service tax amounting to ₹8,78,65,904, education cess of ₹17,57,318 and secondary higher education cess of ₹8,78,660 in the Taxable Period should not be levied. Our Company filed a reply to the SCN, dated May 21, 2016. The matter is currently pending.
- 8. The Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority") issued a Show Cause Notice bearing No. 01/2016/ST (R) C. No IV/10/15/KF/2015-ST(R) dated February 19, 2016 ("SCN"). The SCN called upon our Company to show cause, as to why the refund of ₹4,95,564 claimed for services provided to the Mobile Telephone Switching Office ("MTSOs") during the period covered in the Notification No. 19/2015 ST dated October 14, 2015, issued under Section 11C of Central Excise Act, 1944 should not be rejected. Subsequently, the Authority vide order dated March 31, 2016 rejected the claim for refund of ₹4,95,564 ("Order"). Our Company filed an appeal dated June 4, 2016, against the Order, before the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs (Appeals), Cochin ("Appeal"). The Appeal was rejected vide an order dated July 27, 2018 ("Order in Appeal"). Subsequently, our Company filed an appeal against Order in Appeal before the Assistant Registrar, Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore and prayed that the Order in Appeal be set aside and the Service Tax of ₹4,86,408 paid by our Company for the period from April 2014 to September 2014, which was not payable, be ordered to be refunded along with the applicable interest. Further, the Assistant Registrar, Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore vide an order dated June 4, 2019, allowed our Company to entitle the benefits of exemption notification No. 19/2015 dated October 14, 2015 for qualification / verification proof of payment of service tax, disposed off the appeal filed in the Order in Appeal and remanded back the matter to the original authority. The matter is currently pending.
- The Office of the Inspecting Assistant Commissioner (Intelligence Branch), Commercial Taxes, Kottayam 9 ("Authority") issued a Show Cause Notice bearing No. IBK/2/1/15-16 dated August 31, 2016 ("SCN"). The SCN called our Company to show cause as to a penalty of ₹1,17,90,000 should not be charged for evading Tax Deductible at Source ("TDS"), which was allegedly due under The Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 ("KVAT") towards work contracts entered into with various dealers toward setting up wind mills. Our Company filed a reply dated October 06. 2016 to this SCN, stating that TDS under Section 10 of the KVAT, as claimed by the Authority, would be applicable only to a works contract. Our Company claims that the contracts entered into with the dealers are in the nature of divisible contracts, not work contracts, and therefore Section 10 of the KVAT would be inapplicable. Our Company also claimed that in case of inter-state transactions, the KVAT would be inapplicable. The State Tax Officer, Kottayam passed an order dated July 19, 2018 ("Penalty Order") imposing a penalty of ₹83,35,666 under Section 67(1) of the KVAT for evasion of tax. Consequently, our Company on August 31, 2018 had filed a writ petition bearing reference number WP (C) 28524/2018 before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum ("WP 28524/2018") praying before the High Court to stay all further proceedings pursuant to the Penalty Order, however, the WP 28524/2018 got dismissed on the ground that the issues under WP 28524/2018 stand squarely covered against our Company by a judgment dated January 11, 2019 in W.P. (C) No.11335 of 2018. In this regard, our Company had filed a writ appeal bearing reference number W.A.1068/19 before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum challenging the dismissal of the aforesaid WP 28524/2018 and the High Court of Kerala vide order dated April 09, 2019 allowed the writ appeal and the aforesaid WP 28524/2018 is restored for fresh consideration and for disposal of the issues as provided in the appeal order.

Further, a demand notice bearing No. A-2266/19, KTM II (RRC No.84/19-20) under Section 7 of KVAT ("Demand Notice") was recived by our Company on August 31, 2019 from the office of the Assistant

Commissioner, State Goods and Service Taxes of Kottayam informing our Company that if the amount in arrears pursuant to the Penalty Order amounting to ₹83,35,666, notice fee of ₹4 and all expenses of distress is not paid then the distrained property will be immediately brought to public sale. Consequently, our Company *vide* its letter dated September 20, 2019 requested the Assistant Commissioner, State Goods and Service Taxes of Kottayam, that the demand made under the Demand Notice may be withdrawn/kept in abeyance as the decision of the High Court of Kerala under WP 28524/2018 in connection to the Peanlty Oder is still pending.

- 10. The Commercial Tax Inspector, Commercial Tax Check Post, Cumbummettu ("Inspector"), intercepted a vehicle belonging to our Company, which were loaded with windmill flour foundation parts and found certain discrepancies in the documents presented at the spot. Being dissatisfied the Inspector issued a notice under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 questioning the genuineness of the documents provided and alleged an attempt to evade taxation. The Inspector demanded security deposit of ₹2.90.000 pending disposal of the matter. Thereafter the matter was transferred to the Office of the Intelligence Officer, Squad No. IV, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("Authority") who on account of the failure of the consignee to appear before the Authority, passed an order dated November 25, 2016 ("Order") converting the security deposit amount of ₹2,90,000 into a penalty. Our Company has filed an appeal against the Order before the Deputy Commissioner (Appeals), Department of Commercial Taxes, Kottayam. Consequently, the Deputy Commissioner (Appeals), Department of Commercial Taxes, Kottayam set aside the aforesaid Order of penalty vide order dated February 02, 2019 ("Order I") and directed our Company to file objection and produce the books of accounts before the assessing Authorithy within three weeks from the date of Order I and remanded back the matter to the Commercial Tax Department for fresh adjudication. The State Tax Officer, State GST Department (Squard IV, Kottayam) issued order dated December 27, 2019 by imposing a penalty of ₹ 10.000 for the non accompanying of proper documents at the time of transportation of goods and ordered to refund the balance amount of ₹2,80,000 to our Company.
- 11. The Intelligence Inspector, Commercial Tax Idukki at Kattappana ("**Inspector**"), intercepted a vehicle belonging to our Company, which were loaded with windmill flour foundation parts and found certain discrepancies in the documents presented at the spot. Being dissatisfied the Inspector issued a notice dated May 2, 2017 under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 questioning the genuineness of the documents provided and alleged an attempt to evade taxation. The Inspector demanded security deposit of ₹159,450. Subsequently, the Intelligence Officer, Squad No. IV, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("**Enquiry Officer**"), converted the security deposit into penalty *vide* order dated 28 June 2017 under Section 47 read with Rule 67 of the KVAT Act ("**Order**"), on grounds that our Company could not produce enough evidence to establish their claim and therefore attempted tax evasion is well proved. Being aggrieved by the Order, our Company filed an appeal dated October 23, 2017, before the Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) Department of Commercial Taxes, Kottayam, against the penalty of ₹159,450 imposed by the Enquiry Officer. Subsequently, the State Tax Officer *vide* its order, directed to refund the security deposit of ₹159,450 to our Company. The matter is currently pending.
- 12. The Commercial Tax Inspector, Commercial Tax Check Post at Kottayam ("**Inspector**"), intercepted three vehicles belonging to our Company, transporting windmill devices to Idukki district and found certain discrepancies in the documents presented. Being dissatisfied, the Inspector issued notices for each vehicle dated March 30, 2015 under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 questioning the genuineness of the documents provided and alleged an attempt to evade taxation. The Inspector demanded a security deposits of ₹1.13 lakhs from each vehicle. Subsequently, the Intelligence Officer, Squad No. I, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("**Enquiry Officer**") converted the security deposits into penalty *vide* order dated December 5, 2017 ("**Order**") on grounds of attempted tax evasion. Being aggrieved by the Order, our Company filed an appeal dated January 18, 2018 before the Deputy Commissioner (Appeals) Department of Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("**Court**") against the penalty of ₹1.13 lakhs imposed on each vehicle by the Enquiry Officer. Subsequently, the Court *vide* order dated July 4, 2018 remanded back the penalty orders to the Enquiry Officer for a detailed enquiry and fresh disposal. That, the Enquiry Officer *vide* it's order dated August 21, 2019 reduced the penalty amount to ₹10,000 and the balance amount of ₹1,02,500 was ordered to be refunded to the Company. The matter is currently pending.
- 13. The Intelligence Inspector, Squad VI, Idukki at Kumily ("Inspector"), intercepted two vehicles belonging to our Company, loaded with wind mill devices and found certain discrepancies in the documents in support. Subsequently, the Inspector issued a notice dated May 30, 2016 under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 ("KVAT Act") pointing out certain defects in the documents and demanded a security deposit of ₹1.4 lakhs each. Subsequently, the Intelligence Officer, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("Enquiry

Officer"), converted the security deposit into penalty *vide* order dated December 20, 2017 under Section 47(6) read with Rule 67 of the KVAT Act ("**Order**"), alleging that the intention of our Company was to resell the goods and evade payment of tax. Aggreived by the Order passed by the Enquiry Officer, our Company had filed an appeal before the Assistant Commission (Appeals), State Goods and Services Tax Department, Kottayam ("Assistant Commissioner"). The Assistant Commissioner *vide* its order dated November 30, 2019 reduced the penalty into a minimum penalty of ₹10,000 and directed the Enquiry Officer to revise the penalty. The matter is presently pending before the Equiry Officer for revision of the penalty.

- 14. The Intelligence Inspector, Squad VI, Idukki at Kumily ("**Inspector**"), intercepted a vehicle belonging to our Company, loaded with wind mill devices and found certain discrepancies in the documents in support. Subsequently, the Inspector issued a notice dated June 29, 2016 under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 ("**KVAT Act**") pointing out certain defects in the documents and demanded security deposit of ₹2.7 lakhs. Subsequently, the Intelligence Officer, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("**Enquiry Officer**"), converted the security deposit into penalty *vide* order dated December 20, 2017 under Section 47(6) read with Rule 67 (7) of the KVAT Act ("**Order**"), alleging that the intention of our Company was to resell the goods and evade payment of tax. Aggreived by the Order passed by the Enquiry Officer, our Company had filed an appeal before the Assistant Commission (Appeals), State Goods and Services Tax Department, Kottayam ("**Assistant Commissioner**"). The Assistant Commissioner *vide* its order dated November 30, 2019 reduced the penalty into a minimum penalty of ₹10,000 and directed the Enquiry Officer to revise the penalty. The matter is presently pending before the Equiry Officer for revision of the penalty.
- 15. The Intelligence Inspector, Squad VI, Idukki at Kumily ("**Inspector**"), intercepted a vehicle belonging to our Company, loaded with wind mill devices and found certain discrepancies in the documents in support. Subsequently, the Inspector issued a notice dated May 25, 2016 under Section 47 of the Kerala Value Added Tax Act, 2003 ("**KVAT Act**") pointing out certain defects in the documents and demanded security deposit of ₹1.9 lakhs. Subsequently, the Intelligence Officer, Commercial Taxes, Kottayam ("**Enquiry Officer**"), converted the security deposit into penalty *vide* order dated December 20, 2017 under Section 47(6) read with Rule 67 (7) of the KVAT Act ("**Order**"), alleging that the intention of our Company was to resell the goods and evade payment of tax. Aggreived by the Order passed by the Enquiry Officer, our Company had filed an appeal before the Assistant Commission (Appeals), State Goods and Services Tax Department, Kottayam ("**Assistant Commissioner**"). The Assistant Commissioner *vide* its order dated November 30, 2019 reduced the penalty into a minimum penalty of ₹10,000 and directed the Enquiry Officer to revise the penalty. The matter is presently pending before the Equiry Officer for revision of the penalty.
- 16. State Tax Officer, Office of the State Tax officer, 2nd Circle, Kottayam on November 26, 2018 ("Authority") issued a notice ("Notice") against our Company under Section 10 of the KVAT ACT, 2003 stating that our Company has failed to deduct the TDS from the payment to the contractos as provided in the Notice and instructed our Company to pay the tax of an amount to ₹41,67,835. To this, our Company vide it's letter dated January 29, 2019 replied that our Company is not liable to deduct any TDS as the provisions of Section 10 of the KVAT ACT, 2003 is not applicable to the transctions undertaken by our Company and submitted that the imposition of penalty is not warranted. However, proceedings before the Authorithy was initiated and our Company vide order dated June 29, 2019 ("Order") was directed to pay an amount of ₹63,51,175 including the interest of an amout of ₹21,83,340 to the Authority. Consequently, our Company has filed a reply stating that the Authoirthy has erred in considering the submisions made by our Company and therefore, requested the Authorithy to rectify the order passed on June 29, 2019. Aggrieved by the order dated June 29, 2019 passed by the Authority, our Company has filed a writ petition having W.P.(C) No. 33858 of 2019 ("Petition") before the High Court of Kerala, at Ernakulam ("High Court") for issuing a wirt of Mandamus or such other writ, order or direction directing the Authority to consider and pass appropriate orders in rectification application on merits and restraining the Authority from recovering the amounts under Order. Subsequently, the High Court vide it's judgement dated December 11, 2019 ("Judgement"), disposed of the Writ Petition after directing the Authority to consider and pass orders on rectification application within a period of one month from the date of receipt of a copy of Judgement, after hearing the Company. Further, the Aurthority were also directed that the recovery steps pursuant to revenue recovery notice for recovery of the amounts confirmed against the Company under the Order shall be kept in abevance till such time the orders is passed by the Authority. Subsequently, the Authority re-examined the matter pursuant to the Judgement passed by High Court and passed an order on February 29, 2020, rejecting the rectification application on the ground that the rectification application is not sustainable, therefore no rectification is required in the Order. The matter is pending.
- 17. Our Company has received a show cause notice bearing no. 59/2017-18 ST (Commr) dated March 8, 2018

("Notice") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central GST and Central Excise, Thiruvananthapuram ("Authority"). The Notice was issued by the Authroity notifying our Company of being in violation of Section 68 and 70 of the Finance Act, 1994 read with Service Tax Rules 1994 ("Act") and directing that services provided to customers from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 for which our Company received consideration, should be treated as taxable service along with the amount to the tune of ₹10,86,11,918 being the leviable service tax, amount to the tune of ₹2,07,516 being the leviable education cess and amount to the tune of ₹1,03,758 being the secondary and higher education cess and amount to the tune of ₹11,30,494 being the Swatch Bharat Cess totalling to ₹11,00,53,686, along with imposition of penalty and interest being recoverable from our Company. Our Company replied to the Notice vide a letter dated May 5, 2018. Subsequently, the Commissioner of Central GST and Central Excise ("Commissioner") vide its order dated July 6, 2018 confirmed the demand of $\gtrless 1, 28, 349$ imposed penalty aggregating to $\gtrless 22, 835$ and dropped further proceedings initiated in the Notice ("Order"). Our Company has filed an appeal dated October 8, 2018 against the Order, to set aside the impugned Order ("Company Appeal"). The Review Committee of Chief Commissioners reviewed the Order and passed a review order dated November 14. 2018 ("Review Order") directing the Commissioner Central Tax and Central Excise, Thiruvananthapuram to file an appeal against the Order and accordingly the Commissioner Central Tax and Central Excise, Thiruvananthapuram filed an appeal dated November 27, 2018 ("Department Appeal") before the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Bench ("CESTAT") along with an application for condonation of delay in filing of the Department Appeal. Both the Company Appeal and the Department Appeal in the matter are currently pending.

- 18. In furtherance to the show cause notice bearing number C. No. V/ST/15/194/2014 ST Adj 828/14 dated May 22, 2014, The Commissioner of Central Excise, Customs and Service Tax, Cochin vide an order bearing no. COC-EXCUS-0000COM-075/14-15 dated February 27, 2015 ("Order") directed Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("MKC Finance") (since then merged with our Company vide an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) that on account of charging risk interest, token charges, postage and other expenses over and above the rate of 18% interest on gold loan, which was held to be includible in the value of the taxable service. Therefore in contravention of Section 68, 69, 70 and 78 of Finance Act, 1994 ("Act"), read with Rule 6 of Service Tax Rules, 1994 ("Rules") and other applicable provisions, MKC Finance was directed to pay an amount to the tune of ₹139.10 lakhs towards unpaid service tax, along with ₹2.78 lakhs being the education cess, ₹1.39 lakhs being the secondary and higher education cess, total amounting to ₹143.28 lakhs with interest and penalty of ₹0.10 lakhs while providing "Banking & other Finance Services" for the period April, 2009 to June, 2012. MKC Finance has preferred an appeal no. ST/21302/2015-DB dated June 9, 2015 before the Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore ("Tribunal") against the Order ("Appeal") praying for the Order to be set aside and the amount of ₹139.10 lakhs be included in the taxable value under 'Banking and Financing Services' in terms of Section 67 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Rules along with setting aside the imposition of penalty and other demands. The matter is currently pending before the Tribunal.
- 19. Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("**MKC Finance**") (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) has received a show cause notice bearing no. 106/2015/ST dated April 20, 2015 ("**Notice**") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("**Authority**"). The Notice was issued notifying MKC Finance of being in violation of Section 68, 69 and 70 of the Finance Act, 1994 read with Service Tax Rules 1994 ("**Act**") and directing that services provided to customers from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014 for which MKC Finance received consideration, is to be treated as taxable service along with the amount to the tune of ₹36,87,087 being the leviable service tax, amount to the tune of ₹73,742 being the leviable education cess and amount to the tune of ₹36,871 being the secondary and higher education cess on the taxable value of ₹3,07,25,720, along with imposition of penalty and interest is recoverable from MKC Finance. MKC Finance replied to the Notice *vide* a letter dated July 2, 2015. The Authority passed an order dated December 29, 2015 confirming the demand along with levying penalties of ₹3,79,770 for failure to pay service tax and ₹10,000 under Section 77 of the Act. Our Company filed an appeal bearing number ST/20869/2016-DB dated May 31, 2016 before the Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore. The matter is currently pending.
- 20. Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("MKC Finance") (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) has received a show cause notice bearing no. 307/2014/ST dated October 27, 2014 ("Notice") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central Excise and Customs, Cochin ("Authority"). The Notice was issued notifying MKC Finance to show cause as to why the services provided by them to their customers from July 1, 2012 to March 31, 2013 for which MKC Finance received consideration should not be considered to be services as defined under Section 65B(44) and 65B(51)

of the Finance Act, 1994 read with Service Tax Rules 1994 ("Act") and consequently be subject to a levy of $\overline{\xi}64,35,399$ as service tax, $\overline{\xi}1,28,708$ as education cess and $\overline{\xi}64,354$ as secondary and higher secondary cess on the taxable value of $\overline{\xi}5,36,28,323$. Our Company replied to the Notice *vide* a letter dated December 6, 2014. The Authority passed an order dated December 29, 2015 confirming the demand along with levying penalties of $\overline{\xi}6,62,846$ for failure to pay service tax and $\overline{\xi}10,000$ under Section 77 of the Act. Our Company filed an appeal bearing number ST/20869/2016-DB dated May 31, 2016 before the Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore. The matter is currently pending.

- 21. Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Financiers Private Limited ("MKC Finance") (since then merged with our Company vide an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) has received a show cause notice bearing no. 61/2017-18 ST (JC) dated February 22, 2018 ("Notice") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central GST and Central Excise, Thiruvananthapuram ("Authority"). The Notice was issued notifying MKC Finance of being in violation of Section 68 and 70 of the Finance Act, 1994 read with Service Tax Rules 1994 ("Act") and directing that services provided to customers from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 for which MKC Finance received consideration, is to be treated as taxable service along with the amount to the tune of ₹58,30,204 being the leviable service tax, amount to the tune of ₹6,394 being the leviable education cess and amount to the tune of ₹3,197 being the secondary and higher education cess and amount to the tune of ₹88,295 being the Swatch Bharat Cess totalling to ₹59,28,090 on the taxable value of ₹4,20,24,875, along with imposition of penalty and interest is recoverable from MKC Finance. MKC Finance replied to the Notice vide a letter dated May 5, 2018. Subsequently, the Authority vide its order dated July 16, 2018 demanded ₹6,424 being the leviable service tax, amount to the tune of ₹128 being the leviable education cess and amount to the tune of ₹64 being the secondary and higher education cess along with penalty aggregating to ₹1,162. Our Company has filed an appeal dated October 10, 2018 ("Appeal"), against the order of the Authority to set aside the impugned Order, demand of service tax and interest and the penalty levied. Subsequently, vide order dated September 14, 2020, the Commissioner (Appeals) rejected the Appeal filed by our Company against the order of the Authority. Subsequently, our Company paid a penalty of ₹13,111. The matter is currently pending.
- 22. Our Company has received a show cause notice bearing no. 22/2018-19/ST (Commissioner) dated March 31, 2019 ("Notice") from the Office of the Commissioner of Central GST and Central Excise, Thiruvananthapuram ("Authority"). The Notice was issued by the Authority notifying our Company of being in violation of Sections 68 and 70 of the Finance Act, 1994 read with Rules 6 and 7 of Service Tax Rules, 1994 ("Act") and called upon our Company to show cause as to why (i) a sum of ₹77,43,21,956 collected in excess of 18% per annum from the gold loan customers accounted as interest on gold loan account, should not be included in the value of taxable services rendered by us during the period from April 01, 2016 to June 30, 2017 ("Taxable Period") and assessed to service tax at the appropriate rate; (ii) the differential service tax amounting to ₹10,84.05,074, swach bharat cess amounting to ₹38,71,610 and krishi kalyan cess amounting to ₹34,00,517 and total tax amounting to ₹11,56,77,200 for the Taxable Period should not be demanded under Section 73(1) of the Finance Act, 1994; (iii) the interest as applicable should not be demanded for late payment of tax under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994; (iv) the penalty should not be imposed on us under Section 76 of the Finance Act, 1994 for the violation of Section 68 read with Rule 6 of the Service Tax Rules, 1994; (v) the penalty should not be imposed on us under Section 77(2) for violation of Section 70 of the Finance Act, 1994 by failing to assess the tax liability correctly and by failing to file the returns correctly with the jurisdictional Superintendent of the Central Excise for which no penalty is specially provided elsewhere in the Finance Act, 1994. The matter is currently pending.

Criminal Cases

Nil

Civil Cases

 K.V. Chakrvarthi, Enquiry Officer ("Authority") issued summons dated December 16, 2014 ("Summons") to our Company's branch managers of the Madukkarai branch, Othakamandapam Branch and Kuruchi Branch directing our Company to hand over the possession of allegedly misappropriated jewels of the member/public who mortgaged the said jewels in K.746 Othakalmandapam Chittipalayam Primary Agriculture Cooperative Society Limited and which were allegedly misappropriated and re-mortgaged with our Company. The Authority issued another summon dated December 19, 2014 ("Summons 1") to our Company stating that non-compliance of the Summons will attract legal action as per law. Subsequently, the Authority filed a suit in the Court of Judicial Magistrate No. IV, where the court directed the branch managers to deliver the possession of the said jewels ("**Order**"). The Authority on December 23, 2014 seized 1358.8 grams of gold worth ₹26,80,900 from the Madukkarai branch, 2996.7 grams of gold worth ₹59,89,100/- from the Othakkalmandapam Branch and 727.8 grams of gold worth ₹14,26,600/- form the Kuruchi Branch. Our Company has filed a complaint dated January 12, 2015 with the Deputy Registrar of Co-operative society, against the Authority and the seizure of the said jewels. Our Company preferred an appeal against the Order, *vide* a writ petition dated November 23, 2015 ("**Writ Petition**") against the branch manager of Muthoot Finance, Sundapuram Branch, the branch manager of Muthoot Finance, Kinathukadavu Branch, the branch manager of Muthoot Finance, Malumichampatti Branch, and the Authority was bad in law. The Writ Petition therefore prayed for a stay on all proceedings of the Order. The matter is presently pending.

- 2. Lakshminarayan ("Plaintiff") filed a petition dated July 5, 2018 bearing number O.S. No. 78 of 2018 ("Petition") against our Company before the Sub Judge's Court, Kottayam ("Court") under Section 26 read with Order VII Rule 1 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 praying for the realisation of ₹10,15,826 with interest, realisation of costs from the suit and any other relief the Court deems fit. It was alleged that our Company along with the turn key contractor Shriram EPC Limited colluded to avoid payment of cost to the Plaintiff for the new private road constructed as well as cost by settlement of contractual obligations. Additionally it was alleged that our Company defaulted in payment commitments in connection with the civil works contract citing reasons of violation of the date of completion of the project and terminating the civil works contract extended to the Plaintiff. That, the Court *vide* its order dated July 15, 2019 rejected the plaint on the ground of the failure of the Plaintiff to deposit the balance court fee with the Court. Subsequebtly, the Plaintiff appealed before the District Court, Kottayam praying to remand back the matter before the Court and the matter to be disposed afresh. The Court of the Principal District judge, Kottayam *vide* it's order dated October 30, 2019, remanded the case to the Court below for adjudication on merits. . The matter is pending.
- 3. Insight Project Management Consultants ("**Plaintiff**") filed a plaint dated November 28, 2014 against Shriram EPC and our Company ("**Defendants**") before the Munsiff's Court, Kattapana ("**Court**") under Section 26, Order VII Rule 1 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 ("**CPC**") praying *inter alia* for granting a permanent prohibitory injunction and restraining the Defendants from recovering possession of the disputed property by force. The Plaintiff subsequently filed an affidavit dated October 1, 2017 under Order VI Rule 17 of the CPC to amend the plaint incorporating relief of damages to the tune of ₹41.45 lakhs ("**Appliation for Amendment**"). Thereafter, the Court passed an order dated July 16, 2018 ("**Order**") dismissing the Application for Amendment. Subsequently, the Plaintiff filed a petition dated August 14, 2018 against the Defendants ("**Petition**") before the High Court of Kerala against the Order of the Court. Our Company has filed a counter affidavit dated October 29, 2018 against Petition. That, the High Court of Kerala *vide* an order dated February 05, 2019 allowed the Application for Ammendment and set aside the aforesaid Order and also, allowed the original petition for further proceedings. Subsequently the Plaintiff has filed an amended plaint *vide* OS 33/19 before the Sub Court, Kattappana for want of pecuniary jurisdiction. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. V. Achuthan ("Plaintiff") has filed a plaint having O.S. No. 226/2019 on November 25, 2019 against our Company ("Defendant 1") and Vatakara Branch Manager ("Defendant 2" together with Defendant 1 "Defendents") before the Munsif Court, Vatakara ("Court") under Section 26 Order 7 Rule 1 of code of Civil Procdure 1908. The Plantiff had on June 27, 2018, availed a loan of ₹21,000 by pledging two gold rings weighing together 9.90 grams from Defendant 2. In the present matter, the Plaintiff has alleged that the Defendents had illegal sold his ornaments without any intimation. The Defendents had received a summons to appear before Court on January 01, 2020. The matter is currently pending.

Labour Cases

 The Assistant Labour Office, Nedumkadam ("Authority") conducted an inspection at our branch at Nedumkandam and issued an inspection report dated February 22, 2017 which recorded a failure on our Company's behalf to disburse the salary through the wages protection system ("WPS"). Subsequently, the Authority issued a show cause notice to our Company, bearing reference no.72/2017, dated April 20, 2017 ("SCN"), under the Kerala Shops and Commercial Establishment Act, 1960. Through the SCN the Authority directed our Company to submit certain documents and appear before the Authority. In response to the SCN, our Company filed a reply dated May 12, 2017 ("Reply") which contended that the Labour Department has recently implemented a new IT enabled system of wage disbursement through which wages are transferred to the respective employee's bank account. The Non-Banking Finance Companies Welfare Associations obtained a stay order dated April 12, 2017 from the High Court of Kerala ("**High Court**") against the implementation of the WPS in their member companies. Our Company in its submission has informed the same to the Authority along with submitting copies of the stay order. However, the Authority refused to accept our Company's contention proceeded with the matter. Subsequently, our Company filed an application dated August 29, 2017, before the High Court for a stay on the proceedings before the Court of the Judicial First-Class Magistrate Nedumkandam ("**Court**"). The High Court *vide* order dated August 29, 2017 granted a stay on further proceedings before the Court. The matter is currently pending.

- 2. Anil Kumar G.P ("**Applicant**") filed an application dated June 8, 2017 before the Controlling Authority under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 (Deputy Labour Commissioner and Secretary State Advisory Contract Labour Board), Thiruvananthapuram ("**Authority**") alleging that he was entitled to gratuity from the Company under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Authority *vide* notice dated July 4, 2017 demanding appearance of our Company to address the application. Our Company refuted the claim by filing a counter statement dated November 28, 2017 claiming the Applicant has not completed five years of uninterrupted service and therefore is not eligible for gratuity. The matter is currently pending.
- 3. The Assistant Labour Officer, Kozhikode II circle ("Authority") conducted an inspection on October 17, 2015 at our branch office and issued a demand notice dated December 01, 2015 ("Notice") under Section 20(2) of Minimum Wages Act, 1948 demanding arrears of minimum wages as stated in the Notice and for that purpose. Further, a case has been registered before Deputy Labour Commissioner, Kozhikode bearing case no. No. MCPNo.14/16 ("Claim Petition") in relation to arrears of minimum wages. Our Company vide letter dated February 14, 2019 has submitted their objection in the Claim Petition and prayed that the Authority be pleased to reject the Claim Petition as the same is not maintainable. The matter is currently pending.

Potential litigations against our Company

Nil

Litigations by our Company

Criminal cases

- Our Company ("Complainant") has filed a first information report, bearing no 366/15 dated June 13, 2015 ("FIR") against Vinod. K. John (Branch manager) ("Accused") at Gudallur police station, for criminal misappropriation of funds amounting to ₹2.5 lakhs by facilitation of fake and forged pledging. The customer remitted ₹2.5 lakhs on June 18, 2015 against the above pledge which was honoured by our Company, on account of maintenance of customer relationship. Our Company has also reported details of the misappropriation to the RBI vide Fraud no. KFLK 15020003. The matter is pending for investigation by the Police.
- 2. Our Company, through its regional manager, Sankara Narayanan ("Complainant") has registered a first information report bearing no. 70/2015 dated March 10, 2015 ("FIR") against Rameshkannan (Manager) and Remalakshmi (together referred to as the "Accused") before the Thovalai Police Station under Section 390 of the Indian Penal Code. Our Company claims that the Accused had stolen one of the Gold packets (GL No: -7475) worth ₹4.16 lakhs, from our Company. All the gold packets were in order on the date of verification by the Appraiser on December 30, 2014 and the missing packet was found on January 02, 2015. Our Company has also reported details of the missing packets to the RBI *vide* Fraud no. KFLK15020002. The matter is pending for investigation by the Police.
- 3. Our Company has filed a first information report No. 548 dated October 9, 2013 ("**FIR**") at Khajuri Khas Police Station against unknown accused for offences under Sections 397/34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 and 25/27 of the Arms Act, 1959. Gold ornaments amounting to a total value of ₹6.40 lakhs were stolen from the Bhajanpura branch of our Company in New Delhi by two unknown persons. Our Company has also reported details of the robbery to the RBI. The matter is pending for investigation by the Police.
- 4. Our Company, through its branch manager has registered a FIR against Robin and Roni (together referred to as the "Accused") before the Chenkalpattu Police Station under Section 409, 420, 468, 471 of the Indian Penal Code. Our Company claims that the Accused has stolen ₹3.24 lakhs and cheated rent amount for ₹0.56 lakhs and further pledged spurious gold of about 12,176 grams and misappropriated ₹23.89 lakhs from our

Company. The matter is under police investigation and an application for bail by the Accused was rejected by the Judicial Magistrate No. II, Chengalpattu *vide* order dated September 12, 2014. The matter has been reported to RBI for deficiency of funds at the branch *vide* Fraud no. KLF K 14030001 dated September 19, 2014. Further, our Company filed a petition 28442 of 2015 before the Madras High Court ("**Court**") against the Inspector of Police ("**Department**") under Section 482 of the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 ("**Petition**"). *Vide* the Petition our Company requested the Court to direct Department to file a final report in this matter, within a stipulated time period. The Court *vide* an order dated November 25, 2015, directed the Department to file the final report as expeditiously as possible. Chargesheet has been issued and the accused is summoned for signature verification. The matter is currently pending.

- 5. Our Company through Sherly Joseph, Area Manager of our Company ("Complainant") filed a FIR bearing no 0211/2014 dated April 09, 2014 against its employees of the Bangalore, Ayyapa nagar branch of the Company, namely Binu K Sam and Ajitha P.P ("Accused") for criminal misappropriation of funds amounting to ₹12,50,000 by drawing the sum through a cheque under false pretence. The matter is under investigation and the cash shortage caused due to the misappropriation has been reported to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KLF K 14020001 dated May 09, 2014. Matter is currently pending.
- 6. Our Company through Sheryl Joseph, Area Manager of our Company ("**Complainant**") has filed a FIR bearing no 0123/2014 dated April 15, 2014 against its employees at the Shivaji Nagar, Bangalore Branch namely, Anuradha Rajan and Shiny Samuel and a customer, Uma Bhaskar, ("Accused") for criminal misappropriation of funds amounting to ₹10,03,900 by facilitation of pledging spurious gold by the Accused customer. The matter is under investigation and the cash shortage caused due to the misappropriation has been reported to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KLF K 14020002 dated May 09, 2014. Matter is currently pending.
- 7. Our Company through Simon P.S, Manager of the Thripunithura Branch ("**Complainant**") has filed a FIR bearing no 0718/2014 dated April 15, 2014 against a customer Radhalakshmi ("Accused") for pledging spurious gold for a loan amounting to ₹2,82,000. The matter is under investigation and the cash shortage caused due to the misappropriation has been reported to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KLF K 14020003 dated May 14, 2014. Subsequently, the case has been transferred to the court of the Additional Judicial Magistrate, first class, bearing CC Number 2151/15. The matter is currently pending.
- 8. Our Company through Sherly Joseph, Area Manager of the Company ("Complainant") has filed a FIR bearing no 220/2014 dated October 17, 2014 against Rajajinagar, Bangalore Branch Manager and Joint Custodian and customers Vimal Kumar and Ganesh Rao, ("Accused") on September 25, 2014 for criminal misappropriation of funds amounting to ₹99,45,000 by facilitation of fake and forged pledging. The Customer remitted ₹28,50,000 on October 13, 2014 against the above pledge. The matter is under investigation and the cash shortage of ₹66, 95,000 caused due to the misappropriation has been reported to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KLF K 14040001 dated November 15, 2014. Our Company filed a writ petition bearing number W.P 9829/2015 dated March 10, 2015, before the High Court of Karnataka seeking the transfer of the matter to the Criminal Investigation Department (CID) and for issuance of a writ of mandamus to direct the Police department to conduct a fair, impartial and speedy investigation. Subsequently, on October 7, 2016, our Company filed a suit of recovery before the City Civil Judge, Bangalore seeking an amount of ₹1,25,38,345 from the Accused, being losses incurred due to the outstanding loan and expenses in their efforts to recover the loan. The matter is currently pending.
- 9. Our Company filed a complaint with the Periyakalpet Police station against our Periyakalpet branch's manager for misappropriation of cash to the tune of ₹6,18,277 for the Company. Our Company is in the process of settling the matter. Fraud has been reported to the RBI on April 21, 2016 *vide* Fraud no. KFLK16020002. The matter is currently pending.
- 10. Our Company filed a FIR bearing number 08/16 dated March 29, 2016, with the District Crime Branch, Dindigal, Tamil Nadu, against our branch manager M. Dharmendran at Guziliamparai ("Accused"). *Vide* the FIR, our Company has alleged that the Accused pledged spurious ornaments to a tune of ₹18,84,490, under the name of existing customers. The matter is currently under investigation and our Company has reported it to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KFLK16020001. The matter has been referred to the mediation centre attached to the Madurai Bench of the Madras High Court. The matter is currently pending.
- 11. Our Company filed a FIR bearing number 60/16 dated January 31, 2016 with the Vadasery Police Station, Kanniyakumari District, against Biju Chacko ("Accused"). *Vide* the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused misappropriated jewellery from our Company's Kulasekaram branch to the tune of ₹80,30,000. The

matter is under investigation and has been reported to RBI *vide* Fraud no. KFLK16010001. That, 2,563.250 grams of gold has been recovered by the Police and produced before Vadsserry Sessions Court. Return of property has been filed for restoring the same. Investigation in process for balance recovery of gold (1,600.50 grams). The matter is currently pending.

- 12. Our Company filed an FIR bearing No. 800/30/08/2016 ("**Complaint**"), under Section 379 of the Indian Penal Code, against the staff of our Company's Poyampalayam branch, Annalaksmi ("**Accused**"). In the Complaint, our Company alleged that the Accused, after withdrawing ₹1,70,700 from a bank, for official purposes, returned with only ₹20,700 and the rest of the amount of ₹1,50,000 was unaccounted and was stolen by the Accused. The matter is currently under investigation and is pending.
- 13. Our Company, Branch Executive of our Company, filed an FIR bearing No. 0373/2017 dated October 28, 2017 with the Mansarovar Park Police Station, New Delhi against three unknown persons ("Accused") under Section 392, 397 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code and Section 27 of the Arms Act 1959. *Vide* the FIR, Our Company alleged that the Accused stole gold ornaments weighing 21.6 grams worth ₹41,500 and cash to the tune of ₹96,867 from the Durgapuri Branch. The matter is currently pending.
- 14. Our Company filed a complaint dated November 1, 2017 with the Sarjapura Road, Bellandur Police Station against Vinod Kumar, an employee of our Company ("Accused"). In the Complaint, our Company alleged that ₹200,000 had been misappropriated by the Accused from our Company's Kasavanahally branch, Bangalore. The matter is under investigation and has been reported to RBI on November 15, 2017 *vide* Fraud no. KFLK17040001. The matter is currently pending.
- 15. Our Company filed an FIR bearing No.0283/2017 dated December 13, 2017 ("**Complaint**") with the Changaramkulam Police Station, Malappuram against C.P Ajesh Branch Manager and staff members Manjusha Gopalakrishnan and Sobha K.B of our Company's Edappal branch (collectively the "Accused"). In the Complaint, our Company alleged that the Accused stole gold ornaments pledged by various customers weighing total of 3,349.2 grams worth ₹69,21,616. The matter is under investigation and has been reported to the RBI on January 3, 2018 *vide* Fraud No. KFLK18010001. Police recovered part of the gold and produced before the court. Return of property has been filed for the same. The matter is currently pending.
- 16. Our Company filed an FIR bearing No.983/2017 dated June 8, 2018 ("Complaint") with the Avaniyapuram Police Station, Madurai against Arockiya Lenin, manager of our Company's Villapuram branch ("Accused"). In the Complaint, our Company alleged that the Accused had forged signatures, cheated and misappropriated ₹2,00,000 from our Company's Villapuram branch. The matter is under investigation and has been reported to the RBI on April 18, 2018 *vide* Fraud No. KFLK18020001. The matter is currently pending.
- 17. Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) through its employee Arun TM has lodged a FIR 504 dated December 07, 2010 before the Vandiperiyar Police Station against Faizal TA and Shainy Saji Joseph (together referred to as the "Accused") alleging *inter-alia* pledging of spurious gold numbering to 21 for ₹30 lakhs and for cheating. The matter is currently pending.
- 18. Our Company filed a complaint before the Superintendent of Police, Virudhanagar District, Tamil Nadu on December 23, 2019 against the manager and other two staff members of our Company's Watrap branch of ("Accused"). In the Complaint, our Company alleged that the Accused had cheated, forged and misappropriated ₹8.61 lakhs from our Company's Watrap branch. The matter is currently pending.
- 19. Our Company filed a complaint before the Sub-Inspector of Police, Anekal Police Station, Banglore Rural District on January 22, 2021 against the branch manager and other 3 staff members of our Company's Anekal branch ("Accuseds"). In the Complaint, our Company has alleged that the appraisers Laxminarayanan and Sandeepkumar ("Appraisers") visited the Anekal branch on January 18, 2021 for periodical audit. Pursuant to the periodical audit, the Appraiser found that spurious ornaments amounting to ₹ 52.61 lakhs were misappropriated by the Accused. On further verification it was found that gold loan are escalated to the extent of ₹ 42.35 lakhs by editing the original pledge amount and the difference amounts are misappropriated by the Accused has misappropriated a total amount of ₹ 94.96 lakhs. The matter is currently pending.
- 20. Our Company has filed a complaint before the Senior Police Inspector, Raopura Police Station, Baroda on December 19, 2020 against branch manager and other 1 staff member of our Company's Maneja branch ("Accuseds"). In the Complaint, our Company has alleged that the Accused has pledged the gold loans in the

name of various customers without the knowledge of the customers and from September 25, 2020 to September 26, 2020, the accused has pledged and released some accounts without the signature and presence of customers. It also alleged that the Accused were indulged personally and committed criminal conspiracy, criminal breach of trust and illegal misappropriation casuing financial loss to the tune of ₹25.75 lakhs to the Company. The matter is currently pending.

- 21. Our Company filed a complaint before the Raopura Police Station on December 28, 2020 against the branch manager and other 1 staff member of our Company's Dandiya Bazar branch ("Accuseds" together with our Company referred to as "Parties"). In the Complaint, our Company has alleged that during the time of internal audit in Dandiya Bazar Branch on December 26, 2020, our Company found that the Accuseds has misappropriated amount to the extent of ₹5.08 lakhs. Our Company through authorised representative and the Accused have entered into a agreement dated January 11, 2020 ("Settlement Agreement") wherein, the Accused has undertaken to restore/ pay ₹4.52 lakhs ("Settlement Amount") to our Company on or before March 30, 2021. Post the receipt of the Settlement Amount it has been decided that our Company shall withdraw the complaint. The Parties are presently acting as per the settlement terms as mentioned in the Settlement Agreement. The matter is currently pending.
- 22. Our Company filed a CRI Case No. 472/2021 before the Court of Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court No. 13 of Ahmedabad ("**Court**") against Amit Sanjivkumar Soni, Aarti Sanjivkumar Soni, Kajal Sanjivkumar Soni, Radhaben Sanjivkumar Soni, Sanjiv, Ramkishan Soni, Hariprakash Subhasbhai Rajput, Bhagwandin Rajaram Kushwah, Rohit Sureshchandra Soni, Vikas Rakeshkumar Soni, and Ashish Vakheda under section 156 of Criminal Procedure Code 1973. Under this matter Amit Sanjivkumar Soni along with Aarti Sanjivkumar Soni, Kajal Sanjivkumar Soni, Radhaben Sanjivkumar Soni, Sanjiv, Ramkishan Soni, Hariprakash Subhasbhai Rajput, Bhagwandin Rajaram Kushwah, Rohit Sureshchandra Soni, Sanjiv, Ramkishan Soni, Hariprakash Subhasbhai Rajput, Bhagwandin Rajaram Kushwah, Rohit Sureshchandra Soni and Vikas Rakeshkumar Soni ("**Accused**") had pledged the gold ornaments amounting to ₹ 3,33,20,200/- on various dates in 2019 and 2020. On appraisal it was found that the said ornaments might not pure. When customers are informed, they are of the opinion that ornaments are of requisite purity and the ornaments were reappraised and found to be of low purity. Our Company had demanded several times legal amount form the Accused, however our Company did not got any result and therefore our Company gave an advertisement in newpaper and auctioned the ornaments with loss of ₹2,21,99,479/-. Therefore being aggrieved by the conspiracy done by the Accused, our Company filed this present complaint before the Court. The matter is presently pending before the Court.

Civil cases

Kerala Non Banking Finance Companies Welfare Association ("Petitioner") an association and 1 reperesentative of non banking financial institutions in the State of Kerala has filed a writ petition (civil) number 26803 of 2017 ("Writ Petition") before the High Court of Kerala ("High Court") against the State of Kerala ("Respondent"). The Respondent included "Employment in private financial instutions" in Part I of Schedule to the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 ("Act") and consequently the Respondent constituted a committee under Section 5(1)(a) of the Act for fixing minimum wages of the employees in non banking financial institutions. The Respondent vide notification dated July 28, 2016 in Kerala Gazette Extra Ordinary dated August 9, 2016 under Section 5(1)(b) of the Act published its proposal to fix minimum wages of empliyees in private non banking financial institutions and afforded an oppotunity to submit objections therein. The Petitioner objected the same and submitted a detailed objection pointing out that there was a considerable disparity in the proposal relating to wages payable to cleaner/ sweeper, office superintendent, driver, security guard, bill collector, clerks etc. The Respondent did not consider the objection of the Petitioner and provided a hearing on March 24, 2017 to the Petitioner. However, the Petitioner sought time from the Respondent as it was in the process of procuring various documents and the Respondent refused the same. Therefore, the Respondent approached the High Court by filing writ petition (civil) number 123473/2017 seeking inter alia for a direction to conduct a proper hearing. The High Court vide its order dated July 7, 2017 ("Order") disposed off the writ petition and the respondent was directed to hear and consider the Petitioner's objection. Pursuant the the Order a hearing was granted by the Respondent to the Petitioner, wherein the Petition, inter alia submitted following objections (i) the sub committee was constituted in violation of Section 9 of the Act; (ii) there was no sufficient notice regarding the hearing conducted by the sub committee; (iii) the proposal to fix minimum wages show that it is not based on the norms; (iv) the proposal grants increments and service weitage in violation of Section 3 of the Act; (v) the capacity of the industry to pay the proposed wages etc. The Respondent again did not considered the objection and rejected the Petitioners contentions in an arbitrary manner vide its order dated July 20, 2017 ("Respondents Order") and issued fresh notification under Section 5(1)(b) of the Act. Aggrieved by the Respondents Order, the Petitioner has filed this present writ petition. Further Company filed petition for impleding in the said case by filing petition dated October 17, 2019. The matter is currently pending.

- 2. Our Company has filed a special leave petition (civil) number SLP (C) 35042/2009 dated August 09, 2012 ("SLP") before the Supreme Court of India ("Supreme Court") against the order dated November 18, 2009 ("Order") passed by the High Court of Kerala ("High Court") in WA No. 564/2007. The High Court upheld the order of the single bench passed in WP (c) 8202/05 on February 14, 2007 holding our Company as "money lenders" within the meaning of the term contained in the Kerala Money Lenders Act, 1958 and directed our Company to remit licence fee arrears and apply for licence for the years involved and comply with the statutory requirements within one month from date of receipt of copy of the Order, the penal action taken against our Company would be revoked by the concerned officers and no penalty or other action for previous violations would be initiated. Aggrieved our Company filed the SLP. The matter is currently pending.
- Our Company has initiated recovery proceedings against the following borrowers (i) Mango Meadows 3 Agricultural Pleasures Land Private Limited, (ii) N.K. Kurian, (iii) Lathika Kurian ("Borrowers") vide demand notice dated January 29, 2019 issued to the Applicants under Section 13(2) of the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ("SARFAESI Act") demanding the repayment of an aggregate sum of ₹14,26,63,777/- together with interest and penal interest on the outstanding amount. The matter arose due to the default made by the Borrower under a term loan of an amount of ₹8,00,00,000 granted on March 01, 2016 and ₹2,00,00,000/- granted on February 16, 2017 from our Kallara Branch. Thereafter, our Company had taken Symbolic Possession of the secured assets on 17/04/2019 and has filed a Miscellaneous Criminal Petition bearing No.MC- 200/2019 with CJM Court, Kottayam for taking actual possession of the secured assets and takeover of the administration of the Subsequently, the Borrower filed a securitization application bearing No. S.A. No. 174 of 2019 borrowers. ("Application") before the Debts Recovery Tribunal-2 at Ernakulam ("Authority") in which they, inter alia, challenged the right of action of our Company to issue the notices under section 13(2) and section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and seeking stay on all proceedings initiated under the SARFAESI Act against the secured properties of the Borrower. Consequently, the Authority vide notice dated May 27, 2019 required our Company to show cause as to why the reliefs prayed in the Application should not be granted and directed us to appear, before the Authority either in person or authorized one or more legal practitioners or any of the officers to present the case. Our Company on June 18, 2019 filed the Written Statement with the Authority, inter alia, denying the averments made by the Applicants in the Application and claiming that the Applicants are not entitled to any reliefs under the Application as the same is filed solely for the purpose of misleading the Authority and for obtaining unlawful gain and causing loss to public exchequer, which amounts to periury for which purpose, appropriate criminal action is liable to be taken against the Borrower and also the Application is liable to be dismissed with compensatory costs. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Our Company has filed a suit no. OS/3/2020 against M/s Archana Textiles, Tessy Mathew, K. J. Mathew, A. V. Ajimon and Annamma Kunjamma ("Defendents") before the Subordinate Judge's Court, Kottayam. The Defendents had on May 06, 2016, availed a term loan for ₹50,00,000 at an interest of 20.00% p.a. with monthly rest from our Kaduthuruthy branch. Due to irregularity in the repayment of the term loan availed by the Defendents, our Company had classified the term loan as NPA on March 31, 2018 and has initiated this present recovery proceedings against the Defendents to recover the outstanding dues amounting to ₹61,32,180 alongwith future interest at the rate of 22.00% (20% + 2% Penal Interest) from December 20, 2019. The matter is currently pending.
- 5. Our Company has filed a suit no. O.S. 432 of 2020 against Joyamma Abraham ("Defendant") before the Munsiff Court, Kottayam under Section 26 and Order VII Rule 1 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908. Our Company had taken on lease the 1st floor of building no. 20/1425 named Anithottam ("Premises") from the Defendant for a period of 5 years. At the time of entering into lease agreement, our Company had paid advance security money amount to ₹2,00,000/- ("Advance Security Money") to the Defendant and which shall be refunded by the Defendant without interest on the date when our Company vacates the permises. Our Company had on December 31, 2019, vacated the Premises and handedover the keys of the building to the Defendant. Pursuant to the vacation of the Premises, our Company demanded the Defendant to return Advance Security Money after adjusting the rent for the months of November and December i.e. ₹1,65,000/- ("Claim Amount"). However, the Defendant failed to return the Calim amount. Therefore, our Company had issued a notice to the Defendent demanding the repayment of Claim Amount. The Defendant replied to our said notice by raising untenable contentions and till date the Defendant has not paid the Claim Amount. Due to the non-repayment of the Claim Amount by the Defendant, our Company has initiated this present recovery proceedings against the Defendant to recover the Claim Amount alongwith a future interest at the rate of 18%

per annum till realization. The matter is currently pending.

- Our Company ("Plaintiff") has filed a suit no. O.S. 363 of 2020 against T.C. Chacko ("Defendant") before 6 Munsiff Court, Kattapana, under section 26 order VII Rule 1 and 2 of Code of Civil Procedure for grant of permanent prohibitory injunction restraining the Defendant his men and agents from trespassing into the Property (defined below) and from committing any act of waste therein and from doing anything that will adversely affect the Plaintiff's peaceful possession and enjoyment of the Property. The Plaintiff is an absolute owner in possession and enjoyment of 35.91 acres of land comprised in Sy. No. 91/1, 91 and 92 falling in Chakkupallom village and Re.Sy. No. 501 (old Sy.No. 212, 196/1) falling in Kattappanna Village ("Property"). The Property is well planted with cardamom and coffee plants and there are hibiscus fencing on the boundaries. There are internal roads and pathways through the Property which are exclusively for the usage of the estate staff and workers. About one year back the Defendant had requested the Plaintiff to allow the Defendant to open road to his property through the Plaintiff's Property, to which plaintiff did not agree. On July 20, 2020 when the Plaintiff's workers were engaged in agricultural operations in the Property, the Defendant tried to trespass into the Property and destroyed the boundary fencing in a portion of the Property. This illegal attempt of the Defendant was thwarted by timely intervention of the Plaintiff's laborers and the Defendant then had threatened to come with more force to attain his illegal goals. The Defendant had destroyed the boundary fencing and he is now disputing the southern boundary of the Property. Therefore the Plaintiff has initiated this present proceeding against the Defendant and have prayed, inter alia, for granting permanent prohibitory injuction against the Defendant. The matter is currently pending.
- 7. Our Company has filed Memorandum of Writ Petition (Civil) bearing number W.P.(C) No. 25652 of 2020 ("Writ Petition") against Union of India and Others ("Respondents") before the High Court of Kerala, Ernakulam ("High Court") under Article 226 of the Constitution of India for grant of an interim direction to defer the implementation of circular issued by RBI dated August 6, 2020, bearing no. RBI/2020-21/20 DOR.No.BP.BC/7/21.4.048/2020-21 ("RBI Ciruclar"), wherein the banks are directed that no bank shall not open current accounts for customers who have availed credit facilities in the form of cash credit/ overdraft. The High Court vide its order dated November 23, 2020, issued an interim direction to defer the implementation of the RBI Circular till the disposal of the Writ Petition. Our Company had on February 18, 2021, filed an IA/4/2021 before the High Court wherein, our Company had prayed to implead additional respondents in the Writ Petition. The High Court vide its order dated February 22, 2021 ("Order") allowed to implead the additional respondents in the Writ Petition. Further the High Court vide its said Order directed that the Respondents and additional respondents shall not close the accounts of the Company and revive the accounts already closed, pending disposal of the Writ Petition. Subsequently, the High Court vide its order dated April 9, 2021, directed the State Bank of India to resolve the issue by mutual consultation within an upper limit of six months, failing which the shall approach Reserve Bank of India for resolution of the issue. Till then the status quo as regards to the accounts of the petitioners as on the date of filing the wirt petition shall be maintained.
- 8. Our Company along with Mr. Mathew K. Cherian, Mrs. Laila Mathew (Promoters) and Kosamattam Nidhi Limited ("**Plaintiffs**") has filed a suit before the District Court Kottayam against Bibin Thomas, Alice Thomas, KV Kosamattom Nidhi Limited and Kosamattom Fincorp ("**Defendants**") alleging that defendants are infringing the registered trademarks owned and used by the Plaintiffs. Further, the Plaintiffs in the suit have urged to pass permenant prohibitory injunction restraining the Defendants from using, claiming, publishing in any media, use of trademarks, names, logos, business names similar to the word "KOSAMATTAM". The matter is currently pending.

Litigation against Promoter Directors

Mathew K. Cherian

Tax Litigations

1. Mathew K. Cherian (our "**Promoter**") has filed an appeal bearing number 38/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("**Appeal**") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("**CIT**(**A**)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2004-2005 assessing the total income at ₹786.2 lakhs and raising a demand of ₹259.16 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed, addition of ₹251.46 lakhs being unsecured loan received as unexplained cash credit under Section 68 be deleted and the addition of ₹538.38 lakhs as deemed income under Section 69C be deleted. The CIT(A), by an order dated September 15, 2016 ("**Order I**"), directed the addition of ₹119.10 lakhs with regard to unsecured loan under Section 68, instead of ₹251.46 lakhs, which was considered by the Assessing Officer, and the addition of ₹257.99 lakhs, with regard to the contention regarding deemed income, instead of ₹538.38 lakhs. Our Promoter filed an appeal dated December 23, 2016, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I, praying that the addition of ₹119.10 lakhs being unsecured loan received as unexplained cash credit under Section 68 be deleted and the addition of ₹258 lakhs as deemed income under Section 69C be deleted.

The Assessing Officer also filed an appeal bearing number 518/Coch/16 dated December 22, 2016 before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order II"), held that our Promoter was entitled to a refund amounting to ₹11.11 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2008-2009, which was to be adjusted against the demand raised for the Assessment Year 2004-2005. The CIT(A) passed another order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order III"), by which it held that our Promoter was entitled to a refund amounting to ₹12.22 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2009-2010. which was to be adjusted against the demand raised for the Assessment Year 2004-2005. On the basis of Order II and Order III, the CIT(A) passed an order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286H/2016-17 on October 28, 2016 ("Order IV") stating that the Promoter would be liable to pay an amount of ₹389.07 lakhs. Our Promoter filed an application dated March 4, 2017 ("Stay Application") before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal for the stay of Order IV, as well as a writ petition dated March 8, 2017 ("Writ Petition") before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum ("Court"). The Court dismissed the Writ Petition on March 15, 2017, stating that the Stay Application would be heard by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal on March 24, 2017. ITAT has granted conditional stay for a period of six months from the date of this order or till the date of disposal of the appeal whichever is earlier and to make payment of ₹40 lakhs by way of instalments in four equal months payable on or before 30th of every month. Additionally, our Promoter has also filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam, against Order IV, stating that errors had been made in computation of the taxable income by adding cash shortage of ₹258 lakhs which was resulting in double taxation of the amount.

Further, our Promoter received a letter dated March 25, 2017 pertaining to set-off of refund for Assessment Year ("AY") 2004-05 against payables for AY 2010-11. Our Promoter further received notices of demand under Section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment years 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11 dated March 30, 2017 for an aggregate balance payment of ₹59,48,285. Subsequently, the ITAT passed an order dated July 7, 2017 dismissing the appeal filed by our Promoter. The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal has allowed the Appeal filed by the department for statistical purpose. Thereafter, the Assistant Commissioner of Income tax, Central Circle, Kottayam issued a notice dated October 30, 2017 under Section 154 of the IT Act ("Rectification Notice") regarding the rectification of mistake due to undercharging of interest under Section 234A, 234B and 234 C calculated for the assessment year 2004-05. Our Promoter vide reply dated November 3, 2017 communicated no objection to the Rectification Notice. A rectification order dated November 14, 2017 under Section 154 was issued to our Promoter demanding a payment of ₹45.95 lakhs. Subsequently, our Promoter has received a penalty order dated March 29, 2018 levying a penalty of ₹12,237,968. ITAT vide its' order dated March 24, 2017 partly allowed stay petition. Further Assitant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam vide it's order dated December 28, 2018, raised a demand of ₹ 246.81 lakhs. Thereafter, our Promoter had filed an appeal dated May 3, 2018. Further, our Promoter has on January 28, 2021, filed an application with the Income Tax Department under section 4 of the Direct Tax Vivad se Vishwas Act, 2020 for redressal of the matter. The matter is currently pending. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹86,86,524.00 for AY 2004-05 and the same was paid on June 3, 2021 and Form 4 was filed on April 27, 2021. On April 27, 2021 an order for withdrawal of the appeal was passed by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) 3, Kochi. The matter is currently pending.

2. Mathew K. Cherian (our "**Promoter**") has filed an appeal bearing number 39/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("**Appeal**") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("**CIT**(**A**)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2005-2006 assessing the total income at ₹7.37 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed, disallow the opening cash balance and delete the disallowance of drawings from Kosamattam Estate Investment and Kosamattam Chitty Funds and repayment of loan to Kosamattam Estate Investment. The CIT(A), by an order dated September 26, 2016 ("**Order I**"), partly allowed the appeal, directing that the opening balance should not be Nil, as treated by the Assessing Officer. The CIT(A) allowed the addition of a part sum of ₹32.2 lakhs with regard to Kosamattam Estate Investment, but disallowed the additions relating to Kosamattam Chitty Funds. Our Promoter filed an appeal dated December 23, 2016, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The Assessing Officer also filed an appeal bearing number 519/Coch/17 dated December 22, 2016 before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286H/2016-17 dated October 28, 2016 ("Order II"), ordered our Promoter to pay an amount of ₹16.58 lakhs. Our Promoter filed an application dated March 4, 2017 ("Stay Application") before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal for the stay of Order II, as well as a writ petition dated March 8, 2017 ("Writ Petition") before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum ("Court"). The Court dismissed the Writ Petition on March 15, 2017, stating that the Stay Application would be heard by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal on March 24, 2017. ITAT has granted conditional stay for a period of six months from the date of this order or till the date of disposal of the appeal whichever is earlier and to make payment of ₹40 lakhs by way of instalments in four equal months payable on or before 30th of every month. In addition to this, our Promoter has also filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against Order II. stating that the amount of tax liability calculated was incorrect as agricultural income had been added twice and that the rate of calculation of education cess was incorrect. Further, our Promoter received a letter dated March 25, 2017 pertaining to set-off of refund for Assessment Year ("AY") 2008-09 against payables for AY 2010-11, 2004-05 against payables for AY 2010-11 and 2010-11 against payables for AY 2010-11. Our Promoter further received notices of demand under Section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment years 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11 dated March 30, 2017 for an aggregate balance payment of ₹59,48,285. Subsequently, the ITAT passed an order dated July 7, 2017 dismissing the appeal filed by our Promoter. Further, our Promoter has received a penalty order dated March 29, 2018 levying a penalty of ₹1,033,901. Our Promoter has on January 28, 2021, filed an application with the Income Tax Department under section 4 of the Direct Tax Vivad Se Vishwas Act, 2020 for redressal of the matter. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹25,14,741.00 for AY 2005-06 and the same was paid on April 22, 2021 and Form 4 was filed on April 27, 2021. On April 27, 2021 an order for withdrawal of the appeal was passed by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) 3, Kochi. The matter is currently pending.

- 3. Mathew K. Cherian (our "Promoter") has filed an appeal bearing number 40/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("Appeal") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("CIT(A)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2006-2007 assessing the total income at ₹6.85 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal inter-alia praying that the Order be quashed, the opening cash balance be taken at ₹199.12 lakhs and delete the disallowance of repayment of loan to Kosamattam Estate Investment. The CIT(A), by an order dated September 28, 2016, partly allowed the appeal, directing the Assessing Officer to suitably modify the cash flow, and delete the disallowance of repayment of loan to Kosamattam Estate Investment. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286H/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order"), ordered our Promoter to pay an amount of ₹705. Our Promoter filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 ("Application") before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against the Order, stating that the rate of calculation of education cess was incorrect. Further, our Promoter further received notices of demand under Section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment years 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11 dated March 30, 2017 for an aggregate balance payment of ₹59,48,285. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹32,63,096.00 for AY 2007-08 and the same was paid on April 23, 2021 and Form 4 was filed on April 27, 2021. On April 27, 2021 an order for withdrawal of the appeal was passed by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) 3, Kochi. The matter is currently pending.
- 4. Mathew K. Cherian (our "Promoter") has filed an appeal bearing number 41/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("Appeal") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("CIT(A)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2007-2008 assessing the total income at ₹6.67 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed, the opening cash balance be taken at ₹220.06 lakhs and delete the disallowance of drawings from Kosamattam Bankers and from own sources. The CIT(A), by an order dated October 5, 2016 ("Order I"), partly allowed the appeal, directing the Assessing Officer to give consequential appeal effect to the opening balance, and to disallow the addition of drawings from Kosamattam Bankers and from own sources. Subsequently, our Promoter filed an appeal dated December 23, 2016, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ABUPC1286H/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order II"), ordered our Promoter to pay an amount of ₹46.95 lakhs. Our Promoter filed an application dated March 6, 2017 ("Stay Application") before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal for the stay of Order II, as well as a writ petition dated March 8, 2017 ("Writ Petition") before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum ("Court"). The Court dismissed the Writ Petition

on March 15, 2017, stating that the Stay Application would be heard by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal on March 24, 2017. ITAT has granted conditional stay for a period of six months from the date of this order or till the date of disposal of the appeal whichever is earlier and to make payment of 340 lakes by way of instalments in four equal months payable on or before 30th of every month. In addition to this, our Promoter has also filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against Order II, stating that the rate of calculation of education cess was incorrect. Our Promoter further received notices of demand under Section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment years 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11 dated March 30, 2017 for an aggregate balance payment of ₹59,48,285. Subsequently, the ITAT passed an order dated July 7, 2017 dismissing the appeal filed by our Promoter. Further, our Promoter has received a penalty order dated March 29, 2018 levying a penalty of ₹1,728,900. Subsequently, our Promoter filed an appeal dated May 3, 2018. Our Promoter has on January 28, 2021, filed an application with the Income Tax Department under section 4 of the Direct Tax Vivad Se Vishwas Act, 2020 for redressal of the matter. The matter is currently pending. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹32,63,096.00 for AY 2007-08 and the same was paid on April 23, 2021 and Form 4 was filed on April 27, 2021. On April 28, 2021 an order for withdrawal of the appeal was passed by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) 3, Kochi. The matter is currently pending.

- 5. Mathew K. Cherian (our "Promoter") has filed an appeal bearing number 44/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("Appeal") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("CIT(A)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2010-2011 assessing the total income at ₹511.38 lakhs and raising a demand of ₹34.64 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal inter-alia praying that the Order be quashed, the opening cash balance be taken at ₹2.78 lakhs, delete the disallowance of ₹191.00 lakhs being loan taken from friends and relative and delete the addition of ₹32.15 lakhs as deemed dividend under Section 2 (22) (e) in the hands of the appellant. The CIT(A), by an order dated October 7, 2016 ("Order I"), partly allowed the appeal, by directing the Assessing Officer to recast the opening balance. However, the CIT(A) dismissed the other two contentions and refused to disallow ₹191.00 lakhs, being taken as a loan from friends and relatives and also refused to delete the addition of ₹32.15 lakhs as deemed dividend. Our Promoter filed an appeal dated December 23, 2016, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/ ABUPC1286H/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order II"), ordered our Promoter to pay an amount of ₹127.10 lakhs. Our Promoter filed an application dated March 6, 2017 ("Stay Application") before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal for the stay of Order II, as well as a writ petition dated March 8, 2017 ("Writ Petition") before the High Court of Kerala at Ernakulum ("Court"). The Court dismissed the Writ Petition on March 15, 2017, stating that the Stay Application would be heard by the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal on March 24, 2017. ITAT has granted conditional stay for a period of six months from the date of this order or till the date of disposal of the appeal whichever is earlier and to make payment of ₹40 lakhs by way of instalments in four equal months payable on or before 30th of every month. Our Promoter has filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 ("Application") before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against Order I, stating that the figures to calculate the tax liability under Order II did not match the original figures that formed a part of the historical record. The Application also stated that certain amounts had been added twice when arriving at the taxable income, which was resulting in double taxation. Further, our Promoter received a letter dated March 25, 2017 pertaining to set-off of refund for Assessment Year ("AY") 2008-09 against payables for AY 2010-11, 2004-05 against payables for AY 2010-11 and 2009-10 against payables for AY 2010-11. Our Promoter further received notices of demand under Section 156 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 for assessment years 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09, 2009-10, 2010-11 dated March 30, 2017 for an aggregate balance payment of ₹59,48,285. Subsequently, the ITAT passed an order dated July 7, 2017 dismissing the appeal filed by our Promoter. A rectification order dated November 14, 2017 under Section 154 was issued to our Promoter demanding a payment of ₹133 lakhs. Further, our Promoter has received a penalty order dated March 29, 2018 levying a penalty of ₹6,765,572. Subsequently, our Promoter filed an appeal dated May 3, 2018. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹89,47,739.00 for AY 2010-11 and the same was paid on June 25, 2021. The matter is currently pending.
- 6. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") has passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, against Mathew K. Cherian, our Promoter, Chairman and Managing Director raising demand of ₹79.01 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2012-13 ("Assessment Order"). Mathew K. Cherian has filed an application for rectification on January 9, 2020 with the AO under section 154 of the Act in order to rectify the Assessment Order. The matter is currently pending.

- 7. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") has passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, against Mathew K. Cherian, our Promoter, Chairman and Managing Director raising demand of ₹60.32 lakhs for the Assessment Year 2013-14 ("Assessment Order"). Mathew K. Cherian (our "Promoter") filed an application for rectification on January 09, 2020 with the AO under section 154 of the Act in order to rectify the Assessment Order. He has also filed an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) ("CIT A") against the Assessment Order. Our Promoter has filed an application with the Income Tax Department on January 28, 2021, under section 4 of the Direct Tax Vivad Se Vishwas Act, 2020 for redressal of the matter. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹22,33,22400 for AY 2013-14 and the same was paid on April 28, 2021. The matter is currently pending.
- 8. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Kottayam ("CIT") passed an Order dated December 31, 2017 ("Order") for the Assessment Year 2015-2016 assessing the total income at ₹1,113.52 lakhs from other sources and raising a demand of ₹571.83 lakhs against Mathew K. Cherian ("Promoter"). Our Promoter filed an appeal bearing number 3592 of 2018 dated January 30, 2018 ("Appeal") before the High Court of Kerala ("High Court") *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed. The High Court *vide* order dated February 2, 2018 ("HC Order"), dismissed the Appeal, directing the promoter to file an appeal before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Cochin ("CIT-A"). Thereafter, our Promoter filed an appeal along with an application for condonation of delay dated February 5, 2018 before the CIT-A. The AO has completed a fresh assessment for the Assessment Year 2015-16 and passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, raising a demand of ₹1,187.87 lakhs. Since, there is no fresh addition *vide* the order of CIT dated December 29, 2019, the appeal already filed against the order dated December 31, 2017 with the CIT A on February 5, 2018 shall stand. The matter is currently pending before CIT A.
- 9. The Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax, Central Circle, Kottayam ("AO") has passed an order dated December 29, 2019 under section 143(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") read with section 153A of the Act, against Mathew K. Cherian, our Promoter, Chairman and Managing Director raising demand of ₹4,971 for the Assessment Year 2016-17 ("Assessment Order"). Mathew K. Cherian filed an application for rectification on January 09, 2020 with the AO under section 154 of the Act in order to rectify the Assessment Order. The matter is currently pending.

Laila Mathew

Tax Litigations

Laila Mathew ("our Promoter") has filed an appeal bearing number 45/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 1. dated February 02, 2012 ("Appeal") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("CIT(A)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2004-2005 assessing the total income at ₹59.25 lakhs and raising a demand of ₹50.91 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed and the addition of ₹58.65 lakhs as deemed income under Section 69C be deleted. The CIT(A), by an order bearing number ITA45/Cent/KTM/CIT (A) III/ 2011-12 dated October 13, 2016, allowed the appeal, ordering the Assessing Officer to delete the amount of ₹58.65 lakhs. Subsequently, the Assessing Officer filed an appeal bearing number 6/COCH-2017 dated January 5, 2017, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/AEDPM1526Q/2016-17 dated November 28, 2016 ("Order"), stated that our Promoter was entitled to a refund of ₹14.05 lakhs, which was to be adjusted against the demand raised for the Assessment Year 2010-2011. Our Promoter has filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against the Order, stating that the calculation of taxable income was incorrect as the opening cash balance had not been deducted in the calculations. Our Promoter received letters dated March 25, 2017 pertaining to set-off of refund for Assessment Year ("AY") 2004-05 against payables for AY 2010-11 and AY 2012-13 and letters dated March 30, 2017 for appellate orders for the set-off of refund for AYs 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09 and 2009-10 of the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-IV Kochi pursuant to which the cash flow statement which modified the amount payable to nil. The Income Tax Department has filed an appeal against the said order. The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal by its order dated July 7, 2017 has allowed the appeal for statistical purpose. Pursuant to and in reference of the order dated July 7, 2017, the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal stated raised a demand of an amount of ₹38.83 Lakhs on assessing the income tax for the assessment year 2004 - 2005 by its order dated December 28, 2018. Subsequently, our Promoter has filed a stay petition

dated January 29, 2019, before the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) Kottayam. Our Promoter has on January 28, 2021, filed an application with the Income Tax Department under section 4 of the Direct Tax Vivad Se Vishwas Act, 2020 for redressal of the matter. In response to the application, the department had issued Form 3 demanding ₹23,76,650.00 for AY 2004-05 and the same was paid on April 22, 2021 and Form 4 was filed on April 27, 2021. On April 27, 2021 an order for withdrawal of the appeal was passed by the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) 3, Kochi.The matter is currently pending.

2. Laila Mathew (our "Promoter") has filed an appeal bearing number 49/CENT/KTYM/CIT A-1111/2011-12 dated February 02, 2012 ("Appeal") before the Commissioner of Income Tax Appeals ("CIT(A)") against the order dated December 29, 2011 passed by the Assessing Officer for the Assessment Year 2008-2009 assessing the total income at ₹4.26 lakhs and raising a demand of ₹0.83 lakhs. Our Promoter has filed the Appeal *inter-alia* praying that the Order be quashed, the opening cash balance be taken at ₹44.31 lakhs and delete the addition of ₹2.55 lakhs as remuneration from Kosamattam Chits and Kuries Private Limited. The CIT(A), by an order dated October 13, 2016 ("Order I"), partly allowed the appeal, directing the Assessing Officer to modify the cash flow statement, thereby resulting in change in the opening balance, but dismissed the contention that ₹2.55 lakhs as business income be deleted. Subsequently, our Promoter filed an appeal dated December 23, 2016, before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal against Order I. The CIT(A), by its order bearing number ACIT/CC/KTM/AEDPM1526Q/2016-17 dated November 24, 2016 ("Order II"), ordered our Promoter to pay an amount of ₹0.07 lakhs. The matter is currently pending. Our Promoter has filed an application for rectification of mistake dated March 17, 2017 before the Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax (Central), Kottayam against Order II, stating that the rate of tax used to calculate liability was the common rate and not the rate applicable to women assessee. Our Promoter received letters dated March 25, 2017 pertaining to set-off of refund for Assessment Year ("AY") 2004-05 against payables for AY 2010-11 and AY 2012-13 and 2009-10 against payables for AY 2012-13 and letters dated March 30, 2017 for appellate orders for the set-off of refund for AYs 2004-5, 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08, 2008-09 and 2009-10 of the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)-IV Kochi pursuant to which the cash flow statement which modified the amount payable to nil. The Income Tax Department had filed an appeal against Order II. The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal by its order dated July 7, 2017 has allowed the appeal for statistical purpose. The matter is currently pending.

Litigations involving our Group Companies

Kosamattam Nidhi Limited ("**Petitioner**") has filed a writ petition WP(C).No. 6776 of 2021 agaisnt Union of India ("**Respondent 1**"), Joint Secretary, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("**Respondent 2**"), Regional Director, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("**Respondent 3**"), Registrar of Companies, Ernakulam ("**Respondent 4**" along with Respondent 1, Repondent 2, and Respondent 3 referred to as "**Respondents**") before the High Court of Kerala, at Ernakulam ("**Court**"). The Petitioner present petition arises our of the order dated February 19, 2021 ("**Order**") passed by the Respondent rejecting the e-Form NDH 4 filed vide SRN R35005297 dated March 7, 2020 by the Petitioner. *Vide* said Order the Respondent declared that the Petitioner has not met the requirements to be declared as a Nidhi Company under Section 406 of the Companies Act, 2013 and instructed the Respondent 4 for taking appropriate action in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Nidhi Rules, 2014. Aggrevide by the said Order, the Petitioner had filed this present petition before the Court. The matter is currently pending.

| Sr. No. | Financial Year | Details of Fraud | Action taken by the Company |
|------------|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | 2020-2021 | No fraud of material nature, on or by our Company was noticed or reported during the course of audit except an instance of misappropriation of gold loan related misappropriations of $\gtrless 120.72$ lakhs and misappropriation of $\gtrless 5.07$ lakhs cash. | Complaint filed at respective police stations. |
| 2. | 2019-2020 | No fraud of material nature, on or by our Company was noticed or reported during the course of audit except an instance of misappropriation gold loan related misappropriations of ₹8.61 lakhs. | Complaint filed at Superintendent of police, Virudhanagar District, Tamil Nadu. |

Details of material frauds, if any in the last five years

| Sr. No. | Financial Year | Details of Fraud | Action taken by the Company |
|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3. | 2018-2019 | No fraud of material nature, on or by our Company was noticed or reported during the course of audit except an instance of misappropriation of ₹7.75 lakhs cash. | Our Company has filed an FIR for the cases reported at Villapuram Branch and ₹4,73,000 recovered for the case reported at Periyanaikampalayam. |
| 4. | 2017-2018 | No fraud of material nature, on or by our Company was noticed or reported during the course of audit except two instance of theft of 21.6 grams of gold ornaments worth ₹41,500, theft of 3,349.2 grams of gold ornaments worth ₹69,21,616 respectively and theft of cash amounting to ₹296,867 | Our Company has filed FIRs at Manasarovar Park police station, Changaramkulam Police Station, Malappuram and Bellandur police station, in relation to these matters respectively. |
| 5. | 2016-2017 | No fraud of material nature, on or by our Company was noticed or reported during the course of audit except cash misappropriation aggregating to ₹7.68 lakhs and gold loan related misappropriations aggregating to ₹18.84 lakhs. | Our Company has filed a complaint and a FIR for two cases at Poyampalayam police station and Dhindugal police station, respectively. Company is in the process of settling the matter in the presence of Periyakalapet police station. |

| Financial | Summary of Reservations/ Qualificat | tions/ Adverse Remarks | Impact on | Corrective | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Year | | The Company has not deposited tax dues since the matters are pending before various forums: | | | |
| | Governing Statue Nature | Amount | the IssuerTothe | Appeal has | |
| | Income Tax Demands | Rs. 2,166.86 Lakhs | extent of | been filed in | |
| | Service Tax Demands | Rs. 4,279.69 Lakhs | tax not | all cases | |
| | Sales Tax Demands | Rs. 83.36 Lakhs | paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been overstated. | | |
| 2020- 2021 | During the year there have been certa Company by employees and others misappropriations have occurred aggre 1.30 Crore. The Company has taken ins and has filed Insurance claims in this r is in the process of recovering these a and taking legal actions, where applical | , where gold loan related egating to an amount of Rs. surance cover for such losses egard. Further, the Company mounts from the employees | Since the company has already created 100% provision for all applicable cases, No further impact on the financial statements. | The Company has taken insurance cover for such losses and has filed Insurance claims in this regard. Further, the Company has filed police cases and is in the process of recovering these amounts from the employees and taking legal actions, where applicable | |

Summary of reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks of auditors in the last five financial years:

| Financial | Summary of Reservations/ Qualificat | Impact on | Corrective | |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year | The Company has not deposited tax pending before vario | the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer | steps taken and proposed to be taken | |
| | Governing Statue Nature Income Tax Demands Service Tax Demands Sales Tax Demands During the year there have been certa | | To the extent of tax not paid, profit/ general reserve of the company has been overstated | Appeal has been filed in all cases The |
| 2019- 2020 | Company by employees and others misappropriations have occurred aggre 8,60,734. The Company has taken inst and has filed insurance calims in this ra- is in the process of recovring these amo taking legal actions, where applicable | egating to an amoun of Rs. urance cover for such losses egard. Further, the Company | company has already created 100% provision for all applicable cases, No further impact on the financial statements | Company has take insurance cover for such losses and has filed insurance claims in this regard. Further, the Company has filed police cases and is in the process of recovering these amounts from the employees and taking legal actions, where applicable. |

| | Summary of Reservations/Qualifications/Adverse Remarks | | | | | | Corrective steps taken |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Financial Year | 1. Th | 1 2 | 1 | ed disputed tax du | | statements and financial position of the Issuer | and proposed to be taken |
| 2018-2019 | Governing Statute | Nature | Amount | Period | Forum where dispute is pending | To the extent of tax not paid, profit | Appeal has been filed in all cases |
| | CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹82.13 Lakhs | September 2004 to | Customs Excise and | /general reserve of | |

| | 1 | | Santambar | Service Tax | the company | |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | September 2008 | Appellate | the company has been | |
| | | | 2008 | Tribunal, | overstated. | |
| | | | | Bangalore | overstated. | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹1,393.62 | October 2008 | Customs | | |
| CDEC | Service Tax | Lakhs | to November | Excise and | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakiis | 2011 | Service Tax | | |
| | | | 2011 | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹240.19 | December | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | 2011 to | Excise and | | |
| | | | March 2012 | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹230.25 | April 2012 to | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | June 2012 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| GD 35 | | 700111 | | Bangalore | | |
| CBCE | Demand of | ₹286.66 | October 2008 | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | to November | Excise and | | |
| | | | 2012 | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹1,070.27 | July 2012 to | Customs | | |
| CBEC | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2013 | Excise and | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakiis | Water 2015 | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹1,084.04 | April 2012 to | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2014 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹114.89 | April 2013 to | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2014 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| Comment | Derror 1 | 30 00 | Amril 2014 (| Bangalore | | |
| Commercial Tax | Demand of Sales tax | ₹2.90 Lakhs | April 2014 to March 2015 | The Deputy Commission | | |
| Department | Sales tax | Lakiis | March 2015 | er (Appeals)/ | | |
| Department | | | | The Deputy | | |
| | | | | Commission | | |
| | | | | er/ The | | |
| | | | | Commission | | |
| | | | | er | | |
| Income Tax | Demand of | ₹1,895.72 | AY 2012-13 | Income Tax | | |
| | Income Tax | Lakhs | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Cochin | | |
| Income Tax | Demand of | ₹93.79 | AY 2015-16 | Income Tax | | |
| | Income Tax | Lakhs | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Cochin | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹1.51 | April 2015 to | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2016 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |

| i i | | | | | TT 1 1 | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | CDEC | | 3 0.00 | A 120015 (| Bangalore | | |
| | CBEC | Demand of | ₹0.08 | April 2015 to | Customs | | |
| | | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2016 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | | Bangalore | | |
| 2018-2019 | by employees embezzlement the Company taken insuranc regard. Further | and others, wh s have occurred has recovered e cover for such t, the Company | ere gold loan aggregating a an amount of 1 losses and h is in the proc | tances of fraud o related misappr an amount of₹7,7 f ₹4,43,000. The as filed Insuranc ess of recovering s, where applicat | ropriations/cash 75,000 of which the Company has be claims in this g these amounts | Since the company has already created 100% provision for all applicable cases, No further impact on the financial statements. | The Company has taken insurance cover for such losses and has filed Insurance claims in this regard. Further, the Company has filed police cases and is in the process of recovering these amounts from the employees and taking legal actions, where |
| | 1. The Cor | | | outed tax dues sir | ice the matters | Impact on | applicable. |
| | | are pen | ding before v | arious forums: | | the financial | Corrective |
| Financial Year | Governing Statute | are pen Nature | ding before v | arious forums: Period | Forum where dispute is pending | the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer | Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken |
| | Statute | Nature | Amount | Period | Forum where dispute is pending | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer | steps taken and proposed to be taken |
| | Statute | | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 | Forum where dispute is | financial statements and financial position of | steps taken and proposed to |
| | Statute | Nature Demand of | Amount ₹82.13 | Period September 2004 to September | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| | Statute | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs ₹230.25 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 April 2012 to June 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs ₹230.25 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 April 2012 to June 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |
| Year | Statute CBEC CBEC CBEC | Nature Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax Demand of Service Tax | Amount ₹82.13 Lakhs ₹1,393.61 Lakhs ₹240.19 Lakhs ₹230.25 Lakhs | Period September 2004 to September 2008 October 2008 to November 2011 December 2011 to March 2012 April 2012 to June 2012 | Forum where dispute is pending Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | financial statements and financial position of the Issuer To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the company has been | steps taken and proposed to be taken Appeal has been filed in |

| | | | | Appellate | | |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of | ₹1,084.04 | April 2013 to | Customs | | |
| | Service Tax | Lakhs | March 2014 | Excise and | | |
| | | | | Service Tax | | |
| | | | | Appellate | | |
| | | | | Tribunal, | | |
| <u> </u> | D | 32.00 | A 11 2014 J | Bangalore | | |
| Commercial | Demand of | ₹2.90 | April 2014 to | The Deputy | | |
| Tax | Sales tax | Lakhs | March 2015 | Commission | | |
| Department | | | | er (Appeals)/ | | |
| | | | | The Deputy Commission | | |
| | | | | er/ The | | |
| | | | | Commission | | |
| | | | | er | | |
| Income Tax | Demand of | ₹1,895.72 | AY 2012-13 | Income Tax | | |
| meome rux | Income Tax | Lakhs | 111 2012 15 | Appellate | | |
| | | Luilli | | Tribunal, | | |
| | | | | Cochin | | |
| 2. During the | year there ha | ve been cert | tain instances of | f fraud on the | Since the | The Company |
| Company by | employees | and others, | where gold | loan related | company | has taken |
| | | | have occurred a | | has already | insurance |
| | | | ompany has not | | created | cover for such |
| | | | e cover for such | | 100% | losses and has |
| | | | r, the Company i | | provision | filed |
| Ų | | from the emp | loyees and takin | g legal actions, | for all | Insurance |
| where applicab | le | | | | applicable | claims in this |
| | | | | | cases, No | regard. |
| | | | | | further | Further, the |
| | | | | | impact on the financial | Company has filed police |
| | | | | | statements. | cases and is in |
| | | | | | statements. | the process of |
| | | | | | | recovering |
| | | | | | | these amounts |
| | | | | | | from the |
| | | | | | | employees |
| | | | | | | and taking |
| | | | | | | legal actions, |
| | | | | | | where |
| | | | | | | applicable. |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 1 |

| Financial Year | | y of Reservat | Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer | Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 2016-2017 | Governing Statute | Nature | Amount | Period | Forum where dispute is pending | | |
| | CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹82.13 Lakhs | For the Period Sep 2004 - Sep 2008 | Commission er of Central Excise, Customs & | To the extent of tax not paid, profit /general reserve of the | |

| CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹1,393.62 Lakhs | For the Period Oct 2008- Nov 2011 | Service Tax, Cochin. Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, | company has been overstated. | Appeal has been filed in all cases. |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹240.19 Lakhs | For the Period Dec 2011- March 2012 | Bangalore Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹230.24 Lakhs | For the Period Apr 2012- June 2012 | Customs Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, Bangalore | | |
| CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹1,070.27 Lakhs | For the Period July 2012- March 2013 | Commission er of Central Excise, Customs & Service Tax, Cochin. | | |
| CBEC | Demand of Service Tax | ₹1,084.03 Lakhs | For the Period April 2013- March 2014 | Commission er of Central Excise, Customs & Service Tax, Cochin. | | |
| Commercia l Taxes Department | Demand of Value Added tax | ₹2.90 Lakhs | For the Period April 2014- March 2015 | The Deputy Commission er (Appeals) / The Deputy Commission er/ The Commission er has raised a demand | | |

| 2. During the year there have been certain instances of fraud on the Company by employees and others, where gold loan related misappropriations / cash embezzlements have occurred aggregating an amount of ₹1.50 Lakhs of which the Company has not recovered any amount. | company has already | The Company has taken insurance cover for such losses and has filed Insurance claims in this regard. Further, the Company has filed police cases and is in the process of recovering these amounts from the employees and taking legal actions, where applicable. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Authority for the Issue

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company, held on June 14, 2021, the Board approved the Issue of NCDs to the public up to an amount not exceeding ₹30,000 lakhs.

Prohibition by SEBI

Our Company, persons in control of our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoters have not been restrained, prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities and no such order or direction is in force. Further, no member of our promoter group has been prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities due to fraud.

Categorisation as a Wilful Defaulter

Our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoters have not been categorised as a Wilful Defaulter nor are they in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt securities issued to the public, for a period of more than six-months.

Declaration as a Fugitive Economic Offender

None of our Promoters or Directors have been declared as a Fugitive Economic Offender.

Other confirmations

None of our Company or our Directors or our Promoters, or person(s) in control of our Company was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations.

Secured NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with Sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the debenture trustee.

Consents/ permissions and no objection certificates required for creation of further pari passu charge in favour of the Debenture Trustee on the assets from the Existing Secured Creditors have been obtained.

Disclaimer Clause of SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT SUBMISSION OF OFFER DOCUMENT TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT. THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKERS, KARVY INVESTOR SERVICES LIMITED AND SMC CAPITALS LIMITED, HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008 IN FORCE FOR THE TIME BEING. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE OUR COMPANY IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT, THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKER IS EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT OUR COMPANY DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKERS KARVY INVESTOR SERVICES LIMITED AND SMC CAPITALS LIMITED, HAS FURNISHED TO SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED AUGUST 26, 2021, WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. WE CONFIRM THAT NEITHER THE ISSUER NOR ITS PROMOTERS OR DIRECTORS HAVE BEEN PROHIBITED FROM ACCESSING THE CAPITAL MARKET UNDER ANY ORDER OR DIRECTION PASSED BY THE BOARD. WE ALSO CONFIRM THAT NONE OF THE INTERMEDIARIES NAMED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT HAVE BEEN DEBARRED FROM FUNCTIONING BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
- 2. WE CONFIRM THAT ALL THE MATERIAL DISCLOSURES IN RESPECT OF THE ISSUER HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT AND CERTIFY THAT ANY MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE ISSUE OR RELATING TO THE ISSUE UP TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF LISTING AND TRADING OF THE NCDS OFFERED THROUGH THIS ISSUE SHALL BE INFORMED THROUGH PUBLIC NOTICES/ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL THOSE NEWSPAPERS IN WHICH PRE-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT AND ADVERTISEMENT FOR OPENING OR CLOSURE OF THE ISSUE HAVE BEEN GIVEN.
- 3. WE CONFIRM THAT THE OFFER DOCUMENT CONTAINS ALL DISCLOSURES AS SPECIFIED IN THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF DEBT SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2008.
- 4. WE ALSO CONFIRM THAT ALL RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956, COMPANIES ACT, 2013, SECURITIES CONTRACTS, (REGULATION) ACT, 1956, SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ACT, 1992 AND THE RULES, REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES, CIRCULARS ISSUED THEREUNDER ARE COMPLIED WITH.

WE CONFIRM THAT NO COMMENTS/COMPLAINTS WERE RECEIVED ON THE DRAFT PROSPECTUS HOSTED ON THE WEBSITE OF BSE (DESIGNATED STOCK EXCHANGE).

Disclaimer Clause of BSE

BSE Limited ("the Exchange") has given, vide its Approval Letter dated August 25, 2021, permission to this Company to use the Exchange's name in this offer document as one of the stock exchanges on which this company's securities are proposed to be listed. The Exchange has scrutinized this offer document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this Company. The Exchange does not in any manner:

- a. warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer document; or
- b. warrant that this Company's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Exchange; or
- c. take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this Company, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this Company;

And it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this offer document has been cleared or approved by the Exchange. Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquires any securities of this Company may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against the Exchange whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription/acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF RBI

THE COMPANY IS HAVING A VALID CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION DATED DECEMBER 19, 2013 BEARING REGISTRATION NO. B-16.00117 ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 45 IA OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934. HOWEVER, RBI DOES NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR GUARANTEE ABOUT THE PRESENT POSITION AS TO THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF THE COMPANY OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF ANY OF THE STATEMENTS OR REPRESENTATIONS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED BY THE COMPANY AND FOR REPAYMENT OF DEPOSITS/DISCHARGE OF LIABILITY BY THE COMPANY.

Disclaimer of CRISIL Research for industry report

CRISIL Research, a division of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) has taken due care and caution in preparing this report (Report) based on the Information obtained by CRISIL from sources which it considers reliable (Data). However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Data / Report and is not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of Data / Report. This Report is not a recommendation to invest / disinvest in any entity covered in the Report and no part of this Report should be construed as an expert advice or investment advice or any form of investment banking within the meaning of any law or regulation. CRISIL especially states that it has no liability whatsoever to the subscribers / users / transmitters/ distributors of this Report. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, nothing in the Report is to be construed as CRISIL providing or intending to provide any services in jurisdictions where CRISIL does not have the necessary permission and/or registration to carry out its business activities in this regard. Kosamattam Finance Limited will be responsible for ensuring compliances and consequences of non-complainces for use of the Report or part thereof outside India, CRISIL Research operates independently of, and does not have access to information obtained by CRISIL's Ratings Division / CRISIL Risk and Infrastructure Solutions Ltd (CRIS), which may, in their regular operations, obtain information of a confidential nature. The views expressed in this Report are that of CRISIL Research and not of CRISIL's Ratings Division / CRIS. No part of this Report may be published/reproduced in any form without CRISIL's prior written approval.

Track record of past public issues handled by the Lead Managers

The track record of past issues handled by the Lead Managers, as required by SEBI circular number CIR/MIRSD/1/2012 dated January 10, 2012, are available at the following website:

| Name of Lead Managers | Website |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Karvy Investor Services Limited | www.karvyinvestmentbanking.com |
| SMC Capitals Limited | www.smccapitals.com |

Listing

An application will be made to BSE for permission to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs. BSE has been appointed as the Designated Stock Exchange.

If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by BSE, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Prospectus.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange mentioned above are taken within six (6) Working Days from the date of closure of the issue.

Consents

Consents in writing of (a) Directors of our Company; (b) Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; (c) Chief Financial Officer; (d) Statutory Auditors; (e) Legal Advisor to the Issue; (f) Lead Managers; (g) the Registrar to the Issue; (h) Public Issue Account Bank; (i) Refund Banks; (j) Credit Rating Agencies; (k) the Bankers to our Company; (l) the Debenture Trustee; and (m) the Syndicate Member^{*} to act in their respective capacities, have been obtained and will be filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with the RoC and any other authority as may be required.

The consents of the Statutory Auditors of our Company, namely M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants for (a) inclusion of their name as the Statutory Auditor; (b) examination reports on Reformatted Financial Statements in the form and context in which they appear in this Prospectus; and (c) report on the Statement of Tax Benefits availed to Debenture Holders dated July 15, 2021 in the form and context in which it appears in this Prospectus, have been obtained and the same will be filed along with a copy of this Prospectus with the RoC.

Expert Opinion

Except the (i) Statutory Auditor's report on our reformatted audited financials for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019, March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 issued by M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021; (ii) Statement of Tax Benefits available to Debenture Holder

issued by M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions.

Common form of Transfer

We undertake that there shall be a common form of transfer for the NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant Depositary Participants of the transferrer or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof.

Filing of the Draft Prospectus

The Draft Prospectus will be filed with the Designated Stock Exchange in terms of Regulation 6 of the SEBI Debt Regulations for dissemination on its website(s).

Filing of this Prospectus

This Prospectus shall be filed with RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013

Issue related expenses

For details of Issue related expenses, see "Objects of the Issue" on page 64.

Reservation

No portion of this Issue has been reserved

Terms and Conditions of Debenture Trustee Agreement

Fees charged by Debenture Trustee

The Debenture Trustee has agreed for one time acceptance fee amounting to ₹3,00,000 (plus the applicable taxes) with Annual fee of ₹4,50,000 (plus the applicable taxes) for the services as agreed in the engagement letter dated June 24, 2021.

Terms of carrying out due diligence

As per the SEBI Circular "SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/218 dated November 03, 2020 titled "Creation of Security in issuance of listed debt securities and due diligence by debenture trustee(s)", the Debenture Trustee is required to exercise independent due diligence to ensure that the assets of the Issuer company are sufficient to discharge the interest and principal amount with respect to the debt securities of the Issuer at all times. Accordingly, the Debenture Trustee shall exercise due diligence as per the following process, for which our company has consented to.

- d. The Debenture Trustee, either through itself or its agents /advisors/ consultants, shall carry out requisite diligence to verify the status of encumbrance and valuation of the assets and whether all permissions or consents (if any) as may be required to create the security as stipulated in the offer document /disclosure document / information memorandum / private placement memorandum, has been obtained. For the purpose of carrying out the due diligence as required in terms of the Relevant Laws, the Debenture Trustee, either through itself or its agents /advisors/consultants, shall have the power to examine the books of account of the Company and to have the Company's assets inspected by its officers and/or external auditors/valuers/consultants/lawyers/technical experts/management consultants appointed by the Debenture Trustee.
- e. The Company shall provide all assistance to the Debenture Trustee to enable verification from the Registrar of Companies, Sub-registrar of Assurances (as applicable), CERSAI, depositories, information utility or any other authority, as may be relevant, where the assets and/or encumbrances in relation to the assets of the Company or any third party security provider are registered / disclosed.
- f. Further, in the event that existing charge holders have provided conditional consent / permissions to the

Company to create further charge on the assets, the Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to verify Kosamattum Finance Limited such conditions by reviewing the relevant transaction documents or any other documents executed between existing charge holders and the Company. The Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to intimate the existing charge holders about proposal of creation of further encumbrance and seeking their comments/ objections, if any.

g. Without prejudice to the aforesaid, the Company shall ensure that it provides and procures all information, representations, confirmations and disclosures as may be required in the sole discretion of the Debenture Trustee to carry out the requisite diligence in connection with the issuance and allotment of the Debentures, in accordance with the relevant laws/ Applicable Law.

The Debenture Trustee shall have the power to either independently appoint, or direct the Company to (after consultation with the Debenture Trustee) appoint intermediaries, valuers, chartered accountant firms, practicing company secretaries, consultants, lawyers and other entities in order to assist in the diligence by the Debenture Trustee. All costs, charges, fees and expenses that are associated with and incurred in relation to the diligence as well as preparation of the reports/certificates/documentation, including all out of pocket expenses towards legal or inspection costs, travelling and other costs, shall be solely borne by the Company. Process of Due Diligence to be carried out by the Debenture Trustee Due Diligence will be carried out as per SEBI Debt Regulations and circulars issued by SEBI from time to time. This would broadly include the following:

- A Chartered Accountant ("CA") appointed by Debenture Trustee will conduct independent due diligence as per scope provided, regarding security offered by the Issuer.
- CA will ascertain, verify, and ensure that the assets offered as security by the Issuer is free from any encumbrances or necessary permission / consent / NOC has been obtained from all existing charge holders.
- CA will conduct independent due diligence on the basis of data / information provided by the Issuer.
- CA will, periodically undertake due diligence as envisaged in SEBI circulars depending on the nature of security.
- On basis of the CA's report / finding Due Diligence certificate will be issued by Debenture Trustee and will be filed with relevant Stock Exchanges.
- Due Diligence conducted is premised on data / information made available to the Debenture Trustee appointed agency and there is no onus of responsibility on Debenture Trustee or its appointed agency for any acts of omission / commission on the part of the Issuer.

While the NCD is secured as per terms of the Offer Document and charge is held in favour of the Debenture Trustee, the extent of recovery would depend upon realization of asset value and the Debenture Trustee in no way guarantees / assures full recovery / partial of either principal or interest.

Other Confirmations

The Debenture Trustee confirms that they have undertaken the necessary due diligence in accordance with Applicable Law, including the SEBI (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993, read with the SEBI circulars titled (i) "Creation of Security in issuance of listed debt securities and 'due diligence' by debenture trustee(s)" dated November 3, 2020; and (ii) "Monitoring and Disclosures by Debenture Trustee(s)" dated November 12, 2020.

VISTRA ITCL (INDIA) LIMITED HAVE FURNISHED TO STOCK EXCHANGES A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED AUGUST 12, 2021, AS PER THE FORMAT SPECIFIED IN ANNEXURE A TO THE DT CIRCULAR WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. WE HAVE EXAMINED DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO THE SAID ISSUE AND OTHER SUCH RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, REPORTS AND CERTIFICATIONS.
- 2. ON THE BASIS OF SUCH EXAMINATION AND OF THE DISCUSSIONS WITH THE ISSUER, ITS DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS, OTHER AGENCIES AND ON INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION OF THE VARIOUS RELEVANT DOCUMENTS, REPORTS AND CERTIFICATIONS, WE CONFIRM THAT:
 - A. THE ISSUER HAS MADE ADEQUATE PROVISIONS FOR AND/OR HAS TAKEN STEPS TO PROVIDE FOR ADEQUATE SECURITY FOR THE DEBT SECURITIES TO BE ISSUED.
 - B. THE ISSUER HAS OBTAINED THE PERMISSIONS / CONSENTS NECESSARY FOR

CREATING SECURITY ON THE SAID PROPERTY(IES).

- C. THE ISSUER HAS MADE ALL THE RELEVANT DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE SECURITY AND ALSO ITS CONTINUED OBLIGATIONS TOWARDS THE HOLDERS OF DEBT SECURITIES.
- D. ISSUER HAS ADEQUATELY DISCLOSED ALL CONSENTS/ PERMISSIONS REQUIRED FOR CREATION OF FURTHER CHARGE ON ASSETS IN OFFER DOCUMENT AND ALL DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO CREATION OF SECURITY ARE IN CONFIRMATION WITH THE CLAUSES OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE AGREEMENT.
- E. ISSUER HAS DISCLOSED ALL COVENANTS PROPOSED TO BE INCLUDED IN DEBENTURE TRUST DEED (INCLUDING ANY SIDE LETTER, ACCELERATED PAYMENT CLAUSE ETC.), OFFER DOCUMENT.
- F. ISSUER HAS GIVEN AN UNDERTAKING THAT CHARGE SHALL BE CREATED IN FAVOUR OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE AS PER TERMS OF ISSUE BEFORE FILING OF LISTING APPLICATION.

WE HAVE SATISFIED OURSELVES ABOUT THE ABILITY OF THE ISSUER TO SERVICE THE DEBT SECURITIES

Our Company undertakes that it shall submit the due diligence certificate from Debenture Trustee to the Stock Exchange as per format specified in Annexure A of the DT Circular.

Public issue of Equity Shares

Our Company has not made any public issue of Equity Shares in the last five years.

Previous Issues of NCDs

Other than the issues of (i) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹10,000 lakes and (ii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹15,000 lakhs, (iii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible of face value of ₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹20,000 lakhs, (iv) secured redeemable nonconvertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹1,000 each aggregating to ₹20,000 lakhs in the financial year 2014-2015; (v) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹23,000 lakhs and (vi) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹20,000 lakhs in the financial year 2015-2016; (vii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹25,000 lakhs, (viii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹20,000 lakhs and (ix) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹30,000 lakhs, in the financial year 2016-2017; (x) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹25,000 lakhs, (xi) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹22,000 lakhs and (xii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹23,000 lakhs, in the financial year 2017-2018; (xiii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to $\overline{3}30,000$ lakes (xiv) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹25,000 lakhs and (xv) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹30,000 lakhs, in the financial year 2018-2019; (xvi) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemables non-convertible of face value $\overline{1,000}$ each, aggregating to $\overline{30,000}$ lakhs, (xvii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹30,000 lakhs, (xviii) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹35,000 lakhs and secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹30,000 lakhs, in the financial year 2019-2020; (xix) secured redeemable non-convertible debentures and unsecured redeemable nonconvertible debentures of face value ₹1,000 each, aggregating to ₹30,000 lakhs; (xx) secured redeemable nonconvertible debentures of face value $\gtrless1,000$ each aggregating to $\gtrless30,000$ lakhs; (xxi) secured redeemable non-covertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value $\gtrless1,000$ each aggregating to $\gtrless35,000$ lakhs, (xxii) secured redeemable non-covertible debentures and unsecured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value $\gtrless1,000$ each aggregating to $\gtrless35,000$ lakhs, in the financial year 2020-2021.

Other than as specifically disclosed in this Prospectus, our Company has not issued any securities for consideration other than cash.

Dividend

Our Company has no stated dividend policy. The declaration and payment of dividends on our shares will be recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by our shareholders, at their discretion, and will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to our profits, capital requirements and overall financial condition.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Kottayam, India.

Details regarding lending out of issue proceeds of Previous Issues

A. Lending Policy

Please see "Our Business - Gold Loan Business" on page 85.

B. Loans given by the Company

Company has not provided any loans/advances to associates, entities/persons relating to Board, senior management or Promoters out of the proceeds of Previous Issues.

C. Utilisation of Issue Proceeds of the previous Issues by our Company and Group Companies

Our Company

| | | | | | | | | (₹in lakhs) |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Sr. No. | Particulars of utilisation | 1 st Public Issue | 2 nd Public Issue | 3 rd Public Issue | 4 th Public Issue | 5 th Public Issue | 6 th Public Issue | 7 th Public Issue |
| | Total Issue Proceeds | 10,000.00 | 14,922.90 | 16,344.49 | 20,000.00 | 23,000.00 | 19,988.15 | 23,451.14 |
| a. | Issue Related Expense | 56.62 | 57.51 | 32.97 | 7.67 | 70.60 | 14.26 | 25.86 |
| | Issue Proceed Less Issue Expenses | 9,943.38 | 14,865.39 | 16,311.52 | 19,992.33 | 22,929.40 | 19,973.89 | 23,425.28 |
| 1. | Onward lending | 8,678.84 | 13,777.39 | 14.556.88 | 18,024.45 | 21,062.05 | 17,971.74 | 21,609.10 |
| 2. | Repayment of existing loans including interest | 1,200.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,650.00 | 1,114.72 | 1,278.37 | 945.33 | 772.60 |
| 3. | General Corporate Purposes | 64.54 | 88.00 | 104.64 | 853.16 | 588.98 | 1,056.82 | 1,043.58 |

| Sr. No. | Particulars of utilisation | 8 th Public Issue | 9 th Public Issue | 10 th Public Issue | 11 th Public Issue | 12 th Public Issue | 13 th Public Issue | 14 th Public Issue | 15 th Public Issue |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Total Issue Proceeds | 19,978.59 | 21,416.65 | 21,951.14 | 21,462.10 | 22,878.51 | 21,426.54 | 23,470.51 | 21,198.81 |
| a. | Issue Related Expense | 0.57 | 7.00 | 14.06 | 1.30 | 20.91 | 159.38 | 150.07 | 259.58 |
| | Issue Proceed Less Issue Expenses | 19,978.02 | 21,409.65 | 21,937.08 | 21,460.08 | 22,857.60 | 21,267.16 | 23,320.44 | 20,939.23 |
| 1. | Onward lending | 19,254.09 | 18,079.55 | 19,067.43 | 20,785.94 | 22,455.22 | 20,820.92 | 18,608.54 | 19,515.44 |
| 2. | Repayment of existing loans including interest | 621.76 | 3,196.54 | 2,773.06 | 629.34 | 320.95 | 164.12 | 4,307.36 | 1,403.87 |
| 3. | General Corporate Purposes | 102.17 | 133.56 | 96.59 | 45.52 | 81.43 | 282.12 | 404.54 | 19.92 |

| Sr. No. | Particulars of utilisation | | 16 th Public Issue | 17 th Public Issue | 18 th Public Issue | 19 th Public Issue | 20 th Public Issue | 21 st Public Issue | 22 nd Public Issue |
|------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Total Proceeds | Issue | 20,600.86 | 29,635.96 | 29,002.19 | 29,725.73 | 30,000.00 | 32,559.33 | 26,320.88 |
| a. | Issue Re Expense | elated | 182.40 | 130.12 | 154.26 | 159.93 | 138.49 | 116.50 | 91.11 |
| | Issue Proceed Less Issue Expenses | | 20,418.46 | 29,505.84 | 28,847.93 | 29,565.80 | 29,861.52 | 32,442.83 | 26,229.77 |
| 1. | Onward lending | g | 20,084.95 | 23,286.97 | 28,639.11 | 27,568.84 | 29,829.11 | 23,996.45 | 21,359.76 |
| 2. | Repayment existing including intere | of loans est | 230.51 | 4,597.99 | 188.82 | 1,941.11 | - | 6,557.62 | 3,026.54 |
| 3. | General Corp Purposes | orate | 103.00 | 1,620.88 | 20.00 | 55.85 | 32.40 | 1,888.76 | 1,843.47 |

Group Companies

Nil

Description of our loan portfolio

Type of loans:

The detailed break-up of the type of loans given by the Company as on March 31, 2021 is as follows:

| | | (₹in lakhs) |
|---------|---------------|-------------|
| Sr. No. | Type of Loans | Amount |
| 1. | Secured | 3,46,440.96 |
| 2. | Unsecured | 1,385.42 |
| | Total Loans | 3,47,826.38 |

A. Sectoral Exposure as on March 31, 2021:

| Sr. No. | Segment wise break up of loans | Percentage |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1. | Retail | |
| a. | Mortgages (home loans and loans against property) | 1.66% |
| b. | Gold Loans | 97.79% |
| с. | Vehicle Finance | 0.00% |
| d. | MFI | 0.04% |
| e. | M & SME | 0.00% |
| f. | Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding) | 0.00% |
| g. | Others | 0.51% |
| 2. | Wholesale | |
| a. | Infrastructure | 0.00% |
| b. | Real Estate (including builder loans) | 0.00% |
| с. | Promoter funding | 0.00% |
| d. | Any other sector (as applicable) | 0.00% |
| e. | Others | 0.00% |
| | Total | 100.00% |

B. Residual Maturity Profile of Assets and Liabilities as on March 31, 2021:

| | Up to 30/31 days | More than 1 month to 2 month s | More than 2 month s to 3 month s | More than 3 months to 6 months | More than 6 month s to 1 year | More than 1 year to 3 years | More than 3 years to 5 years | More than 5 years | Non sensitiv e to ALM | (₹ <i>in lakhs)</i> Total |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Deposit | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Advance s | 77,668. 92 | 43,272. 69 | 29,312. 29 | 1,12,812 .82 | 87,304. 29 | 602.37 | 2.51 | - | (3,149. 51) | 3,47,826 |
| Investme nts | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

| | Up to 30/31 days | More than 1 month to 2 month s | More than 2 month s to 3 month s | More than 3 months to 6 months | More than 6 month s to 1 year | More than 1 year to 3 years | More than 3 years to 5 years | More than 5 years | Non sensitiv e to ALM | Total |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Debt | 5,932.7 | 3,026.5 | 5,948.8 | 18,619.1 | 35,050. | 1,20,365 | 31,764 | 8,119.6 | (505.48 | 2,28,322 |
| Securitie s | 5 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 84 | .82 | 86 | 2 |) | .99 |
| Subordin | - | - | - | - | 6,568.9 | 3,995.48 | 11,003. | 10,479. | (60.93) | 31,987.3 |
| ate liabilities | | | | | 8 | , | 94 | 91 | ~ / | 8 |
| Borrowi | 13,558. | 731.06 | 19,245. | 14,226.0 | 16,124. | 16,077.1 | 5,297.3 | - | - | 85,261.0 |
| ng (other than debt securities) | 45 | | 98 | 8 | 91 | 5 | 9 | | | 2 |
| Foreign Currency Assets | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Foreign Current Liabilitie s | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

C. Denomination of the loans outstanding by ticket size as on March 31, 2021*:

| 3. ₹5 lakh 4. ₹10 lak 5. ₹25 lakh | value** | Percentage |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| 3. ₹5 lakh 4. ₹10 lak 5. ₹25 lakh | 2 lakhs | 95.37% |
| 3. ₹5 lakh 4. ₹10 lak 5. ₹25 lakh | to 5 lakhs | 2.55% |
| 5. ₹25 lak | to 10 lakhs | 0.41% |
| | ns to 25 lakhs | 0.18% |
| 6. ₹50 lak | ns to 50 lakhs | 0.08% |
| | as to 1 crore | 0.17% |
| 7. ₹1 cror | to 5 crores | 0.90% |
| 8. ₹5 cror | s to 25 crores | 0.34% |
| 9. ₹25 cro | res to 100 crores | 0.00% |
| | 100 cores | 0.00% |
| Total | | 100.00% |

* Loan to value, at the time of origination

**The details provided are as per borrower and not as per loan account.

D. Denomination of loans outstanding by LTV as on March 31, 2021*:

| Sr. No. | LTV | Percentage of loans |
|---------|---------------|---------------------|
| 1. | Up to 40% | 2.29% |
| 2. | 40%-50% | 13.63% |
| 3. | 50%-60% | 3.43% |
| 4. | 60%-70% | 33.95% |
| 5. | 70%-80% | 46.70% |
| 6. | 80%-90% | 0.00% |
| 7. | More than 90% | 0.00% |
| | Total | 100.00% |

* LTV at the time of origination of secured loan outstanding

E. Geographical classification of our borrowers as on March 31, 2021:

| Sr. No. | States | Percentage of loans |
|---------|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. | Andhra Pradesh | 6.53% |
| 2. | Delhi | 0.90% |
| 3. | Gujarat | 0.11% |
| 4. | Karnataka | 16.53% |
| 5. | Kerala | 19.48% |

| 6. | Maharashtra | 1.15% |
|----|-------------|---------|
| 7. | Puducherry | 0.42% |
| 8. | Tamil Nadu | 53.74% |
| 9. | Telangana | 1.14% |
| | Total | 100.00% |

F. (a) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of advances as on March 31, 2021:

| | (₹in lakhs) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Amount |
| Total advances to twenty largest borrowers | 4,746.01 |
| Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances to our Company | 1.49% |

(a) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of exposure as on March 31, 2021:

| | (₹in lakhs) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| Particulars | Amount |
| Total exposure to twenty largest borrower | 4,746.01 |
| Percentage of exposure to twenty argest borrower to total exposure to our Company | 1.49% |

G. Details of loans overdue and classified as non-performing in accordance with RBI's guidelines as on March 31, 2021:

| Movement of gross NPA | Amount (₹in lakhs) |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Opening gross NPA | 4,330.32 |
| - Additions during the year | 1,362.28 |
| - Reductions during the year | 1,050.49 |
| Closing balance of gross NPA | 4,642.11 |
| Movement of net NPA | Amount (₹in lakhs) |
| Opening net NPA | 2,880.76 |
| - Additions during the year | 668.58 |
| - Reductions during the year | 791.43 |
| Closing balance of net NPA | 2,757.91 |
| Movement of provisions for NPA | Amount (₹in lakhs) |
| Opening balance | 1,449.56 |
| - Provisions made during the year | 693.70 |
| - Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions | 259.06 |
| Closing balance | 1,884.20 |

H. Segment-wise gross NPA as on March 31, 2021:

| Sr. No. | Segment-wise gross NPA | Gross NPA(%) |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1. | Retail | |
| a. | Mortgages (home loans and loans against property) | 61.48% |
| b. | Gold Loans | 31.59% |
| с. | Vehicle Finance | - |
| d. | MFI | 3.18% |
| e. | M & SME | - |
| f. | Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding) | - |
| g. | Others | 3.75% |
| 2. | Wholesale | |
| a. | Infrastructure | - |
| b. | Real Estate (including builder loans) | - |
| с. | Promoter funding | - |
| d. | Any other sector (as applicable) | - |
| e. | Others | - |
| | Total | 100.00% |

I. Classification of loans/advances given to associates, entities/persons relating to the Board, senior management, Promoters, others, etc.

| Particulars | Amount (₹in lakhs)* |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Loans to Promoters | Nil |
| Total | Nil |

*Please note that the figures disclosed in this table are as on March 31, 2021

Gross Debt Equity ratio of the Company

| Parameters | As of March 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Before Issue of the Debt Securities | 6.64 |
| After Issue of the Debt Securities | 7.21 |

Revaluation of assets

Our Company has not revalued its assets in the last five years.

Mechanism for redressal of investor grievances

Agreement dated July 13, 2021, between the Registrar to the Issue and our Company provides for settling of investor grievances in a timely manner and for retention of records with the Registrar to the Issue for a period of seven years.

All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue and Compliance Officer giving full details such as name, address of the applicant, number of NCDs applied for, amount paid on application and the details of Member of Syndicate or Trading Member of the Stock Exchange where the application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to either (a) the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant, or (b) the concerned Member of the Syndicate and the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB in the event of an Application submitted by an ASBA Applicant at any of the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, option applied for, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application.

Additionally, the Stock Exchange shall be responsible for addressing investor greivances arising from applications submitted online through the app based/ web interface platform of the Stock Exchange or through its Trading Members. Further, in accordance with the Debt UPI Circular, the Designated Intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the Applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

We estimate that the average time required by us or the Registrar to the Issue for the redressal of routine investor grievances will be three (3) business days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, we will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

The contact details of Registrar to the Issue are as follows:

Kfin Technologies Private Limited

Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad, Rangareddy, Telangana - 500 032, India **Tel:** +91 40 6716 2222 **Fax:** +91 40 2343 1551 **Toll Free No.:** 18003454001 **Email:** einward.ris@kfintech.com **Investor Grievance Email:** kosamattam.ncdipo22@kfinech.com **Website:** www.kfintech.com **Contact Person:** M Murali Krishna **SEBI Registration Number:** INR000000221

Sreenath P. has been appointed as the Compliance Officer of our Company for this issue.

The contact details of Compliance officer of our Company are as follows:

Sreenath P. Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam MKC Building, Market Junction, M. L. Road, Kottayam – 686 001, Tel.: +91 481 258 6506 Fax: +91 481 258 6500 E-mail: cs@kosamattam.com

Change in Auditors of our Company during the last three years

The erstwhile statutory auditors of our Company, M/s Cheeran Varghese & Co., Chartered Accountants were replaced by M/s. Shamsudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants, who were appointed for a period of five financial years with effect from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2022, pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders at their general meeting held on June 15, 2017.

Subsequently, M/s. Shamsudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants resigned and consequently, M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants, were appointed, as our Company's statutory auditors to fill in the casual vacancy caused by the resignation of M/s. Shamsudeen & Co., Chartered Accountants, pursuant to a resolution of our shareholders at their general meeting held on January 20, 2018. Further, members of the Company in their 31st Annual General Meeting held on June 08, 2018 appointed M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants, for a period of five years.

Other disclosures

On February 26, 2018, the Financial Intelligence Unit - India, Ministry of Finance categorised Kosamattam Mathew K. Cherian Financiers Private Limited (since then merged with our Company *vide* an order of the NCLT dated June 26, 2018) as a '*High Risk Financial Institution*' on account of non-compliance with the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and the rules made thereunder in relation to not undertaking registration of principal officer as on January 31, 2018. Our Company made requisite filings on April 3, 2018 and submitted the same to the Financial Intelligence Unit.

Disclaimer statement from our Company, our Directors and the Lead Managers

Our Company, our Directors and the Lead Managers accepts no responsibility for statements made other than in this Prospectus or in the advertisements or any other material issued by or at our Company's instance in connection with the Issue of the NCDs and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information including our Company's website, or any website of any affiliate of our Company would be doing so at their own risk. The Lead Managers accept no responsibility, save to the limited extent as provided in the Issue Agreement.

None among our Company or the Lead Managers or any Member of the Syndicate is liable for any failure in uploading the Application due to faults in any software/hardware system or otherwise; the blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Account on receipt of instructions from the Sponsor Bank on account of any errors, omissions or non-compliance by various parties involved in, or any other fault, malfunctioning or breakdown in, or otherwise, in the UPI Mechanism.

Investors who make an Application in the Issue will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company, the Lead Managers and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs and will not issue, sell, pledge, or transfer the NCDs to any person who is not eligible under any applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, guidelines and approvals to acquire the NCDs. Our Company, the Lead Managers and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates, and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the NCDs being offered in the Issue.

KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The regulations summarised below are not exhaustive and are only intended to provide general information to Investors and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for any professional legal advice. Taxation statutes such as the IT Act, GST laws (including CGST, SGST and IGST) and applicable local sales tax statutes, labour regulations such as the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, and other miscellaneous regulations such as the Trade Marks Act, 1999 and applicable Shops and Establishments statutes apply to us as they do to any other Indian company and therefore have not been detailed below.

The following description is a summary of certain sector specific laws and regulations in India, which are applicable to our Company. The information detailed in this chapter has been obtained from publications available in the public domain. The regulations set out below may not be exhaustive, and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice. The statements below are based on the current provisions of the Indian law, and the judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to change or modification by subsequent legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial decisions.

The major regulations governing our Company are detailed below:

We are a non-deposit taking (which does not accept public deposits), systemically important, NBFC. As such, our business activities are regulated by RBI Regulations applicable to non-public deposit accepting NBFCs ("*NBFC-ND*").

As of November 22, 2019, the RBI has issued an updated *Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, dated September 1, 2016 as amended, ("Master Directions") applicable to all NBFC-NDSI's.*

Regulations governing NBFCs

As per the RBI Act, a financial institution has been defined as a company which includes a non-banking institution carrying on as its business or part of its business the financing activities, whether by way of making loans or advances or otherwise, of any activity, other than its own and it is engaged in the activities of loans and advances, acquisition of shares/stock/bonds/debentures/securities issued by the Government of India or other local authorities or other marketable securities of like nature, leasing, hire-purchase, insurance business, chit business but does not include any institution whose principal business is that of carrying out any agricultural or industrial activities or the sale/purchase/construction of immovable property.

As per prescribed law any company that carries on the business of a non-banking financial institution as its 'principal business' is to be treated as an NBFC. The term 'principal businesses has not been defined in any statute, however, RBI has clarified through a press release (Ref. No. 1998-99/1269) issued on April 08, 1999, that in order to identify a particular company as an NBFC, it will consider both the assets and the income pattern as evidenced from the last audited balance sheet of the company to decide a company's principal business. The company will be treated as an NBFC if its financial assets are more than 50 percent of its total assets (netted off by intangible assets) and income from financial assets should be more than 50 percent of the gross income. Both these tests are required to be satisfied in order to determine the principal business of a company.

Every NBFC is required to submit to the RBI a certificate, from its statutory auditor within one month from the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any case, not later than December 30 of that year, stating that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution requiring it to hold a certificate of registration.

NBFCs are primarily governed by the RBI Act, the Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company – Non-Systematically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, Peer to Peer Lending Platform (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2017 ("Peer to Peer Regulations"), Reserve Bank Commercial Paper Directions, 2017 ("Commercial Papers Directions") and the Non-Banking Financial Companies Acceptance of Public Deposits (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016. In addition to these regulations, NBFCs are also governed by various circulars, notifications, guidelines and directions issued by the RBI from time to time.

Although by definition, NBFCs are permitted to operate in similar sphere of activities as banks, there are a few important and key differences. The most important distinctions are:

- An NBFC cannot accept deposits repayable on demand in other words, NBFCs can only accept fixed term deposits. Thus, NBFCs are not permitted to issue negotiable instruments, such as cheques which are payable on demand; and
- NBFCs are not allowed to deal in foreign exchange, even if they specifically apply to the RBI for approval in this regard.

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act makes it mandatory for every NBFC to get itself registered with the Reserve Bank in order to be able to commence any of the aforementioned activities.

Further, an NBFC may be registered as a deposit accepting NBFC ("*NBFC-D*") or as a non-deposit accepting NBFC ("*NBFC-ND*"). The RBI has recently harmonised the categories of NBFCs into: (i) investment and credit companies (which erstwhile consisted of asset finance companies, investment companies, and loan companies); (ii) infrastructure finance companies; (iii) infrastructure debt funds; (iv) NBFC – micro finance institutions; and (v) NBFC – factors.

Our Company has been classified as an NBFC-ND-SI.

Systemically Important NBFC-NDs

The RBI in its notification (RBI/2014-15/520 DNBR (PD) CC.No.024/03.10.001/2014-15) dated March 27, 2015 revised the threshold for defining systemic significance for NBFCs-ND in the light of the overall increase in the growth of the NBFC sector. NBFCs-ND-SI will henceforth be those NBFCs-ND which have asset size of ₹50,000 lakhs and above as per the last audited balance sheet. Moreover, all NBFCs-ND with assets of ₹50,000 lakhs and above, irrespective of whether they have accessed public funds or not, shall comply with prudential requirements as applicable to NBFCs-ND-SI. NBFCs-ND-SI is required to comply with conduct of business regulations if customer interface exists.

All systemically important NBFCs are required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets Ratio ("CRAR") of 15%.

Loan-to-value guidelines

The RBI *vide* the Master Directions, directed all NBFCs to: (i) maintain a loan-to-value ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against the collateral of gold jewellery and; (ii) disclose in their balance sheet the percentage of such loans to their total assets.

Further, NBFC's are also required to not grant any advance against bullion / primary gold, gold bullion, gold jewellery, gold coins, units of Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) and units of gold mutual fund. NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) are required to maintain a minimum Tier I capital of 12.00%.

Rating of NBFCs

Pursuant to the RBI Master Directions, all NBFCs with an asset size of ₹5,000 million are required to, as per RBI instructions to, furnish information about downgrading or upgrading of the assigned rating of any financial product issued by them within 15 days of a change in rating.

Prudential Norms

The Master Directions amongst other requirements prescribe guidelines on NBFC-ND regarding income recognition, asset classification, provisioning requirements, constitution of audit committee, capital adequacy requirements, concentration of credit/investment and norms relating to infrastructure loans. Further the concentration of credit/ investment norms shall not apply to a systemically important non-banking financial company not accessing public funds in India, either directly or indirectly, and not issuing guarantees.

Provisioning Requirements

An NBFC-ND, after taking into account the time lag between an account becoming non-performing, its recognition, the realisation of the security and erosion overtime in the value of the security charged, shall make provisions against sub-Standard Assets, Doubtful Assets and Loss Assets in the manner provided for in the Master

Directions.

In the interests of counter cyclicality and so as to ensure that NBFCs create a financial buffer to protect them from the effect of economic downturns, RBI *vide* their circular no. DNBS.PD.CC. No.207/ 03.02.002 /2010-11 dated January 17, 2011, introduced provisioning for Standard Assets by all NBFCs. NBFCs are required to make a general provision at 0.25% of the outstanding standard assets. RBI *vide* their circular no. DNBR (PD) CC No. 037/03.01.001/2014-15 dated June 3, 2015 and the Master Directions has sought to raise the provision for standard assets to 0.40% by March 2018. The provisions on standard assets are not reckoned for arriving at net NPAs. The provisions towards Standard Assets are not needed to be netted from gross advances but shown separately as 'Contingent Provisions against Standard Assets' in the balance sheet. NBFCs are allowed to include the '*General Provisions on Standard Assets*' in Tier II capital which together with other 'general provisions/ loss reserves' will be admitted as Tier II capital only up to a maximum of 1.25% of the total risk-weighted assets.

Capital Adequacy Norms

Every systemically important NBFC-ND is required to maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital of not less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items is required to be maintained. Also, the total of the Tier II capital of a NBFC-MFI shall not exceed 100% of the Tier I capital.

Tier-I Capital, are defined as owned funds as reduced by investment in shares of other NBFCs and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, 10% of the owned fund and perpetual debt instruments issued by a systemically important NBFC-ND in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15% of the aggregate Tier I capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous accounting year. Further the RBI *vide* circular dated March 27, 2015 require the NBFCs primarily engaged in the business of lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) to maintain a minimum Tier I capital of 12%.

Owned Funds, are defined as paid-up equity capital, preference shares which are compulsorily convertible into equity, free reserves, balance in share premium account; capital reserve representing surplus arising out of sale proceeds of asset, excluding reserves created by revaluation of assets; less accumulated loss balance, book value of intangible assets and deferred revenue expenditure, if any.

Tier - II Capital is defined to includes the following (a) preference shares other than those which are compulsorily convertible into equity; (b) revaluation reserves at discounted rate of 55%; (c) general provisions (including that for standard assets) and loss reserves to the extent these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable potential loss in any specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to the extent of one-and-one-fourth percent of risk weighted assets; (d) hybrid debt capital instruments; and (e) subordinated debt to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier - I capital; and (f) perpetual debt instrument issued by a systemically important NBFC-ND, which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier I Capital to the extent that the aggregate Tier-II capital does not exceed 15% of the Tier -I capital.

Hybrid debt means, capital instrument, which possess certain characteristics of equity as well as debt.

Subordinated debt means a fully paid up capital instrument, which is unsecured and is subordinated to the claims of other creditors and is free from restrictive clauses and is not redeemable at the instance of the holder or without the consent of the supervisory authority of the NBFC. The book value of such instrument is subjected to discounting as prescribed.

Exposure Norms

In order to ensure better risk management and avoidance of concentration of credit risks, the RBI has, in terms of the Master Directions, prescribed credit exposure limits for financial institutions in respect of their lending to single/ group borrowers. Credit exposure to a single borrower shall not exceed 15% of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND, while the credit exposure to a single group of borrowers shall not exceed 25% of the owned funds of the systemically important NBFC-ND. Further, the systemically important NBFC-ND may not invest in the shares of another company exceeding 15% of its owned funds, and in the shares of a single group of companies exceeding 25% of its owned funds. However, this prescribed ceiling shall not be applicable on a NBFC-ND-SI for investments in the equity capital of an insurance company to the extent specifically permitted

by the RBI. Any NBFC-ND-SI not accessing public funds, either directly or indirectly may make an application to the RBI for modifications in the prescribed ceilings Any systemically important NBFC-ND classified as asset finance company by RBI, may in exceptional circumstances, exceed the above ceilings by 5% of its owned fund, with the approval of its Board of Directors. The loans and investments of the systemically important NBFC-ND taken together may not exceed 25% of its owned funds to or in single party and 40% of its owned funds to or in single group of parties. A systemically important ND-NBFC may, make an application to the RBI for modification in the prescribed ceilings.

Asset Classification

The Master Directions require that every NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well-defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

- Standard assets;
- Sub-standard Assets;
- Doubtful Assets; and
- Loss assets

Further, such class of assets would not be entitled to be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for such upgradation. At present, every NBFC is required to make a provision for standard assets at at 0.40 per cent by March 31, 2018 and onwards.

Net Owned Fund

Section 45-I A of the RBI Act provides that to carry on the business of a NBFC, an entity would have to register as an NBFC with the RBI and would be required to have a minimum net owned fund of ₹2,00,00,000 (Rupees two crores only). For this purpose, the RBI Act has defined "net owned fund" to mean:

Net Owned Fund - The aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance sheet of the company, after deducting (i) accumulated balance of losses, (ii) deferred revenue expenditure, (iii) deferred tax asset (net); and (iv) other intangible assets; and further reduced by the amounts representing,

- (i) investment by such companies in shares of (i) its subsidiaries, (ii) companies in the same group, (iii) other NBFCs; and
- (ii) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hire purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with (i) subsidiaries of such companies; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds 10% of (a) above.

Further in accordance with the RBI Master Directions, which provides that a non-banking financial company holding a certificate of registration issued by the RBI and having net owned fund of less than two hundred lakhs of rupees, may continue to carry on the business of non-banking financial institution, if such company achieves net owned fund of two hundred lakhs of rupees before April 1, 2017.

Reserve Fund

In addition to the above, Section 45-IC of the RBI Act requires NBFCs to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum of not less than 20% of its net profits earned annually before declaration of dividend. Such sum cannot be appropriated by the NBFC except for the purpose as may be specified by the RBI from time to time and every such appropriation is required to be reported to the RBI within 21 days from the date of such withdrawal.

Maintenance of liquid assets

The RBI through notification dated January 31, 1998, updated as on 31st May, 2018 has prescribed that every NBFC shall invest and continue to invest in unencumbered approved securities valued at a price not exceeding the current market price of such securities an amount which shall, at the close of business on any day be not less than 10% in approved securities and the remaining in unencumbered term deposits in any scheduled commercial bank; the aggregate of which shall not be less than 15% of the public deposit outstanding at the last working day of the second preceding quarter.

NBFCs such as our Company, which do not accept public deposits, are subject to lesser degree of regulation as compared to a NBFC-D and are governed by the RBI's Master Directions.

An NBFC-ND is required to inform the RBI of any change in the address, telephone no's, etc. of its Registered Office, names and addresses of its directors/auditors, names and designations of its principal officers, the specimen signatures of its authorised signatories, within one month from the occurrence of such an event. Further, an NBFC-ND would need to ensure that its registration with the RBI remains current.

All NBFCs (whether accepting public deposits or not) having an asset base of ₹10,000 lakhs or more or holding public deposits of ₹2,000 lakhs or more (irrespective of asset size) as per their last audited balance sheet are required to comply with the RBI Guidelines for an Asset-Liability Management System.

Similarly, all NBFCs are required to comply with "Know Your Customer Guidelines - Anti Money Laundering Standards" issued by the RBI, with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by the NBFC concerned.

RBI, *vide* circular bearing reference number RBI/2018-19/130 DNBR (PD) CC.No.097/03.10.001/2018-19 dated February 22, 2019, has harmonised different categories of NBFCs into fewer ones, based on the principle of regulation by activity rather than regulation by entity. Accordingly, RBI has merged the three categories of NBFCs viz. Asset Finance Companies (AFC), Loan Companies (LCs) and Investment Companies (ICs) into a new category called NBFC - Investment and Credit Company (NBFC-ICC). Further differential regulations relating to bank's exposure to the three categories of NBFCs viz., AFCs, LCs and ICs were harmonised. Further, a deposit taking NBFC-ICC shall invest in unquoted shares of another company which is not a subsidiary company or a company in the same group of the NBFC, an amount not exceeding twenty per cent of its owned fund.

Master Circular - Non-Banking Financial Companies – Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 - Corporate Governance Directions 2015

All NBFC-ND-SI are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms, including constitution of an audit committee, a nomination committee, an asset liability management committee and risk management committee. RBI vide its recent Master Circular dated July 1, 2015, introduced the Non-Banking Financial Companies -Corporate Governance (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 which requires all systematically important ND NBFCs having an asset size above ₹50,000 lakhs are required to consider adopting best practices and transparency in their systems as specified below. RBI pursuant to its Master Circular No. DNBR (PD) CC.No.053/03.10.119/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 mandated that all NBFC having assets of ₹50,000 lakhs and above as per its last audited balance sheet are required to constitute an audit committee, consisting of not less than three members of its Board of Directors. NBFCs are required to furnish to the RBI a quarterly statement on change of directors, and a certificate from the managing director of the NBFC that fit and proper criteria in selection of the directors has been followed. Further, all applicable NBFCs shall have to frame their internal guidelines on corporate governance with the approval of its board of directors, enhancing the scope of the guidelines without sacrificing the spirit underlying the above guidelines and it shall be published on the company's web-site, if any, for the information of various stakeholders constitution of a nomination committee, a risk management committee and certain other norms in connection with disclosure, transparency and connected lending has also been prescribed in the RBI Master Circular. Further, the Audit Committee is required to ensure that an Information Systems Audit of the internal systems and processes is conducted at least once in two years to assess operational risks.

Reserve Bank of India (Know Your Customer (KYC)) Directions, 2016 dated February 25, 2016, as amended on May 29, 2019 ("RBI KYC Directions")

The RBI KYC Directions are applicable to every entity regulated by the RBI, specifically, scheduled commercial banks, regional rural banks, local area banks, primary (urban) co-operative banks, state and central co-operative banks, all India financial institutions, NBFCs, miscellaneous non-banking companies and residuary non-banking companies, amongst others. In terms of the RBI KYC Directions, every entity regulated thereunder is required to formulate a KYC policy which is duly approved by the board of directors of such entity or a duly constituted committee thereof. The KYC policy formulated in terms of the RBI KYC Directions is required to include four key elements, being customer acceptance policy, risk management, customer identification procedures and monitoring of transactions. It is advised that all NBFC'S adopt the same with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by them and ensure that a proper policy framework of anti-money laundering measures is put in place. The RBI KYC Directions provide for a simplified procedure for opening accounts by

NBFCs. It also provides for an enhanced and simplified due diligence procedure. It has prescribed detailed instructions in relation to, inter alia, the due diligence of customers, record management, and reporting requirements to Financial Intelligence Unit - India. The RBI KYC Directions have also issued instructions on sharing of information while ensuring secrecy and confidentiality of information held by Banks and NBFCs. The regulated entities must also adhere to the reporting requirements under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and Common Reporting Standards. The RBI KYC Directions also require the regulated entities to ensure compliance with the requirements/obligations under international agreements. The regulated entities must also pay adequate attention to any money-laundering and financing of terrorism threats that may arise from new or developing technologies, and ensure that appropriate KYC procedures issued from time to time are duly applied before introducing new products/services/technologies. The RBI KYC Directions were updated on April 20, 2018 to enhance the disclosure requirements under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 and in accordance with the Prevention of Money-Laundering Rules vide Gazette Notification GSR 538 (E) dated June 1, 2017 and the final judgment of the Supreme Court in the case of Justice K.S. Puttaswamy (Retd.) & Another v. Union of India (Writ Petition (Civil) 494/2012). The Directions were updated to accommodate authentication as per the AADHAR (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 and use of an Indian resident's Aadhar number as a document for the purposes of fulfilling KYC requirement. The RBI KYC Directions were further updated on January 9, 2020 with a view to leveraging the digital channels for customer identification process by regulated entities, whereby the RBI has decided to permit video based customer identification process as a consent based alternate method of establishing the customer's identity, for customer onboarding.

Accounting Standards & Accounting policies

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has amended the existing India Accounting Standards *vide* Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2017 on March 17, 2017 and the same is applicable to the Company from April 1, 2018. RBI *vide* notification number RBI/2019-20/170DOR(NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 31, 2020 framed regulation guidance on Ind AS which will be applicable on Ind AS implementing NBFCs and Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) for preparation of their financial statements from financial year 2019-20 onwards. This guidelines focus on the need to ensure consistency in the application of the accounting standards in specific arieas, including asset classification and provisioning, and provide clarifications on regulatory capital in the light of Ind AS implementation. The guidelines cover aspects on governance framework, prudential floor and computation of regulatory capital and regulatory ratios.

Master Direction dated September 29, 2016 on Monitoring of Frauds in NBFCs (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFC-ND-SIs shall put in place a reporting system for frauds and fix staff accountability in respect of delays in reporting of fraud cases to the RBI. An NBFC-ND-SI is required to report all cases of fraud of ₹1 lakh and above, and if the fraud is of ₹100 lakhs or above, the report should be sent in the prescribed format within three weeks from the date of detection thereof. The NBFC-ND-SI shall also report cases of fraud by unscrupulous borrowers and cases of attempted fraud.

Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 – Frauds – Future approach towards monitoring of frauds in NBFCs

In order to prevent the incidence of frauds in NBFCs, the RBI established a reporting requirement to be followed by NBFCs, both NBFCs-Deposit taking and NBFCs-ND-SI. In terms of the circular, all NBFCs-ND-SI shall disclose the amount related to fraud, reported in the company for the year in their balance sheets. NBFCs failing to report fraud cases to the RBI would be liable for penal action prescribed under the provisions of Chapter V of the RBI Act. Additionally, the circular provides for categorisation of frauds and the reporting formats in order to ensure uniformity in reporting.

Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 on returns to be submitted by NBFCs

The circular lists down detailed instructions in relation to submission of returns, including their periodicity, reporting time, due date, purpose and the requirement of filing such returns by various categories of NBFCs, including an NBFC-ND-SI. RBI *vide* notification dated November 26, 2015 titled "Online Returns to be submitted by NBFCs-Revised" changed the periodicity of NDSI returns from monthly to quarterly.

Reporting by Statutory Auditor

The statutory auditor of the NBFC-ND is required to submit to the Board of Directors of the company along with the statutory audit report, a special report certifying that the Directors have passed the requisite resolution mentioned above, not accepted any public deposits during the year and has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it. In the event of non-compliance, the statutory auditors are required to directly report the same to the RBI.

Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

In addition to the report made by the auditor under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 on the accounts of an NBFC-ND-SI, the auditor shall made a separate report to the Board of Directors of the company on *inter alia* examination of validity of certificate of registration obtained from the RBI, whether the NBFC is entitled to continue to hold such certificate of registration in terms of its Principal Business Criteria (financial asset / income pattern) as on March 31 of the applicable year, whether the NBFC is meeting the required net owned fund requirement, whether the board of directors has passed a resolution for non-acceptance of public deposits, whether the company has accepted any public deposits during the applicable year, whether the company has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as applicable to it, whether the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return submitted to the Bank in form NBS- 7, has been correctly arrived at and whether such ratio is in compliance with the minimum CRAR prescribed by the Bank, whether the company has furnished to the Bank the annual statement of capital funds, risk assets/exposures and risk asset ratio (NBS-7) within the stipulated period, and whether the non-banking financial company has been correctly classified as NBFC Micro Finance Institutions (MFI).

Master Direction- Non-Banking Financial Company Returns (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFCs are required to put in place a reporting system for filing various returns with the RBI. An NBFC-ND-SI is required to file on a quarterly basis a return on important financial parameters, including components of assets and liabilities, profit and loss account, exposure to sensitive sectors etc., NBS-7 on prudential norms on a quarterly basis, multiple returns on asset-liability management to address concerns regarding *inter alia* asset liability mismatches and interest rate risk, quarterly report on branch information, and CRILC on a quarterly basis as well as all SMA-2 accounts to facilitate early recognition of financial distress, prompt steps for resolution and fair recovery for lenders.

Financing of NBFCs by bank

The RBI has issued guidelines *vide* a circular dated bearing number DBOD No. FSD. BC.46/24.01.028/2006-07 dated December 12, 2006 relating to the financial regulation of systemically important NBFC-NDs and the relationship of banks with such institutions. In particular, these guidelines prohibit banks from lending to NBFCs for the financing of certain activities, such as (i) bill discounting or rediscounting, except where such discounting arises from the sale of commercial vehicles and two wheelers or three wheelers, subject to certain conditions; (ii) unsecured loans or corporate deposits by NBFCs to any company; (iii) investments by NBFCs both of current and long term nature, in any company; (iv) further lending to individuals for the purpose of subscribing to an initial public offer.

In addition to the above the RBI has issued guidelines *vide* a circular dated bearing number DBR.BP.BC.No.5/21.04.172/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 relating to bank financing of NBFCs predominantly engaged in lending against Gold has directed banks to (i) reduce their regulatory exposure ceiling on a single NBFC, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of its total financial assets 10% of banks' capital funds. However, the exposure ceiling may go up by 5%, i.e., up to 15% of banks' capital funds if the additional exposure is on account of funds on-lent by NBFCs to the infrastructure sector and (ii) to have an internal sub-limit on their aggregate exposures to all such NBFCs, having gold loans to the extent of 50% or more of their total financial assets, taken together. The sub-limits should be within the internal limit fixed by the banks for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together.

Norms for excessive interest rates

In addition, the RBI has introduced *vide* a circular bearing reference number RBI/ 2006-07/ 414 dated May 24, 2007 whereby RBI has requested all NBFCs to put in place appropriate internal principles and procedures in determining interest rates and processing and other charges. In addition to the aforesaid instruction, the RBI has issued a Master Circular on Fair Practices Code dated July 1, 2015 read with the Master Directions for regulating

the rates of interest charged by the NBFCs. These circulars stipulate that the board of each NBFC is required to adopt an interest rate model taking into account the various relevant factors including cost of funds, margin and risk premium. The rate of interest and the approach for gradation of risk and the rationale for charging different rates of interest for different categories of borrowers are required to be disclosed to the borrowers in the application form and expressly communicated in the sanction letter. Further, this is also required to be made available on the NBFCs website or published in newspapers and is required to be updated in the event of any change therein. Further, the rate of interest would have to be an annualised rate so that the borrower is aware of the exact rates that would be charged to the account.

Supervisory Framework

In order to ensure adherence to the regulatory framework by systemically important ND-NBFCs, the RBI has directed such NBFCs to put in place a system for submission of an annual statement of capital funds, and risk asset ratio etc. as at the end of March every year, in a prescribed format. This return is to be submitted electronically within a period of three months from the close of every financial year. Further, a NBFC is required to submit a certificate from its statutory auditor that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution with requirement to hold a certificate of registration under the RBI Act. This certificate is required to be submitted within one month of the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any other case not later than December 30 of that particular year. Further, in addition to the auditor's report under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 the auditors are also required to make a separate report to the Board of Directors on certain matters, including correctness of the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return NBS-7 to be filed with the RBI and its compliance with the minimum CRAR, as may be prescribed by the RBI. Where the statement regarding any of the items referred relating to the above, is unfavourable or qualified, or in the opinion of the auditor the company has not complied with the regulations issued by RBI, it shall be the obligation of the auditor to make a report containing the details of such unfavourable or qualified statements and/or about the non-compliance, as the case may be, in respect of the company to the concerned Regional Office of the Department of Non-Banking Supervision of the Bank under whose jurisdiction the registered office of the company is located.

Asset Liability Management

The RBI has prescribed the Guidelines for Asset Liability Management ("ALM") System in relation to NBFCs ("ALM Guidelines") that are applicable to all NBFCs through a Master Circular on Miscellaneous Instructions to All Non-Banking Financial Companies dated July 1, 2015. As per this Master Circular, the NBFCs (engaged in and classified as equipment leasing, hire purchase finance, loan, investment and residuary non-banking companies) meeting certain criteria, including, an asset base of ₹10,000 lakhs, irrespective of whether they are accepting / holding public deposits or not, or holding public deposits of ₹2,000 lakhs or more (irrespective of the asset size) as per their audited balance sheet as of March 31, 2001, are required to put in place an ALM system. The ALM Guidelines mainly address liquidity and interest rate risks. In case of structural liquidity, the negative gap (i.e. where outflows exceed inflows) in the 1 to 30/31 days' time-bucket should not exceed the prudential limit of 15% of cash outflows of up to one year. In case these limits are exceeded, the measures proposed for bringing the gaps within the limit should be shown by a footnote in the relevant statement.

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (the "**DRT Act**") provides for establishment of the Debts Recovery Tribunals (the "**DRTs**") for expeditious adjudication and recovery of debts due to banks and public financial institutions or to a consortium of banks and public financial institutions. Under the DRT Act, the procedures for recovery of debt have been simplified and time frames have been fixed for speedy disposal of cases. The DRT Act lays down the rules for establishment of DRTs, procedure for making application to the DRTs, powers of the DRTs and modes of recovery of debts determined by DRTs. These include attachment and sale of movable and immovable property of the defendant, arrest of the defendant and his detention in prison and appointment of receiver for management of the movable or immovable properties of the defendant.

The DRT Act also provides that a bank or public financial institution having a claim to recover its debt, may join an ongoing proceeding filed by some other bank or public financial institution, against its debtor, at any stage of the proceedings before the final order is passed, by making an application to the DRT.

Anti-Money Laundering

The RBI has issued a Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 to ensure that a proper policy frame work for the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("PMLA") is put into place. The PMLA seeks to prevent money laundering and provides for confiscation of property derived from, or involved in money laundering and for other matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. It extends to all banking companies, financial institutions, including NBFCs and intermediaries. Pursuant to the provisions of PMLA and the RBI guidelines, all NBFCs are advised to appoint a principal officer for internal reporting of suspicious transactions and cash transactions and to maintain a system of proper record (i) for all cash transactions of value of more than ₹10 lakhs; (ii) all series of cash transactions integrally connected to each other which have been valued below ₹10 lakhs where such series of transactions have taken place within one month and the aggregate value of such transaction exceeds ₹10 lakhs. Further, all NBFCs are required to take appropriate steps to evolve a system for proper maintenance and preservation of account information in a manner that allows data to be retrieved easily and quickly whenever required or when requested by the competent authorities. Further, NBFCs are also required to maintain for at least ten years from the date of transaction between the NBFCs and the client, all necessary records of transactions. both domestic or international, which will permit reconstruction of individual transactions (including the amounts and types of currency involved if any) so as to provide, if necessary, evidence for prosecution of persons involved in criminal activity.

Additionally, NBFCs should ensure that records pertaining to the identification of their customers and their address are obtained while opening the account and during the course of business relationship, and that the same are properly preserved for at least ten years after the business relationship is ended. The identification records and transaction data is to be made available to the competent authorities upon request.

RBI Notification dated December 3, 2015 titled "Anti-Money Laundering (AML)/ Combating of Financing of Terrorism (CFT) – Standards" states that all regulated entities (including NBFCs) are to comply with the updated FATF Public Statement and document 'Improving Global AML/CFT Compliance: on-going process' as on October 23, 2015.

Lending against security of Gold Jewellery

The RBI has issued a circular dated March 21, 2012 stipulating that all NBFCs shall maintain a loan to value ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against the collateral of gold jewellery. NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50% or more of their financial assets) shall maintain a minimum Tier 1 capital of 12% by April 01, 2014. The RBI *vide* its circular RBI/2013-14/260 DNBS.CC.PD.No.356/03.10.01/2013-14 dated September 16, 2013 issued guidelines with regard to the following:

- (i) Appropriate Infrastructure for storage of gold ornaments: A minimum level of physical infrastructure and facilities is available in each of the branches engaged in financing against gold jewellery including a safe deposit vault and appropriate security measures for operating the vault to ensure safety of the gold and borrower convenience. Existing NBFCs should review the arrangements in place at their branches and ensure that necessary infrastructure is put in place at the earliest. No new branches should be opened without suitable storage arrangements having been made thereat. No business of grant of loans against the security of gold can be transacted at places where there are no proper facilities for storage/security.
- (ii) Prior approval of RBI for opening branches in excess of 1,000: It is henceforth mandatory for NBFC to obtain prior approval of the Reserve Bank to open branches exceeding 1,000. However NBFCs which already have more than 1,000 branches may approach the Bank for prior approval for any further branch expansion. Besides, no new branches will be allowed to be opened without the facilities for storage of gold jewellery and minimum security facilities for the pledged gold jewellery.
- (iii) Standardization of value of gold in arriving at the loan to value ratio: For arriving at the value of gold jewellery accepted as collateral, it will have to be valued at the average of the closing price of 22 carat gold for the preceding 30 days as quoted by The Bombay Bullion Association Limited.
- (iv) Verification of the Ownership of Gold: NBFCs should have Board approved policies in place to satisfy ownership of the gold jewellery and adequate steps be taken to ensure that the KYC guidelines stipulated by the Reserve Bank are followed and due diligence of the customer undertaken. Where the gold jewellery pledged by a borrower at any one time or cumulatively on loan outstanding is more than 20 grams, NBFCs must keep record of the verification of the ownership of the jewellery. The method of establishing ownership should be laid down as a Board approved policy.

- (v) Auction Process and Procedures: The following additional stipulations are made with respect to auctioning of pledged gold jewellery:
 - a. The auction should be conducted in the same town or taluka in which the branch that has extended the loan is located.
- b. While auctioning the gold the NBFC should declare a reserve price for the pledged ornaments. The reserve price for the pledged ornaments should not be less than 85% of the previous 30 day average closing price of 22 carat gold as declared by The Bombay Bullion Association Limited and value of the jewellery of lower purity in terms of carats should be proportionately reduced.
- c. It will be mandatory on the part of the NBFCs to provide full details of the value fetched in the auction and the outstanding dues adjusted and any amount over and above the loan outstanding should be payable to the borrower.
- d. NBFCs must disclose in their annual reports the details of the auctions conducted during the financial year including the number of loan accounts, outstanding amounts, value fetched and whether any of its sister concerns participated in the auction.
- (vi) Other Instructions:
- a. NBFCs financing against the collateral of gold must insist on a copy of the PAN Card of the borrower for all transaction above ₹500,000.
- b. High value loans of ₹100,000 and above must only be disbursed by cheque.
- c. Documentation across all branches must be standardized.
- d. NBFCs shall not issue misleading advertisements like claiming the availability of loans in a matter of 2-3 minutes.

Thereafter, the RBI has by circular bearing number RBI/2013-14/435 DNBS.CC.PD.No.365/03.10.01/2013-14 dated January 08, 2014 raised the loan to value ratio to 75% for loans against the collateral of gold jewellery. Further, the circular also provides for certain clarifications as regards standardisation of the value of gold and verification of the ownership of gold.

Power generation regulations

The Ministry of New and Renewable Energy ("MNRE") regulations

The MNRE is the Central Government ministry with the mandate for formulating schemes and policies for the research, development, commercialisation and deployment of renewable energy systems/devices for various applications in rural, urban, industrial and commercial sector. The MNRE has issued a number of guidelines and schemes on power generation through renewable sources, including a 'Special Programme on Small Wind Energy and Hybrid Systems'. In order to ensure quality of wind farm projects and equipments, the MNRE introduced the "Revised Guidelines for wind power projects" ("**MNRE Guidelines**") on June 13, 1996 for the benefit of state electricity boards, manufacturers, developers and end-users of energy to ensure proper and orderly growth of the wind power sector. The MNRE Guidelines are periodically updated and issued. The MNRE Guidelines among other things makes provision for proper planning, siting, selection of quality equipment, implementation and performance monitoring of wind power projects. The MNRE Guidelines lay down guidelines for the planned development and implementation of wind power projects.

The MNRE Guidelines set out the conditions that are required to be met for establishing wind farms and manufacturing and supplying equipment for wind power projects. These conditions include submission of detailed project reports, approval of sites for wind power installations, type certification by independent testing and certification agencies (either the Centre of Wind Energy Technology, Chennai or the International certification agency). Further, all installations are to be carried out only on sites that are approved for wind power projects by the MNRE. The MNRE Guidelines stipulate that a no objection certificate will be issued only after analysing the wind data to ensure adequate availability of wind at the specific site. Also, no approval will be granted for a wind

power project which involves the installation of used wind turbines imported into India.

The Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency Limited ("IREDA")

The IREDA is a public limited government company under the administrative control of the MNRE and in engaged in encouraging the production of energy through renewable sources. In this respect, the IREDA offers financial support to specific projects and schemes for generating electricity, and promotes the energy conservation through by improving the efficiency of systems, processes and resources engaged in energy production and distribution. In particular, the IREDA offers scheme and incentives for the promotion of wind based energy production.

Electricity Act, 2003

Under the Electricity Act, 2003, which repealed all the earlier enactments pertaining to this sector, the activity of generation of wind power does not require any license or permission. Persons engaged in the generation of electricity from wind power are required to register the project being undertaken with State Nodal Agency and obtain permission for inter-grid connectivity from the utility. The government has also announced National Electricity Policy in 2005 to guide the development of the electricity sector in India.

The electricity generated from the wind power project can be used for captive consumption, sale to utility or for transaction under open access as per the prevailing state policy as well as regulatory orders, if any. Various states have announced administrative policies relating to wheeling, banking and buy-back of power.

Further, the Electricity Act, 2003 also mandates that all regulatory commissions should procure certain percentage of power generation from renewable energy sources by all distribution companies. As far as the tariff and wheeling charges are concerned, it is stipulated that they should be decided by respective regulatory commissions as provided under the Electricity Regulatory Commissions Act, 1998.

Electricity Regulatory Commissions

Electricity Act retains the two-level regulatory system for the power sector. At the central level, the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission ("**CERC**") is responsible for regulating tariff of generating stations owned by the central government, or those involved in generating or supplying in more than one states, and regulating interstate transmission of electricity. The State Electricity Regulatory Commissions ("**SERCs**") on the other hand regulate intra-state transmission and supply of electricity within the jurisdiction of each state. CERC and the SERCs are guided by the National Electricity Policy, 2005, Tariff Policy, 2006 and the National Electricity Plan while discharging their functions under Electricity Act. The Electricity Regulatory Commissions are also guided by any direction given by the central government for CERC or the state government for the SERC pertaining to any policy involving public interest. The decision of the government is final and non-challengeable with respect to the question that whether directions pertain to policy involving public interest or not. The commissions have been entrusted with a variety of functions including determining tariff, granting licensees, settling disputes between the generating companies and the licensees. The Electricity Regulatory Commissions are a quasi-judicial authority with powers of a civil court and an appeal against the orders of the Commissions lie to the Appellate Tribunal.

The CERC has notified the CERC (Terms and Conditions for Recognition and Issuance of Renewable Energy Certificate for Renewable Energy Generation) Regulations on January 14, 2010 to the promotion of power generation through renewable sources of energy. In this respect, these regulations contemplate two categories of certificates, solar and non-solar certificate. The CERC has designated the National Load Dispatch Center to issue registration certificates and undertakes to provide for the floor price (minimum) and forbearance price (maximum) for non-solar certificates.

Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ("SARFAESI")

The SARFAESI Act regulates the securitization and reconstruction of financial assets of banks and financial institutions. The SARFAESI Act provides for measures in relation to enforcement of security interests and rights of the secured creditor in case of default.

The RBI has issued guidelines to banks and financial institutions on the process to be followed for sales of financial assets to asset reconstruction companies. These guidelines provide that a bank or a financial institution or an NBFC

may sell financial assets to an asset reconstruction company provided the asset is an NPA. A bank or financial institution or NBFC may sell a financial asset only if the borrower has a consortium or multiple banking arrangements and at least 75% by value of the total loans to the borrower are classified as an NPA and at least 75% by the value of the banks and financial institutions in the consortium or multiple banking arrangement agree to the sale. In addition to the above, a financial asset may be sold by any bank or financial institution where the asset is reported, by the bank financial institution to Central Repository for Information on Large Credit, as an NPA wherein the principal or interest payment is overdue between 61-90 days.

As per the SARFAESI Amendment Act of 2004, the constitutional validity of which was upheld in a recent Supreme Court ruling, non-performing assets have been defined as an asset or account of a borrower, which has been classified by a bank or financial institution as sub-standard, doubtful or loss asset in accordance with directions or guidelines issued by the RBI. In case the bank or financial institution is regulated by a statutory body/authority, NPAs must be classified by such bank in accordance with guidelines issues by such regulatory authority. The RBI has issued guidelines on classification of assets as NPAs. Further, these assets are to be sold on a "without recourse" basis only.

The SARFAESI Act provides for the acquisition of financial assets by Securitization Company or Reconstruction Company from any bank or financial institution on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between them. A securitization company or reconstruction company having regard to the guidelines framed by the RBI may, for the purposes of asset reconstruction, provide for measures such as the proper management of the business of the borrower by change in or takeover of the management of the business of the borrower, the sale or lease of a part or whole of the business of the borrower and certain other measures such as rescheduling of payment of debts payable by the borrower; enforcement of security.

Additionally, under the provisions of the SARFAESI Act, any securitisation company or reconstruction company may act as an agent for any bank or financial institution for the purpose of recovering its dues from the borrower on payment of such fee or charges as may be mutually agreed between the parties.

Various provisions of the SARFAESI Act have been amended by the Enforcement of Security Interest and Recovery of Debt Laws and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Act, 2016 as also the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (which amended S.13 of SARFAESI). As per this amendment, the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 shall by order declare moratorium for prohibiting *inter alia* any action to foreclose, recover or enforce any security interest created by the corporate debtor in respect of its property including any action under the SARFAESI Act.

Foreign Investment Regulations

Master Circular – Foreign Investments in India, issued by RBI dated January 04, 2018 (updated as on April 06, 2018), read with the Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of 2017, issued by the Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India, dated August 28, 2017 ("FDI Policy")

Foreign investment into NBFCs, carrying on activities approved for FDI, will be subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 5.2.26 of the FDI Policy and foreign investment of up to 100% is permitted under the automatic route.

Master Circular No.10/2015-16 on Memorandum of Instructions governing money changing activities, issued by RBI dated July 1, 2015 and updated on September 10, 2015.

Guidelines for Licencing and other Approvals for Authorised Money Changers (AMCs)

Full Fledged Money Changers (FFMCs) are authorised by the Reserve Bank to deal in foreign exchange for specified purposes, to widen the access of foreign exchange facilities to residents and tourists while ensuring efficient customer service through competition. FFMCs are authorised to purchase foreign exchange from residents and non-residents visiting India and to sell foreign exchange for certain approved purposes. AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs may appoint franchisees to undertake purchase of foreign currency*. No person shall carry on or advertise that he carries on money changing business unless he is in possession of a valid money changer's licence issued by the Reserve Bank.

* Note: -Franchisees of AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs functioning within 10 kilometres

from the borders of Pakistan and Bangladesh may also sell the currency of the bordering country, with the prior approval of the Regional offices concerned of the Reserve Bank. Other franchises of AD Category –I Banks/ADs Category – II/FFMCs cannot sell foreign currency.

Guidelines for appointment of Agents/Franchisees by Authorised Dealer Category -FFMCs.

Under the Scheme, the Reserve Bank permits FFMCs to enter into franchisee/agency agreements at their option for the purpose of carrying on Restricted Money Changing business i.e. conversion of foreign currency notes, coins or travellers' cheques into Indian Rupees.

A franchisee can be any entity which has a place of business and a minimum Net Owned Funds of ₹10 lakhs. Franchisees can undertake only restricted money changing business.

FFMCs as the franchisers are free to decide on the tenor of the arrangement as also the commission or fee through mutual agreement with the franchisee. The Agency/Franchisee agreement to be entered into should include the salient features as mentioned under the master circular. The master circular also prescribes the procedure for application, due diligence of franchisees, selection of centres, training, reporting, audit and inspection of franchisees and Anti Money Laundering (AML)/Know Your Customer (KYC)/Combating the Financing of Terrorism (CFT) Guidelines.

Note: No licence for appointment of franchisees will be issued to any FFMC, against whom any major DoE/DRI/CBI/Police case is pending. In case where any FFMC has received one-time approval for appointing franchisees and subsequent to the date of approval, any DoE/DRI/CBI/Police case is filed, the FFMC should not appoint any further franchisees and bring the matter to the notice of the Reserve Bank immediately. A decision will be taken by the Reserve Bank regarding allowing the FFMC to appoint franchisees.

Operational Instructions

Foreign exchange in any form can be brought into India freely without limit provided it is declared on the Currency Declaration Form (CDF) on arrival to the Custom Authorities. When foreign exchange brought in the form of currency notes or travellers' cheques does not exceed USD \$10,000 or its equivalent and/or the value of foreign currency notes does not exceed USD \$5,000 or its equivalent, declaration thereof on CDF is not insisted upon.

Taking out foreign exchange in any form, other than foreign exchange obtained from an authorised dealer or a money changer is prohibited unless it is covered by a general or special permission of the Reserve Bank. Non-residents, however, have general permission to take out an amount not exceeding the amount originally brought in by them, subject to compliance with the provisions of sub-para above.

Authorised Money Changers (AMCs)/franchisees may freely purchase foreign currency notes, coins and traveller's cheques from residents as well as non-residents. Where the foreign currency was brought in by declaring on form CDF, the tenderer should be asked to produce the same. The AMC should invariably insist on production of declaration in CDF.

AMCs may sell Indian Rupees to foreign tourists/visitors against International Credit Cards/International Debit Cards and take prompt steps to obtain reimbursement through normal banking channels.

AMCs may issue certificate of encashment when asked for in cases of purchases of foreign currency notes, coins and travellers cheques from residents as well as non-residents. These certificates bearing authorised signatures should be issued on the letter head of the money changer and proper record should be maintained.

In cases where encashment certificate is not issued, attention of the customers should be drawn to the fact that unspent local currency held by non-residents will be allowed to be converted into foreign currency only against production of a valid encashment certificate.

AMCs may purchase from other AMCs and ADs any foreign currency notes, coins and encashed travellers' cheques tendered in the normal course of business. Rupee equivalent of the amount of foreign exchange purchased should be paid only by way of crossed account payee cheque/demand draft/bankers' cheque/Pay order.

AMCs may sell foreign exchange up to the prescribed ceiling (currently US \$ 10,000) specified in Schedule III to the Foreign Exchange Management (Current Account Transaction) Rules, 2000 during a financial year to persons resident in India for undertaking one or more private visits to any country abroad (except Nepal and Bhutan). Exchange for such private visits will be available on a self-declaration basis to the traveller regarding the amount

of foreign exchange availed during a financial year. Foreign nationals permanently resident in India are also eligible to avail of this quota for private visits provided the applicant is not availing of facilities for remittance of his salary, savings, etc., abroad in terms of extant regulations.

AMCs may sell foreign exchange to persons' resident in India for undertaking business travel or for attending a conference or specialised training or for maintenance expenses of a patient going abroad for medical treatment or check-up abroad or for accompanying as attendant to a patient going abroad for medical treatment/check-up up to the limits as specified in Schedule III to FEMA (Current Account Transactions) Rules, 2000.

AMCs may convert into foreign currency, unspent Indian currency held by non-residents at the time of their departure from India, provided a valid Encashment Certificate is produced.

AMCs may convert at their discretion, unspent Indian currency up to ₹10,000 in the possession of non-residents if, for *bona fide* reasons, the person is unable to produce an Encashment Certificate after ensuring that the departure is scheduled to take place within the following seven days. FFMCs may provide facility for reconversion of Indian Rupees to the extent of ₹50,000/- to foreign tourists (not NRIs) against ATM Receipts based on the following documents- Valid passport and visa, ticket confirmed for departure within 7 days, Original ATM slip.

AMCs may issue a cash memo, if asked for, on official letterhead to travellers to whom foreign currency is sold by them. The cash memo may be required for production to emigration authorities while leaving the country.

AMCs may put through transactions relating to foreign currency notes and travellers' cheques at rates of exchange determined by market conditions and in alignment with the ongoing market rates.

AMCs should display at a prominent place in or near the public counter, a chart indicating the rates for purchase/sale of foreign currency notes and travellers' cheques for all the major currencies and the card rates for any day, should be updated, latest by 10:30 a.m.

AMCs should keep balances in foreign currencies at reasonable levels and avoid build-up of idle balances with a view to speculating on currency movements.

Franchisees should surrender foreign currency notes, coins and travellers' cheques purchased only to their franchisers within seven working days.

The transactions between authorised dealers and FFMCs should be settled by way of account payee crossed cheques/demand drafts. Under no circumstances should settlement be made in cash.

AMCs may obtain their normal business requirements of foreign currency notes from other AMCs/authorised dealers in foreign exchange in India, against payment in rupees made by way of account payee crossed cheque/demand draft.

Where AMCs are unable to replenish their stock in this manner, they may make an application to the Forex Markets Division, Foreign Exchange Department, Central Office, RBI, Mumbai through an AD Category-I for permission to import foreign currency into India. The import should take place through the designated AD Category-I through whom the application is made.

AMCs may export surplus foreign currency notes/encashed travellers' cheques to an overseas bank through designated Authorised Dealer Category - I in foreign exchange for realisation of their value through the latter. FFMCs may also export surplus foreign currency to private money changers abroad subject to the condition that either the realisable value is credited in advance to the AD Category – I bank's nostro account or a guarantee is issued by an international bank of repute covering the full value of the foreign currency notes/coins to be exported.

In the event of foreign currency notes purchased being found fake/forged subsequently, AMCs may write- off up to US \$ 2000 per financial year after approval of their Top Management after exhausting all available options for recovery of the amount. Any write-off in excess of the above amount, would require the approval of the Regional Office concerned of the Foreign Exchange Department of the Reserve Bank.

Further, provisions regarding the following are also mentioned-

- Registers and Books of Accounts of Money-changing Business
- Submission of Statements to the Reserve Bank
- Inspection of Transactions of AMCs
- Concurrent Audit
- Temporary Money Changing Facilities

Opening of Foreign Currency Accounts by AMCs

AMCs, with the approval of the respective Regional Offices of the Foreign Exchange Department, may be allowed to open Foreign Currency Accounts in India, subject to the following conditions: -

- (i) Only one account may be permitted at a particular centre.
- (ii) Only the value of foreign currency notes/encashed TCs exported through the specific bank and realised can be credited to the account.
- (iii) Balances in the accounts shall be utilised only for settlement of liabilities on account of:
 - (a) TCs sold by the AMCs and
 - (b) Foreign currency notes acquired by the AMCs from AD Category-I banks.
- (iv) No idle balance shall be maintained in the said account

All AMCs are required to submit their annual audited balance sheet to the respective Regional office of the Reserve Bank for the purpose of verification of their Net Owned Funds along-with a certificate from the statutory auditors regarding the NOF as on the date of the balance sheet. As AMCs are expected to maintain the minimum NOF on an ongoing basis, if there is any erosion in their NOF below the minimum level, they are required to bring it to the notice of the Reserve Bank immediately along with a detailed time bound plan for restoring the Net Owned Funds to the minimum required level.

FFMCs, which are not Regional Rural Banks (RRBs), Local Area Banks (LABs), Urban Co-operative Banks (UCBs) and Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) having a minimum net worth of ₹500 lakhs, may participate in the designated currency futures and currency options on exchanges recognised by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as clients only for the purpose of hedging their underlying foreign exchange exposures. FFMCs and ADs Category–II which are RRBs, LABs, UCBs and NBFCs, may be guided by the instructions issued by the respective regulatory Departments of the Reserve Bank in this regard.

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("Code") consolidates laws relating to insolvency, reorganisation and liquidation/ bankruptcy of all persons, including companies, individuals, partnership firms and Limited Liability Partnerships ("LLPs"). The Code has established an Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India to function as the regulator for all matters pertaining to insolvency and bankruptcy. The Code prescribes a timeline of 330 days for the insolvency resolution process, which begins from the date the application is admitted by the NCLT. During this period, the creditors and the debtor shall negotiate and finalise a resolution plan (accepted by 66% of the financial creditors) and in the event, they fail, the debtor is placed in liquidation and the moratorium lifted. The Code stipulates an interim-moratorium period which would commence after filing of the application for a fresh start process and shall cease to exist after elapse of a period of 180 days from the date of application. During such period, all legal proceedings against such debtor should be stayed and no fresh suits, proceedings, recovery or enforcement action may be initiated against such debtor. However, the Code has also imposed certain restrictions on the debtor during the moratorium period such as the debtor shall not be permitted to act as a director of any company or be involved in the promotion or management of a company during the moratorium period. In light of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of India, introduced economic reforms to contribute to the ease of doing business. One of the reforms introduced is the suspension of the Code for a period of one year. An ordinance detailing the changes pursuant to this reform is expected to be introduced by the government. Further, the GoI vide notification dated March 24, 2020 ("Notification") has amended section 4 of the Code due the lingering impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Pursuant to the said Notification, Government of India has increased the minimum amount of default under the insolvency matters from ₹1,00,000 to ₹1,00,00,000.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency and Liquidation Proceedings of Financial Service Providers and Application to Adjudicating Authority) Rules 2019 ("IBC Rules, 2019")

The Code, which regulates the insolvency resolution process for "corporate persons" previously excluded financial service providers from its purview. With the notification of the IBC Rules, 2019, the provisions of the Code will apply to financial service providers as well, which are subject to modifications and additional conditions as set out in the IBC Rules, 2019. Financial service providers are defined to mean persons engaged in the business of providing financial services in terms of authorisation issued or registration granted by a financial sector regulator under the Code. "Financial services" is broadly defined in the Code, and includes, inter alia, services in the nature of acceptance of deposits, administration of assets, underwriting services, advisory services with respect to dealings in financial products, operation of an investment scheme, and maintenance of records of ownership of a

financial product. The IBC Rules, 2019, lays down the provisions for setting up an advisory committee, resolution plan and the liquidation process of Financial service providers.

Shops and Establishments legislations in various states

The provisions of various Shops and Establishments legislations, as applicable, regulate the conditions of work and employment in shops and commercial establishments and generally prescribe obligations in respect of *inter-alia* registration, opening and closing hours, daily and weekly working hours, holidays, leave, health, termination of services and safety measures and wages for overtime work.

Labour Laws

India has stringent labour related legislations. We are required to comply with certain labour laws, which include the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952, the Code of Wages, 2019, Workmen Compensation Act, 1923 and the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 amongst others.

Intellectual Property

Intellectual Property in India enjoys protection under both common law and statute. Under statute, India provides for patent protection under the Patents Act, 1970, copyright protection under the Copyright Act, 1957 and trademark protection under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. The above enactments provide for protection of intellectual property by imposing civil and criminal liability for infringement.

Regulatory Measures on account of COVID-19 pandemic

The Government of India on October 23, 2020 has announced the 'Scheme for grant of ex-gratia payment of difference between compound interest and simple interest for six months to borrowers in specified loan accounts (1.3.2020 to 31.8.2020)' ("the **Scheme**"), which mandates ex-gratia payment to certain categories of borrowers by way of crediting the difference between simple interest and compound interest for the period between March 1, 2020 to August 31, 2020 by the respective lending institutions.

RBI vide its notifications dated April 17, 2020 bearing DOR No. BP.BC.63/21.04.048/2019-20 and notifications dated May 23, 2020 bearing DOR.No.BP.BC.71/21.04.048/2019-20 ("RBI Notification") provided certain additional regulatory measures due to the lingering impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the business and financial institutions. In this regard, the detailed instructions with regard to asset classification and provisioning which are, inter alia, as follows:

- 1. In terms of the RBI Notifications, the lending institutions were permitted to grant a moratorium of three months and later on extended for another three months on payment of all term loan instalments falling due between March 1, 2020 and August 31, 2020 ('Moratorium Period'). As such, in line with the clarification provided by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, in respect of all accounts classified as standard as on February 29, 2020, even if overdue, the moratorium period, wherever granted, shall be excluded by the lending institutions from the number of days past-due for the purpose of asset classification under the IRAC norms;
- 2. Similarly in respect of working capital facilities sanctioned in the form of cash credit/overdraft ("CC/OD"), the Regulatory Package permitted the recovery of interest applied during the period from March 1, 2020 upto August 31, 2020 to be deferred ('deferment period'). Such deferment period, wherever granted in respect of all facilities classified as standard, including SMA, as on February 29, 2020, shall be excluded for the determination of out of order status;
- 3. In respect of accounts in default but standard where provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) above are applicable, and asset classification benefit is extended, lending institutions shall make general provisions of not less than 10 per cent of the total outstanding of such accounts, to be phased over two quarters as under:
 (i) Quarter ended March 31, 2020 not less than 5 per cent

(ii) Quarter ending June 30, 2020 – not less than 5 per cent (iii) Quarter ending June 30, 2020 – not less than 5 per cent

4. The exclusions permitted in terms of para 1 and 2 above shall be duly reckoned by the lending institutions in their supervisory reporting as well as reporting to credit information companies (CICs); i.e., the days past due and SMA status, where applicable, as on March 1, 2020 will remain unchanged till August 31,

2020; and

5. The lending institutions shall suitably disclose the following in the 'Notes to Accounts' while preparing their financial statements for the half year ending September 30, 2020 as well as the financial years 2019-20 and 2020-2021.

SECTION VIII - SUMMARY OF MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Capitalised terms used in this section have the meaning that has been given to such terms in the Articles of Association of our Company. In case of any inconsistency between the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act, 1956 and Companies Act, 2013, the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act 2013 shall prevail over the Articles of Association of our Company. Pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 1956 and the SEBI Regulations, the main provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company are detailed below:

Table "A" not to apply

(a) The regulations contained in Table marked "A" in Schedule I of the Companies Act, 1956, (hereinafter called the Act or the said Act) shall apply to the Company, except in so far as excluded, modified, varied or altered expressly or impliedly by the regulations of the Company hereinafter following or made from time to time.

Company to be governed by these Articles

(b) The regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of the members thereto and their representatives, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company with reference to the repeal or alteration of or addition to its regulations by Special Resolution as prescribed or permitted by Section 31 of the Act, be such as are contained in these Articles.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- 5. (a) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be as per paragraph V of the Memorandum of Association of the Company with rights to alter the same in whatever way as deemed fit by the Company. The Company may increase the Authorised Capital which may consist of Equity and/or Preference Shares as the Company in General Meeting may determine in accordance with the law for the time being in force relating to Companies with power to increase or reduce such capital from time to time in accordance with the Regulations of the Company and the legislative provisions for the time being in force in this behalf and with power to divide the shares in the Capital for the time being into Equity Share Capital or Preference Share Capital and to attach thereto respectively any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions and to vary, modify and abrogate the same in such manner as may be determined by or in accordance with these presents.
 - (b) Subject to the rights of the holders of any other shares entitled by the terms of issue to preferential repayment over the equity shares in the event of winding up of the Company, the holders of the equity shares shall be entitled to be repaid the amounts of capital paid up or credited as paid up on such equity shares and all surplus assets thereafter shall belong to the holders of the equity shares in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such equity shares respectively at the commencement of the winding up.

INCREASE REDUCTION AND ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

6. The Company may from time to time in General Meeting increase its Share Capital by the issue of new shares of such amounts as it thinks expedient.

On what conditions the new shares may be issued

(a) Subject to the provisions of Sections 80, 81 and 85 to 90 of the Act, the new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto by the General Meeting creating the same as shall be directed and if no direction be given as the Directors shall determine and in particular such shares may be issued subject to the provisions of the said Sections with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and in distribution of assets of the Company and subject to the provisions of the said Sections with special or without any right of voting and subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act any preference shares may be issued on the terms that they are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed.

Further issue of Shares

- (b) Where at any time after the expiry of two years from the formation of a Company or at any time after the expiry of one year from the allotment of shares in that Company made for the first time after its formation, whichever is earlier, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by allotment of further shares either out of the unissued capital or out of the increased share capital, then
 - (i) such further shares shall be offered to the persons who at the date of offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the Capital paid up on those shares at that date.
 - (ii) the offer aforesaid shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined.
 - (iii) unless the articles of the company otherwise provide, the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in clause (b) shall contain a statement of this right. PROVIDED THAT the directors may decline, without assigning any reason to allot any shares to any person in whose favour any member may renounce the shares offered to him.
 - (iv) after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of directors may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding sub-clause (1), the further shares aforesaid may be offered to any persons (whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1)) in any manner whatsoever:
 - (i) if a special resolution to that effect is passed by the company in general meeting, or
 - (ii) where no such special resolution is passed if the votes cast (whether on a show of hands or on a poll, as the case may be) in favour of the proposal contained in the resolution moved in that General Meeting (including the casting vote, if any, of the Chairman) by members who, being entitled so to do, vote in person, or where proxies are allowed, by proxy, exceed the votes, if any, cast against the proposal by members so entitled and voting and the Central Government is satisfied, on an application made by the Board of Directors in this behalf, that the proposal is most beneficial to the Company.
- (d) Nothing in clause (c) of sub-section (1) shall be deemed -
 - (i) to extend the time within which the offer should be accepted, or
 - (ii) to authorise any person to exercise the right of renunciation for a second time, on the ground that the person in whose favour the renunciation was first made has declined to take the shares comprised in the renunciation.
- (e) Nothing in this article shall apply -

to the increase of the subscribed capital of the company caused by the exercise of an option attached to debentures issued or loans raised by the company -

- (i) to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company, or
- (ii) to subscribe for shares in the company; (Whether such option is conferred in these Articles or otherwise.

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or the terms of such loans include a term providing for such option and such term:

(a) either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of debentures or the raising of the loans, or is in conformity with the rules 197, if any, made by that Government in this behalf;

and

(b) in the case of debentures or loans other than debentures issued to, or loans obtained from, the Government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans.

Shares at the disposal of the Directors

(e) Subject to the provisions of Section 81 of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the company for the time being shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of Section 79 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the company in the General Meeting.

Same as Original Capital

(f) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any Capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the original Capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls, instalments, transfers, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender, voting and otherwise.

Power to issue Redeemable Preference Shares

 (a) Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act and subject to the provisions on which any shares may have been issued, the Company may issue preference shares which are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed;

Provided that:

- no such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of Shares made for the purpose of redemption;
- (ii) no such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;
- (iii) the premium, if any, payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's Share Premium Account before the shares are redeemed.
- (iv) where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall, out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a Reserve Fund, to be called "the Capital Redemption Reserve Account", a sum equal to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed; and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the Share Capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 80 of the Act, apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid up Share Capital of the Company.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act and subject to the provisions on which any shares may have been issued, the redemption of preference shares may be effected on such terms and in such manner as may be provided in these Articles or by the terms and conditions of their issue and subject thereto in such manner as the Directors may think fit.
- (c) The redemption of preference shares under these provisions by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its Authorised Share Capital.

(d) Where in pursuance of this Article, the Company has redeemed or is about to redeem any preference shares, it shall have power to issue shares up to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed or to be redeemed as if those shares had never been issued; and accordingly, the Share Capital of the Company shall not, for the purpose of calculating the fees payable under Section 611 of the Act, be deemed to be increased by the issue of shares in pursuance of this clause.

Provided that where new shares are issued before the redemption of the old shares, the new shares shall not so far as relate to stamp duty be deemed to have been issued in pursuance of this clause unless the old shares are redeemed within one month after the issue of the new shares.

(e) The Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, notwithstanding anything in this Article, be applied by the Company, in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid up bonus shares.

Provision in case of Redemption of preference shares

- 8. The Company shall be at liberty at any time, either at one time or from time to time as the Company shall think fit, be giving not less than six-month's previous notice in writing to the holders of the preference shares to redeem at par the whole or part of the preference shares for the time being outstanding, by payment of the nominal amount thereof with dividend calculated up to the date or dates notified for payment (and for this purpose the dividend shall be deemed to accrue and due from day to day) and in the case of redemption of part of the preference shares the following provisions shall take effect :
 - (a) The shares to be redeemed shall be determined by drawing of lots which the Company shall cause to be made at its Registered Office in the presence of one Director at least; and
 - (b) Forthwith after every such drawing, the Company shall notify the shareholders whose shares have been drawn for redemption its intention to redeem such shares by payment at the Registered Office of the Company at the time and on the date to be named against surrender of the Certificates in respect of the shares to be so redeemed and at the time and date so notified each such shareholder shall be bound to surrender to the Company the Share Certificates in respect of the Shares to be redeemed and thereupon the Company shall pay the amount payable to such shareholders in respect of such redemption. The Shares to be redeemed shall cease to carry dividend from the date named for payment as aforesaid, where any such certificate comprises any shares which have not been drawn for redemption, the Company shall issue to the holder thereof a fresh certificate, therefore.

Reduction of Capital

- 9. The Company may from time to time by special resolution, subject to confirmation by the Court and subject to the provisions of Sections 78, 80 and 100 to 104 of the Act, reduce its Share Capital and any Capital Redemption Reserve Account or Premium Account in any manner for the time being authorised by law and in particular without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power may be:
 - (a) extinguishing or reducing the liability on any of its shares in respect of Share Capital not paid up;
 - (b) either with or without extinguishing or reducing liability on any of its shares, cancel paid up Share Capital which is lost or is unrepresented by available assets; or
 - (c) either with or without extinguishing or reducing liability on any of its shares, pay off any paid-up Share Capital which is in excess of the wants of the Company;

and may, if and so far, as is necessary, alter its Memorandum, by reducing the amount of its Share Capital and of its shares accordingly.

Division, Sub-Division, Consolidation, Conversion and Cancellation of Shares

10. Subject to the provisions of Section 94 of the Act, the Company in General Meeting may by an ordinary resolution alter the conditions of its Memorandum as follows, that is to say it may;

- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its Share Capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than originally fixed by the Memorandum subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act in that behalf and so however that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived and so that as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division one or more of such shares may, subject to the provisions of the Act, be given any preference or advantage over the others or any other such shares;
- (c) convert, all or any of its fully paid up shares into stock, and re-convert that stock into fully paid up shares of any denomination;
- (d) cancel, shares which at the date of such General Meeting have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its Share Capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

Notice to Register of Consolidation of Share Capital, Conversion of shares into stocks etc.

- 11. (a) If the Company has:
 - (i) consolidated and divided its Share Capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
 - (ii) converted any shares into stock;
 - (iii) reconverted any stock into shares;
 - (iv) sub-divided its share or any of them;
 - (v) redeemed any redeemable preference shares; or
 - (vi) cancelled any shares otherwise than in connection with a reduction of Share Capital under Sections 100 to 104 of the Act,

the Company shall within one month after doing so, give notice thereof to the Registrar specifying as the case may be, the shares consolidated, divided, converted, sub-divided, redeemed or cancelled or the stocks reconverted.

(b) The Company shall thereupon request the Registrar to record the notice and make any alterations which may be necessary in the Company's Memorandum or Articles or both.

Modifications of rights

12 If at any time the Share Capital, by reason of the issue of Preference Shares or otherwise, is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights and privileges attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of Sections 106 and 107 of the Act and whether or not the Company is being would up, be varied, modified, commuted, affected or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths in nominal value of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. This Article shall not derogate from any power which the Company would have if this Article were omitted. The provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such separate meeting but so that if at any adjourned meeting of such holders a quorum as defined in Article 102 is not present, those persons who are present shall be quorum.

SHARES AND CERTIFICATES

Issue of further Shares not to affect right of existing share holders

13. The rights or privileges conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preference or other rights, shall not unless otherwise be deemed to be varied or modified or affected by the creation or issue of

further shares ranking pari passu therewith.

Provisions of Sections 85 to 88 of the Act to apply

14. The provisions of Sections 85 to 88 of the Act in so far as the same may be applicable shall be observed by the Company.

Register of Members and Debenture holders

- 15. (a) The Company shall cause to be kept a Register of Members and an Index of Members in accordance with Sections 150 and 151 of the Act and Register and Index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 152 of the Act. The Company may also keep a foreign Register of Members and Debenture holders in accordance with Section 157 of the Act.
 - (b) The Company shall also comply with the provisions of Sections 159 and 161 of the Act as to filling of Annual Returns.
 - (c) The Company shall duly comply with the provisions of Section 163 of the Act in regard to keeping of the Registers, Indexes, Copies of Annual Returns and giving inspection thereof and furnishing copies thereof.

Commencement of business

16. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act.

Restriction on allotment

17. The Board shall observe the restriction as to allotment of shares to the public contained in Sections 69 and 70 of the Act and shall cause to be made the return as to allotment provided for in Section 75 of the Act.

Shares to be numbered progressively and no shares to be subdivided

18. The shares in the Capital shall be numbered progressively according to the several denominations and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be subdivided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

Shares at the disposal of the Directors

19. Subject to the provisions of Section 81 of the Act and these Articles the shares in the Capital of the Company for the time being shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 79 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting to give to any person the option to call for any shares either at par or at a premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit, and may issue and allot shares in the Capital of the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the company in General Meeting

Every share transferable etc.

- 20. (i) The shares or other interest of any member in the Company shall be a movable property, transferable in the manner provided by the Articles.
 - (ii) Each share in the Company shall be distinguished by its appropriate number.
 - (iii) A Certificate under the Common Seal of the Company, specifying any shares held by any member shall be prima facie evidence of the title of the member of such shares.

Application of premium received on issue of shares

- 21. (a) Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount or value of the premium on those shares shall be transferred to an account to be called "the Share Premium Account" and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the Share Capital of the Company shall except as provided in this Article, apply as if the Share Premium Account were paid-up Share Capital of the Company.
 - (b) The Share Premium Account may, notwithstanding, anything in clause (a) above, be applied by the Company.
 - (i) in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;
 - (ii) in writing off the preliminary expenses of the Company;
 - (iii) in writing off the expenses of, or the commission paid or discount allowed on, any issue of shares or debentures of the Company; or
 - (iv) in providing for the premium payable on the redemption of any redeemable preference shares or of any debenture of the Company.

Sale of fractional shares

22. If and whenever, as the result of issue of new or further shares or any consolidation or sub-division of shares, any shares are held by members in fractions, the Directors shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles and to the directions of the Company in General Meeting, if any, sell those shares, which members hold in fractions, for the best price reasonably obtainable and shall pay and distribute to and amongst the members entitled to such shares in due proportion, the net proceeds of the sale thereof. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise any person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof, comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

Buy back of Shares'

22A. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Article of the Articles of Association, but subject to the provisions of Section 77 A and 77 B of the Act and Securities & Exchange Board of India (Buy back of Securities) Regulations 1998 as may be in force at any time and from time to time, the Company may acquire, purchase, own, resell any of its own fully/partly paid or redeemable Preference Shares or Equity Shares and any other security as may be specified under the Act, Rules and Regulations from time to time and may make payment thereof out of funds at its disposal or in any manner as may be permissible or in respect of such acquisition/purchase on such terms and conditions and at such time or times in one or more instalments as the Board may in its discretion decide and deem fit. Such Shares which are so bought back by the Company may either be extinguished and destroyed or reissued as may be permitted under the Act or the Regulations as may be in force at the relevant time subject to such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board and subject further to the rules and regulations governing such issue.

Acceptance of Shares

23. An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register of Members shall for the purpose of these Articles be a member. The Director shall comply with the provisions of Sections 69, 70, 71, 72 and 73 of the Act in so far as they are applicable.

Deposits and calls etc. to be a debt payable immediately

24. The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them, immediately,

on the insertion of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt, due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

Trusts not recognised

25. Save as herein provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the Register of Members as the holders of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of Competent jurisdiction or as by law required) be bound to recognise any benami, trust of equity or equitable, contingent, future, or partial or other claim or claims or right to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof and the provisions of Section 153 of the Act shall apply.

Issue of Certificates of Shares to be governed by Section 84 of the Act etc.

26. (a) The issue of certificates of shares or of duplicate or renewal of certificates of Shares shall be governed by the provisions of Section 84 and other provisions of the Act, as may be applicable and by the Rules or notifications or orders, if any, which may be prescribed or made by competent authority under the Act or Rules or any other law. The Directors may also comply with the provisions of such rules or regulations of any Stock Exchange where the shares of the Company may be listed for the time being.

Certificate of Shares

- (b) The Certificate of title to shares shall be issued under the Seal of the Company and shall be signed by such Directors or Officers or other authorised persons as may be prescribed by the Rules made under the Act from time to time and subject thereto shall be signed in such manner and by such persons as the Directors may determine from time to time.
- (c) The Company shall comply with all rules and regulations and other directions which may be made by any competent authority under Section 84 of the Act.

Limitation of time for issue of certificate

- 27. (a) Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more Certificate in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the Directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the Directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares and the Company shall complete and have ready for delivery such Certificates within three months from the date of allotment, unless the conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide. or within one month of the receipt of application of registration of transfer transmission, sub-division, consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be. Every certificate of shares shall be under the Seal of the Company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid up thereon and shall be in such form as the Directors may prescribe or approve provided that in respect of a Share or Shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate of shares to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
 - (b) The Company shall not entertain any application for split of share/debenture certificate for less than 10 (Ten) Equity Shares/10 (Ten) debentures (all relating to the same series) in market lots as the case may be.

Provided however this restriction shall not apply to an application made by the existing members or debenture holders for split of share/debenture certificates with a view to make an odd lot holding into a marketable lot subject to verification by the Company.

(c) Notwithstanding anything contained in Clause (a) above the Directors shall, however, comply with such requirements of the Stock Exchange where Shares of the Company may be listed or such requirements of any rules made under the Act or such requirements of the Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 as may be applicable.

Issue of new Certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed

28. If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any Certificate be lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Company deem adequate, being given, a new Certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed Certificate. Every Certificate under these Articles shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (not exceeding Re. 2/- for each Certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.

Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such Rules or Regulations or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or the Rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 or any other Act, or Rules applicable in this behalf.

29. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the Company.

UNDERWRITING COMMISSION AND BROKERAGE

Power to pay certain commission and prohibition of payment of all other commission, discounts etc.

- 30. (A) The Company may pay a commission to any person in consideration of:
 - (i) his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares in or debentures of the Company, subject to the restrictions specified in sub-section (4A) of Section 76 of the Act, or
 - (ii) his procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional for any shares in or debentures of the Company, if the following conditions are fulfilled, namely:
 - (a) the commission paid or agreed to be paid does not exceed in the case of shares, five percent of the price at which the shares are issued and in the case of debentures, two and half percent of the price at which the debentures are issued;
 - (b) the amount or rate percent of the commission paid or agreed to be paid on shares or debentures offered to the public for subscription, is disclosed in the prospectus, and in the case of shares or debentures not offered to the public for subscription, is disclosed in the Statement in lieu of prospectus and filed before the payment of the commission with the registrar, and where a circular or notice, not being a prospectus inviting subscription for the shares or debentures is issued is also disclosed in that circular or notice;
 - (c) the number of shares or debentures which such persons have agreed for a commission to subscribe, absolutely or conditionally is disclosed in the manner aforesaid and
 - (d) a copy of the contract for the payment of commission is delivered to the Registrar at the time of delivery of the prospectus or the statement in lieu of prospectus.
 - (B) Save as aforesaid and save as provided in Section 79 of the Act, the Company shall not allot any of its shares or debentures or apply any of its moneys, either directly or indirectly, in payment of any commission, discount or allowance, to any person in consideration of:
 - (i) his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares in, or debentures of the Company or;
 - (ii) his procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any shares in, or debentures of the Company whether the shares, debentures or money be so allotted or applied by, being added to the purchase money of any property acquired by the Company or to the contract price of any work to be executed for the Company or the money be paid out of the nominal purchase money or contract price, or otherwise.

- (C) Nothing in this Article shall affect the power of the Company to pay such brokerage as it has hereto before been lawful for the Company to pay.
- (D) A vendor to, promoter of, or other person who receives payment in shares, debentures or money from the Company shall have and shall be deemed always to have had power to apply any part of the shares, debentures or money so received for payment of any commission, the payment of which, if made directly by the Company would have been legal under Section 76 of the Act.
- (E) The commission may be paid or satisfied (subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles) in cash, or in shares, debentures or debenture-stocks of the Company.

CALLS

Directors may make Calls

31. The Directors may from time to time and subject to Section 91 of the Act and subject to the terms on which any shares/debentures may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution) make such calls as they think fit upon the members/debenture holders in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares/debentures held by them respectively and such members/debenture holders shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and place appointed by the Directors. A Call may be made payable by instalments. A call may be postponed or revoked as the Board may determine. The option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any of the person except with the sanction of our Company in general meeting.

Calls to date from resolution

32. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising such Call was passed and may be made payable by members/debenture holders on a subsequent day to be specified by the Directors.

Notice of Call

33. Thirty days' notice in writing shall be given by the Company of every calls made payable otherwise than on allotment specifying the time and place of payment provided that before the time of payment of such call, the Directors may by notice in writing to the members/debenture holders revoke the same.

Directors may extend time

34. The Directors may, from time to time, at their discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the members/debenture holders who from residence at a distance or other cause, the Directors may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member/debenture holder shall be entitled to such extension, save as a matter of grace and favour.

Sums deemed to be Calls

35. Any sum, which by the terms of issue of a share/debenture becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date whether on account of the nominal value of the share/debenture or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a Call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise, shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a Call duly made and notified.

Instalments on shares to be duly paid

36. If by the condition of allotment of any shares the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable by instalments, every such instalment shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who, for the time being and from time to time, shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative.

Calls on shares of the same class to be made on uniform basis

37. Where any calls for further Share Capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on a uniform basis

on all shares falling under the same class.

Explanation: For the purpose of this provision, shares of the same nominal value on which different amount have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

Liability of joint holders of shares

38. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all instalments and calls due in respect of such shares.

When interest on call or instalment payable

39. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof or any such extension thereof, the holder for the time being or allottee of the share in respect of which a call shall have been made or the instalment shall be due, shall pay interest as shall be fixed by the Board from the day appointed for the payment thereof or any such extension thereof to time of actual payment but the Directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.

Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture

40. Neither a judgment nor a degree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereof nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as herein provided.

Proof on trial of suits for money due on shares

41. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his legal representative for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of any shares it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered appears in the Register of Members as the holder or one of the holders, at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered, and that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the Minutes Book; and that the notice of such call was duly given to the member or his representatives, sued in pursuance of these presents; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such calls nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Payment in anticipation of calls may carry Interest

- 42. (a) The Directors may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of Section 92 of the Act, agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same whole or any part of the money due upon the shares held by him beyond the sum actually called for, and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate, as the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividends. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.
 - (b) The member shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable.
- 43. The provisions of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the calls on debentures of the Company.

LIEN

Company's lien on Shares/Debentures

44. The Company shall have first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (other than fully paid up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any shares/debentures shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article will have full effect. And such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonus from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this Clause. That fully paid shares shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares our Company's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares.

As to enforcing lien by sale

45. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the shares/debentures subject thereto in such manner as they shall think fit, and for that purpose may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and/or debentures and may authorise one of their member or appoint any officer or agent to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such member/debenture holder. No sale shall be made until such period, as may be stipulated by the Board from time to time, and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member and/or debenture holder or his legal representatives and default shall have been made by him or them in payment, fulfilment, or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements for fourteen days after such notice.

Application of proceeds of sale

46. (a) The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the persons entitled to the shares and/or debentures at the date of the sale.

Outsider's lien not to affect Company's lien

(b) The Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share or debenture as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of Competent jurisdiction or by statute required) be bound to recognise equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such shares or debentures on the part of any other person. The Company's lien shall prevail notwithstanding that it has received notice of any such claims.

COMMISSION ON SHARES

The Director may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe whether absolutely or conditionally or agreeing to subscribe whether absolutely or conditionally for any shares, debentures in the Company, but so that if the commission in respect of shares shall be paid out of capital, the statutory conditions and requirement shall be observed and complied with. The rate of commission shall not exceed 5 percent on the shares or 2.5 percent on debentures subscribed. The commission may be paid or satisfied in cash or shares or debenture of the Company.

FORFEITURE

If call or instalment not paid notice must be given

47. (a) If any member or debenture holder fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment or any money due in respect of any shares or debentures either by way of principal or interest on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or any instalment or any part thereof or other moneys remain unpaid or a judgment or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on such member or debenture holder or on the person (if any) entitled to the share by transmission requiring him to pay such call or instalment or such part thereof or other moneys as remain unpaid together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Form of Notice

(b) The notice shall name a day not being less than One Month from the date of the notice and a place or places, on and at which such call, or instalment or such part or other moneys as aforesaid and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment of call amount with interest at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares or debentures in respect of which the call was made or instalment or such part or other moneys is or are payable will be liable to be forfeited.

In default of payment shares or debentures to be forfeited

48. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with any share/debenture in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or instalments, interest and expenses or other moneys due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member of the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company, in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as herein provided. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or interest paid or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares or debentures and not actual paid before the forfeiture.

Entry of forfeiture in Register of members/debenture holders

49. When any shares/debentures shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member or debenture holder in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members or Debenture Holders but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect or any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.

Forfeited share to be property of Company and may be sold

50. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the original holder or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit.

Power to annul forfeiture

51. The Directors may, at any time, before any share forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, annul forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as they think fit.

Shareholders still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest

52. Any member whose shares or have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company, all calls, instalments, interest, expenses and other money owing upon or in respect of such shares or debentures at the time of the forfeiture together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment at such rate as the Directors may determine, and the Directors may enforce the payment of the whole or a portion thereof, if they think fit, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

Effect of forfeiture

53. The forfeiture of a share shall involve extinction at the time of forfeiture, of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

Certificate of forfeiture

54. A certificate in writing under the hand of one Director and counter signed by the Secretary or any other officer authorised by the Directors for the purpose, that the call-in respect of a share was made and notice

thereof given and that default in payment of the call was made and that forfeiture of the share was made by the resolution of Directors to that effect shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons entitled to such share

Validity of sales under Articles 45 and 50

55. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinabove given, the Directors may, if necessary, appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares or debentures sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register of Members or Register of Debenture Holders in respect of the shares or debentures sold, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings, or to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register of Members or Debenture Holders in respect of such shares or debentures the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person, and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be for damages only and against the Company exclusively.

Cancellation of share Certificate in respect of forfeited shares

56. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate/s originally issued in respect of the relative shares or shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company has been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and be of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a duplicate certificate/s in respect of the said shares to the person/s entitled thereto.

Title of purchaser and allottee of forfeited shares

57. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposition thereof, and the person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the share.

Surrender of Shares or Debentures

58. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share or debenture from or by any member or debenture holder desirous of surrendering those on such terms as they think fit.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Register of Transfers

59. The Company shall keep a book to be called the "Register of Transfers" and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share.

Form of Transfer

60. The instrument of transfer shall be common, in writing and all the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 1956 and statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly compiled with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof.

'Dematerialisation of Securities'

60A. (1) The provisions of this Article shall apply notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other Article of these Articles.

- (2) (i) The Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its securities and to offer securities in a dematerialised form pursuant to the Depository Act, 1996.
 - (ii) Option for Investors:

Every holder of or subscriber to securities of the Company shall have the option to receive security

certificates or to hold the securities with a Depository. Such a person who is the beneficial owner of the Securities can at any time opt out of a Depository, if permitted, by the law, in respect of any security in the manner provided by the Depositories Act, 1996 and the Company shall, in the manner and within the time prescribed, issue to the beneficial owner the required Certificates for the Securities.

If a person opts to hold its Security with a Depository, the Company shall intimate such depository the details of allotment of the Security.

(iii) Securities in Depository to be in fungible form:

All Securities of the Company held by the Depository shall be dematerialised and be in fungible form.

Nothing contained in Sections 153, 153A, 153B, 187B, 187C & 372A of the Act shall apply to a Depository in respect of the Securities of the Company held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.

- (iv) Rights of Depositories & Beneficial Owners:
 - (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act a Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of Security of the Company on behalf of the beneficial owner.
 - (b) Save as otherwise provided in (a) above, the depository as the registered owner of the Securities shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the Securities held by it.
 - (c) Every person holding Securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of Securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his Securities which are held by a depository.
- (v) Service of Documents:

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act to the contrary, where Securities of the Company are held in a depository, the records of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository to the Company by means of electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.

(vi) Transfer of Securities:

Nothing contained in Section 108 of the Act, shall apply to a transfer of Securities effected by a transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.

(vii) Allotment of Securities dealt with in a depository:

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act, where Securities are dealt with by a depository, the Company shall intimate the details thereof to the depository immediately on allotment of such securities.

(viii) Register and Index of Members:

The Company shall cause to be kept at its Registered Office or at such other place as may be decided, Register and Index of Members in accordance with Section 150 and 151 and other applicable provisions of the Act and the Depositories Act, 1996 with the details of Shares held in physical and dematerialised forms in any media as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic media.

The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by a depository under Section 11 of the Depositories Act, 1996, shall be deemed to be the Register and Index of Members for the purpose

of this Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any state or country outside India, a Register of Members for the residents in that state or Country.

Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee

61. Every such instrument of transfer shall be signed both by the transferor and transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.

Directors may refuse to register transfer

- 62. (a) Subject to the provisions of Section 111 of the Act and Section 22A of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Directors may, at their own absolute and uncontrolled discretion any by giving reasons, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares whether fully paid or not and the right of refusal, shall not be affected by the circumstances that the proposed transferee is already a member of the Company but in such cases, the Directors shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either; alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the company or any account whatsoever except when the company has a lien on the shares. Transfer of shares/debentures in whatever lot shall not be refused.
 - (b) Nothing in Sections 108, 109 and 110 of the Act shall prejudice this power to refuse to register the transfer of, or the transmission on legal documents by operation of law of the rights to, any shares or interest of a member in, any shares or debentures of the Company.

Transfer of Shares

- 63. (a) An application of registration of the transfer of shares may be made either by the transferor or the transferee provided that where such application is made by the transferor, no registration shall in the case of partly paid shares be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and subject to the provisions of Clause (d) of this Article, the Company shall unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the Register of Members the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee.
 - (b) For the purpose of clause (a) above notice to the transferee shall be deemed to have been duly given if sent by prepaid registered post to the transferee at the address given in the instrument of transfer and shall be deemed to have been duly delivered at the time at which it would have been delivered to him in the ordinary course of post.
 - (c) It shall not be lawful for the Company to register a transfer of any shares unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and occupation if any, of the transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate relating to the shares and if no such certificate is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of shares. The Directors may also call for such other evidence as may reasonably be required to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer provided that where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Directors of the Company may, if the Directors think fit, on an application in writing made by the transferee and bearing the stamp required by an instrument of transfer register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the Directors may think fit.
 - (d) Nothing in clause (c) above shall prejudice any power of the Company to register as shareholder any person to whom the right to any share has been transmitted by operation of law.
 - (e) The Company shall accept all applications for transfer of shares/debentures, however, this condition shall not apply to requests received by the Company.
 - (A) for splitting of a share or debenture certificate into several scripts of very small denominations;

- (B) proposals for transfer of shares/debentures comprised in a share/debenture certificate to several parties involving, splitting of a share/debenture certificate into small denominations and that such split/transfer appears to be unreasonable or without any genuine need.
 - (i) transfer of equity shares/debentures made in pursuance of any statutory provisions or an order of a Competent Court of law;
 - (ii) the transfer of the entire equity shares/debentures by an existing shareholder/debenture holder of the Company holding under one folio less than 10 (ten) Equity Shares or 10 (ten) Debentures (all relating to the same series) less than in market lots by a single transfer to a single or joint transferee.
 - (iii) the transfer of not less than 10 (ten) Equity shares or 10 (ten) Debentures (all relating to the same series) in favour of the same transferee(s) under two or more transfer deeds, out of which one or more relate(s) to the transfer of less than 10 (ten) Equity Shares/10 (ten) debentures.
 - (iv) the transfer of less than 10 (ten) Equity Shares or 10 (ten) Debentures (all relating to the same series) to the existing share holder/debenture holder subject to verification by the Company.

Provided that the Board may in its absolute discretion waive the aforesaid conditions in a fit and proper case(s) and the decision of the Board shall be final in such case(s).

(f) Nothing in this Article shall prejudice any power of the Company to refuse to register the transfer of any share. However, the registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Issuer on any account whatsoever;

Custody of Instrument of transfer

64. The instrument of transfer shall after registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in their custody. All instruments of transfer which the Directors may decline to register, shall on demand be returned to the persons depositing the same. The Directors may cause to be destroyed all transfer deeds lying with the Company after such period as they may determine.

Transfer books and Register of members when closed

65. The Board shall have power on giving not less than seven days' previous notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating in the district in which the office of the Company is situate, to close the Transfer books, the Register of members or Register of debenture holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year.

Transfer to Minors etc.

66. Only fully paid shares or debentures shall be transferred to a minor acting through his/her legal or natural guardian. Under no circumstances, shares or debentures be transferred to any insolvent or a person of unsound mind.

Title to shares of deceased holder

67. The executors or administrators of a deceased member (not being one or two or more joint holders) or the holder of a deceased member (not being one or two or more joint holders) shall be the only persons whom the Company will be bound to recognise as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member, and the Company shall not be bound to recognise such executors or administrators or the legal representatives unless they shall have first obtained probate or Letters of Administration or a Succession Certificate, as the case may be, from a duly constituted competent Court in India, provided that in any case where the Directors in their absolute discretion think fit, the Directors may dispense with the production of probate or Letters of Administration or a Succession Certificate upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Directors in their absolute discretion may think necessary under Article 70 register the name of any

person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of a deceased member, as a member.

Registration of persons entitled to share otherwise than by transfer

- 68. (a) Subject to the provisions of Articles 67 and 77(d), any person becoming entitled to any share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents, may with the consent of the Directors (which they shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article or of such titles as the Directors shall think sufficient, either be registered himself as a member in respect of such shares or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Directors registered as a member in respect of such shares. Provided nevertheless that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered he shall testify his election by executing in favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions herein contained and until he does so, he shall not be free from any liability in respect of such shares.
 - (b) A transfer of the shares or other interest in the Company of a deceased member thereof made by his legal representative shall, although the legal representative is not himself a member be as valid as if he had been a member at the time of the execution of the instrument of transfer.

'Nomination'

- (c) (1) Every Shareholder or Debenture holder or Deposit holder of the Company, may at any time, nominate a person to whom his Shares or Debentures or Deposit shall vest in the event of his death in such manner as may be prescribed under the Act.
 - (2) Where the Shares or Debentures or Deposits of the Company are held by more than one person jointly, joint holders may together nominate a person to whom all the rights in the Shares or Debentures or Deposits as the case may be shall vest in the event of death of all the joint holders in such manner as may be prescribed under Section 58A(11) and 109A of the Act.
 - (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise, where a nomination made in the manner aforesaid purports to confer on any person the right to vest the Shares or Debentures or Deposits, the nominee shall, on the death of the Shareholder or Debenture holder or Deposit holder, as the case may be on the death of the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in such Shares or Debentures or Deposits, to the exclusion of all other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the manner as may be prescribed under the Act.
 - (4) Where the nominee is a minor, it shall be lawful for the holder of the Shares or Debentures or Deposits, to make the nomination to appoint any person to become entitled to Share in, or Debentures or Deposits of, the Company, in the manner prescribed under the Act, in the event of his death, during the minority.

'Transmission of Shares or Debentures'

- (d) (1) A nominee, upon production of such evidence as may be required by the Board and subject to provisions of Section 109B of the Act and as hereinafter provided, elect, either
 - (a) to register himself as holder of the Share or Debenture, as the case may be; or
 - (b) to make such transfer of the Share or Debenture, as the deceased Shareholder or Debenture holder, as the case may be, could have made.
 - (2) if the nominee elects to be registered as holder of the Share or Debenture himself, as the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company, a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with the death certificate of the deceased Shareholder or Debenture holder, as the case may be.

(3) a nominee shall be entitled to the share dividend and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the Share or Debenture. Provided that he shall not, before being registered as a member, be entitled to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meeting of the Company.

provided further that Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the Share or Debenture, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonus or other monies payable in respect of the Share or Debenture, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Claimant to be entitled to same advantage

69. The person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled as if he were registered holder of the shares except that he shall not before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it, to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to the meeting of the Company provided that the Board may at any time give notice requiring any such persons to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer shares and if the notice is not complied within sixty days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, interest, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share unit the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Persons entitled may receive dividend without being registered as member

- 70. A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the right of the Directors to retain such dividends, bonuses or moneys as hereinafter provided be entitled to receive, and may give a discharge for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share/debenture.
- 71. Article 70 shall not prejudice the provisions of Articles 44 and 55.

Refusal to register nominee

72. The Directors shall have the same right to refuse on legal ground to register a person entitled by transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

Directors may require evidence of transmission

73. Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such manner as the Directors may require, and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified or until or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient, provided nevertheless that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accept any indemnity.

No Fees on transfer or transmission

74. No fees shall be charged for registration of transfer transmission, Probate, Succession Certificate and Letters of administration, Certificate of Death of Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document.

The Company not liable for disregard of a notice prohibiting registration of transfer

75. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred

to in some book of the Company, but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give affect thereto if the Directors shall so think fit.

76. The provisions of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the transfer or transmission by operation of law, of debentures of the Company.

JOINT HOLDERS

Joint-holders

77. Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any shares/debentures, they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship, subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles.

No transfer to more than four persons as joint holders

(a) The joint holders of any share/debenture shall be liable severally four persons as the holders of any share/debentures.

Transfer by joint holders

(b) In the case of a transfer of shares/debentures held by joint holders, the transfer will be effective only if it is made by all the joint holders.

Liability of joint holders

(c) The joint holders of any share/debenture shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or instalments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share/debenture.

Death of one or more joint holders

(d) On the death of any one or more of such joint holders the survivor/survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the share/debenture, but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit, and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares/debentures held by him jointly with any other person.

Receipt of one sufficient

(e) Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts of any dividends, interests or other moneys payable in respect of such share/debenture.

Delivery of certificate and giving of notices to first named holder

(f) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members/debenture holders as one of the joint holders of any shares/debentures shall be entitled to the delivery of the certificate relating to such share/debenture or to receive notice which expression shall be deemed to include all documents as defined in Article (2)(a) hereof and any document served on or sent to such person shall be deemed service on all the joint holders.

Vote of joint holders

(g) (i) Any one of two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting either personally or by attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney then that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting provided always that a joint holder present at any meeting personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a joint holder present by Attorney or by proxy although the name of such joint holder present by an Attorney or proxy stands first or higher (as the case may be) in the Register in respect of such shares.

(ii) Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose (deceased member) sole name any share stands shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed joint holders.

BORROWING POWERS

Restriction on powers of the Board

- 78. The Board of Directors shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting and subject to Article 172 of the Articles of Association of the Company:
 - (a) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking of the whole, or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking.
 - (b) remit, or give time for the repayment of any debt due by a Director.
 - (c) invest, otherwise than in trust securities the amount of compensation received by the Company in respect of the compulsory acquisition alter the commencement of this Act, of any such undertaking as is referred to in clause (a) or of any premises or properties used for any such undertaking and without which it cannot be carried on or can be carried on only with difficulty or only after a considerable time.
 - (d) borrow monies where the moneys to be borrowed, together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up Capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose.
 - (e) contribute, to charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed fifty thousand rupees or five percent, of its average net profits as determined in accordance with the provisions of Sections 349 and 350 of the Act during the three-financial year immediately preceding, whichever is greater.

Explanation: Every resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting in relation to the exercise of the power referred to in clause (d) or in clause (e) shall specify the total amount up to which money may be borrowed by the Board of Directors under clause (d) or as the case may be, the total amount which may be contributed to charitable and other funds in any financial year under clause (e).

Conditions on which money may be borrowed

79. The Directors may raise and secure the payment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and in particular by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable or such other types of debenture or debenture stocks or any mortgage or charge or other security on the undertaking of the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including its uncalled Capital for the time being.

Terms of Issue of Debentures

80. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution

Bonds, debentures etc. to be subject to the control of Directors

Any bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

Provided that bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or other securities so issued or to be issued by the Company with the right to allotment of or conversion into shares shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting by a special resolution.

Securities may be assignable free from equities

81. Debentures, debenture stocks, bonds or other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

Issue at discount etc. or with special privileges

82. Any bonds, debenture stocks, or other securities may be issued, subject to the provisions of the Act, at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, appointment of Directors and otherwise and subject to the following:

Debentures with voting rights not to be issued

- (a) The Company shall not issue any debentures carrying voting rights at any meeting of the Company whether generally or in respect of particular classes of business.
- (b) The Company shall have power to reissue redeemed debentures in certain cases in accordance with Section 121 of the Act.
- (c) Payments of certain debts out of assets subject to floating charge in priority to claims under the charge may be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 123 of the Act.
- (d) Certain charges mentioned in Section 125 of the Act shall be void against the liquidators or creditors unless registered as provided in Section 125 of the Act.
- (e) The term 'charge' shall include mortgage in these Articles.
- (f) A contract with the Company to take up and pay for any debentures of the Company may be enforced by a decree for specific performance.

Limitation of time for issue of Certificate

(g) The Company shall, within three months after the allotment of any of its debentures or debenture stock, and within one month after the application for the registration of the transfer of any such debentures or debenture stocks have complete and have ready for delivery the Certificate of all the debentures and the Certificates of all debenture stocks allotted or transferred unless the conditions of issue of the debentures or debenture stocks otherwise provide.

The expression 'transfer' for the purpose of this clause means a transfer duly stamped and otherwise valid and does not include any transfer which the Company is for any reason entitled to refuse to register and does not register.

Right to obtain copies of the inspect Trust Deed

- (h) (i) A copy of any Trust Deed for securing any issue of debentures shall be forwarded to the holder of any such debentures or any member of the Company at his request and within seven days of the making thereof on payment.
 - (1) In the case of a printed Trust Deed of the sum of Rupee One and
 - (2) In the case of a Trust Deed which has not been printed of thirty-seven paise for every one hundred words or fractional part thereof required to be copied.
 - (ii) The Trust Deed referred to in item (i) above shall also be open to inspection by any member or debenture holder of the Company in the same manner, to the same extent, and on payment of the

same fees, as if it were the Register of Members of the Company.

Mortgage of uncalled Capital

83. If any uncalled Capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security the Directors shall, subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled Capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed.

Indemnity may be given

84. If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Registration of charges

- 85. (a) The provisions of the Act relating to registration of charges shall be complied with.
 - (b) In the case of a charge created out of India and comprising solely property situated outside India, the provisions of Section 125 of the Act shall also be complied with.
 - (c) Where a charge is created in India but comprises property outside India, the instrument creating or purporting to create the charge under Section 125 of the Act or a copy thereof verified in the prescribed manner, may be filed for registration, notwithstanding that further proceedings may be necessary to make the charge valid or effectual according to the law of the country in which the property is situated, as provided by Section 125 of the Act.
 - (d) Where any charge on any property of the Company required to be registered under Section 125 of the Act has been so registered any persons acquiring such property or any part thereof or any share as interest therein shall be deemed to have notice of the charge as from the date of such registration.
 - (e) In respect of registration of charges on properties acquired subject to charge, the provisions of Section 127 of the Act shall be complied with.
 - (f) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 128 of the Act relating to particulars in case of series of debentures entitling holders *pari passu*.
 - (g) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 129 of the Act in regard to registration of particulars of commission, allowance or discount paid or made, directly or indirectly, in connection with the debentures.
 - (h) The Provisions of Section 133 of the Act as to endorsement of Certificate of registration on debenture or Certificate of debenture stock shall be complied with by the Company.
 - (i) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 134 of the Act as regards registration of particulars of every charge and of every series of debentures.
 - (j) As to modification of charges, the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act.
 - (k) The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 136 of the Act regarding keeping a copy of instrument creating charge at the registered office of the Company and comply with the provisions of Section 137 of the Act in regard to entering in the register of charges any appointment of Receiver or Managers as therein provided.
 - (1) The Company shall also comply with the provisions of Section 138 of the Act as to reporting satisfaction of any charge and procedure thereafter.
 - (m) The Company shall keep at its registered office a Register of charges and enter therein all charges specifically affecting any property of the Company and all floating charges on the undertaking or on

any property of the company giving in each case:

- (i) a short description of the property charged;
- (ii) the amount of the charge; and
- (iii) except in the case of securities to bearer, the names of persons entitled to the charge.
- (n) Any creditor or member of the Company and any other person shall have the right to inspect copies of instruments creating charges and the Company's Register of charges in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 144 of the Act.

Trust not recognised

86. No notice of any trust, express or implied or constructive, shall be entered on the Register of Debenture holders.

SHARE WARRANTS

Power to issue share warrants

87. The Company may issue share warrants subject to and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 114 and 115 and accordingly, the Board may, in its discretion, with respect to any share which is fully paid upon application in writing signed by the persons registered as holder of the share and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may from time to time, require as to the identity of the persons signing the application and on receiving the certificate (if any) of the share and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the board may from time to time require issue a share warrant.

Deposit of share warrant

- (a) The bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company, and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, and of attending and voting and exercising the other privileges of the member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were inserted in the register of Members as the holder of the share included in the deposited warrant.
 - (b) Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.
 - (c) The Company shall, on two day's written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.

Privileges and disabilities of the holders of share warrant

- 89. (a) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, or attend, or vote or exercise any of privileges of a member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
 - (b) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Members as the holder of the share included in the warrant, and he shall be a member of the Company.

Issue of new share warrant or coupon

90. The Board may, from time to time, make rules as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit) a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

Shares may be converted into stock

91. The Company in general meeting may convert any paid-up shares into stock and when any shares shall have

been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interest therein or any part of such interests, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as, and subject to which shares from which the stock arise might have been transferred, if no such conversion had taken place, or as near thereto as circumstances will admit. The Company may at any time reconvert any stock into paid up shares of any denomination.

Rights of stock holders

92. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same right, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meeting of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privileges or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profit of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privileges or advantages.

GENERAL MEETINGS

93. Annual General Meeting

Subject to the provisions contained in Sections 166 and 210 of the Act, as far as applicable, the Company shall in each year hold, in addition to any other meetings, a general meeting as its annual general meeting, and shall specify, the meeting as such in the Notice calling it; and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the Company and that of the next.

Provided that if the Registrar for any special reason, extends the time within which any annual general meeting shall be held, then such annual general meeting may be held within such extended period.

Summary of Annual General Meeting

The Company may in any one general meeting fix the place for its any annual general meetings. Every member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any general meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor. At every annual general meeting of the Company, there shall be laid on the table, the Director's Report the audited statements of accounts and auditor's report (if any, not already incorporated in the audited statement of accounts). The proxy registered with the Company and Register of Director's Share holdings of which latter register shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting. The Board shall cause to prepare the Annual list of members, summary of Share Capital, Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account and forward the same to the Registrar in accordance with Sections 159, 161 and 220 of the Act.

Time and place of Annual General Meeting

94. Every annual general meeting shall be called at any time during business hours, on a day that is not a public holiday, and shall be held either at the registered office of the Company or at some other place within the city, town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situate, and the notice calling the meeting shall specify it as the annual general meeting.

Sections 171 to 186 of the Act shall apply to meetings.

95. Sections 171 to 186 of the Act with such adaptations and modifications, if any, as may be prescribed shall apply with respect to meetings of any class of members or debenture holders of the Company in like manner as they apply with respect to general meetings of the Company.

Powers of Director's to call Extraordinary General Meeting

96. The Directors may call an extraordinary general meeting of the Company whenever they think fit.

Calling of Extra Ordinary General Meeting on requisition

97. (a) The Board of Directors of the Company shall on the requisition of such number of members of the Company as is specified in clause (d) of this Article, forthwith proceed duly to call an Extraordinary

general meeting of the Company.

- (b) The requisition shall set out the matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called, shall be signed by the requisitionists, and shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company.
- (c) The requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.
- (d) The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting in regard to any matter shall be such number of them as hold at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as at that date carried the right of voting in regard to that matter.
- (e) Where two or more distinct matters are specified in the requisition the provisions of clause (d) above, shall apply separately in regard to each such matter; and the requisition shall accordingly be valid only in respect of those matters in regard to which the condition specified in that clause is fulfilled.
- (f) If the Board does not, within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition in regard to any matters, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters then on a day not later than forty-five days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, the meeting may be called:
 - (i) by the requisitionists themselves;
 - (ii) by such of the requisitionists as represent either a majority in value of the paid-up share capital held by all of them or note less than one tenth of such of the paid-up share capital of the Company as is referred to in clause (d) above, whichever is less.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the Board shall in the case of a meeting at which resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice thereof as is required by sub-section 189 of the Act.

- (g) A meeting, called under clause (f) above, by the requisitionists or any of them:
 - (i) shall be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board; but
 - (ii) shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition.

Explanation: Nothing in clause (g) (ii) above, shall be deemed to prevent a meeting duly commenced before the expiry of the period of three months aforesaid, from adjourning to some day after the expiry of that period.

- (h) Where two or more persons hold any shares or interest in the Company jointly, a requisition, or a notice calling a meeting, signed by one or some of them shall, for the purpose of this Article, have the same force and effect as if it had been signed by all of them.
- (i) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Board duly to call a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company; and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the Directors as were in default.

Length of notice for calling meeting

- 98. (a) A general meeting of the Company may be called by giving not less than twenty-one days' notice in writing.
 - (b) A general meeting of the Company may be called after giving shorter notice than that specified in clause (a) above, if consent is accorded thereto;
 - (i) in the case of an annual general meeting by all the members entitled to vote thereat; and

 (ii) in the case of any other meeting, by members of the Company holding not less than 95 (ninetyfive) percent of such part of the paid-up capital of the Company as gives a right to vote at the meeting;

Provided that where any members of the Company are entitled to vote only on some resolution or resolutions to be moved at the meeting and not on the others, those members shall be taken into account for the purposes of this clause in respect of the former resolution or resolutions and not in respect of the latter.

Contents and manner of service of notice and persons on whom it is to be served

- 99. (a) Every notice of a meeting of the Company shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.
 - (b) Notice of every meeting of the Company shall be given:
 - (i) to every member of the Company, in any manner authorised by sub-sections (1) to (4) of Section 53 of the Act;
 - (ii) to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member, by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title or representatives of the deceased or assignees of the insolvent, or by any like description, at the address, if any, in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or until such an address has been so supplied, by giving the notice in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or insolvency had not occurred;
 - (iii) to the Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the Company in any manner authorised by Section 53 of the Act in the case of any member of members of the Company and
 - (iv) to all the Directors of the Company

Provided that where the notice of a meeting is given by advertising the same in a newspaper circulating in the neighbourhood of the registered office of the Company under sub-section (3) of Section 53 of the Act, the statement of material facts referred to in Section 173 of the Act need not be annexed to the notice as required by that Section but it shall be mentioned in the advertisement that the statement has been forwarded to the members of the Company.

(c) The accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of notice by any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

Explanatory statement to be annexed to notice

- 100. (A) For the purpose of this Article:
 - (i) in the case of an annual general meeting, all business to be transacted at the meeting shall be deemed special with the exception of business relating to
 - (a) the consideration of the accounts, balance sheet and the reports of the Board of Directors and auditors.
 - (b) the declaration of a dividend;
 - (c) the appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring, and
 - (d) the appoint of and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors, and
 - (ii) in the case of any other meetings, all business shall be deemed special.
 - (B) Where any items of business to be transacted at the meeting are deemed to be special as aforesaid, there

shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each item of business including in particular the nature of the concern or interest, if any, therein of every Director, and the manager, if any.

Provided that where any item of special business as aforesaid to be transacted at a meeting of the Company relates, to or affects, any other Company, the extent of shareholding interest in that other Company of any such person shall be set out in the circumstances specified in the proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 173 of the Act.

(C) Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting, the time and place where the documents can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Quorum for meeting

101. (a) Five members personally present shall be the quorum for a general meeting of the company.

If quorum not present meeting to be dissolved or adjourned

- (b) (i) If within half an hour from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Company, a quorum is not present, the meeting, if called upon by requisition of members, shall stand dissolved.
 - (ii) In any other case, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place, as the Board may determine.

Adjourned meeting to transact business

(c) If at the adjourned meeting also, a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall be the quorum.

Presence of quorum

102. (a) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum be present at the commencement of the business.

Business confined to election of chairman whilst chair vacant

(b) No business shall be discussed or transacted at any general meeting except the election of a Chairman whilst the Chair is vacant.

Chairman of general meeting

- (c) (i) The chairman of the Board of Directors shall be entitled to take the chair at every general meeting. If there be no Chairman or if at any meeting he shall not be present within 15 (fifteen) minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting or is unwilling to act, the Directors present may choose one of themselves to be Chairman and in default of their doing so, the members present shall choose one of the Directors to be Chairman and if no Directors present be willing to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of the themselves to be the Chairman.
 - (ii) If at any meeting a quorum of members shall be present, and the Chair shall not be taken by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Board or by a Director at the expiration of 15 (fifteen) minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting or if before the expiration of that time all the Directors shall decline to take the Chair, the members present shall choose one of their members to be the Chairman of the meeting.

Chairman with consent may adjourn the meeting

(d) The Chairman with the consent of the meeting may adjourn any meeting from time to time and place to place in the city, town or village where the registered office of the Company is situated.

Business at adjourned meeting

(e) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

Notice of adjourned meeting

(f) When a meeting is adjourned only for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of original meeting.

In what cases poll taken with or without adjournment

(g) Any poll duly demanded on the election of a Chairman of a meeting or any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith, save as aforesaid, any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

103. Proxies

(a) Any member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint any other person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself. A member (and in the case of joint holders all holders) shall not appoint more than one person as proxy. A proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting.

Provided that unless where the proxy is appointed by a body corporate a proxy shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll.

- (b) In every notice calling a meeting of the Company there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself, and that a proxy need not be a member.
- (c) The instrument appointing a proxy or any other document necessary to show the validity or otherwise relating to the appointment of a proxy shall be lodged with the Company not less than 48 (forty-eight) hours before the meeting in order that the appointment may be effective thereat.
- (d) The instrument appointing a proxy shall:
 - (i) be in writing, and
 - (ii) be signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointer is a body corporate, be under its seal or be signed by an officer or an attorney duly authorised by it.

Form of proxy

- (e) Every instrument of proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall, as nearly as circumstances will admit, be in usual common form.
- (f) An instrument appointing a proxy, if in any of the forms set out in Schedule IX to the Act shall not be questioned on the ground that it fails to comply with any special requirements specified for such instrument by these Articles.
- (g) Every member entitled to vote at a meeting of the Company, or on any resolution to be moved thereat, shall be entitled during the period beginning 24 (twenty-four) hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the meeting and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, to inspect the proxies lodged at any time during the business hours of the Company, provided not less than 3 (three) days' notice in writing of the intention so to inspect is given to the Company.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Restrictions on exercise of voting rights of members who have not paid calls

104. (a) No member shall exercise any voting right in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any

calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has and has exercised any right of lien.

(b) Where the shares of the Company are held in trust, the voting power in respect of such shares shall be regulated by the provisions of Section 187 B of the Act.

Restriction on exercise of voting right in other cases to be void

105. A member is not prohibited for exercising his voting right on the ground that he has not held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in Article 104.

Equal rights of share holders

106. Any shareholder whose name is entered in the Register of members of the Company shall enjoy the same rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other shareholders of the same class.

Voting to be by show of hands in first instance

- 107. At any general meeting a resolution put to vote at the meeting shall unless a poll is demanded under Section 179 of the Act be decided on a show of hands.
- 108. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, upon show of hands every member entitled to vote and present in person shall have one vote, and upon a poll every member entitled to vote and present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, for every share held by him.

No voting by proxy on show of hands

(b) No member not personally present shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands unless such member is a body corporate present by proxy or by a representative duly authorised under Sections 187 or 187A of the Act, in which case such proxy or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.

How member's non-compos minutes and minor may vote

(c) A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his committee or other legal guardian and any such committee or guardian may on poll vote by proxy; if any member be a minor the vote in respect of his share or shares shall be by his guardians or any one of his guardians, if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the meeting.

(d) Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members etc.

Subject to the provisions of the Act and other provisions of these Articles, any person entitled under the transmission clause to any shares may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof as if he was the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least 48 (forty eight) hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to such shares unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

(e) Custody of Instrument

If any such instrument of appointment be confined to the object of appointing proxy or substitute for voting at meetings of the Company, it shall remain permanently or for such time as the Directors may determine in the custody of the Company; if embracing other objects, a copy thereof examined with the original, shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of the Company.

(f) Validity of votes given by proxy notwithstanding death of members etc.

A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the

previous death of the principal or revocation of the proxy or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the registered office of the Company before the meeting.

(g) Time for objections for vote

No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote whether given personally or by an agent or proxy or representative not disallowed at such meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purpose of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

(h) Chairman of any meeting to be the judge of any vote

The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Chairman's declaration of result of voting by show of hands to be conclusive

109. A declaration by the Chairman in pursuance of Section 177 of the Act that on a show of hands, a resolution has or has not been carried, either unanimously or by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the books containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes cast in favour of or against such resolution.

Demand for poll

- 110. (a) Before or on the declaration of the result of the voting on any resolution of a show of hands, a poll may be ordered to be taken by the Chairman of the meeting of his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any member or members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company which confer a power to vote on the resolution not being less than one-tenth of the total voting power in respect of the resolution or on which an aggregate sum of not less than fifty thousand rupees has been paid up.
 - (b) The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

Time of taking poll

- 111. (a) A poll demanded on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith.
 - (b) A poll demanded on any other question (not being a question relating to the election of a Chairman which is provided for in Section 175 of the Act) shall be taken at such time not being later than 48 (forty-eight) hours from the time when the demand was made, as the Chairman may direct.

Right of a member to use his votes differently

112. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member or other person entitled to vote for him as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use, all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

Scrutinizers at poll

- 113. (a) Where a poll is to be taken, the Chairman of the meeting shall appoint two scrutinizers to scrutinize the votes given on the poll and to report thereon to him.
 - (b) The Chairman shall have power, at any time before the result of the poll is declared, to remove a scrutinizer from office and to fill vacancies in the office of scrutinizer arising from such removal or from any other cause.
 - (c) Of the two scrutinizers appointed under this article, one shall always be a member (not being an officer or employee of the Company) present at the meeting, provided such a member is available and willing to be appointed.

Manner of taking poll and result thereof

- 114. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Chairman of the meeting shall have power to regulate the manner in which a poll shall be taken.
 - (b) The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution on which the poll was taken.

Casting Vote

115. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the polls are demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to his own vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.

Representation of Body Corporate

116. A body corporate (whether a Company within the meaning of the Act or not) if it is a member or creditor (including a holder of debentures) of the Company may in accordance with the provisions of Section 187 of the Act authorise such person by a resolution of its Board of Directors as it thinks fit, to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company or at any meeting of creditors of the Company.

Circulation of member's resolution

117. The Company shall comply with provisions of Section 188 of the Act, relating to circulation of member's resolution.

Resolution requiring special notice

118. The Company shall comply with provisions of Section 190 of the Act relating to resolution requiring special notice.

Resolutions passed at adjourned meeting

119. The provisions of Section 191 of the Act shall apply to resolutions passed at an adjourned meeting of the Company, or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company and of the Board of Directors of the Company and the resolutions shall be deemed for all purposes as having been passed on the date on which in fact they were passed and shall not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.

Registration of resolutions and agreements

120. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act relating to registration of certain resolutions and agreements.

Minutes of proceedings of general meeting and of Board and other meetings

- 121. (a) The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of general meetings, and of all proceedings of every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every Committee of the Board to be kept by making within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned, entries thereof in books kept for the purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.
 - (b) Each page of every such book shall be initialled or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting in such books shall be dated and signed:
 - (i) in the case of minutes of proceedings of the Board or of a Committee thereof by the Chairman of the said meeting or the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting.
 - (ii) in the case of minutes of proceedings of the general meeting by Chairman of the said meeting within the aforesaid period, of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that Chairman within that period, by a Director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose.

- (c) In no case the minutes of proceedings of a meeting shall be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.
- (d) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (e) All appointments of officers made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
- (f) In the case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a Committee of the Board, the minutes shall also contain:
 - (i) the names of the Directors present at the meetings, and
 - (ii) in the case of each resolution passed at the meeting, the names of the Directors, if any dissenting from or not concurring in the resolution.
- (g) Nothing contained in Clauses (a) to (d) hereof shall be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting:
 - (i) is or could reasonably be regarded, as defamatory of any person
 - (ii) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings; or
 - (iii) in detrimental to the interests of the Company.

The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this clause.

Minutes to be considered to be evidence

(h) The minutes of meetings kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 193 of the Act shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Presumptions to be drawn where minutes duly drawn and signed

122. Where minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company or of any meeting of its Board of Directors or of a Committee of the Board have been kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 193 of the Act then, until the contrary is proved, the meeting shall be deemed to have been duly called and held, and all proceedings thereat to have duly taken placed and in particular all appointments of Directors or Liquidators made at the meeting shall be deemed to be valid and the minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.

Inspection of Minutes Books of General Meetings

- 123. (a) The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company shall;
 - (i) be kept at the registered office of the Company, and
 - (ii) be open, during the business hours to the inspection of any member without charge subject such reasonable restrictions as the Company may, in general meeting impose so however that not less than two hours in each day are allowed for inspection.
 - (b) Any member shall be entitled to be furnished, within seven days after he has made a request in that behalf of the Company, with a copy of any minutes referred to in Clause (a) above, on payment of thirty-seven paise for every one hundred words or fractional part thereof required to be copied.

Publication of reports of proceeding of general meetings

124. No document purporting to be a report of the proceedings of any general meeting of the Company shall be

circulated or advertised at the expenses of the Company unless it includes the matters required by Section 193 of the Act to be contained in the Minutes of the proceedings of such meeting.

MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Managerial Personnel

125. The Company shall duly observe the provisions of Section 197A of the Act regarding prohibition of simultaneous appointment of different categories of managerial personnel therein referred to.

INTEREST OUT OF CAPITAL

Interest may be paid out of Capital

175. Where any shares in the Company are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any work or building, or the provisions of any plant, which cannot be made profitable for a lengthy period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up, for the period and at the rate and subject to the conditions and restrictions provided by Section 208 of the Act, and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the work or building, or the provisions of plant.

DIVIDENDS

Division of Profits

176. The profits of the Company subject to any special rights relating thereto created or authorised to be created by these presents shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of Capital paid up or credited as paid up on the shares held by them respectively.

Dividend payable to registered holder

177. No dividend shall be paid by the Company in respect of any share except to the registered holder of such share or to his order or to his banker.

Time of payment of dividend

178. Where a dividend has been declared by the Company it shall be paid within the period provided in Section 207 of the Act.

Capital paid up in advance and interest not to earn dividend

179. Where the Capital is paid up in advance of calls upon the footing that the same shall carry interest, such Capital shall not, whilst carrying interest confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

Dividends in proportion to amount paid up

- 180. (a) The Company shall pay dividends in proportion to the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on each share, when a larger amount is paid up or credited as paid up on some shares than on others. Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to affect in any manner the operation of Section 208 of the Act.
 - (b) Provided always that any Capital paid up on a share during the period in respect of which a dividend is declared, shall unless the terms of issue otherwise provide, only entitle the holder of such share to an apportioned amount of such dividend proportionate to the capital from time to time paid during such period on such share.

Company in General Meeting may declare dividends

181. The Company in general meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment.

Power of Directors to limit dividend

182. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors but the Company in general meeting may declare a smaller dividend.

Dividends only to be paid out of profits

- 183. No dividend shall be declared or paid by the Company otherwise than out of profits of the financial year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of Section 205 of the Act or out of the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with these provisions and remaining undistributed or out of both or out of moneys provided by the Central Government or a State Government for the payment of dividend in pursuance of the guarantee given by that Government provided that :
 - (a) If the Company has not provided for depreciation for any previous financial year or years, it shall, before declaring or paying a dividend for any financial year, provide for such depreciation out of the profits of that financial year or out of the profits of any other previous financial year or years;
 - (b) If the Company has incurred any loss in any previous financial year or years the amount of the loss or an amount which is equal to the amount provided for depreciation for that year or those years whichever is less, shall be set off against the profits of the Company for the year for which the dividend is proposed to be declared or paid or against the profits of the Company for any previous financial year or years arrived at in both cases after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of Section 205 of the Act or against both.

Provided further that, no dividend shall be declared or paid for any financial year out of the profits of the Company for that year arrived at after providing for depreciation as above, except after the transfer to the reserves of the Company of such percentage of its profits for that year as may be prescribed in accordance with Section 205 of the Act or such higher percentage of its profits as may be allowed in accordance with that Section.

Nothing contained in this Article shall be deemed to affect in any manner the operation of Section 208 of the Act.

Directors' declaration as to net profits conclusive

184. The declaration of the Directors as to the amount of the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive.

Interim Dividends

185. The Directors may, from time to time, pay to the members such interim dividends as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.

Retention of Dividend until completion of transfer under Article

186. The Directors may retain the Dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the Transmission clause of these Articles entitled to become a member or which any person under the clause is entitled to transfer until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.

No member to receive Dividend whilst indebted to the Company and Company's right to reimbursement there from

187. Subject to the provisions of the Act, no member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend in respect of his share(s) whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share(s) or debenture(s) or otherwise however either alone or jointly with any other person or persons and the Directors may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member, all sums of moneys so due from him to the Company.

Transferred shares must be registered

188. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

Dividend how remitted

189. Unless otherwise directed any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant or a pay-slip or receipt having the force of a cheque or warrant sent through ordinary post to the registered address of the member or person entitled or in the case of joint holders to that one of them first named in the Register of Members in respect of the joint holding. Every such cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable to the registered holder of shares or to his order or to his bankers. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant lost in transmission or for any dividend lost, to the member or person entitled thereto by the forged endorsement of any cheque or warrant or the fraudulent or improper recovery thereof by any other means.

Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend

- 190. (a) Where the Company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or the dividend warrant in respect thereof has not been posted within 30 days from the date of declaration to any shareholder entitled to the payment of the dividend, the Company shall within 7 days from the date of expiry of the said period of 30 days, open a special account in that behalf in any scheduled bank called "Unpaid Dividend of KOSAMATTAM FINANCE LIMITED" and transfer to the said account, the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or in relation to which no dividend warrant has been posted.
 - (b) Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund account of the Central Government.

No claim for such transferred amount will lie against the Company or Central Government.

(c) No unpaid or unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board before the claim becomes barred by law

Dividend and call together

191. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may on the recommendation of the Directors make a call on the members for such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the members, be set off against the calls.

Dividend to be payable in cash

192. No dividend shall be payable except in cash. Provided that nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prohibit the capitalisation of profit or reserves of the Company for the purpose of issuing fully paid up bonus shares or paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by the members of the Company.

Capitalisation

CAPITALISATION

- 193. (a) Any general meeting may resolve that any amount standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account or the Capital Redemption Reserve Account or any money's investments or other assets forming part of the undivided profits (including profits or surplus moneys arising from the realisation and where permitted by law, from the appreciation in value of any capital assets of the Company) standing to the credit of the General Reserve, Reserve or any Reserve Fund or any other fund of the Company or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend may be capitalised. Any such amount (excepting the amount standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account and/or the Capital Redemption Reserve Account) may be capitalised;
 - (i) by the issue and distribution as fully paid shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or obligations of the Company or

- (ii) by crediting the shares of the Company which may have been issued and are not fully paid up, with the whole or any part of the sum remaining unpaid thereon.Provided that any amounts standing to the credit of the Share Premium Account may be applied in;
 - (1) paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares;
 - (2) in writing off the preliminary expenses of the Company;
 - (3) in writing of the expenses of, or the commission paid or discount allowed on any issue of shares or debentures of the Company; or
 - (4) in providing for the premium payable on the redemption of any redeemable preference shares or of any debentures of the Company. Provided further that any amount standing to the credit of the Capital Redemption Reserve Account shall be applied only in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to the members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.
- (b) Such issue and distribution under sub-clause (a)(i) above and such payment to the credit of unpaid share capital under sub-clause (a)(ii) above shall be made to, among and in favour of the members of any class of them or any of them entitled thereto and in accordance with their respective rights and interests and in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively in respect of which such distribution under sub-clause (a)(i) or payment under sub-clause (a)(ii) above shall be made on the footing that such members become entitled thereto as capital.
- (c) The Directors shall give effect to any such resolution and apply portion of the profits, General Reserve Fund or any other fund or account as aforesaid as may be required for the purpose of making payment in full for the shares, debentures or debenture stock, bonds or other obligations of the Company so distributed under sub-clause (a)(i) above or (as the case may be) for the purpose of paying, in whole or in part, the amount remaining unpaid on the shares which may have been issued and are not fully paid-up under sub-clause (a) (ii) above provided that no such distribution or payment shall be made unless recommended by Directors and if so recommended such distribution and payment shall be accepted by such members as aforesaid in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum.
- (d) For the purpose of giving effect to any such resolution the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution or payment as aforesaid as they think expedient and in particular they may issue fractional certificates or coupons and fix the value for distribution of any specific assets and may determine that such payments be made to any members on the footing of the value so fixed and may vest any such cash, shares, fractional certificates or coupons, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, or other obligations in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled thereto as may seem expedient to the Directors and generally may make such arrangement for the acceptance, allotment and sale of such shares, debentures, they may think fit.
- (e) Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles in cases where some of the shares of the Company are fully paid and others are partly paid only, such capitalisation may be effected by the distribution of further shares in respect of the fully paid shares, and by crediting the partly paid shares with the whole or part of the unpaid liability thereon but so that as between the holders of fully paid shares, and the partly paid shares the sums so applied in the payment of such further shares and in the extinguishment or diminution of the liability on the partly paid shares shall be so applied pro rata in proportion to the amount then already paid or credited as paid on the existing fully paid and partly paid shares respectively.
- 194. When deemed requisite, a proper contract shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies in accordance with the Act and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the members entitled as aforesaid and such appointment shall be effective.

DOCUMENTS AND NOTICES

Service of Notice by member

212. A notice may be served on the Company or an Officer thereof by sending it to the Company or Officer at the Registered Office of the Company by post under a Certificate or posting or by registered post or by leaving it at its Registered Office.

The term "Notice" in this and the following clauses shall include summons, notice, requisition, order, judgement or other legal papers and any document.

Service of Notice on Register

213. A notice may be served on the Registrar by sending it to him at his office by post under a certificate of posting or by registered post, or by delivering it to, or leaving it for him at his office.

Service of Notice on member by the Company

- 214. (a) A Notice may be served by the Company on any member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address or if he has no registered address in India to the address, if any, within India supplied by him to the Company for giving Notice to him.
 - (b) Where a Notice is sent by post:
 - (i) Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing prepaying and posting a letter containing the document, provided that, where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post with or without acknowledgment due, and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of doing so, service of the document shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member; and
 - (ii) Such service shall be deemed to have been effected:
 - (1) in the case of a Notice of a meeting at the expiration of forty-eight hours after the letter containing the same is posted, and
 - (2) in any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

By Advertisement

(c) A Notice advertised in a newspaper circulating in neighbourhood of the registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be duly served on the day on which the advertisement appears on every member of the Company who has no registered address in India and has not supplied to the Company an address within India for the giving of Notice to him.

On joint holder

(d) Any notice may be served by the Company on the Joint-holders of a Share/debenture by serving it on the joint holder named first in the Register of member/debenture holders in respect of the share/debenture.

On Personal Representative

(e) A Notice may be served by the Company on the person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name, or by the title representatives of the deceased or assignees of the insolvent or by any like description, at the address, if any in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or until such an address has been so supplied, by serving the document in any manner in which it might have been served if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

Notice by Company and signatures thereto

215. Any Notice given by the Company shall be signed by a Director, or by such Officer as the Directors may appoint and the signatures thereto may be written printed or lithographed.

Authentication of documents and proceedings

216. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or proceedings requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by the director, the Managing Director, the Manager, the Secretary or other authorised Officer of the Company and need not be under its Common Seal

WINDING UP

Distribution of Assets

- 217. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, if the Company shall be would up and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be less than sufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly, as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the Capital paid up, or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of winding up, on the shares held by them respectively. And if in winding up, the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the Capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the Capital paid-up at the commencement of the winding up or which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them respectively.
 - (b) But this clause will not prejudice the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.
- 218. Subject to the provisions of the Act.

Distribution in specie or kind

- (a) If the Company shall be would up whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidators may with the sanction of a special resolution and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the contributors, in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, and may, with the like sanction vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the liquidators with the like sanction shall think fit.
- (b) If thought expedient, any such division may, subject to the provisions of the Act, be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories (except where unalterably fixed by the Memorandum of Association) and in particular any class may be given (subject to the provisions of the Act) preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined or any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have the right, if any to dissent and ancillary rights as if such determination were a special resolution passed pursuant to Section 494 of the Act.
- (c) In case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involved a liability to calls or otherwise, any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares may within ten days after the passing of the special resolution, by notice in writing direct the liquidators to sell his proportion and pay him the net proceeds and the Liquidators shall, if practicable act accordingly.

Rights of shareholders in case of sale

219. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a special resolution sanctioning a sale to any other Company duly passed may, in like manner as aforesaid, determine that any shares or other consideration receivable by the Liquidators be distributed amongst the members otherwise than in accordance with their existing rights and any such determination shall be binding upon all the members subject to the rights of dissent, if any, if such right be given by the Act.

SECTION IX -OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts and documents (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company or entered into more than two years before the date of this Prospectus) which are or may be deemed material have been entered or/are to be entered into by our Company. These contracts which are or may be deemed material shall be attached to the copy of this Prospectus to be delivered to the Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected at the Registered Office of our Company from 10:00 am to 4:00 pm on Working Days from the date of the filing of this Prospectus with the Stock Exchange until the Issue Closing Date.

Material Contracts

- 1. Issue Agreement dated July 22, 2021, between the Company and the Lead Managers;
- 2. Registrar Agreement dated July 13, 2021, between the Company and the Registrar to the Issue;
- 3. Debenture Trusteeship Agreement dated August 12, 2021, between the Company and Vistra ITCL (India) Limited, the Debenture Trustee;
- 4. Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement dated July 22, 2021, amongst our Company, the Lead Managers, the Registrar, the Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank and the Refund Bank;
- 5. Syndicate Agreement dated July 22, 2021, between the Company, Lead Managers and the Syndicate Members;
- 6. Tripartite Agreement dated March 21, 2014 between CDSL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue; and
- 7. Tripartite Agreement dated March 27, 2014 between NSDL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue.

Material Documents

- 1. Original certificate of incorporation of Company dated March 25, 1987, issued by Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep;
- 2. Revised certificate of incorporation of the Company dated June 08, 2004, issued by Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep pursuant to change of name;
- 3. Fresh certificate of incorporation of the Company dated November 22, 2013, issued by Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep pursuant to the conversion of our Company from private limited company to a public limited company;
- 4. Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of the Company, as amended to date;
- 5. The certificate of registration No. B-16.00117 dated December 19, 2013 issued by RBI under Section 45IA of the RBI Act;
- 6. Full-fledged money changers license bearing license number FE.CHN.FFMC.40/2006 dated February 7, 2006 by the RBI;
- 7. Credit rating letters each dated August 12, 2021 and bearing reference no. BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/RAM/0185/2021-22, respectively;
- 8. Copy of the Board Resolution dated June 14, 2021, approving the Issue;
- 9. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on September 29, 2018, approving the overall borrowing limit of Company;
- 10. Copy of the Debenture Committee resolution dated August 13, 2021, approving the Draft Prospectus;

- 11. Copy of the Debenture Committee resolution dated August 26, 2021, approving this Prospectus;
- 12. Memorandum of Understanding dated May 07, 2004, between Mathew K. Cherian (representative of the "**Buyers**") and Thomas Porathur (representative of the "**Sellers**");
- 13. Consents of the Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Lead Managers, Debenture Trustee, Syndicate Member, Credit Rating Agency for the Issue, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Legal Counsel to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank, Refund bank, Bankers to the Company and the Registrar to the Issue, to include their names in this Prospectus;
- The consent of our Statutory Auditors, namely M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021, for inclusion of their names as the Statutory Auditors and experts as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013;
- 15. Annual Reports of the Company for last four Financial Years from March 31, 2017 to March 31, 2020;
- 16. The examination report of the Statutory Auditor, M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants dated July 15, 2021, in relation to the Reformatted Financial Statements included herein;
- 17. A statement of tax benefits dated July 15, 2021, received from M/s. Vishnu Rajendran & Co., Chartered Accountants regarding tax benefits available to our Company and our debenture holders;
- 18. In-principle listing approval letter dated August 25, 2021, issued by BSE, for the Issue;
- 19. Due Diligence certificate dated August 26, 2021, filed with SEBI by the Lead Managers; and
- 20. Due Diligence certificate dated August 12, 2021, from Debenture Trustee.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the applicants, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 1956, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other relevant statutes.

DECLARATION

We, the Directors of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Companies Act, 1956, and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008, have been complied with and no statement made in this Prospectus is contrary to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made thereunder, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. We further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Prospectus and the correct and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Prospectus does not contain any misstatements.

Signed by the Directors of our Company

Mathew K. Cherian (Chairman and Managing Director)

Laila Mathew (Whole-Time, Director)

Paul Jose Maliakal (Independent Director)

Kavil Viswambharan Raveendravilasam (Independent Director)

Silo

Jilu Saju √arghese (Non-Executive Director)

C. Thomas John

(Independent Director)

Date: August 26, 2021

Place: Kottayam

ANNEXURE I - DAY COUNT CONVENTION

Day count convention

Interest on the NCDs shall be computed on an actual/actual basis for the broken period, if any. Consequently, interest shall be computed on a 365 day a year basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs for Options I, IV, VI and VIII which have tenors on cumulative basis.

For Options II, III, V and VII the interest shall be calculated from the first day till the last date of every month on an actual/actual basis during the tenor of such NCDs. Consequently, interest shall be computed on a 365 day a year basis on the principal outstanding on the NCDs.

However, if period from the Deemed Date of Allotment/anniversary date of Allotment till one day prior to the next anniversary/redemption date includes February 29, interest shall be computed on 366 days a-year basis, on the principal outstanding on the NCDs.

Illustration of cash-flows: To demonstrate the day count convention, please see the following table below, which describes the cash-flow in terms of interest payment and payment of Redemption Amount per NCD for all Categories of NCD Holders.

INVESTORS SHOULD NOTE THAT THIS EXAMPLE IS SOLELY FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES AND IS NOT SPECIFIC TO THE ISSUE

| Company | Kosamattam Finance Limited | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Face Value | 1,000 | | | | |
| Day and Date of Allotment (tentative) | Thursday, September 30, 2021 | | | | |
| Options | Ι | II | | | |
| Tenure | 20 months | 24 months | | | |
| Coupon (%) for NCD Holders in Category I, II, III and IV | NA | 8.5 | | | |
| Frequency of the Interest Payment with specified dates starting from date of allotment | Cumulative | Monthly | | | |
| Day Count Convention | Actual/Actual | | | | |

Option II

| Company | Kosamattam Finance Ltd. |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Face Value | 1,000 |
| Day and date of Allotment (tentative) | Thursday, September 30, 2021 |
| Tenure | 24 Months |
| Coupon (%) for NCD Holders in | 8.5 |
| Category I, II , III and IV | |
| Frequency of the Interest Payment | Monthly |
| with specified dates starting from date | |
| of allotment | |
| Day Count Convention | Actual/Actual |

| Cash flow | Date of interest/redemption payment (2) | No. of days in Coupon/maturity period | Amount (in ₹) |
|------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 1st coupon | Monday, November 01, 2021 | 32 | 7.45 |
| 2nd coupon | Wednesday, December 01, 2021 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 3rd coupon | Saturday, January 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 4th coupon | Tuesday, February 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |

| Cash flow | Date of interest/redemption payment (2) | No. of days in Coupon/maturity period | Amount (in ₹) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 5th coupon | Tuesday, March 01, 2022 | 28 | 6.52 |
| 6th coupon | Friday, April 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 7th coupon | Monday, May 02, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 8th coupon | Wednesday, June 01, 2022 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 9th coupon | Friday, July 01, 2022 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 10th coupon | Monday, August 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 11th coupon | Thursday, September 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 12th coupon | Saturday, October 01, 2022 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 13th coupon | Tuesday, November 01, 2022 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 14th coupon | Thursday, December 01, 2022 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 15th coupon | Monday, January 02, 2023 | 32 | 7.45 |
| 16th coupon | Wednesday, February 01, 2023 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 17th coupon | Wednesday, March 01, 2023 | 28 | 6.52 |
| 18th coupon | Saturday, April 01, 2023 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 19th coupon | Tuesday, May 02, 2023 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 20th coupon | Thursday, June 01, 2023 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 21st coupon | Saturday, July 01, 2023 | 30 | 6.99 |
| 22nd coupon | Tuesday, August 01, 2023 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 23rd coupon | Friday, September 01, 2023 | 31 | 7.22 |
| 24th coupon | Friday, September 29, 2023 | 28 | 6.52 |
| Principal/Maturity value | Friday, September 29, 2023 | | 1,000.00 |

Option I

| Company | Kosamattam Finance Ltd. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Face Value | 1000 |
| Day and Date of Allotment (tentative) | Thrusday, September 30, 2021 |
| Tenure | 20 months |
| Coupon (%) for NCD Holders in Category I, II,III ansd IV | NA |
| Frequency of the Interest Payment with specified dates starting from date of allotment | Cumulative |
| Day Count Convention | Actual/ Actual |

| Cash Flow | Date of interest/ redemption payment | No. of days in coupon/ maturity period period | Amount (in ₹) |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Principal/ Maturity value | Monday, May 29, 2023 | 606 | 1,142.00 |

NOTES:

- 1. Effect of public holidays has been ignored as these are difficult to ascertain for future period.
- 2. As per SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF-1/122/2016, dated November 11, 2016, in order to ensure uniformity for payment of interest/redemption on debt securities, the interest/redemption payment shall be made only on the days when the money market is functioning in Mumbai. Therefore, if the interest payment date falls

on a non-Working Day, the coupon payment shall be on the next day, which will be the day on which money market in Mumbai is functioning has been considered as the effective interest payment date. However, the future coupon payment dates would be as per the schedule originally stipulated. In other words, the subsequent coupon schedule would not be disturbed merely because the payment date in respect of one particular coupon payment has been postponed earlier because of it having fallen on a holiday. However, if the redemption date of the debt securities falls on non- Working Day, the redemption proceeds shall be paid on the previous Working Day.

3. Deemed date of allotment has been assumed to be Thursday, September 30, 2021.

ANNEXURE II – RATING LETTER AND RATING RATIONALE

APPENDED OVERLEAF



Brickwork Ratings India Pvt. Ltd.

Ground floor, Building No - S 14, Solitaire Corporate Park, Guru Hargovindji Marg, Chakala, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093 P: +91 22 2831 1426/39 | F: +91 22 2838 9144

BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/RAM/0185/2021-22

12 August 2021

The Managing Director Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Building Market Junction, M L Road Kottayam - 686 001, Kerala

Dear Sir,

Sub: Rating Review of **Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s** NCD issue of **₹ 700.00** Crores with a tenor up to 7 years

Ref: Our rating letter BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/ANP/0594/2020-21 dated 13 March 2021

On review of **Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s** performance based on the information and clarifications provided by your Company as well as information available in the public sources, we are pleased to inform you that the Brickwork Ratings (BWR) has reaffirmed the rating of the **Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s NCD issue of ₹ 700.00 Crores** at **BWR BBB+/Stable**. Instruments with this rating are considered to have **moderate degree of safety** regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry **moderate credit risk**.

Out of the rated amount of Rs 700 Crs, the company has raised Rs 588.80 Crs and the remaining amount of Rs 111.20 Crs remains unutilised. Details of NCDs are provided in annexure I.

The Rating is valid one year from the date of this rating letter and is subject to terms and conditions that agreed your mandate dated were in 28 Nov 2020, BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/ANP/0594/2020-21 dated 13 March 2021 and other correspondence, if any and Brickwork Ratings' standard disclaimer appended below. Brickwork would conduct surveillance periodically. Please note that Brickwork Ratings would need to be kept informed of any significant information/ development that may affect your Company's finances/ performance without any delay.

You are also requested to submit No Default Statement on a monthly basis.

Please acknowledge.

Best Regards,

J. M. Rang

Ramya Muraledharan Director - Ratings

Ahmedabad • Bengaluru • Chandigarh • Chennai • Hyderabad • Kolkata • Mumbai • New Delhi info@brickworkratings.com | www.brickworkratings.com | CIN: U67190KA2007PTC043591



Brickwork Ratings India Pvt. Ltd.

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Note: Rating Rationale of all accepted Ratings are published on Brickwork Ratings website. All non-accepted ratings are also published on Brickwork Ratings web-site . Interested persons are well advised to refer to our website <u>www.brickworkratings.com</u>, If they are unable to view the rationale, they are requested to inform us on <u>brickworkhelp@brickworkratings.com</u>.

Disclaimer: Brickwork Ratings India Pvt. Ltd. (BWR), a Securities and Exchange Board of India [SEBI] registered Credit Rating Agency and accredited by the Reserve Bank of India [RBI], offers credit ratings of Bank Loan facilities, Non- convertible / convertible / partially convertible debentures and other capital market instruments and bonds, Commercial Paper, perpetual bonds, asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities, partial guarantees and other structured / credit enhanced debt instruments, Security Receipts, Securitization Products, Municipal Bonds, etc. [hereafter referred to as "Instruments"]. BWR also rates NGOS, Educational Institutions, Hospitals, Real Estate Developers, Urban Local Bodies and Municipal Corporations.

BWR wishes to inform all persons who may come across Rating Rationales and Rating Reports provided by BWR that the ratings assigned by BWR are based on information obtained from the issuer of the instrument and other reliable sources, which in BWR's best judgement are considered reliable. The Rating Rationale / Rating Report & other rating communications are intended for the jurisdiction of India only. The reports should not be the sole or primary basis for any investment decision within the meaning of any law or regulation (including the laws and regulations applicable in Europe and also the USA).

BWR also wishes to inform that access or use of the said documents does not create a client relationship between the user and BWR.

The ratings assigned by BWR are only an expression of BWR's opinion on the entity / instrument and should not in any manner be construed as being a recommendation to either, purchase, hold or sell the instrument.

BWR also wishes to abundantly clarify that these ratings are not to be considered as an investment advice in any jurisdiction nor are they to be used as a basis for or as an alternative to independent financial advice and judgement obtained from the user's financial advisors. BWR shall not be liable to any losses incurred by the users of these Rating Rationales, Rating Reports or its contents. BWR reserves the right to vary, modify, suspend or withdraw the ratings at any time without assigning reasons for the same.

BWR's ratings reflect BWR's opinion on the day the ratings are published and are not reflective of factual circumstances that may have arisen on a later date. BWR is not obliged to update its opinion based on any public notification, in any form or format although BWR may disseminate its opinion and analysis when deemed fit.

Neither BWR nor its affiliates, third party providers, as well as the directors, officers, shareholders, employees or agents (collectively, "**BWR Party**") guarantee the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of the Ratings, and no BWR Party shall have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein, regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of any part of the Rating Rationales or Rating Reports. Each BWR Party disclaims all express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any warranties of merchantability, suitability or fitness for a particular purpose or use. In no event shall any BWR Party be liable to any one for any direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of any part of the Rating Rationales and/or Rating Reports even if advised of the possibility of such damages. However, BWR or its associates may have other commercial transactions with the company/entity. BWR and its affiliates do not act as a fiduciary.

BWR keeps certain activities of its business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of the respective activity. As a result, certain business units of BWR may have information that is not available to other BWR business units. BWR has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain non-public information received in connection with each analytical process.

BWR clarifies that it may have been paid a fee by the issuers or underwriters of the instruments, facilities, securities etc., or from obligors. BWR's public ratings and analysis are made available on its web site, <u>www.brickworkratings.com</u>. More detailed information may be provided for a fee. BWR's rating criteria are also generally made available without charge on BWR's website.

This disclaimer forms an integral part of the Ratings Rationales / Rating Reports or other press releases, advisories, communications issued by BWR and circulation of the ratings without this disclaimer is prohibited.

BWR is bound by the Code of Conduct for Credit Rating Agencies issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and is governed by the applicable regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India as amended from time to time.



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| Instrument | Issue Date | Amount (Rs in Crs) | Coupon Rate (%) | Maturity Date | ISIN Particulars | |
|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--|
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 52.82 | 8.50 | 2/27/2022 | INE403Q07BM4 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 12.60 | 9.25 | 7/22/2023 | INE403Q07BN2 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 34.61 | 9.34 | 7/22/2023 | INE403Q07BO0 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 148.98 | 10.00 | 4/22/2024 | INE403Q07BP7 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 36.80 | 10.67 | 1/22/2025 | INE403Q07BQ5 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 11.81 | 10.71 | 7/22/2026 | INE403Q07BR3 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 12.04 | 10.25 | 1/22/2028 | INE403Q08217 | |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 15.93 | 10.41 | 1/22/2028 | INE403Q08225 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 43.32 | 8.00 | 6/3/2022 | INE403Q07BU7 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 12.60 | 8.50 | 4/28/2023 | INE403Q07BV5 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 7.18 | 9.25 | 4/28/2024 | INE403Q07BW3 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 24.33 | 9.31 | 4/28/2024 | INE403Q07BX1 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 103.22 | 10.00 | 10/28/2024 | INE403Q07BY9 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 46.71 | 10.67 | 4/28/2025 | INE403Q07BZ6 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 11.32 | 10.25 | 10/28/2026 | INE403Q08233 | |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 14.53 | 10.41 | 4/28/2028 | INE403Q08241 | |
| Total | | 588.80 | INR Five Hundred Eighty Eight Crs and Eighty lakhs only | | | |

Kosamattam Finance Ltd Annexure I: Details of NCDs



Brickwork Ratings India Pvt. Ltd.

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BWR/NCD/MUM/CRC/RAM/0185/2021-22

12 August 2021

The Managing Director Kosamattam Finance Limited Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Building Market Junction, M L Road Kottayam - 686 001, Kerala

Dear Sir,

Sub: Rating of *Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s* NCD issue of ₹ 200.00 Crs (₹ Two hundred Crores Only) with a tenor of up to 88 months.

Thank you for giving us an opportunity to undertake a rating of NCD issue of Rs. 200.00 Crores of Kosamattam Finance Ltd. Based on the term sheet of the NCD shared with us, information and clarifications provided by your company, as well as information available in public sources, Brickwork Ratings is pleased to inform you that **Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s NCD issue of** ₹ **200.00 Crs** has been assigned a rating of **BWR BBB+/Stable.** Instruments with this rating are considered to have **moderate degree of safety** regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such instruments carry **moderate credit risk.**

The Rating is valid for one year from the date of this letter and subject to the terms and conditions that were agreed in your mandate dated 05 July 2021 and other correspondence, if any, and Brickwork Ratings' standard disclaimer appended below. Brickwork Ratings would conduct surveillance every year till maturity/redemption of the instrument. Please note that Brickwork Ratings would need to be kept informed of any significant information/development that may affect your Company's finances/performance without any delay.

You are also requested to submit No Default Statement on a monthly basis.

Best Regards,

f. m. han

Ramya Muraledharan Director - Ratings

Note: Rating Rationale of all accepted Ratings are published on Brickwork Ratings website. All non-accepted ratings are also published on Brickwork Ratings website . Interested persons are well advised to refer to our website <u>www.brickworkratings.com</u>, If they are unable to view the rationale, they are requested to inform us on <u>brickworkhelp@brickworkratings.com</u>.

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BWR wishes to inform all persons who may come across Rating Rationales and Rating Reports provided by BWR that the ratings assigned by BWR are based on information obtained from the issuer of the instrument and other reliable sources, which in BWR's best judgement are considered reliable. The Rating Rationale / Rating Report & other rating communications are intended for the jurisdiction of India only. The reports should not be the sole or primary basis for any investment decision within the meaning of any law or regulation (including the laws and regulations applicable in Europe and also the USA).

BWR also wishes to inform that access or use of the said documents does not create a client relationship between the user and BWR.

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BWR's ratings reflect BWR's opinion on the day the ratings are published and are not reflective of factual circumstances that may have arisen on a later date. BWR is not obliged to update its opinion based on any public notification, in any form or format although BWR may disseminate its opinion and analysis when deemed fit.

Neither BWR nor its affiliates, third party providers, as well as the directors, officers, shareholders, employees or agents (collectively, "**BWR Party**") guarantee the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of the Ratings, and no BWR Party shall have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions therein, regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of any part of the Rating Rationales or Rating Reports. Each BWR Party disclaims all express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any warranties of merchantability, suitability or fitness for a particular purpose or use. In no event shall any BWR Party be liable to any one for any direct, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of any part of the Rating Rationales and/or Rating Reports even if advised of the possibility of such damages. However, BWR or its associates may have other commercial transactions with the company/entity. BWR and its affiliates do not act as a fiduciary.

BWR keeps certain activities of its business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of the respective activity. As a result, certain business units of BWR may have information that is not available to other BWR business units. BWR has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain non-public information received in connection with each analytical process.

BWR clarifies that it may have been paid a fee by the issuers or underwriters of the instruments, facilities, securities etc., or from obligors. BWR's public ratings and analysis are made available on its web site, <u>www.brickworkratings.com</u>. More detailed information may be provided for a fee. BWR's rating criteria are also generally made available without charge on BWR's website.

This disclaimer forms an integral part of the Ratings Rationales / Rating Reports or other press releases, advisories, communications issued by BWR and circulation of the ratings without this disclaimer is prohibited.

BWR is bound by the Code of Conduct for Credit Rating Agencies issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and is governed by the applicable regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India as amended from time to time.



RATING RATIONALE

12 August 2021

Kosamattam Finance Ltd

Brickwork Ratings assigns/reaffirms the ratings of Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s Non convertible debentures (NCDs) and bank loan facilities of Rs 1,900 Crs.

Particulars:

| | Amou | Amount (₹ Cr) | | Rating* | | |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Instruments / Facilities** | Previous | Present | Tenure | Previous (Dec 2020) | Present | |
| Secured NCDs | - | 200 | Long Term | - | BWR BBB+/ Stable Assignment | |
| Fund Based - Bank loan facilities | 1000 | 1000 | Long Term | BWR BBB+/ Stable | BWR BBB+/ Stable Reaffirmation | |
| Secured NCDs | 700 | 700 | Long Term | BWR BBB+/ Stable | BWR BBB+/ Stable Reaffirmation | |
| Total | 1,700 | 1,900 | INR One Thousand Nine Hundred Crores Only | | | |

*Please refer to BWR website <u>www.brickworkratings.com/</u> for definition of the ratings

**Details of NCDs and Bank loan facilitate are provided in Annexures I & II

RATING ACTION / OUTLOOK

Brickwork Ratings (BWR) assigns BWR BBB+/Stable rating for Kosamattam Finance Ltd.'s (hereafter referred to as "KFL" or the Company) Secured Non Convertible Debentures (NCDs) of Rs 200 Crs and reaffirms BWR BBB+/Stable rating for the outstanding NCDs of Rs 700 Crs and bank loan facilities of Rs 1000 Crs as tabulated above.

The rating assignment/reaffirmation factors in the vast experience of the promoters with established track record, comfortable capitalisation, stable asset quality on the back of adequate risk management and credit appraisal systems. The rating is however constrained by the inherent risks associated with gold loans and geographical concentration risk.

KEY COVENANTS OF THE INSTRUMENT/FACILITY RATED: N.A.



KEY RATING DRIVERS

Credit Strengths-:

- Experienced promoters with an established track record: Kosamattam group was founded by Mr. Nasrani Varkey in 1927, with the main activity being chit fund business. In 1980, the group ventured into the gold loan business under Mr. Mathew Cherian (great grandson of Mr. Nasrani Varkey). Kosamattam Group has over three decades of experience in providing loans against gold jewellery. Mr. Mathew K Cherian is the present Chairman and Managing Director of Kosamattam Group and is a fourth generation entrepreneur in the family. He is well supported by an experienced board of directors and management. Under his leadership the company has expanded its network across south India and operates out of 945 branches as on 31 Mar 2021. AUM has consistently grown in the last 5 years from Rs 1,708 Crs in FY16 to Rs 3,478 Crs in FY21 at CAGR of ~15%.
- Stable Asset Quality: KFL has put in place adequate risk management and credit-appraisal systems which has helped them to maintain stable asset quality over the years. The presence of adequate Information Technology and MIS ensures smooth functioning of operations and helps the senior management in exercising effective control of its operations. As on 31 Mar 2021, gross Non performing assets (NPA) and Net non performing assets (NNPA) stood at 1.45% and 0.87% respectively when compared to 1.59% & 1.07% respectively for FY20. Going forward, the company's ability to improve collection efficiency and maintain stable asset quality will be a key rating monitorable.
- Comfortable capitalisation levels: On the back of consistent capital infusion by the promoters, KFL has maintained comfortable capitalisation. Company has infused Rs 28 Crs in FY21 through rights issue which has helped the company to increase its total Capital to risk weighted assets ratio (CRAR) to 18.60% in FY21 from 17.87% in FY20. As an internal policy the company plans to always maintain Tier I CRAR above 13% and total CRAR of 18%. As on 31 March 2021, the networth stood at 520.59 Crs with a gearing of 6.64 times. Networth to Net NPA stood comfortably at 18.88 times as on 31 March 2021. Going forward, the ability of the company to improve its gearing levels will be key rating monitorable over the medium term.

Credit Risks-:

- Inherent risks associated with gold loan: Being a gold loan finance company, KFL is exposed to inherent risks such as price fluctuation of Gold, operational risks such as theft, burglary and intensive competition. Since the Company operates under a highly regulated environment, it is also exposed to policy changes. As a risk mitigation, the company has adequate Theft, Burglary, Fidelity and Fire insurance cover to protect against such operational risks.
- Geographical and Product concentration risk: KFLs loan portfolio is largely concentrated with ~97% of total loans to southern states of India and the fact that ~98%



of the loans are gold loans, exposes the company to geographical and product concentration risks. As a mitigation to the product concentration risk, KFL has diversified into other products like mortgage loans and microfinance loans. However, the share of non gold loans is negligible and the ability of the company to diversify geographically will be key rating sensitivity.

ANALYTICAL APPROACH AND APPLICABLE RATING CRITERIA

For arriving at this rating, BWR has considered the standalone financial profile of KFL and applied its rating methodology as detailed in the Rating Criteria below (hyperlinks provided at the end of this rationale).

RATING SENSITIVITIES

Positive: Substantial increase in AUM, improvement in capital position and profitability with sustained asset quality will be key rating positives

Negative: Substantial deterioration in asset quality, increase in gearing levels and lower than expected profitability will be key rating monitorables.

LIQUIDITY POSITION: Adequate

ALM profile dated 31 March 2021 demonstrates adequate liquidity with no cumulative mismatches across various buckets. This is due to longer tenure of the borrowings as compared to that of loans disbursed which is of short term in nature. As on 31 July 2021, the company had Cash & Bank balances of Rs 144.88 Crs and unutilised bank lines of Rs 126.65 Crs against debt repayments Rs 350 Crs upto 31 December 2021. With the improving collections, sanctions in hand and the current liquidity position, BWR believes that the company will be able to meet its debt repayment obligations on time.

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19): Coronavirus disease (COVID-19), declared a pandemic by the World Health Organisation (WHO), has become a full-blown crisis globally, including in India. BWR is actively engaging with its clients on a continuous basis and taking updates on the impact on its operations and liquidity situation. BWR will take appropriate rating actions as and when it deems necessary and will publish the same.

COMPANY PROFILE

Kosamattam Finance Ltd(KFL) headquartered in Kottayam, Kerala is a RBI registered systemically important, non-deposit taking NBFC primarily engaged in the Gold Loan business, lending money against the pledge of household Jewelry ("**Gold Loans**") in the state of Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Delhi, Maharashtra, Gujarat and in the Union Territory of Pondicherry with 945 branches. Further they also have a 'Full Fledged Money Changers' (**FFMC**) license bearing number FE.CHN.FFMC.40/2006.

The Kosamattam group was originally founded by Mr. Nasrani Varkey. His great grandson, Mr. Mathew K Cherian, is the present Chairman and Managing Director of Kosamattam Group and is a fourth generation entrepreneur in the family. As on 31 March 2021, the company's AUM stood at Rs. 3,478 crores with gold loans constituting around 98% of the total AUM.



| Key Parameters | Units | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Result Type | | Audited | Audited | Audited |
| AUM | Rs in Crs | 2,537 | 2,973 | 3,478 |
| Loan Portfolio | Rs in Crs | 2,330 | 2,719 | 3,199 |
| Total Income | Rs in Crs | 475 | 499 | 542 |
| PAT | Rs in Crs | 43 | 48 | 65 |
| GNPA | % | 2.08 | 1.59 | 1.45 |
| NNPA | % | 1.28 | 1.07 | 0.87 |
| CRAR | % | 18.20 | 17.87 | 18.60 |
| Networth | Rs in Crs | 370 | 418 | 521 |
| Gearing | Times | 6.56 | 6.85 | 6.64 |
| ROA | % | 1.49 | 1.52 | 1.78 |

KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS (in ₹ Cr)

NON-COOPERATION WITH PREVIOUS RATING AGENCY IF ANY: Nil RATING HISTORY FOR THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS [including withdrawal and suspended]

| Sl. No. | Instrument/ Facility | Cu | rrent Rating (| nt Rating (Aug 2021) | | ing History | |
|------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| | | Туре | Amount (RsCrs) | Rating | 13 Mar 2021 | 4 Dec 2020 | 2019 |
| 1. | NCDs | Long Term | 200 | BWR BBB+ Stable Assigned | | | |
| 2. | NCDs | Long Term | 350 | BWR BBB+ Stable Reaffirmed | BWR BBB+ Stable Reaffirmed | BWR BBB+ Stable Assigned | - |
| 3. | NCDs | Long Term | 350 | BWR BBB+ Stable Reaffirmed | BWR BBB+ Stable Assigned | - | - |
| 4. | Fund Based - Bank Loans | Long Term | 1,000 | BWR BBB+ Stable Reaffirmed | BWR BBB+ Stable Assigned | - | - |
| | Total | | 1,900 | INR One Thousand Nine Hundred Crores Only | | Only | |



COMPLEXITY LEVELS OF THE INSTRUMENTS: Simple

For more information, visit www.brickworkratings.com/download/ComplexityLevels.pdf

Hyperlink/Reference to applicable Criteria

- General Criteria
- Banks and Financial Institutions

| Analytical Contacts | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sree Harsha Manager - Ratings B :+91 80 4040 9940 Ext :361 sreeharsha@brickworkratings.com | Ramya Muraledharan Director - Ratings B :+91 22 2831 1426, +91 22 2831 1439 Ext: 660 ramya.m@brickworkratings.com | | | |
| 1-860-425-2742 | media@brickworkratings.com | | | |

Kosamattam Finance Limited Annexure I: Details of Bank Loan Facilities

| Sl. No. | Bank/Financial Institution | Type of Facilities | Long Term (Rs.Crs.) | Short Term (Rs.Crs.) | Total (Rs.Crs.) |
|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Bank of Baroda | Cash Credit | 75 | - | 75 |
| | | Term Loan | 41.67 | - | 41.67 |
| 2 | Bank of Maharashtra | Term Loan | 99.99 | - | 99.99 |
| 3 | Canara Bank | Term Loan | 94.92 | - | 94.92 |
| 4 | Catholic Syrian Bank | WCDL | 50 | - | 50 |
| 5 | DCB Bank | WCDL | 30 | - | 30 |
| 6 | Dhanlaxmi Bank | Cash Credit | 15 | - | 15 |
| | | WCDL | 35 | - | 35 |
| 7 | Karur Vysya | Cash Credit | 5 | - | 5 |
| | Bank | WCDL | 45 | - | 45 |



| | | | i | | |
|----|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| 8 | Punjab National Bank | Cash Credit | 10 | - | 10 |
| | | WCDL | 15 | - | 15 |
| 9 | South Indian Bank – | Cash credit | 25 | - | 25 |
| | | WCDL | 100 | - | 100 |
| 10 | State Bank of India | Cash Credit | 40 | - | 40 |
| | | WCDL | 70 | - | 70 |
| | | Term Loan | 45.70 | - | 45.70 |
| 11 | Union Bank of India | Cash Credit | 30 | - | 30 |
| | | WCDL | 45 | - | 45 |
| | | Total outstanding amount | | | 902.28 |
| | | Total p | int | 97.72 | |
| | | Total amount rated | | | 1,000 |

Kosamattam Finance Limited Annexure II: INSTRUMENT (NCDs) DETAILS

| Instrument | Issue Date | Amount (Rs in Crs) | Coupon Rate (%) | Maturity Date | ISIN Particulars |
|------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 52.82 | 8.50 | 2/27/2022 | INE403Q07BM4 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 12.60 | 9.25 | 7/22/2023 | INE403Q07BN2 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 34.61 | 9.34 | 7/22/2023 | INE403Q07BO0 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 148.98 | 10.00 | 4/22/2024 | INE403Q07BP7 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 36.80 | 10.67 | 1/22/2025 | INE403Q07BQ5 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 11.81 | 10.71 | 7/22/2026 | INE403Q07BR3 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 12.04 | 10.25 | 1/22/2028 | INE403Q08217 |
| NCD 21 | 1/23/2021 | 15.93 | 10.41 | 1/22/2028 | INE403Q08225 |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 43.32 | 8.00 | 6/3/2022 | INE403Q07BU7 |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 12.60 | 8.50 | 4/28/2023 | INE403Q07BV5 |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 7.18 | 9.25 | 4/28/2024 | INE403Q07BW3 |
| NCD 22 | 4/29/2021 | 24.33 | 9.31 | 4/28/2024 | INE403Q07BX1 |

| | ×*** [®] |
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| NCD 22 4/29/2021 46.71 10.67 4/28/2025 INE403Q0 NCD 22 4/29/2021 11.32 10.25 10/28/2026 INE403Q0 NCD 22 4/29/2021 11.32 10.25 10/28/2026 INE403Q0 NCD 22 4/29/2021 14.53 10.41 4/28/2028 INE403Q0 | 11 | | 500.00 | only | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------|--------|----------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--|
| NCD 22 4/29/2021 46.71 10.67 4/28/2025 INE403Q0 NCD 22 4/29/2021 11.32 10.25 10/28/2026 INE403Q0 | 1 | | 588.80 | INR Five Hundred Eighty Eight Crs and Eighty lakhs | | | |
| NCD 22 4/29/2021 46.71 10.67 4/28/2025 INE403Q0 | 0 22 | 4/29/2021 | 14.53 | 10.41 | 4/28/2028 | INE403Q08241 | |
| | D 22 | 4/29/2021 | 11.32 | 10.25 | 10/28/2026 | INE403Q08233 | |
| NCD 22 4/29/2021 103.22 10.00 10/28/2024 INE403Q0 | D 22 | 4/29/2021 | 46.71 | 10.67 | 4/28/2025 | INE403Q07BZ6 | |
| | D 22 | 4/29/2021 | 103.22 | 10.00 | 10/28/2024 | INE403Q07BY9 | |

Of the Rated NCDs of Rs. 900 Crs, NCDs of Rs. 588.80 Crs have been raised.

For print and digital media

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ANNEXURE III – CONSENT LETTER FROM DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

APPENDED OVERLEAF



August 12, 2021

To, **The Board of Directors, KOSAMATTAM FINANCE LIMITED (Company)** Kosamattam Mathew K Cherian Building, M. L. Road, Market Junction, Kottayam- 686001, Kerala, India

PUBLIC ISSUE BY KOSAMATTAM FINANCE LIMITED, ("COMPANY" OR "ISSUER") OF SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON - CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES OF FACE VALUE OF `1,000 EACH, AGGREGATING UPTO `15,000 LACS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "BASE ISSUE" WITH AN OPTION TO RETAIN OVER-SUBSCRIPTION UPTO `15,000 LACS AGGREGATING UPTO `30,000 LACS ("OVERALL ISSUE SIZE)".

We, the undersigned, do hereby consent to act as a Debenture Trustee to the Issue and to our name being inserted as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue in the Draft Prospectus to be filed by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), BSE Limited where the NCDs are proposed to be listed (the "BSE") and the Prospectus to be filed with SEBI, Stock Exchanges and the Registrar of Companies, Kerala and Lakshadweep, Cochin ("ROC") in respect of the Issue. The following details with respect to us may be disclosed:

| Name: | Vistra ITCL (India) Limited |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Address: | The IL&FS Financial Centre, Plot C – 22, G Block, |
| | Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400051 |
| Tel: | 022 – 2659 3333 |
| Fax: | 022 – 2653 3297 |
| E-mail: | itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com |
| Investor Grievance e-mail: | itclcomplianceofficer@vistra.com |
| Website: | www.vistraitcl.com |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Jatin Chonani- Compliance Officer |
| SEBI Registration Number: | IND00000578 |

We confirm that we are registered with SEBI and that such registration is valid as on the date of this letter. We are enclosing herewith a copy of our registration certificate. We also confirm that we have not been prohibited by SEBI to act as an intermediary in capital market issues.

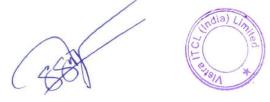
We further confirm that we have not received any communication from SEBI prohibiting us from acting as an intermediary.

We confirm that we will immediately inform the Company of any change, additions or deletions in respect of the matters covered in this certificate till the date when the NCDs offered, issued and allotted pursuant to the Issue, are admitted for trading on BSE. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the listing and trading of NCDs on BSE.



We hereby authorise you to deliver this letter of consent to BSE, SEBI, the ROC and any other regulatory or statutory authority as required.

Sincerely, For Vistra ITCL (India) Limited



Authorised Signatory

Encl.: As stated above

Without Prejudice:

This No Objection Certificate (NOC) is issued by Vistra ITCL (India) Ltd ("Vistra") in its capacity as a Debenture Trustee to Kosamattam Finance Limited and this shall be valid for thirty (30) calendar days from the date of its issue. In the event the purpose of issuing this NOC is not initiated within 30 calendar days then this NOC shall automatically stand cancelled/invalid and would not have any legal force and effect. Please note that this NOC is issued based on the information/records available with Vistra and this shall not be construed as making any recommendation in any manner.

Registered office: The IL&FS Financial Centre, Plot C- 22, G Block, 7th Floor Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051

| Q | CELETELECECECECECECECECECECECECECECECECE |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E.E.C. | प्रस्प ख |
| LE. | डिवेचर न्यासी FORM-B DEBENTURE TRUSTEE |
| C. C. S. | भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड |
| IN THE | |
| k k | SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA |
| S.C.K. | (डिबेंचर न्यासी) विनियम, 1993 |
| A. | (DEBENTURE TRUSTEE) REGULATIONS, 1993 |
| 200 | 000260 (विनियम 8) (Regulation 6) INITIAL REGISTRATION |
| ALK. | रजिस्टीकरण प्रमाणपत्र |
| R. | CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION |
| 1 | |
| A CAR | 1) वोर्ड, भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय वोर्ड अधिनियम, 1992 के अधीन डिवेंचर न्यासी के लिए बनाए गए नियमों और विनियमों के साथ पठित उस अधिनियम |
| A. | की धारा-12 की उपधाग (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, |
| | 1) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, read with the rules and regulations made thereunder for the debenture trustee the Board hereby grants a |
| C. C. C. C. | (बिनियम 8) (Regulation 8) (Initial REGISTRATION) रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION 1) बोर्ड, भारतीय प्रतिभृति और बिनियय बोर्ड अधिनियम. 1992 के अधीन डिवेंचर न्यागी के लिए वनाए गए नियमों और विनियमों के साथ पठित उस अधिनियम की धारा-12 की उपधाग (1) द्वारा प्रवत शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए. 1) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, read with the rules and regulations made thereunder for the debenture trustec the Board hereby grants a certificate of registration to |
| ALCONT - | |
| E.E.E. | |
| | IL&FS FINANCIAL CENTRE, |
| EK C | VISTRA ITCL (INDIA) LIMITED IL&FS FINANCIAL CENTRE, PLOT NO C-22, G BLOCK, BANDRA-KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA (EAST) MUMBAI - 400051 |
| E. | BANDRA-KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA (EAST) MUMBAI - 400051 |
| EE. | 2월 2 |
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| R | 가운 한 것은 것 같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것이 있는 것이 있는 같은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것이 있는 것이 있 |
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| | , 그는 것은 가장에 있는 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것은 것을 하는 것이다. 이렇게 있는 것이다. 가장에 가장에 가장에 가장에 가장에 가장에 가장에 가장에 있는 것이다. 가장에 가장에 가장에 같은 것은 |
| Ì | को नियमों में, शर्तों के अधीन रहते हुए और विनियनों के अनुसार डिवेचर न्यासी के रूप में रजिन्द्रोकरण का प्रमाणपत्र इसके द्वारा प्रवान करता है। |
| 2 | as a debenture trustee subject to the conditions in the rules and in accordance with the regulations. |
| A | 2) डिवेचर न्यासी के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण कूट |
| Ø | 2) Registration Code for the debenture trustee is IND000000578 |
| 8 | 문화 유명을 가장 없습니다. 방법은 문화할 것 같은 이가 있는 것이 가지는 것이다. 이가 가지는 것 같은 것이 가지는 것이 가지 않는 것을 하는 것이 있다. 가지 않는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것은 것 같은 것은 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다. 이가 있는 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다. 것은 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 있는 것 같은 것은 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다. 것이 같은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다. 것은 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것 |
| R | जब तक नवीकृत न किया जाए, रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र से तक विधिमान्य है। |
| | -3) Unless renewed, the certificate of registration is valid from to |
| | 3) This Certificate of Registration shall be valid from 27/09/2016 to 26/09/2021, unless suspended or |
| 9 | cancelled by the Board |
| Ø | |
| Ø | Zanda Zana (Zana da Zana da Zan |
| H | भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड |
| Ø | as a debenture trustee subject to the conditions in the rules and in accordance with the regulations. 2) हिबंचर चाती के लिए रविग्दीकरण कट 3) जब तक नवीकृत न किया जाए, रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपञ से तक विविमान्य है। 3) Unless renewed, the certificate of registration is valid from to 3) This Certificate of Registration shall be valid from 27/09/2016 to 26/09/2021, unless suspended or cancelled by the Board 3) This Certificate of Registration shall be valid from 27/09/2016 to 26/09/2021, unless suspended or cancelled by the Board 4 स्थान Place : MUMBAI |
| 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 | For and on behall of |
| | Securities and Exchange Board of India |
| 8 | RATE Place: MUMBAI |
| Q | antia Date : SEPTEMBER 27, 2016 MEDHA SONPAROTE |
| Ø | प्राधिकृत हस्ताधरकर्ता Authorised Signatory |
| Grand | MEMORY AND A CONTRACTOR AND A |

ANNEXURE IV – STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING RATIO

APPENDED OVERLEAF

Vishnu Rajendran & Co

Chartered Accountants



ANNEXURE I

Accounting Ratio Statement

| Particulars | March 31, 2021 | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Earnings per share - Basic (₹) | 3.31 | 2.49 | 2.31 | 1.57 | 1.13 |
| Earnings per share – Diluted (₹) | 3.12 | 2.36 | 2.11 | 1.47 | 1.06 |
| Return on Net Worth (%) | 12.53% | 11.34% | 11.63% | 8.03% | 5.71% |
| Net Asset Value per Equity Shares (₹) | 25.71 | 21.94 | 19.46 | 17.13 | 16.78 |
| Weighted Avg No. of Equity Shares used in calculating Basic EPS ' | 19,75,23,433 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,71,06,925 | 16,30,92,500 | 13,87,76,712 |
| Weighted Avg No. of Equity Shares used in calculating Diluted EPS | 20,95,23,433 | 20,36,01,770 | 19,91,06,925 | 18,15,17,400 | 14,84,62,571 |
| Total No. of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the period/year | 20,25,00,547 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,37,50,000 | 15,37,50,000 |

Notes:-

1. The pre-issue figures disclosed are based on the audited financial statements as at March 31, 2021.

2. The encumbrance certificate was dated June 28, 2021

The following events that occurred from April 01, 2021 may have an impact on above calculation:

- a. The Company has allotted 23,73,562 Secured & 2,58,526 Unsecured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs 26,320.80 Lakhs on April 29, 2021
- b. The Company has redeemed 13,49,405 of Public issue of Secured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs. 13,494.05 Lakhs.
- c. The allotment of 10,80,625 Right issue of Equity shares was made on July 09, 2021. The issue of equity shares of ₹ 10 were made at a premium of Rs. 30 and Rs. 432.25 Lakhs was received by the company.



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3rd Floor, CSI Commercial Centre, Baker Jn., P. B. No. 227, Kottayam - 686 001 |Tel: 0481 2301999, 2581999 |Mob: 8547224272 |Email: kottayam@vrc.co.in|

ANNEXURE V – STATEMENT OF CAPITALISATION

APPENDED OVERLEAF

Vishnu Rajendran & Co

Chartered Accountants



ANNEXURE I

Capitalisation Statement as at March 31, 2021

| | | | (₹ in lakhs |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Particulars | Pre – Issue | Increase due to the Issue | Post – Issue |
| Debt | 2,60,310.37 | 30,000.00 | 2,90,310.3 |
| Borrowings (other than Debt Securities) | 85,261.02 | - | 85,261.0 |
| Total Debts | 3,45,571.39 | 30,000.00 | 3,75,571.3 |
| Equity | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 20,250.05 | - | 20,250.0 |
| Other Equity | | | |
| Capital Reserve | 9.07 | | 9.0 |
| Statutory Reserve | 6,679.58 | | 6,679.5 |
| General Reserve | 11,660.97 | | 11,660.9 |
| Securities Premium | 2,755.03 | | 2,755.0 |
| Retained Earnings | 7,278.25 | | 7,278.2 |
| Revaluation Reserve | 2.86 | | 2.8 |
| Impairment Reserve | 3,403.13 | | 3,403.1 |
| Other comprehensive Income | 19.91 | | 19.9 |
| Total Equity | 52,058.85 | | 52,058.8 |
| Debt/ Equity | 6.64 | | 7.2 |

Notes:-

- 1. The pre-issue figures disclosed are based on the audited financial statements as at March 31, 2021.
- 2. The Debt Equity ratio post issue is indicative and is on account of the assumed inflow of Rs.30,000 Lakhs from the proposed issue.
- 3. The encumbrance certificate was dated June 28, 2021

The following events that occurred from April 01, 2021 may have an impact on above calculation:

- a. The Company has allotted 23,73,562 Secured & 2,58,526 Unsecured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs 26,320.80 Lakhs on April 29, 2021
- b. The Company has redeemed 13,49,405 of public issue of Secured NCD's of Face value Rs.1000.00 each amounting to Rs. 13,494.05 Lakhs.
- c. The allotment of 10,80,625 Right issue of Equity shares was made on July 09, 2021. The issue of equity shares of ₹ 10 were made at a premium of Rs. 30 and Rs. 432.25 Lakhs was received by the company.



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ANNEXURE VI – STATEMENT OF DIVIDEND

APPENDED OVERLEAF

Vishnu Rajendran & Co

Chartered Accountants



ANNXURE I

Statement of Dividend

| | March 31, 2021 | | (₹ in lakhs, except per share data) | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Particulars | | March 31, 2020 | March 31, 2019 | March 31, 2018 | March 31 2017 | |
| On Equity Shares | | | | | | |
| Fully Paid- up Shares Capital (Nos.) | 20,25,00,547 | 19,16,01,770 | 19,16,01,770 | 18,37,50,000 | 15,37,50,000 | |
| Face Value/ Paid Up Value (₹) | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | |
| Equity Share Capital | 20,250.05 | 19,160.18 | 19,160.18 | 18,375.00 | 15,375.00 | |
| Rate of Dividend | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | |
| Dividend | · · · | - | | | | |
| Dividend Distribution Fax | - | - | - | | | |



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